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THE BULLETIN
....of....
THE NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY
(Component of the American Dental Association)
CONTAINING THE
PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
SIXTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL MEETING
~~May 12, 13, 14, 1941~~
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PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY
SIXTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION

GENERAL SESSION
MONDAY, MAY 12, 1941
9:30 A. M.

The opening meeting of the Sixty-Seventh Annual Session of the North Carolina Dental Society, held at the Carolina Hotel, Pinehurst, North Carolina, convened at nine-thirty o'clock Monday morning, May 12, 1941, Dr. C. M. Parks, of Winston-Salem, presiding.

President Parks:

The Sixty-Seventh Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Dental Society will please come to order. We have Dr. T. A. Cheatham, Rector of the Village Chapel, Pinehurst, N. C., who will deliver the invocation.

Dr. Cheatham:

Our Heavenly Father, on this beautiful morning, the flowers blooming, all nature bursting into life, we feel it is good for us to be alive. We thank Thee for this gift of life. We thank Thee for the strength to do things, and we look to Thee as the inspiration of all the good and worthy things that we do. As a Dental Society we desire especially to thank Thee for Thy watchful care and goodness to us as individuals. Thou hast allowed us to live and work, and because we want to put our work on this highest plane of integrity and honor, we come and ask Thee to watch over our deliberations, to guide us in all the things that we do, so that we shall gain here by our meeting together, not only the pleasant happinesses of friendship, but we shall carry away with us higher ideals for our service. Bless us in all that we do, for Jesus' sake, Amen.

President Parks:

Mr. Richard S. Tufts, of Pinehurst, will bring the address of welcome at this time. (Applause.)

Mr. Tufts:

Mr. Chairman, during the Bankers' Convention last week when talking with one of the members, he referred to Pinehurst as an institution. I assumed his definition of the word was complimentary. If so, it is a

remark that was particularly interesting to me. I know that my grandfather and my father and myself in our work here at Pinehurst have always tried to think that we were a North Carolina institution. I don't know whether that feeling has been reciprocated or perhaps appreciated by North Carolina generally. Perhaps Pinehurst has been looked upon as somewhat of an exotic development in your midst, but I do really, sincerely believe that that feeling, if it has existed, has changed considerably in recent years. If it has changed, I am bound to give a great deal of credit of the change to these meetings of North Carolina groups that have come to Pinehurst. It is because you have come here and because you have become acquainted with Pinehurst and what it stands for, what we are trying to do. I believe you look on Pinehurst now as part of the State and a North Carolina institution.

It is for this reason that I am particularly happy to welcome your association to Pinehurst again. We like you very much and love to have North Carolinians come here to see Pinehurst and get acquainted.

I am going to depart, perhaps, from the subject of an address of welcome and include you as North Carolinians in my subject. I have become interested in recent years in a situation which I believe is of distinct advantage to us all. I would like to assume that you, as I am today, welcoming people to the State, and with me put yourselves in position of hosts. I have talked to visitors to the State many times. They look on North Carolina as one of the most progressive states of the Union. It sounds like a Chamber of Commerce talk. North Carolina is one of the best balanced states in the Union. These are troublesome times. A great many things are happening in the world to worry people, and in this country. I know the visitors to this State look on North Carolina as one of the most desirable spots to locate in the country. I think, therefore, that we should capitalize on this situation.

Our State has good government. We have a fine, balanced state, from the mountains to the shore. We have great natural resources. We have the best native born population of any state in the Union. People appreciate these things. They want to come here. When they investigate the possibilities of becoming citizens of this State, there is one thing that has stopped every single one of them from taking action on this matter. That is our present intangible tax on foreign securities, securities of people doing business outside the State. Nearly all of these people are people of means. For that reason they are perhaps the most desirable visitors we could bring to the State. When they find out about our present intangibles tax, they just simply find it impossible to take up residence here.

To be sure, if the tax were removed from the statute books, it would cost the State of North Carolina some direct revenue, but I believe that would be much more than compensated for by the revenue from other

sources through people moving into the State, establishing their residences here. I am a little bit interested in this subject, of course, because not many of these people would come here and locate in Pinehurst, but what would apply equally throughout the state. I am using every opportunity I have to bring this subject to the attention of North Carolinians.

May I say again that it is a particular pleasure to welcome your group to Pinehurst. I hope your meeting will be most successful. If there is anything in the world you want, it would be a pleasure to have you call on me. The members of our organization are here to serve you in every way they can. We hope they will anticipate your wishes. If we fail to do so, I hope you will call upon us. Thank you very much. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Thank you for those words of welcome, Mr. Tufts. We appreciate your coming to us. The response to the address of welcome will be made by Dr. A. C. Early of Aulander. (Applause.)

Dr. Early:

Mr. President, members of the North Carolina Dental Society, Ladies and Guests:

In response to Mr. Tufts' address of welcome, I am at quite a loss as to what to say, since my vocabulary is limited in expressions of gratitude. I can only say thank you, Mr. Tufts, in behalf of the North Carolina Dental Society that we are very happy to be here and can assure you that we all intend to enjoy ourselves and I can also assure you, Mr. Tufts, that we are not like a friend of mine who is a very religious man, and a very strong Democrat; but on one occasion finding himself in the midst of a Republican rally was called on for a prayer. To this he refused. This being somewhat of a mystery to his friends, they immediately wanted to know why he refused, to which he said: "I don't want God to know where I am." (Laughter.)

Despite the cynical views and misgivings of some of the press, the outlook in our land is not of a character to make us hopeful of the future. Indications are not wanting to entitle us to be of good cheer, as far as the members of this convention of the North Carolina Dental Society are concerned. We have gathered here to give a good account of our stewardship; to meet old friends, to mingle with the new; to reminisce of times past, to plan the future. Any differences in this Society are like contagious diseases—they just aren't wanted. In view of this, and the upsets of a changing world, I know of no better place in which to hold the Sixty-Seventh Annual meeting of this great Society,

than at Pinehurst, a little village that has long been known and famous for its hospitality and its friendliness, and one in which we as North Carolinians are very proud. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Early. At this time I will ask Vice-President Lazenby to take the Chair.

Vice-President Lazenby:

At this time it gives me great pleasure to present my dear friend and our President, Dr. Claude M. Parks, who will now deliver the President's address.

President Parks:

Mr. Chairman, Fellow Members of the Society and Guests:

It is one of the greatest pleasures of my life to have the privilege of addressing you, the members of the North Carolina Dental Society, at the opening of our Sixty-Seventh Annual Meeting. One year ago when I assumed the presidency of this Society, I did so with a full realization of the responsibilities connected with the honor of serving you. For that honor and for the confidence expressed by you in placing that trust in me, I wish to thank you again with all my heart. I assumed the duties of this office fully conscious of my unworthiness and my limitations in attempting to carry on the work of this Society in a manner befitting the example set by my predecessors. Today I am more keenly conscious of this than ever before. The year has swiftly passed by and I realize that my term of office is ending with much unaccomplished that I would like to have seen done. It is unnecessary for me to say that I regret my inability to do more than has been done. However, as youth is the happy preparation for useful and active manhood, I only hope that the past year will be an instrument by which I may be better fitted for more useful and active service to my profession and to this Society in the years to come.

It has been my privilege to attempt to serve this Society at the beginning of the second century of American dentistry. During the year 1940 we were busily engaged in singing our praises of the accomplishments of dentistry in its first one hundred years. The Centenary Celebration was begun in Baltimore in March a year ago and was continued as the theme of the Annual Meeting of the American Dental Association in Cleveland last September. The year 1940 was a gala year for dentistry and these two meetings were commemorative occasions, showing the remarkable progress that was made during the first one hundred years of its existence. No one can reflect on the progress of American dentistry and not be impressed with the magnitude of its achievements. It has, within the relatively short space of a century, elevated itself to the status of a learned profession and made itself known for its excellence wherever dentistry is practiced. In addition, it has the distinction of being one of the few professions in which the world looks to the United States for leadership. Then last June, just in the midst of our celebrating, came an announcement from Dr. James B. Conant, President of Harvard University, calling attention to our many professional short-comings and announcing the belief that the present dental educational set-up is failing to accomplish the desired end. He also made the announcement that Harvard University will establish in 1941 an entirely new five-year course in dentistry. Under this proposed new program dental students will take the same course as medical students for the first three and one-half years. The graduate of the School of

Dental Medicine will receive both the M.D. and D.M.D. degrees. Admission to this new School of Dental Medicine will be based upon the same standards which govern admission to the Harvard Medical School. In other words, it can be assumed that the new school will be under the direct supervision and control of the medical profession. It seems that the reason for this is that, according to our critics, dentists are extremely capable of repairing the damage done by dental disease and of replacing missing teeth, but we do not know how to prevent dental disease. We must admit that during the first 70 to 75 years of the existence of the dental profession we were concerned chiefly with the techniques of repair and the replacement of missing teeth. But during the past 25 to 30 years, since the advent of the X-Ray machine and the knowledge of focal infection, we have found how closely the problems of health and disease within the mouth are related to the problems of general health and physical disability. This has raised us from the classification of a craft or trade to the rank and responsibility of a learned profession, including in its educational requirements not only the biological sciences but also a sufficient amount of the Liberal Arts to give the dental graduate a cultural equality with the medical graduate. (This change has come about chiefly from within our own ranks, with not a great amount of outside help.)

The opinion is offered by the Harvard University Committee that this new five-year course will be a long stride forward in handling the problems confronting the dental profession. It is a carefully outlined plan of study supposedly designed to help dentistry through better and more complete instruction of its students. This result might be realized under the Harvard Plan, but of course that remains to be seen. It is common knowledge to us that dental education is almost constantly undergoing changes in its curriculum which is looking toward this end and which is motivated from within the dental profession.

The committee admits the need for more dentists, but the manner by which this need would be met is conspicuous by its absence. They claim that the present physical equipment of dentistry is inadequate to meet the need, and at the same time propose a new plan which will most likely greatly reduce the number of new graduates coming into the profession. However, it is suggested by the sponsors of the plan that the real solution of the above-mentioned problem appears to lie in advance knowledge of the causes of dental disease and the resultant improvement in the methods for preventing such disease. That section wherein provision is made for scientific dental research, the establishment of teaching and research fellowships and the opportunity of further training after receiving the D.M.D. degree is to be lauded.

The Harvard Plan is presented as something new in dental education, however, the system of medically controlled dental education is not new by any means. Unfortunately, there is no reference made in the report to the fact that similar plans in Europe have resulted in a high score of failures for dentistry. In Germany, Russia and Italy, where combination medical-dental degrees are common and possessed by many physicians and dentists, the progress in both professions is at a low ebb. Dentistry there is well-known to be inferior to our American standards.

From the standpoint of obtaining two degrees, the M.D. and D.M.D., this combination of learning might have its value in promoting a closer relationship between medicine and dentistry, which would be useful in developing our research and health services. On the other hand, it is most likely that the awarding of these two degrees in five years would cheapen both and lower the standards of medical and dental education.

The Harvard Plan may have a good chance of succeeding and deserves a chance to prove itself. At the least, the dental profession can call it a pro-

gressive move, but change does not always result in progress. It will take years of toil in school and experience in the office to prove just what it has to offer dentistry. There is one major point that the guiding hands at Harvard seem to have overlooked, and that is the possible subjugation of dentistry. Under no circumstances, during the period of study or during the years of actual practice, should dentistry be allowed to become a subdivision of medicine. Both branches are, and should remain, separate and apart. The benefits to the public would thereby be increased. After all, dentistry and medicine do not exist for the benefit of dentists and physicians, but because they fill a public need. They will exist only so long as that need is efficiently and properly fulfilled.

Another matter which is of interest to every member of this Society is the part that we, as dentists, can play in the present National Defense Program. Already the war in Europe has stamped its imprint on all of our activities here in America. To what extent it will affect the practice of our profession only time and the turn of events can tell. To attempt to prophesy what will happen during the coming year would be sheer folly. In this national crisis preparedness is truly the correct watchword for this country and for our profession. Over a year ago dentistry in the United States, as represented by the American Dental Association, began to prepare itself for any eventuality that might arise as a result of the conflict then starting in Europe.

A Preparedness Committee of the A.D.A. was proposed and organized. One of our own members, Dr. H. O. Lineberger, was named a member of this committee and has given unstintingly of his time and effort to its activities. Its purpose was to cooperate with the commanding officers of our Army and Navy Dental Corps in perfecting plans for providing adequate dental care to our rapidly expanding armed forces, both in training and in actual service. One of the first requests made to this committee by the Surgeon-General of the Army was to ascertain by questionnaire to every dentist his qualifications and availability for service in case of need. Every dentist in the country should have received such a questionnaire last Fall. I do not have the latest figures on the percentage of replies received from these questionnaires, but the last report was shamefully low. I am sure that Dr. Timmons will tell us more about this today when he speaks to us.

The data collected by this survey will be of inestimable value to the government in working out, in cooperation with the A.D.A., plans which will meet the essential needs of the government for dentists for military purposes and also in assuring proper care of the civilian population. We as dentists should be pleased to know that our profession is included in the plans that our government has for America's continued independence. American dentistry has become great because it has always been free to progress. We must continue to progress the free and democratic way. Any other way would spell doom through political domination and possible dictatorship. Only by one hundred per cent assistance can the profession show how important the Defense Program is to all concerned. A lack of interest might well be construed as the action of a slacker, and no right thinking dentist would want that stigma attached to himself or to his profession.

The question of Socialized Dentistry and Medicine has been before us for the past several years. It seems that due to the present world conditions this matter has not directly confronted us during the past year. Of course, we have had consideration of the Wagner Bill by the Congress of the United States, but it seems to have died aborning. On the other hand, the test case against the American Medical Association and the District of Columbia Medical Society has so far stood in favor of this plan of socialization, despite all legal bombardments. Last November the President of the United States pledged that the

government would not attempt to socialize medical practice, and stated that the building up of a healthy people is an essential part of the Defense Program. This statement was made at the dedication of the National Institute of Health in a suburb of the nation's capital. I quote the following from his address at that time:

"Neither the American people nor their government intend to socialize medical practice any more than they plan to socialize industry. In American life the family doctor, the general practitioner performs a service which we rely upon and trust. No one has a greater appreciation than I of the skill and self-sacrifice of the medical profession. And there can be no substitute for the personal relationship between doctor and patient which is a characteristic and a source of the strength of medical practice in our land."

Despite this pledge from our President, we should be more wide-awake to developments along this line than ever before. The rapidly changing scene of events would make it easy for those who might so design to attempt some radical change before we are aware of it. We should be ready to voice our disapproval to any features of such a change which might be objectionable to our profession and to the public whom we serve. Even though we are in the midst of a great national crisis and our every effort should be directed toward adequate national defense, let me urge you to be awake to any developments of this nature which might arise. May we all have faith in our democratic plan of government and its leadership, and have faith that the course of our profession may continue the same as it has been charted for the past one hundred years, without coercion from any outside source.

There is another matter which should be of sufficient interest to be mentioned in this brief resume of our activities during the past year, and that is the increase in our dues to the A.D.A. From the time when the organization first started to play a part in the development of dentistry its responsibilities have increased from year to year. It has been evident for some time that the increased activities of the organization required more revenue than was available through existing sources. At St. Louis in 1938 a proposal was introduced to raise the dues from four to six dollars. Since the by-laws require that any increase in dues must lay over for a year, this came up for consideration at the Milwaukee meeting in 1939. A special reference committee recommended at this meeting that the matter be deferred for one year in order that the state societies might make provision for such increase, if and when adopted. It came up for consideration at the Cleveland meeting last September and the raise was passed by the House of Delegates with a few dissenting votes. The budget presented at this meeting was \$44,000 above the anticipated income. The House of Delegates, without a dissenting vote, passed this unbalanced budget with an authorization for the sale of securities or borrowing if necessary to enable the expenditures in the budget to be met. The activities of the A.D.A. have increased so rapidly during the past few years that the normal increase in membership was no longer able to carry the increased load. It had reached a point where the activities must be decreased unless its income was increased. There is every hope that the increase in revenue from this source will be ample to allow the A.D.A. to discharge its obligations to the public and to the profession. The membership of this Society should fully appreciate the fact that the activities of so great an organization as the A.D.A., of which we are a component part, cannot be allowed to retrograde or even to stand still. Therefore, I am sure that we will accept this raise in dues gracefully and with the full knowledge that it will rebound to our benefit and to the welfare of our profession.

Last October the officers of your Society were requested to appoint a Committee on the Care of Indigent Adults, the care of whom would be handled through the several County Welfare Boards. This matter had been studied over

a period of a year or more, with nothing definite having been accomplished. This committee was named and the machinery set up whereby these unfortunate people might have the advantages of dental care throughout the one hundred counties of North Carolina. Then during the past few months, we were called upon to name a National Health Program Committee to cooperate with a committee of the same name of the American Dental Association. The purpose of this committee is to function locally with the National Youth Administration, the Farm Security Administration and any other agencies of the same nature along the lines of dental care for these several groups. Since the work and intent of these several agencies were so closely related, and since the machinery was already set up for this effort, it was deemed advisable to change the name and purpose of the Committee on the Care of Indigent Adults to that of the National Health Program Committee. We hope that this action will meet with your cooperation and approval.

At this time I would like to express to the Division of Oral Hygiene of the North Carolina State Board of Health my sincere interest in and the hearty approval of the Mouth Health Education Program that is being carried on in the schools of our state. We have a most efficient Department of Oral Hygiene, which under the guidance of its well-chosen and tireless Director, Dr. Branch, has not only vastly improved the health conditions of our public school students, but has saved to the State Public School System thousands of dollars in reducing the number of repeaters. It has definitely ascertained that a large number of these repeaters were unable to carry on because of unclean, diseased and decayed teeth.

I would also congratulate Dr. Branch, the Director of the Division, on his most recent achievement in financing and having erected the Oral Hygiene Building in Raleigh. A model of the building is on exhibit here at this meeting. This building makes another "first" for North Carolina in dental and public health history. The Department of Oral Hygiene also deserves praise for publishing the Handbook for Teachers, "Teaching Mouth Health in North Carolina." It is a manual intended for use by the teachers in the elementary schools of the state. As a recognition of the esteem in which he is held by his Confreres the country over, Dr. Branch was made President-Elect of the National Association of Public Health Dentists in Cleveland last September. I consider this another honor which has come to North Carolina as a result of the excellent work of our Department of Oral Hygiene.

It should be very gratifying to us to know that the North Carolina plan of dental health education is regarded as an outstanding one and is being adopted and followed in other states. In reading about the dental health program recently inaugurated in the Chicago public schools, I was struck with the similarity to the North Carolina plan, however, this similarity ends when the budget of each of them is considered. Chicago is spending a million and a half dollars on its 500,000 school children, compared with a few thousand dollars that North Carolina is spending on approximately 600,000 children under thirteen years of age. By that comparison you can readily see what a very effective work the Department of Oral Hygiene is doing under the handicap of a very limited budget. In view of the fact that the North Carolina plan is receiving this recognition and is serving as a pattern for other states, we want to be sure that we at home fully appreciate and understand it. It is primarily an educational program. The public health dentists spend a great deal of time instructing the children in their own classrooms, in making dental inspections and referring to their own dentists the children whose parents are able to pay for dental service. They also present the subject of dental health to Civic Clubs and Parent-Teacher Associations. The value to us, as dentists in private practice, of this teaching service in producing mouth health consciousness on the part of the children and the public cannot be estimated.

The corrective part of the program meets society's demand that something tangible be done for the underprivileged. By making the necessary dental corrections for the unfortunate children the public health dentists serve children whom the dental profession would be called upon to serve without remuneration or who would be allowed to go unattended. I believe that one secret of the effectiveness of the entire program is the fact that the dentists on the staff are so well trained for their particular task. This leads me to say that those of you who have not visited the School of Public Health Dentistry conducted at our State University each summer should avail yourselves of the opportunity. We should remember with pride that this summer school, instituted by Dr. Branch in 1936, was the first in the United States to give training in Public Health Dentistry. North Carolina, through Dr. Branch, was again a pioneer.

Inasmuch as the chief weapon of decreasing the prevalence of mouth infection is education and the main endeavor of the program of the Oral Hygiene Division of the State Board of Health is mouth health education, it is very fitting that the top floor of the new Oral Hygiene Building is to be devoted to mouth health education exhibits and a dental museum for the benefit of the thousands of school children who visit the State Buildings in Raleigh every year. It is another instance wherein the Department of Oral Hygiene is becoming a more and more indispensable agent of dental education in the state of North Carolina.

During the year 1939 as president-elect, and again in the year 1940 as president, it was my pleasure to attend each of the five District Meetings. I am glad to report that all these meetings were well-attended and each presented a well-balanced program. The healthy condition of our District Societies augurs well for this Society, for they are our life blood. It is they to whom we look for our support and sustenance. There is one of these meetings to which I should like to make special reference, and that is the First District meeting held in Hickory last October. Their program was presented completely by the members of their own district. Not a man from any of the other districts or from out of the state appeared on the scientific portion of their program. If I remember correctly, the original intent behind the formation of the District Societies was for the purpose of developing their own members to give lectures and clinics. In this instance, the First District has given us food for thought.

The opportunity of attending these several District Meetings, the fellowship which I enjoyed and the many courtesies extended to me during these visits will always remain a pleasant memory and an inspiration to me.

In the interest of the future welfare of this Society, after careful thought and consideration, and after having consulted older and wiser members of the Society, I offer the following recommendations:

(1) That the Professional Relations Committee, the National Health Program Committee, the Committee on Adult Dental Health Education, the Committee on the Education of Negro Dentists and the Insurance Committee not be appointed entirely new each year, and that the incoming president shall appoint the Professional Relations Committee and the National Health Program Committee, each consisting of three (3) members, as follows: one member for three (3) years, one member for two (2) years and one (1) member for one (1) year, and he shall also have the privilege of naming the chairmen of these two committees. Beginning at our next annual meeting in 1942, the incoming president shall appoint one (1) member to each of these two committees for three (3) years and shall also appoint the chairmen.

The incoming president shall appoint the Committee on Adult Dental Health Education, the Committee on the Education of Negro Dentists and the Insurance Committee, each consisting of six (6) members, as follows: two members for three (3) years, two members for two (2) years and two members for one (1)

year, and shall also appoint the chairmen of these three committees. Beginning with our next annual meeting in 1942, the incoming president shall appoint two (2) members to each of these three committees and shall also appoint the chairmen.

The activities of the above-mentioned committees, as a rule, are not completed in one year. Their work is more or less continuous from one year to the next, therefore, I feel that the continuity of membership would be advantageous.

(2) That the incoming president appoint a committee for the purpose of studying the advisability of licensing Dental Hygienists for private practice in North Carolina, this committee to report their findings at our next annual meeting.

This question has been discussed within this Society on numerous occasions over a period of years. At the present time we have a Dental Hygienist Law which covers only teaching and instruction in the public schools of the state. It does not cover the hygienist in private practice.

In the short space of this paper I have not attempted to discuss the activities of the various committees during the past year. In my opinion they all have served well and I feel that much has been accomplished. You will have the opportunity of hearing their several reports as they are presented during the progress of this meeting and these reports will be published also in the Proceedings for your future reference. However, I feel that I cannot pass by without special reference to the Executive, Program, Arrangement and Entertainment Committees. The Executive Committee has been called into session several times since our last annual meeting. It has deliberated numerous questions which have come up from time to time and I feel that it has acted wisely and judiciously in every instance. As you know it is the governing body of this organization when this organization is not in regular session. The practice of publishing in the BULLETIN the proceedings of the Executive Committee has been instituted during the past year. I am sure that this is a wise move. The membership of the Society should have the opportunity of knowing the activities of this committee at all times.

The members of the Program Committee have been given unsparingly of their time and effort in making this meeting possible. The Chairman of this Committee, who is also your Secretary-Treasurer, Dr. Paul Fitzgerald, has given unfailing help and assistance. Through his individual effort he has greatly lightened my burden. He has done his work this year most efficiently, for which I shall ever be grateful to him.

The Chairmen of the Arrangement and Entertainment Committees, Dr. Erbie Medlin and Dr. Marcus Smith, have done an excellent job in making the local arrangements and providing for the entertainment during our stay here.

Also, our Editor-Publisher, Dr. Neal Sheffield, deserves special recognition for the splendid service which he has rendered. Through his efforts our BULLETIN is improving steadily with each issue. He has given prompt and efficient cooperation during the past year.

Of course there are numerous others whom I should single out for their help and counsel during the past year, but time will not permit. To all of them, and to every individual member who has contributed in any way to the welfare of their Society and to the success of this meeting, may I again express my sincerest appreciation and thanks. I do not have command of the words to express to them my true feelings or to extend to them the proper appreciation for their help and counsel. One of the real pleasures which I have received during the past year has come from the fact that I have not called upon a mem-

ber of this Society who has not readily accepted any assignment given. Whatever measure of success that may come to this meeting and to the North Carolina Dental Society will not be due to any individual effort of mine but to those, who through the unfailing devotion to their profession, have served us so well.

I thank you—(Applause).

Vice-President Lazenby:

I want to appoint Dr. J. R. Pharr, Dr. E. G. Click, and Dr. E. M. Medlin a committee of three to report on the President's address.

I now declare the Chair vacant, and President Parks will resume.

President Parks:

We will have the report of the Necrology Committee at this time, by Dr. J. S. Betts.

Dr. Betts:

Mr. Chairman, members of the North Carolina Dental Society, Ladies and Guests:

I deem it eminently fitting and highly appropriate that we pause for a few minutes at the beginning of each Annual Meeting and call the names of those who have passed on during the interim since the former meeting, and give close and interested attention to the memorials prepared by loving friends.

We greet each other here in the close bonds of fellowship; we exchange the cordial hand-clasp and are grateful that we can look into each others' faces and see friendship written there; but we feel a sinking of the heart when we fail to see here the faces of those we have "loved long since and lost awhile." And it sets our hearts to wondering if we shall see them again. Surely their lives which were so noble and true and helpful were not finished here. I take it that no normal human being has ever believed that life ends at the grave. Kinship with God carries with it life immortal.

All human rights, all virtues, all duties rest upon our being made in the image of God; and therefore heirs of an eternity that is installed upon us, and from which there is no escape.

Cicero was never more eloquent than when he spoke of the life beyond.

All good men have felt that life was too short and too much mixed with evil for their desires and plans to be fulfilled in this world, so they have all looked for a land wherein dwelleth righteousness and where sin and sorrow and suffering and pain and death never come.

Intermixed with this dream of bliss was a consciousness of guilt and unworthiness so deep that men felt that only God was great and

good enough to lead mankind to such a land. Therefore the old prophets foretold of the coming of such an one. They told us when and where he should be born, how he would live, what works of mercy he would do, how he would die, where he would be buried and when he would rise again to be the Lord of Life standing at the portals of the grave and at the gates of heaven as Master of all things in heaven and earth to grant deliverance unto men that they might find a home in the heart of God!

All this was fulfilled to the letter in the Man of Galilee, who is the only being earth has ever known who was fit to be a God. You know the story. He was a carpenter by trade and a God by birth, and was therefore able to carry out His work; and it was His voice—the sweetest voice ever heard on earth—which uttered the comforting words "I go to prepare a place for you, that where I am ye may be also."

Being the Lord of Life, "it was not possible for Him to be holden of death," so He broke its bonds, arose and went forth to send back to a sorrowing world the comforting words "I am He that liveth and was dead; behold I am alive forevermore."

We may not obey Him and follow Him as we might and should, but His words haunt us and heal us as they did when He lodged with the fishermen by the sea.

And now as I approach the time of life which Shakespeare speaks of as the "sere and yellow leaf," and my contemporary friends and associates fall "like leaves in wintry weather" and are sorely missed, I travel on to the life beyond believing that I shall inherit, as a joint heir with a numberless family of kindred spirits, greater things than this life so freely gave. Here I inherited parental love that ministered to my every want, guided my childish feet, taught me the family ideals of truth and duty, and followed me with tender solicitude and prayer until they were caught up unto the heavens leaving me ashamed that I was not bigger and better.

Houses and lands, wealth and fame are but trash when compared with the wealth of ideals, dreams, plans and purposes of children born of pious parents. The riches of their inheritance no man can compute. It comforts in sorrow, rebukes in folly and is a voice in the darkness telling us which way to walk.

If kinship with earthly parents makes us to inherit such treasures, how much more shall kinship with Him make us inherit all things in the world to come! "Eye hath not seen, ear hath not heard, neither hath it entered into the heart of man the good things God hath made up for them that serve Him."

We have cause to be grateful this morning that so few of our number have passed on during the year: Dr. John H. Wheeler, Dr. A. M. Berryhill, Dr. Thomas A. Wilkins and Dr. Louis J. Pegram.

I will ask Dr. Ralph Jarrett to come forward and read the memorial he has prepared for Dr. Berryhill.

Dr. Jarrett:

DR. A. M. BERRYHILL
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

Dr. A. M. Berryhill was born May 16, 1885, in the Steele Creek Section of Mecklenburg County of North Carolina. Died December 15, 1940, at his home at 525 North Poplar Street, Charlotte, N. C.

Dr. Berryhill was educated in the public schools of Mecklenburg County, Davidson College and received his Dental education at the University of Maryland, graduating from that institution June, 1907.

Dr. Berryhill accomplished much in his short life, always building bridges along life's road that those who followed him may find the road of life much smoother on which to travel. He was a Good Samaritan with a massive body and heart within it that was equally as oversized. A heart with a tremendous capacity for sympathy and service. His life was rich and replete with good works, simple, noiseless deeds of kindness to any and all alike of whose needs he could know.

During a period of twenty years he gave from his body 346 blood transfusions for those whose lives were critically imperilled. This is only illustrative of the common and prevailing stride of his good spirit.

He was always doing this kind of thing in manifold manner, to the knowledge only of those who were the beneficiaries of his benign sympathy and compassion. So he came to make his life a veritable oasis in the desert of many another, putting flowers into cheerless rooms, the warmth of fire into the cold chambers of the forlorn and the forgotten, bread into the mouths of the hungry and clothes on the backs of the naked, visiting with his own presence and the earnings of his professional services those sick and in prison, and in any kind of personal distress.

His, indeed was the high and achievingly helpful and ministering life of the Good Samaritan, emulating in his own experiences and labors the pattern of Him who went about doing good.

His professional life was based on the golden rule and on this great monument of truth he lived and worked for the good of his profession and of mankind. He accumulated little of the worldly goods, but the virtues of men like him shall be testified to not by personal gain nor the inscription on the stones at their graves but in the unwritten records of the mind, of the people that follow down through the ages.

He came from the hand of God. He served so well and now has passed through the valley of death to the Master of all things.

He is survived by his wife, Essie Pugh Berryhill, three daughters and a son.

RALPH F. JARRETT.

Dr. Betts:

I will ask Dr. A. C. Current to read the memorial to Dr. Thomas Anderson Wilkins.

Dr. Current:

DR. THOMAS ANDERSON WILKINS
GASTONIA, NORTH CAROLINA

Dr. Thomas Anderson Wilkins of Gastonia, North Carolina, died suddenly at 5 p. m. Wednesday, November 20, 1940.

Dr. Wilkins, accompanied by Mr. W. D. Anderson, had gone to visit his brother at Rutherfordton, N. C., and suffered a heart attack while standing in the front yard of his brother's home, dying immediately.

He was born in South Carolina 61 years ago, the son of the late William Terrell and Mary Hemphill Wilkins. He moved later to Rutherfordton. He was graduated in Dentistry from the Louisville College of Dentistry, Louisville, Kentucky, and practiced for four years at Kings Mountain, N. C. For two years, from 1905 to 1907, Dr. Wilkins was associated with Dr. P. R. Falls of Gastonia. He was engaged in private practice in Gastonia from that date until his passing.

Dr. Wilkins is survived by his wife, the former Annie Mae Barnett of Shelby, N. C.; a daughter, Mrs. R. P. Siler of Gastonia, and a son, Barnett Wilkins of Salisbury. He leaves also four brothers, Dr. S. A. Wilkins, of Dallas, N. C.; John H. Wilkins, of Rutherfordton; Will Wilkins, of Hendersonville, N. C.; and our own Dr. Frank Wilkins, of Forest City; four sisters, Mrs. W. R. Phillips, of Toronto, Canada; Mrs. Louis Gardner of Shelby; Mrs. Clara Geer, of Chimney Rock; and Miss Madge Wilkins of Rutherfordton.

Dr. Tom, as he was known to most of us, was a loyal and faithful dentist, active in all phases of organized dentistry and a faithful attendant of local, district, and state meetings, having served as President of his district and was during his entire professional life, active on many important State and National committees. He was a member of Main Street Methodist Church of Gastonia, and he served his church in the capacity of steward for many years.

It is often said that "charity begins at home," and certainly there is no better place to ascertain the true worth of a man than to judge him by his loyalty to his family. In this respect Tom was certainly a shining example of the best.

In his passing, we have all sustained a great and very keenly-felt loss.

A. C. CURRENT.

Dr. Betts:

I will call on Dr. J. Martin Fleming who has prepared a paper on the life and character of his close friend, Dr. John H. Wheeler.

Dr. Fleming:

Mr. Chairman, Fellow Members, I can't read this paper I have written. I will turn it over to my friend Betts and ask that he read it.

Dr. Betts:

DR. JOHN H. WHEELER
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

Dr. John H. Wheeler, probably the best loved dentist in North Carolina, died at his home in Greensboro, February the 11th, 1941, in his 71st year. His health had not been good during a period of several months and he was confined to his bed for something like four months, but he met the crisis with the same spirit in which he had lived is life. No murmur of complaint and with an abounding cheerfulness always.

He was a native of Guilford County but had lived in Tarboro and Warrenton and was educated in the schools of those towns.

He began the study of dentistry in 1892 and was graduated from the Baltimore Dental College in 1895. He obtained his license at the Durham meeting in 1894, one year before his graduation, and he had the distinction of being the first man in North Carolina who was required to do operative work as a part of his dental examination. From the very beginning of his practice he took more than an active part in our councils. He joined the Society in 1900 and has served on almost every committee of any note since that time. In 1908 he was elected to membership on the Examining Board to succeed Dr. C. A. Bland of Charlotte and he served on that Board continuously until 1928 when he was made President-Elect. This tenure of office as a member of the Examining Board has been exceeded by only one man, Dr. V. E. Turner, and in Dr. Wheeler's case it would have been continued indefinitely, but he had expressed a desire to be retired from that work on account of the arduous duties it required.

He presided over the annual meeting in Asheville in 1930. At that meeting it was voted to give all future retiring Presidents a Past-President's Emblem. That would not have included him but it was voted to make it retroactive in order that he might be the first recipient of that honor. He took an active part in the civic life of his town and at one time was President of the Greensboro Rotary. In his church affiliations he was also most active, being a leader at West Market Street Methodist Church.

An editorial in a Greensboro paper expresses so beautifully the esteem in which he was held by his community that we make no apologies for quoting it in full:

"Dr. John H. Wheeler's contribution to his profession and to his community is written, to be sure, in the positions of leadership and of trust with which they honored him and in the high admiration, affection and esteem in which he was held by all persons with whom he came in contact."

This testimonial includes long service as a member of the state board of Dental Examiners, president of the North Carolina Dental Society and active leader in District and American Dental Society affairs; a moving spirit and worker in his church, where Bible classes held his particular interest, and President of the Rotary Club in which he centered his civic endeavors.

Over and above this more or less formal testimonial, however, are the personal life and character of Dr. Wheeler; an influence which made itself felt wherever he went, upon those who were fortunate enough to know him during the long sojourn which he was permitted to make in our midst. There were inherent those simple, strengthening, wholesome traits which set him apart and yet drew his fellows closely to him.

Dr. John Wheeler's goodness was one of the spontaneous sort, flowing freely and naturally from the man himself and from his philosophy of living. Christian gentleman is admittedly a trite expression; but, however far back its original user lived, he must have looked into the misty future and envisioned just such a character as Dr. John's."

In front of the English Viceroy's palace in Delhi, India, stands a column on which are inscribed these words:

"In Thought, Faith—
In Word, Wisdom—
In Deed, Courage—
In Life, Service."

What finer epitaph could be graven on the tablets of our memory of Dr. John:

"In Thought, Faith—
In Word, Wisdom—
In Deed, Courage—
In Life, Service."

Dr. Betts:

Dr. Everett Smith has prepared a Memorial to Dr. Louis Johns Pegram:

DR. LOUIS JOHNS PEGRAM
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

"The grim reaper is no respecter of persons. He calls indiscriminately at the mansions of the rich and at the cabins of the poor. The high and the low, the young and the old, he visits them all. He touches their eyelids with dreamless slumber and they fall asleep."

On October 16, 1940, he summoned Dr. Louis J. Pegram who was born in Raleigh on January 16, 1888. His parents were Louis Brown and Martenia Merrill Pegram.

Louis J. Pegram attended the public schools of Raleigh, State College and studied Dentistry at the University of Maryland where he was graduated in the class of 1908.

After graduation from the University of Maryland Louis Pegram began the practice of dentistry in Erwin now Duke, N. C. He remained here for a few years and then moved back to his native home of Raleigh where he practiced for some twenty years. Moving to Pinehurst, he continued his practice until a few months before his death.

Dr. Pegram is survived by his wife, Mrs. Maude Pegram, and one son, Louis J. Pegram, Jr., of Baltimore, Md.

He was buried in Oakwood Cemetery in Raleigh. Pallbearers were his friends from early boyhood and the Raleigh Dental Society.

"Death is the veil which
Those who live call life;
They sleep and it is lifted."

EVERETT L. SMITH.

Dr. Betts:

Mr. Chairman, this ends the report of your Necrology Committee.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Betts. I will recognize Dr. Amos Bumgardner at this time, who will introduce our guests.

Dr. Amos Bumgardner:

President Parks, Fellow Members of the North Carolina Dental Society: It is always a pleasure to have friends with us, because friendship and fellowship is one of the things in which we all reap so much reward. And it is our custom to throw open our doors to those who may come and share with us in this program as it follows through the week. I want to recognize at this time:

Dr. Wilfred H. Robinson, Oakland, California.

Dr. P. H. Bennett, Tuscon, Arizona.

Dr. Julius Hughes, Atlanta, Georgia.

Dr. E. L. Banks, Atlanta, Georgia.

Dr. Ralph H. Aiken, Atlanta, Georgia.

Dr. Ralph R. Byrnes, Atlanta, Georgia.

Dr. G. A. C. Jennings, Richmond, Virginia.

Dr. A. M. Wash, Richmond, Virginia.

Dr. L. S. Hoover, Richmond, Virginia.

Dr. Guy R. Harrison, Richmond, Virginia.

Dr. W. M. Hodgkin, Warrenton, Virginia.

Dr. William J. Gies, New York City.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas S. Davis, Fort Bragg.

Lieutenant Robert E. Gneus, Fort Bragg.

Captain Leo C. Saxaver, Fort Bragg.

Captain L. L. Chamness, Fort Bragg.

Captain W. R. Hicks, Fort Bragg.

Lieutenant George B. Vogelei, Fort Bragg.

To you the North Carolina Dental Society opens its arms and extends a cordial welcome and hope that you may enjoy not only being here, but that you enter into the program and floor discussions. We are deeply grateful to you for turning your face to us this day.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas F. Davis:

I want to extend my thanks to the officers and the members of the Society for giving us the privilege of coming here. There are eight of us now, I think most of them will be here sometime today or tomorrow.

Another thing is that I would like to extend an invitation to any or all of you who wish to come over and see our place and to our

clinics, which I believe are going to be a little more than we had in the last war or certainly more than we have had in this state. We have at present eighty base equipments including units and chairs for the officers. When the buildings are completed we will have one hundred and fifteen, and in addition to that we will have fifty field equipments there. At present there are twelve officers using field equipment. The other sixty-eight are using good base, modern dental equipment. The equipment is unusually good and we would be very glad for any one to come over now or any other time. We have two or three clinics going. Come to either one, the hospital or any of the clinics. But if they wish to come over and go to the large No. 2 hospital, which is one of our small clinics and see our set up there, we would be very glad to show you around. Not only that—if any one would like to spend the day, two days or a week with us, we have some very interesting cases. It might be a lot of help to us. We would be glad to show you around, discuss them with you, and have your advice on some of them. I thank you. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Thank you, and I want to ask you to come back again.
The secretary has some communications to read at this time.

Secretary Fitzgerald:

We are indebted to Dr. J. R. Edwards of Fuquay Springs for the beautiful flowers so well arranged on the speaker's stand. The secretary in the name of the Society wishes to thank Dr. Edwards for his thoughtfulness.

"DR. PAUL FITZGERALD, SECRETARY NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY,
CAROLINA HOTEL. IT IS OUR PLEASURE TO GREET THE MEMBERS OF YOUR
SOCIETY AND EXTEND BEST WISHES FOR YOUR MEETING; AN INVITATION
IS ALSO EXTENDED TO ALL YOUR MEMBERS TO BE WITH US IN
HOUSTON IN OCTOBER."

HARRY B. PINNEY." *From Chicago, Ill.*

The next one is to Dr. Claude M. Parks, President of the North Carolina Dental Society, and is from St. Petersburg, Florida.

"PLEASE EXTEND MY GREETINGS TO THE NORTH CAROLINA DENTISTS.
I AM DISSAPPOINTED THAT I CANNOT BE WITH YOU IN PERSON. I
ALWAYS ENJOY THE NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL CONVENTIONS AM SURE
YOU WILL HAVE A GOOD MEETING AS NORTH CAROLINA ALWAYS DOES.
S. W. FOSTER."

This one is to the Secretary of the North Carolina Dental Society, and is from Asheville.

"BEST WISHES FOR A GOOD MEETING.

I. K. GRIMES."

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Fitzgerald.

There has been one change in the program due to the fact that Dr. Robinson, President of the A.D.A. and Dr. Timmons must get away as soon as possible. They are scheduled to appear at the Tennessee meeting in Knoxville tomorrow. So Dr. Robinson will be heard at twelve o'clock, and Dr. Timmons at twelve-thirty.

Dr. Lineberger will report for the delegates of the A.D.A., and Dr. Fleming on the Library and Historical Committee, at four o'clock, and directly after that we will have a meeting of the House of Delegates. At this time I would like to request all Chairmen who possibly can to get their reports in this afternoon. The sooner we get them in, the sooner we get our business disposed of.

At this time I will recognize Dr. John Pharr, who will introduce our next speaker.

Dr. John Pharr:

Mr. Chairman, Fellow Members and Guests: The speaker that I am about to introduce to you is not any stranger in this section of our State. He has been coming down here for twenty years. From all reports that I hear about the golfers that came in yesterday, when he starts on the golf course he may find some new sand traps, probably a few lakes out there, because they all tell me they couldn't hit anything but the ground. Dr. Miller is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania. He is past President of the Penn State Dental Society, the Central Pennsylvania Society, past President of the Rotary Club in Altoona, and is a member of the International College of Dentists, a member of the American Academy of Restorative Dentistry and it is my happy privilege to present and introduce to you Dr. Fred Miller of Altoona, Pennsylvania.

Dr. Fred D. Miller:

Mr. President, Dr. Pharr, Members and Guests:

I know a song, "Nothing could be finer than to be in Carolina in the Morning," and yesterday when I flew down from Washington, over Arlington, Virginia, then North Carolina, I was perfectly amazed to see the beautiful farm land down here. I have always pictured this place as a lot of sand traps. That was the only thing I have ever seen when I have been down here for the last twenty years. In fact, I have been in so many of these traps on these courses, that I recognized a lot of them from the air (laughter). I said at that time, I wondered if the dentists down in North Carolina take as much pride in the margins of their restorations and the contours as the farmers do in their farms. Some of you fellows that haven't been up in the air and looked down on this wonderful state of yours haven't any conception of what

is being done for the conservation of soil by proper contouring in the plowing.

I have about 1200 feet of motion pictures.

President Parks:

Dr. Miller, on behalf of the North Carolina Dental Society, I want to thank you for this very instructive presentation.

President Parks:

I would like to say to you again that Dr. Miller will have a question and answer period at his clinic. At this time I wish to recognize Dr. Clyde Minges, who will introduce our next speaker.

Dr. Clyde Minges:

Mr. President, Members of the North Carolina Dental Society, and Guests, Ladies and Gentlemen:

Two or three men have very graciously given their time this morning in order that we hear from very prominent speakers. There isn't anything I like to do better than talk when I have a good subject. Our next speaker has been one of the leaders in dentistry. I have known him intimately for fifteen or twenty years. He has continually been doing something for dentistry. He has served his state association as President; he has served on the Board of Examiners in the State of California. He has served as President of the National Association of Dental Examiners. He has served as trustee of the American Dental Association for nine years, and were I to attempt to enumerate the things our speakers have done for dentistry here today, he couldn't catch his plane for Knoxville at five o'clock in Greensboro. I will say that to my mind he is one of the most tireless workers that dentistry has today, and with that remark I will present to you Dr. Wilfred H. Robinson of California, President of the American Dental Association. (Applause as audience rises.)

Dr. Robinson:

In appearing before you here today on the subject of what the American Dental Association is doing, what it means to dentistry, and to the dentists, I could sum its benefits up in just this one sentence: "That, if it were not for organized dentistry and particularly the American Dental Association, you folks practicing dentistry wouldn't enjoy the practices you have today, nor the security that you now enjoy." We can take, for instance, our first committee that I am going to talk about, which will be the legislative committee. I might ask, where would any man in this room be today, in the practice of dentistry, if it were not for his state organization? Any individual, or any small group of individuals usually has little or no force or influence in themselves, but a combination of individuals has great force and influence. That is

exemplified in any legislation that you might care to put over here in your state. Take any one of your dental districts and if a group alone from the district went to the legislature to have legislation passed they wouldn't get to first base. But if all the districts go in a group, as a unit, and propose certain legislation in the state legislature, your legislators are going to listen to your problem and they are more apt to lend sympathetic ears and have a sympathetic understanding and probably be influenced to do what was requested of them. So it is in the National problem. Without the American Dental Association legislative committee to represent dentistry in the United States, dentistry would not receive the recognition it does in a national way.

Our legislative committee has fortified the practice of dentistry in the United States in many, many ways. There isn't a dental law, there isn't a dental measure that appears before Congress but that the influence of the American Dental Association is felt through the legislative committee.

Take for instance the Council on Dental Therapeutics. If it wasn't for the Council on Dental Therapeutics our dental medicines would not be anywhere near the standard that they are today. Let's put it in a homely comparative manner. Take any practitioner who is practicing dentistry in a community and let a malpractice suit be brought against this practitioner; if he is represented by an attorney who knows his job and who understands what dental medicines are and howt hey are fortified by the findings of the Therapeutics Council and if the dentist has used those agencies, he is in a very definite position of security. If, on the other hand, the patient brings before the judge, a situation in which the practitioner has not fortified himself by recognized drugs, and it is brought out conclusively that dental medicines used by him were not under the seal of approval of the American Dental Association, then he just hasn't a leg on which to stand. This protection is one of the benefits you are receiving, and a very important benefit it is that you are receiving. The public is also receiving definite benefits from the acts of the Therapeutic Council. Many of the mouth washes, the tooth pastes and the laiety dental medicines that are sold over the drug counters are being constantly watched by the Therapeutic Council. Many a nostrum has been taken off the market because of the action of the Council.

Now let's discuss the subject of membership. I am very much interested in this problem of increasing membership. I will illustrate its importance by telling a story that happened in California. I was on the Board of Dental Examiners and I had gone up to the Capitol at the command of the Governor, Governor Rolf, who was in office, and during our conversation he said to me, "Robinson, how about this legislation that you fellows are trying to put over?" I asked him what particular legislation, and it had something to do with the health situation that we had confronting us a few years ago. He asked a few pertinent questions. He summed it up by saying this to me, "You have three organizations in California, haven't you?" I answered, "No, we only have two." He said, "Oh, no, you have three organizations; you have your northern and your southern organizations." I answered "Yes, that is true." "Well, how about that other organization, the California Progressive Organization?" I suggested that it wasn't an organization. He said, "Yes, it is. Isn't it composed of advertisers?" I had to admit it was. He then asked, "How many advertisers are there in California?" I told him between seven hundred and a thousand. He replied, "That is right. How many dentists, so-called ethical dentists, have you practicing in California?" My reply was, "Oh, about 5,000 or a little over." He said, "That is about right. How many men belong to

your southern organization?" I told him about twelve or thirteen hundred." "How many belong to the other organization, the one up here?" I answered, "About a thousand or eleven hundred." Here is where he made his point. He told me, "You dentists don't represent dentistry in California. You have less than fifty per cent of the ethical men in the organization of dentistry. The advertisers have one hundred per cent. They represent their profession. But you men in the ethical organization of dentistry do not represent the dentists of California. You come back here with sixty-five or seventy per cent of the ethical dentists and I will recognize any program you will put before the legislature." This story exemplifies why we have a large membership in the American Dental Association. If we can go before the authorities in Washington and we can show that out of the 70,000 dentists in the United States we have fifty or sixty thousand members, then that means we represent dentistry and we can pretty much get what we ask for.

By the way, we have this year, as of this date, about three thousand more members than we have ever had at any corresponding period in the history of the American Dental Association, and that is in spite of the \$2.00 raise in dues.

Another service that the American Dental Association has been asked recently to do, and I am going to touch very briefly upon it, is in the matter of a maximum and a minimum program in dentistry for the manufacturing industries of the United States. Our Economics Committee was requested the other day to outline a program that constituted a maximum, minimum adequate service. In other words, industry is recognizing the American Dental Association and if the American Dental Association can't outline a program—it matters not for what it may be—whether it be for the Government for the protection of the public or for the protection of the profession, or for the protection of an individual in the profession, we are falling short of our obligation as a profession and as an organization.

Now, your Relief Committee, I will touch upon it very lightly. I think you all know what its functions are. By the way, I dislike that word "relief." I don't believe the name exemplifies what our policies are in the relief program. Any man who is put on relief or any man who is receiving relief, would be happier, I am sure, if the help were known by some other name. It seems to me it may suggest an odious stigma. I don't feel that any dentist who has been a member of organized dentistry for a number of years and who finds himself in a position where it is necessary for him to have financial assistance, that he should be placed under the stigma of receiving relief. We should have some other terminology. I am hopeful that next year the name can be changed to something a little more cheerful. Incidentally, I think that those Christmas seals we send out suggest a gloomy environment. If we would change the seal picture and probably show something more cheerful on the stamps it would definitely stimulate the interest of our members and thereby obtain a greater monetary return. I also believe instead of making our campaign at Christmas time when we are all more or less financially embarrassed because of the inroads made upon our exchequers by the members of our families, if we could put the drive on some time in the spring or just before the summer vacation, that we would derive a much better return.

Now, one activity that is very near to me, and I feel has been grossly misrepresented, is the problem of our Journal. It has been said that the majority of men never pick up the Journal, when they receive it, that the Journal arrives and they either throw it on the shelf or into the wastebasket, or at

least they never look at it. It has also been said that in the Journal there is nothing printed about the American Dental Association activities. Of course neither of these statements are true. Within the last two or three years, if you folks will turn over to the last third of the Journal, you will find there has been added all the activities. Every committee that is functioning in the American Dental Association is being reported, there you will find a very complete report of what they are doing. You also will find printed within the Journal all the leading dental papers. It is true some of them are quite scientific, but you will find also many a practical paper under the covers of the American Dental Journal that will carry to you the knowledge of the advancement of dentistry. If the activities of the American Dental Association are not being brought to the attention of our membership it is simply our own fault because we are not reading that which is placed before us.

Another complaint that we hear a great deal about is the publicity that comes out, or rather, the lack of publicity that comes out of the central office. Now, we have a Bureau of Public Relations there, headed by Dr. Lon W. Morrey, which is most complete. There isn't any type of program in the United States, dentistry would need that you cannot get from the Bureau of Public Relations. It is also claimed that our organization is not putting out lay publicity, that we are not publicizing dentistry. In the Associated Press newspapers alone on the Cleevland meeting there was approximately a half million lines of publicity that was published. It may be true that dentistry isn't as spectacular in its operative procedure as is medicine and thereby it does not make as interesting news. Unless we can get the Duke of Windsor's wife over here and extract a tooth for her, that is news. There really isn't a lot that can be done in dentistry that is spectacular. I think this situation is possibly due to the dentists themselves. Very few dentists attempt to interest their patients and talk to them and try to educate them in the health service that they are rendering to the public, which if they did would gain for dentistry a public interest. Many of us get the patient in the chair and the first thing we think of is the diagnosis for the mechanical restoration. We talk about the gold we are going to put in the mouth, the restoration that we are going to make there, and the cost. We lose sight entirely of the biological condition. We lost sight entirely of the health feature, we seldom try to sell them a service; we try to sell them some sort of gadget that can be put in the mouth and with which they can chew. I think we are wrong in this as dental men. I feel a great deal of our public professional trouble today is the fact that we don't attempt to tell our own story of what dentistry is doing as a health profession.

I see my time is about up, so in conclusion I would like to mention one more activity in the American Dental Association that has a most definite influence upon what dentistry is today. It is our Research Bureau. If it wasn't for the dental department in the Bureau of Standards under the jurisdiction of the American Dental Association Research Commission, our dental materials would not have reached the high standard they have reached today. I believe there are men in this room who will remember, I know I can—the time when, for instance, a gold salesman would come into your office and he would sell you what he claimed was 22 karat gold that probably if you would make an analysis of it you would find it was 12 or 14 karat gold. Without American Dental Association supervision you would, in all probabilities, still be buying this standard of dental supplies. There was no proper standard control of the materials or of what kind of ingredients the materials contained and we had to accept our supplies more or less on faith. Today, through the

Bureau of Standards under the supervision of the Government of the United States, we have a definite control over the physical properties of many materials, used in dentistry. Your waxes, your gold, your compound, your ciliate cement, your ordinary cement, your alloys, practically everything that you use in dentistry is standardized by the Bureau of Standards. When a salesman makes a representation that a certain material contains a certain specified quantity of whatever it might be it has to be up to that standard or they have the Government of the United States to contend with. Another thing that the Bureau is doing in research is that they are entering in the biological field of research. The most rampant disease known today is decay. And I am sorry to say that dentistry does not know what decay is. This is one of the problems of the future for the Research Bureau to solve. The American Dental Association has established in Washington a fellowship, a biological fellowship, and we hope that great things will result from it.

I don't see how any man practicing dentistry can stay out of organized dentistry. It always seems sort of silly to me to stand up before an audience of dental men who are definitely interested in dentistry and who are organization minded; you exemplify this by being here, and talk organization to them, because you must believe in organization or you wouldn't be here. But there are certain things that are being done by the organizations within the profession of dentistry that I think we, being so near to the picture, are inclined to overlook. We don't carry the gospel to our non member fellow practitioners. After all, that is our responsibility because we are in under the wire. We know what have. We know the benefits while the fellow in the outside doesn't know what we have. We know the benefits while the fellow on the outside doesn't message to them. It is up to us to bring those fellows into the fold. It is up to us to see that dentistry is carried on.

I want to say that I am mighty glad to be here. When Clyde told me that I had to come to North Carolina, because I was going down to Tennessee, I wrote him a letter in reply and told him I considered I had my orders, that if I could get over here for only one day I was going to come. Clyde very kindly met me at Greensboro and brought me here. He got lost four or five times getting here but we finally arrived. I enjoyed the ride with him. It was really a pleasure. I hope some day I might come back again just as one of the fellows and enjoy your hospitality, because I have enjoyed it this time and I know if I didn't have this responsibility of office that I keenly feel, I could enjoy myself a great deal more.

I thank you for allowing me to address you.

President Parks:

Dr. Robinson, I want to thank you on behalf of this Society. You travelled all the way across the continent to be with us this morning. We wish you every success during your years' work. I hope many of us will greet you in Houston next October.

I will at this time recognize Dr. Jackson who will present our next speaker.

Dr. Jackson:

Doctors, members of the North Carolina Dental Society, Guests, it is fortunate today that we have another man to appear before us

who comes from the headquarters of the American Dental Association. Our circumstances the last several months has put a burden on this man. He is today evidently about the busiest man in dentistry. He carries a tremendous load on his shoulders. He is well qualified to carry this burden.

Dr. Gerald Timmons, Chicago, Illinois, graduate from the Indiana University School of Dentistry, was instructor and professor and dean of this school. He is at present the full-time Executive Secretary of the American Dental Association and his particular work today is on the preparedness program of the American Dental Association. I take pleasure in introducing Dr. Timmons, of Chicago, Illinois, your full time Executive Secretary of your Association.

Editor's Note: Since the Dental Preparedness Program was undergoing constant changes at this time, it was requested by Dr. Timmons that his address not be published in the Proceedings.

President Parks:

On behalf of the Society, I would like to thank you for bringing us this information.

We will meet back in this room at two o'clock. The meeting is adjourned.

(Whereupon, at 1:05 p. m., the meeting adjourned.)

MONDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 12th

President Parks:

The afternoon session will please come to order.

I will ask Dr. Wilbur Jackson to present our next speaker.

Dr. Jackson:

At this luncheon it was my pleasure to overhear a conversation—I wasn't eavesdropping—of four men who are, I consider, good dentists in North Carolina to say something like this: "We always have an excellent program." The program committee has done a most wonderful job this year. I think you will agree with me they have done just that. Our program is well balanced. We have men who can tell us of some things we don't know that we are most interested in. For me, one of the greatest bugaboos I have is the correct interpretation of an X-Ray film. Our program committee went all the way to St. Louis to bring a man here today who can tell us the true, the correct,

technique and interpretation of these X-Ray films, an authority in this particular field, one that I am happy to present to you at this time, Dr. Main from St. Louis.

Editor's Note: Dr. Main's presentation was by lantern slides making it impossible to publish in the Proceedings.

President Parks:

At this time, we will hear from Dr. H. O. Lineberger.

Dr. Lineberger:

Mr. President, Fellow Members of the North Carolina Dental Society, and Visitors: We have all heard of the so-called "Voice from the Wilderness"; we have all heard of those missionaries that answered that voice. I often think of our next speaker as truly a man of the missionary type, the man who himself is not a dentist, but who has done mammoth other work for the dental profession. Dr. Gies was graduated from Yale University in 1894. He served on the faculty of Yale University until 1898. From that time on to the present, he has been with the Columbia University. At present he is on a retired status, but giving all his time to his beloved, I shall say, dental profession.

His major work has been done, of course, in research and journalism. He was the founder of the journal of "Dental Research." Another great work, and one for which he will be remembered always was when the Carnegie Foundation drafted him to make a survey of all the dental educational institutions in the United States and Canada. This as you know, took him from 1921 to 1927. At that time he gave a report of the dental conditions of the dental institutions in the United States and Canada, and from that time until this very moment, and I hope for a long time to come, he is and will continue to be very active doing those things which will elevate the dental profession. At this time I am happy to present Dr. William J. Gies, of New York City.

DENTISTRY GOING FORWARD*

WILLIAM J. GIES
New York City

I

I present my compliments to the assembled members of the North Carolina Dental Society and your guests. It was a great pleasure to accept the invitation to participate in your meeting. For many years I have known personally some of your members. Your Society's professional progressiveness, widely recognized

*Presented at the sixty-seventh annual meeting of the North Carolina Dental Society, Pinehurst, N. C., May 12-14, 1941.

in other states, has been exemplified recently by such measures as your development of school clinics, and your furtherance of a plan for effective friendly relationships with the technical assistants who aid you in your professional service.

I hope each session of this meeting will be interesting, helpful and stimulating. I came into this session just as Dr. Main, who preceded me, began his lecture on "Technique and interpretation in roentgenology," which for me was an addition to the graduate education in dentistry that I have been acquiring continually since 1909. As I listened to Dr. Main's very instructive discussion, I recalled the possibility that I was the first American interpreter of a radiographic problem in anatomy. When I was an instructor in physiology at Yale University nearly fifty years ago, Professor Wright, then head of the Department of Physics—one of the American pioneers in work with the x-ray who had recently returned from Roentgen's laboratory—assembled a variety of "x-ray pictures" for use in a lecture, to the members of the scientific departments at Yale, in which he intended to explain to them the import of Roentgen's discovery. Among these pictures, to show skeleton outlines, were some of parts of the anatomy of a cat obtained from boys who used private and uncensored means to provide such animals when needed. Several of these pictures of cat structure presented small circular spots suggestive of the existence, at each locus, of a dense spherical mass. One of Professor Wright's assistants, having eliminated the possibility that technical errors in the procedure yielded these spots as extraneous phenomena, asked me, as a physiologist, what the said spots might indicate anatomically. I replied that I knew of no special anatomical structures, at the places noted, that would yield the circular spots seen in the cat pictures. But, recalling numerous boyhood experiences and drawing on a fund of common knowledge, I suggested that the indicated spherical masses probably were directed into the cat's anatomy by a shot-gun aimed accurately and with deliberate intent to terminate a nocturnal feline solo or duet that had disturbed the slumbers of an irate marksman. My colleague was ready to accept this judgment. Realizing, however, that my guess might be more humorous than scientific and learning that the cat was not available for exploratory operations, I proposed that he and I collaborate immediately in an experiment to test the validity of my diagnosis. In the biological department in which I was then an instructor there were reserves of various animals for experimental purposes. I said to him: "Let's proceed in this way—I'll put two shot down the gullet of a big frog; you take x-ray pictures of the frog, after this treatment, as you took those of the cat for Professor Wright. If two circular spots, like those in the pictures of the cat, appear in that of the frog in the region of its stomach, all doubt as to the meaning of the spots in the cat pictures will be removed and Professor Wright will have an added feature for his lecture." We agreed to go ahead; the shot were put down the gullet; x-ray pictures were taken; two circular spots, like those in the cat pictures, appeared in the frog pictures where we looked for them; and the scientific audience was both amused and amazed by this story that Professor Wright included in his presentation. Almost simultaneously in various parts of the country, other experts in physics spread, by demonstrations, the news of the wonders of the x-ray and its possible revelations. Every field of biology was promptly included in the researches that were thus initiated. Dr. Kells, you will recall, was one of the first to apply the x-ray systematically to dentistry and thus to initiate the advances in dental service, with the aid of Roentgen's discovery, that have become an essential aspect of modern dental health-care.

I was invited to discuss, at this meeting, some general aspects of dentistry, such as progress in research or in education. The selected subject, as indicated

on your published program—"Dentistry Going Forward"—accords with the spirit of that invitation. Instead, however, of concentrating on any division of dental progress, I shall remind you of some events in recent dental advancement, and then consider a few conditions of adverse import, which, if not corrected, would retard or halt dentistry's forward march.

II

The inherent worth, and the abiding purpose, of dental practice have carried dentistry—as in a struggle for independence and freedom—from the limitations of a craft to the expanding usefulness of a natural division of health service. From the earliest times physicians, usually regarding dental disorders as relatively superficial and temporary in their relation to human welfare, have been correspondingly unconcerned about means for the amelioration of dental disabilities. This medical inattention occasioned the gradual development, by craftsmen, of interest and proficiency in the mechanical alleviation of dental infirmities. A prolonged trade-era of improving craftsmanship, of attendant increasing personnel, and of growing acceptability of the ensuing reparative and restorative dental service, prepared the way for the evolution in understanding and responsibility that resulted, a century ago, in the establishment of dentistry as a separately organized profession. In this continuing transformation, procedures in treatment have been improved; dental education has been accredited in universities; organization of dentists has been advanced; dental journalism has been strengthened; dental research has been promoted; prevention of dental disorders has been eagerly sought; the scope of oral health-service has been expanded; coordination with other health-service professions has been furthered; plans to extend the distribution of dental health-care to all who need it have been maturing; and dentistry, as a separately organized profession, is becoming the full service-equivalent of an oral specialty of medical practice. *The soul of dentistry is marching on!*

The foregoing summary is a very incomplete outline of dental progress during the centenary which has recently been celebrated. A brief review of some developments in several units in that summary will remind us, in more detail, that dentistry is steadily going forward to its destiny as a health-service profession.

III

A profession grows on new useful knowledge. The more fundamental a new discovery may be—recall Roentgen's—the greater and more rapid the ensuing growth. Nothing is more important for the increasing welfare of dentistry than discoveries of new useful facts about teeth and their supporting tissues—and about bodily conditions that affect, or are affected by, teeth and the supporting tissues. Without such further discoveries, clearer understanding of causes of dental disorders will be impossible, means of prevention will remain inadequate, methods of treatment cannot be perfected, and the full extent of systemic correlations of dental diseases will not be known.

During a long era in this country dental research was associated chiefly with inventiveness, which resulted in the production of many useful instruments and improved procedures. The Research Commission of the American Dental Association, since its organization in 1913, has been actively promoting dental research in numerous relationships. The cooperation of the National Bureau of Standards with the American Dental Association has been an important factor in the evolution of dental science; the cooperation of the National Institute of Health, recently inaugurated, promises to be equally productive of constructive results. The *Journal of Dental Research*, founded in 1919, has been a very use-

ful influence in the promotion of research in dentistry. It has been a medium of publication on a plane of respectability and dignity equal to that for research in other professional fields. Its high quality has greatly increased the respect that "research men" in general feel for dental research. The International Association for Dental Research, established in 1920—which publishes the *Journal of Dental Research*—is very active in the advancement of dental science. It is a federation of thirty sections in eight countries, twenty of the sections existing in the United States. Dental research is progressing rapidly, with expanding scope and increasing personnel, in the laboratories and clinics in schools of dentistry. The development of university relationships for dental education has quickened this interest, and also has stimulated cooperation in dental research by workers in medical schools and hospitals. The successful advancement of research in dentistry was indicated at the eighteenth annual meeting of the International Association for Dental Research, at Philadelphia in March, 1940, by this comment in the President's published address:

"One of the outstanding impressions in my cumulative personal observations, at each of the general meetings of the [International] Association [for Dental Research] since its organization in 1920, is the steady growth in the scientific quality of the presentations, and in the number of offerings for the program. As one of the founders also of two other leading scientific societies—the Society for Experimental Biology and Medicine (1903), and the American Society of Biological Chemists (1906)—I have had ample opportunity to compare intimately their evolution with that of our Association. The rates of growth, both qualitatively and quantitatively, have been so closely analogous that it may be truthfully said that our Association embodies the spirit and ability which have made these two older societies outstandingly effective in their promotion of science in medicine and biology, and in biological chemistry."—[Gies: *J. Den. Res.*, 19, 265; 1940, June.]

The comment in the foregoing quotation indicates that, in recent years, dental research has been keeping step with medical research in the forward march into the unknown that each profession must explore. Every reasonable encouragement and support should be given to those who are endeavoring to extend the boundaries of truth and understanding in dental science.

IV

Dental education has been one of the chief dynamic factors in the progress of dentistry, and will continue to affect the rate and extent of dentistry's further growth. One of the most important indications of progress in dental education was the amalgamation, in 1923, of the then existing three discordant American associations of dental faculties and teachers—and the Canadian Dental Faculties Association—into the American Association of Dental Schools. This Association of all dental schools and their faculties in the United States and Canada, which recently held its eighteenth annual meeting—and the American Dental Association's Council on Dental Education, the successor of the Dental Educational Council of America—are concordant constructive influences for the advancement of dental education. The Congress of Dental Education and Licensure, recently held in Chicago, is the first of a prospective series of annual progressive endeavors to coordinate dental education and dental practice in their forward march together.

The number of dental schools in the United States has diminished gradually from a maximum of 57, forty years ago, to 39 during the past decade. This desirable decrease, analogous to that in medicine, has been attended by increase

in quality. All but five former proprietary dental schools have been discontinued or made integral parts of universities. Only five ex-proprietary dental schools remain independent, but each has been rechartered as a non-profit, philanthropic, educational institution and publicly seeks incorporation into a university. Page 18 of the April issue of your Society's BULLETIN presents data showing that the enrollment of undergraduate students in the dental schools in the United States is larger this year than at any time during the past decade. Dental education has become a definitely accredited branch of education in universities, where the dental schools are being steadily brought into closer practical associations with the medical schools and hospitals, and with graduate and other related departments. The health-service concept in dental education, one of the most stimulating and constructing influences in dentistry, is leading dentistry into accredited service-equivalence with the best possible oral specialty of medical practice.

V

The journalism of a profession is an agency for graduate professional education, and therefore should be directly representative of, and responsive to, the best interests of the profession. It should be journalism of the profession, *by* the profession, *for* the profession. For many years, dental journalism was chiefly journalism of dental supply-houses, by dental supply-houses, for dental supply-houses. The ascendancy of the professional spirit in dental leadership has gradually transferred dental journalism from a basis of *proprietary* control and *proprietary* irresponsibility to *professional* control and *professional* responsibility. Dental journals, in their transformation from *proprietary* to *non-proprietary* control, have followed the example of dental schools. So few journals purporting to represent dentistry are now *proprietary*, and so many are conducted by dental organizations, that the desirable termination of commercial control of the remaining few—and their conversion into journals responsible to the profession instead of to private owners—is not far away. The steady betterment of dental journalism under the auspices of accredited dental organizations—and its removal from the field of commercialism—is the route to further progress. The American Association of Dental Editors, which was organized ten years ago and has held annual meetings with an increasing membership, is now the guiding general influence in the continual improvement of dental journalism, and is devoting itself with increasing effectiveness to the attainment of this objective.

VI

The remainder of the time allotted for this presentation might be filled with reminders of progress in other divisions of dentistry that were included in the initial summary. The foregoing reminders of progress in research, education, and journalism seem to be sufficient, however, upon which to base a related discussion of some dangers that threaten the continued unity and welfare, and the further advancement, of the dental profession. Some of these dangers are suggested by the following three questions of many of similar import that are now current:

- (1) Should dentistry be continued as an autonomous profession, or made a part of medical practice?
- (2) Should the mental part of dental practice be made a specialty of medical practice, and the manual work be done by technicians under the direction of physicians?
- (3) Should the name "dentist" be given to the dental technician who would assist a directing physician?

Shall answers to questions such as these be determined by the best interests of the public, or by the wishful purposes of some medical Hitlers?

VII

The suggested conversion of dental practice into a specialty of medical practice—the manual work to be done chiefly by technicians—ignores many important considerations, among them the fact that, in dental practice, *mechanical precision represents therapeutic exactness*. Fortunately for the patient, mechanical precision attains this high degree of significance in the service of the modern, trained, conscientious dentist. Those who minimize the importance of the mechanical procedures in dental service disregard such essential considerations as these, which are now well known to informed laymen and should not be ignored by physicians: Unlike some specialties of medical practice, such as that relating to disorders of the eyes, direct dental treatment cannot be shared by a dentist, legally or morally, with a technician. All terminal mechanical treatment of dental disorders must be applied within the mouth of the patient. Such treatment—including the placement of dental substitutes—cannot be done, safely for the patient, by anyone not well trained and experienced in the dental arts and sciences, because the variable oral conditions affecting a patient's health and comfort must be understood and the corresponding handwork skillfully performed in harmony therewith. On a physician's prescription, glasses are commonly fitted to a patient's eyes, nose, and ears, by an optician, without any further attention from the physician. It is customary, with medical approval, for opticians to fit glasses within a relatively wide range of mechanical and biological variations, presumably without injury to the patient. In the mouth, however, dental analogues of glasses—say, fillings for supports for a bridge—must be fitted by a dentist with microscopic exactness to prevent entrance of bacteria into the substance of the supporting teeth, and also to maintain other anatomical and physiological conditions. Owing to normal variations in the mouth, dental substitutes, however well planned and prepared mechanically, may not fit perfectly when first tested. For this reason a dental substitute made from a dentist's models or specifications cannot be fitted as superficially as a pair of glasses may be adjusted by an optician. The substitute must be tested in the mouth by the dentist, and usually modified until its adaptation is perfect and it is ready for effective service, in harmony with the extreme degree of accuracy involved as well as the complex anatomical and physiological requirements. Finally, after placement, the substitute must be adjudged by the dentist to be mechanically sound, esthetically satisfactory, phonetically adequate, and healthfully safe. A cooperating technician, by helping in a laboratory to make and adapt dental substitutes, on a dentist's specifications, can greatly increase the amount of time available to a dentist for direct personal service *within the mouths of patients*. But without the prolonged special education in the sciences and arts now required by law in each state for the practice of dentistry, the most expert mechanic could not be safely entrusted with the health responsibility of fitting dental substitutes.

For many decades there have been occasional indications of regret that the medical profession, through centuries of inattention to the health-service aspects of dental diseases, lost its opportunity to develop dentistry as a part of medical practice. In recent years this regret has been expressed in occasional suggestions that dentistry, which has acquired unexpected attractiveness, should be made a specialty of medical practice; that this could be accomplished by including in the education of a small number of physicians what are said to be "the few additional facts of dental conditions that physicians would need to know to enable them to practice dentistry—the mechanical work, being relatively unim-

portant, to be done by cooperating technicians." These suggestions commonly represent partisan desire "to have and to hold," and also complacent assumption of dental inferiority. The view that the mental part of dentistry should be transferred to medical practice and the manual part relegated to technicians—the idea that better dental health-care than any now serviced could be given by a "physician who would know how, and would direct technicians to do as told"—implies the assumption that dentists, as now educated for their allotted health-service functions, do not attain the relative excellence of practitioners of medical specialties. Among those who have presented competent testimony in this regard, the Dean of the Medical School of Washington University, shortly after the recent erection of the new building for the University's associated Dental School, published this comment:

"Dentistry is a very specialized field of medicine which has already been elevated to a standard of professional excellence entirely comparable with that of other medical specialties. The average American dentist is at least as well qualified to render adequate service in his field of work as is the average otolaryngologist, ophthalmologist, or surgeon . . . Changes should not be made at the expense of that which has been found good through long practical experience . . . I am . . . entirely unconvinced that any plan for the unification of the dental and medical curricula would result in the training of better qualified dentists. Dentistry is a profession which has become firmly established in its own right, and one which comprises a number of specialties. It would lose much by becoming a minor subdivision of medicine. It had best retain its independence."—[Marriott: *J. Den. Res.*, 11, 807; 1931, Oct.]

This published recent statement by the informed dean of a medical school, and other similar opinions of equal reliability that might be quoted—to the effect that the average American dentist is as competent in dental care as are average medical specialists in medical care—raise this question: Who can present trustworthy evidence, as distinct from partisan assertions, showing that this medical judgment of relative medical and dental efficiencies in health care is not correct?

VIII

The latest important manifestation of desire to convert a portion of dentistry into a specialty of medicine has been stated at Harvard University, where, to achieve this purpose at the suggestion of a committee consisting chiefly of physicians, dental education will be subjected to "drastic reorganization." There the existing Dental School will be replaced, in three years beginning next September, by a "School of Dental Medicine." The students at this new School will be members of the medical classes in seven-eights of the four-year medical curriculum. In addition, a newly organized group of dental teachers will give them the equivalent of three-eighths of the conventional dental curriculum. The combined medical and dental curricula will be five years in length. As there will be room, in the medical classes, for only a small additional number—the dental arrangements must be wholly subordinate, of course—not more than fifteen students of dental medicine will be admitted annually "for the present." The graduates of the School of Dental Medicine, beginning in 1946, will be awarded both M.D. and D.M.D. degrees.

There are many aspects of this new dental program at Harvard that seriously affect the dental profession. In this discussion attention will be directed to what, at Harvard, is publicly presented as a *good* reason for the new plan but which appears to be a disguise for the *real* reasons. Official "news releases,"

and also a report by a special committee consisting chiefly of physicians, indicate that this plan of "drastic reorganization" of dental education, by being based on courses leading to the M.D. degree, is expected primarily to prepare the graduates of the new School to do in *dental research* what others who have not received the M.D. degree allegedly cannot do; namely, speedily to discover the causes of dental diseases—and to devise means to prevent them at a cost low enough per person to enable 100 per cent of the population, instead of only 20 per cent as at present, to derive all the preventive benefits. Presumably, after means for complete prevention will have been discovered on this plan, the necessary procedures will be broadcast daily by radio so that every person—by following the advice given—will remain permanently free from new beginnings of dental diseases, and operative dental service will thus soon be made obsolete. This announced major expectation is based on the confident assumption that "courses for the M.D. degree" present the master-key that opens all doors to discovery in dental research.

The complete prevention of all dental disorders, in everybody from infancy to senility at a negligible cost, is a moving ideal of human welfare. The many brilliant achievements in *some* phases of medical care seem to encourage hope that the added undergraduate medical information, on the new dental program at Harvard, would assure perfect prevention of dental diseases. But when common sense is substituted for wishful thinking, important realities become evident. If the education represented by the M.D. degree would assure early determination of the causes of dental diseases and also prompt development of methods for their prevention, these very desirable discoveries would have been made long ago in the countries of Europe where the M.D. degree is required for admission to dental practice. The second edition of the international volume on "Dental Caries," compiled for the American Dental Association—now in press—contains summaries of findings and conclusions on the causes and control of dental caries by 237 authors, or groups of authors, representing accumulated research in this field in twenty-six countries. The book presents the academic and professional degrees received by the authors. Of the total number of authors and co-workers, 55 have received the M.D. degree. Notwithstanding the earnest efforts of these 55 physicians among the many workers in caries research—which it is hoped that they and many more physicians will extend—agreement as to how dental caries may be prevented has not yet been attained. If the education represented by the M.D. degree would enable those who receive it to discover promptly how to prevent disorders of the teeth, one wonders why it has failed to give physicians knowledge and wisdom sufficient to prevent many common diseases of the throat, nose, ear, eye, and scalp—to refer only to nearby locations. *Do the unavoidable deficiencies of medicine give physicians special competence to indicate how the analogous inadequacies of dentistry may be eliminated?* Is not the failure of past dental research to establish causes, and to devise means for prevention, of say caries, directly comparable to the inability of medical research to ascertain the causes of, and to prevent, say cancer? Are not the failures in prevention, in each profession and in each field, due honorably to the same reasons; namely, inherent difficulties that the most competent, devoted, and ingenious efforts by multitudes of the ablest persons have not yet been able to surmount?

That the education represented by the M.D. degree is not necessary for the accomplishment of successful research even in medicine itself is well known. Pasteur, who did not "take courses for the M.D. degree," is the preeminent exemplar of this fact. The membership of the five American societies for (1) physiology, (2) biochemistry, (3) pharmacology and experimental therapeutics,

(4) experimental pathology, and (5) nutrition is a representative group of the personnel in research for the advancement of medicine. Admission to membership in each is based on accredited achievement in research. The year-book of the Federation of these five national societies, for 1940-41, contains the information summarized in *Table I*. The data in that table show that of 1639 persons who constitute these five societies, less than half the whole number ($608 + 153 = 761$) received the M.D. degree; and that of the number who have that degree, one-fifth (153) also received additional graduate education leading to award of the Ph.D. degree. Of the number who received both M.D. and Ph.D. degrees (153), nearly two-thirds (95) were primarily "Ph.D. men." Some of the latter received *honorary* awards of the M.D. degree, in *medical* recognition of the *medical* import of the research they accomplished on the basis of their Ph.D. education. One of these "Ph.D. men" who recently received an *honorary* M.D. degree is now vice-president of a leading University, officially "in charge of medical affairs."

Table I

Actual and percentage distributions of indicated degrees of the total number of members (1639) in the Federation of American Societies for Experimental

Biology: 1940-41

<i>Degrees in medicine or "medical" sciences</i>	<i>Persons in the Membership</i>	
	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent of Total</i>
(a) <i>Do not have M.D.</i>	878	54
(b) <i>Have Ph.D. or Sc.D.; not M.D.</i>	841	51
(c) <i>Have Ph.D.; not M.D.</i>	811	49
(d) <i>Have M.D.; not Ph.D.</i>	608	37
(e) <i>Have both Ph.D. and M.D.</i>	153	9
<i>Ph.D. first; M.D. second</i>	95	6
<i>M.D. first; Ph.D. second</i>	58	4
(f) <i>Have neither Ph.D. nor M.D.</i>	67	4
<i>Of these: have Sc.D.</i>	30	2

The data in *Table I* indicate clearly that very much, probably most, of the important research for the advancement of medicine is being accomplished by men who have not taken "courses for the M.D. degree," and that *the M.D. degree is not a prerequisite for effective research in either medicine or dentistry*. The many who, although not graduates of medical schools, conduct competent research for the advancement of medicine are successful for broad reasons: they acquire portions of fundamental medical knowledge, in their own individual ways, from experience and as continuing (graduate) students, without taking "courses for the M.D. degree." They make significant discoveries—in accord with conditions in any field of research—not by reliance upon superficial, conventional, elementary knowledge like that in "courses for the M.D. degree," but instead by applications of new procedures in unconventional ways in intensive study deeply of particular problems. "Courses" teach what has been well known; discoveries in research present facts that have not been known.

This discussion has shown that the alleged major purpose of the new dental program at Harvard is based upon a fallacy. Although the education required for the M.D. degree is not a prerequisite for research in either medicine or dentistry, that education is essential for admission to medical practice—which is another story.

IX

An influential factor in the misjudgment that would convert dentistry into a specialty of medical practice is the common misinterpretation of the status

and import of the so-called "medical" sciences. Many physicians and dentists have concluded that the so-called "medical" sciences are intrinsic divisions of medicine, and that any use of "medical" sciences in dental education and dentistry makes dentistry, to that extent, a part of medical practice. An associated factor in these misjudgments is the assumption that "medical" science and *science of medicine* are two terms for the same thing. Let us get down to realities in this connection.

Are such divisions of *general science* as botany, chemistry, physics, psychology, zoology, which are used freely in medicine, *called* "medical" sciences? No. Why not? Because they have been developed chiefly outside of medical schools and independently of the interests of physicians. Are such divisions of *general science* as anatomy, bacteriology, biochemistry, physiology, *called* "medical" sciences? Yes. Why? Because their development has been actively promoted in medical schools, in response to progressive medical influences, very greatly to the credit of medical faculties. Owing to special medical promotion of these divisions of general science, and to their very direct relation to the development of medical practice, physicians, for their own convenience, have been *calling* these sciences "medical" sciences. But "medical" science, as a term, is neither a description nor a definition. It is only a label—a medical provincialism that is equivalent to a nickname.

The unreality of the idea that "medical" sciences are divisions of medicine rather than of general science is emphasized by some well known conditions. The "medical" sciences have been developed chiefly by persons who have not "taken courses for the M.D. degree." It is not necessary for bacteriologists, for example, to become physicians before qualifying as experts in teaching and research in bacteriology in medical schools. *Most of the active teachers of "medical" sciences in medical schools have been specially trained in graduate work for their duties in these sciences, and have not received the M.D. degree.* A large proportion of these teachers have been awarded the Ph.D. degree. Current developments in this field were indicated, ten years ago, by a leading bacteriologist in the following published statement:

"At the present time over half of the professors of the medical sciences in this country, and a still larger percentage of the essential contributors to them, are not medical men in the *strict and old-fashioned* sense. This shift in personnel means to me two things: namely, that *these sciences are becoming increasingly autonomous* and important in their general relations, and that they are becoming 'purer', by which we mean that their main objectives are theoretical and fundamental *rather than practical and applied*. These medical sciences, anatomy, physiology, bacteriology and biochemistry, have widely assumed general university importance as *educational disciplines*, alongside physics, chemistry, zoology and botany, and are no longer simple handmaidens of *clinical medicine*."—[Italic not in original—Gay: *Science*, 76, 111; 1932, Aug. 5.]

Individually each "medical" science—because it is primarily a branch of *general science*—"belongs" unreservedly, like physics or chemistry, wherever it may be applied. When physics or chemistry is used in medical education or practice, medical practice is thereby made more scientific, but does not become a branch of physics or chemistry. When a "medical" science, say bacteriology, is used in an industry, that industry is thereby made more scientific but does not become a branch of medicine or bacteriology. When results of research at an agricultural experimental station—in, say, biochemistry—are

useful in medical practice, physicians apply such results freely for human betterment, but do not label these results "agricultural" science; and medical use of scientific facts established at an agricultural experiment station does not convert any portion of medicine into agriculture. On the same principle, any fact in any so-called "medical" science that is useful in dentistry may be appropriately used freely in dental education and dental practice. The use of "medical" sciences for the development of dentistry makes dentistry more scientific and therefore more efficient, but does not change dental practice into medical practice. It would be quite as appropriate to call bacteriology or biochemistry a "dental" science as to call it a "medical" science. The expression, "There should be more medicine in dentistry," is commonly intended to suggest that *there should be more "medical" science in dentistry*, i.e., more of the sciences that are basic for each health-service profession, without patent-rights or royalties for any. One of the aims of current institutional dental education is the attainment of this desirable scientific objective, without distortion or disbalance, under the guidance of informal leadership that understands the actual requirements of progressive dental health-care.

X

Dentistry, maintained as a separately organized profession by a devoted professional personnel, sustained on its adapted system of professional education, steadily improved—and more closely affiliated with public-health work, with medical practice, and with medical schools, hospitals and dispensaries—is becoming the full health-service *equivalent* of the best possible oral specialty of medical practice. This health-service equivalence is one of dentistry's major objectives, which it will attain if its independence and freedom are not impaired—and if it is permitted to achieve, in its own way, its greatest prospective excellence. Separate organization in any field arises from purposes to give intensive attention to, and sustained support for, interests or causes that would not be effectively furthered without such special collective effort. The history of medicine, the history of dentistry, and the history of human nature, warrant the belief that dentistry will become cumulatively *more useful to the public*, if its practice is continued by a separately organized profession, than it would if it were included in medical practice and then subjected to prospective relative neglect. *Independence with interdependence* of persons, groups and professions—animated by understanding, good-will and sympathy, and based on the Golden Rule—is a useful working ideal for the promotion of efficiency and contentment in all relationships.

Ten years ago, during a general discussion of a suggested plan for the assimilation of dentistry into medicine, the following views were expressed by an associate dean of a medical school at an annual meeting of the Association of American Medical Colleges; there heartily approved as representing prevailing sentiment in medical faculties; and published in the official proceedings:

"Medicine and medical education have troubles of their own which will not be alleviated by attempting to swallow whole another profession; a profession [dentistry], which, by and large, does not want to be engulfed. And a profession like dentistry, with a hundred-year history, deserves to have its feelings considered. You may call dentistry a specialty of medicine, but that does not make it so; and it is none the less valuable for that fact. I can see no reason why the degree, Doctor of Dental Surgery, honestly held and honorably upheld, should not in the future deserve equal respect and esteem from the public with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, provided it is held by a similar type of man. And whatever their future relationship may be, let

medicine and dentistry now go forward side by side as friendly collaborators in the estimable undertaking of offering help to those who need it and adding to the happiness of life as much as to the length of its span."—[Van Beuren: *J. Den. Res.*, 12, 249; 1932, Apr.]

The views I have just quoted were expressed by a distinguished medical democrat in successful opposition to proposals of dental dismemberment by influential medical imperialists. Ideals of professional democracy, and determination by the dental profession to accept no substitutes for such ideals, will protect dentistry in independence and freedom. There are no reasons why dentistry should be permitted to become another Poland. I regard dentistry as one of the most useful, effective, and desirable agencies for the promotion of comfort, health and welfare. I respect dentistry for its nobility of purpose; its efficiency in procedure; its value in achievement; and its progressive effort, through self-examination and self-criticism, continually to make itself better and more serviceable. My appreciation of the dental profession as it exists today, my faith in its future, my wish for its cumulative support, and my desire to see it fully esteemed everywhere at its true value, are among the sentiments that have long held, and will continue to hold, my abiding active interest. I predict with confidence that the dental profession—in devoted and competent attention to its public obligations—will, as an autonomous profession, go forward to the status of the full *health-service equivalent* of the best possible oral specialty of medical practice. I wish I might be given another 70 years to go forward with you to attainment of that appealing objective.

President Parks:

On behalf of the North Carolina Dental Society, I want to thank you for that very fine paper and wish you seventy more years of continued success.

Gentlemen, I think we should conclude the afternoon portion with this.

(Whereupon, the meeting adjourned.)

MEETING OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES 5 P. M.

President Parks:

The House of Delegates will come to order. I will ask that the roll be called.

OFFICERS

C. M. PARKS
C. C. POINDEXTER

G. A. LAZENBY
PAUL FITZGERALD

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

O. L. PRESNELL

A. S. BUMGARDNER

A. T. JENNETTE

ETHICS COMMITTEE

Z. L. EDWARDS
W. E. CLARK

E. G. CLICK
H. C. CARR

BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS

A. C. CURRENT

JOHN L. ASHBY
J. N. JOHNSON

FIRST DISTRICT

W. K. CHAPMAN
R. D. COFFEY

S. E. MOSER
O. C. BARKER

SECOND DISTRICT

FRANK W. KIRK
R. W. CREWS

C. D. WHEELER
S. C. DUNCAN

F. O. ALFORD

THIRD DISTRICT

R. A. WILKINS
R. L. UNDERWOOD

A. W. CRAVER
S. W. SHAFFER

C. I. MILLER

FOURTH DISTRICT

J. W. WHITEHEAD
H. L. ALLEN

H. ROYSTER CHAMBLEE
HOWARD BRANCH

W. T. MARTIN

FIFTH DISTRICT

Z. B. PARKER
HERBERT SPEAR

B. MCK. JOHNSON
SANDY MARKS

DARDEN EURE

President Parks:

I declare a quorum present, and we are now ready to consider any business which might come before the house of Delegates.

Are there any reports?

Dr. Presnell:

REPORT OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Executive Committee met in Charlotte, N. C., on May 8, 1940, at which time the Secretary was instructed to pay all expenses of the 1940 meeting when bills were approved by F. O. Alford. The President and Secretary were authorized to arrange the dates for the 1941 meeting with the Carolina Hotel at Pinehurst. By unanimous consent Dr. Neal Sheffield was appointed to succeed himself as Editor-Publisher of the BULLETIN. As a matter of convenience, Scotland

County was transferred from the Third to the Fourth District, under authority granted the Executive Committee in Section 1, Article 8, of the By-Laws of the Society. That there might be no conflict with the scientific sessions of the Society, it was ordered that the golf tournament be held on Sunday prior to the 1941 meeting.

On July 21, 1940, the committee met in Greensboro. At this time an appropriation of \$50.00 was made to defray the expenses of Dr. J. Martin Fleming in attending the "Cradle of Dental Education" dedication ceremonies held at Bainbridge, Ohio, on November 24, 1940. In lieu of expenses for Dr. A. H. Merritt in attending the 1940 meeting in Charlotte, an appropriation of \$100.00 was to be made to the "Journal of Research Endowment." This was done at the request of Dr. Merritt. For the 1941 meeting an expense allowance of \$800.00 was made. The Insurance committee, meeting at this same time, reported a deadlock in the matter of selecting a company to carry the proposed Health and Accident policies, and requested that the decision be made by the Executive Committee. It was decided to hold the decision open until the next committee meeting.

Other meetings of the committee were held in Raleigh, on October 28, and December 18, 1940, and January 15, and March 30, 1941. Minutes of these meetings have been reported in the BULLETIN for January, 1941, page 14, and the April, 1941, issue, pages 15-16. This policy of publishing the minutes of the committee in the BULLETIN was adopted during the past year for the purpose of keeping the Society informed as to the activities of the committee.

The committee wishes to commend our president, Dr. Claude M. Parks, for his zeal and untiring efforts on behalf of the Society. To Dr. Paul Fitzgerald and to Dr. Neal Shefield we express our appreciation for their efficiency in the conduct of their offices. We wish to thank the members of all committees, and all others who have in any way contributed to the good of our organization, and to the success of this meeting.

Respectfully submitted,

O. L. PRESNELL, *Chairman*
A. S. BUMGARDNER
A. T. JENNETTE

Motion made that report be adopted, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

Any other reports.

Dr. Edwards:

In view of the fact that during the past year, no charges have been preferred against any member of the Society for violation of the Code

of Ethics, as Chairman of the Committee, I desire to say that our report should be in the form of thanks and appreciation.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Edwards, I think that is all that is necessary in that case.

Any other reports?

Dr. Overman:

I would like to report for the Institution Committee.

REPORT OF STATE INSTITUTION COMMITTEE

Your Committee on State Institutions respectfully submits the following report:

The following Institutions have whole-time dentists:

State Hospital, Raleigh, N. C.

State Hospital, Goldsboro, N. C.

State Penitentiary, Raleigh, N. C.

The State Hospital at Morganton, N. C., will have a full-time dentist beginning July 1st.

Those Institutions having part-time dentists are:

N. C. Sanatorium, Sanatorium, N. C.

Western N. C. Sanatorium, Black Mountain, N. C.

Caswell Training School, Kinston, N. C.

Samarcand Manor, Eagle Springs, N. C.

N. C. School for Deaf, Morganton, N. C.

N. C. Orthopedic Hospital, Gastonia, N. C.

State Industrial Farm Colony for Women, Kinston, N. C.

Those Institutions being cared for by the State Board of Health are:

Jackson Training School, Concord, N. C.

Eastern Training School, Rocky Mount, N. C.

State School for the Blind, Raleigh, N. C.

The Institution Committee would like to recommend that the funds appropriated for the Dental services in our Institutions be used only to benefit the inmates in their respective institutions.

We would also recommend that the salaries of the dentists employed in our state institutions correspond with the salaries of other professions.

Respectfully submitted,

G. L. OVERMAN, *Chairman*

J. A. MARSHBURN

RALPH COFFEY

S. E. MOSER

J. P. REECE

E. M. MEDLIN

W. W. RANKIN

J. G. POOLE

President Parks:

You have heard the report of State Institutions Committee. What will you do with it?

Motion made to accept report, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

It is so ordered. I think we should congratulate Dr. Overman and his committee for the very fine work they have done this year.

Any other report?

Dr. E. A. Branch:

This is the report of the Oral Hygiene Committee.

REPORT OF THE ORAL HYGIENE COMMITTEE
THE NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY
1941

Approximately 70,000* underprivileged children have had the necessary dental corrections made during this school year by the public health dentists on the staff of the Division of Oral Hygiene of the North Carolina State Board of Health. An even greater number of privileged children have been referred to their own dentists for examinations and treatment.

But this is not all that has been done by this Division by any means. The primary purpose of the Division is to conduct an educational program. The dentists on the staff have taught Mouth Health to an average of 1,000 children each school day, not only instructing them in the ways of caring for their teeth, but also trying to impress on them the importance of mouth health because of its relation to general health.

To do this teaching in an acceptable manner, the dentists must be especially trained. This training is given in our School of Public Health Dentistry which is held at the University of North Carolina each summer. The dentists on the staff consider this training essential to the success of their work. Experience has taught that the reaction of the child to the dentist depends a great deal on the dentist's approach to the child. For this reason especial emphasis is laid on child psychology during the course at Chapel Hill.

To break down the children's fear of the dentist and to assist us in teaching some of the fundamentals of mouth health, we are continuing for the sixth successive year our puppet show. This show plays three times each school day throughout the year. Recently we played in the schools in Johnston County, and more than 10,000 children witnessed the show in one week's time. This is a record so far as attendance is concerned.

The usual number of sheets of mouth health education material, prepared by the educational consultant on the staff, have been distributed in the schools. The dentists on the staff leave these sheets with the teachers to use in their follow-up teaching. To keep up the contact with the homes of the children, mouth health news releases have been sent out to the school papers every two weeks.

*Figures for this school year will be completed June 30, 1941.

One of the major accomplishments of the year has been the preparation and distribution of a handbook for teachers, "Teaching Mouth Health in North Carolina." The interest manifested by the dentists in the State in response to the announcement carried in the BULLETIN about the handbook has been very gratifying. Over three hundred and fifty dentists requested and have had mailed to them copies of the book.

Respectfully submitted,

ERNEST A. BRANCH, *Chairman*
 J. F. REECE
 J. H. NICHOLSON
 DAN T. CARR
 J. R. EDWARDS

President Parks:

Thank you very much, Dr. Branch. You have heard the report of the Oral Hygiene Committee. What is your pleasure?

Motion made to accept report, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

Are there any other reports?

Dr. Sheffield:

I would like to give the report of editor-publisher.

Cash in Guilford National Bank, July 26, 1940.....\$ 36.23

RECEIPTS FROM ADVERTISEMENTS

October 15, 1940—

Woodward Prosthetic Company	25.00
Keener Dental Company	25.00
Raleigh Dental Laboratory	25.00
Thompson Dental Company	25.00
R & R Dental Laboratory	15.00
Powers & Anderson Dental Company	15.00
Rothstein Dental Laboratory	15.00
North Carolina Dental Society, Postage, Mailing Proceedings.....	7.31
Corega Chemical Company	7.84

November 25—

Pycote Company	24.50
Wernets Chemical Company	24.50
Merrimon Insurance Agency	8.00

March 3, 1941—

Raleigh Dental Laboratory	25.00
Rothstein Dental Laboratory	15.00
Woodward Prosthetic Company	25.00
Thompson Dental Company	25.00
Keener Dental Company	15.00
Fleming Dental Laboratory	16.00
Merrimon Insurance Agency	8.00
Noble Dental Laboratory	8.00

Powers & Anderson Dental Company	8.00
Corega Chemical Company	7.84
March 25—	
Richmond Dental Laboratory	25.00
Ray-Lyon Company	25.00
Charlotte Dental Laboratory	25.00
R. D. Webb Dental Manufacturing Company.....	15.00
PerMano Incorporated	8.00
Carolina Dental Company	8.00
Pilot Restaurant	8.00
April 30—	
Spakes Dental Laboratory	8.00
May 28—	
Woodward Prosthetic Company	25.00
Miller Dental Laboratory	8.00
Co-operative Dental Laboratory	8.00
Rothstein Dental Laboratory	15.00
Keener Dental Supply Company	15.00
Corega Chemical Company	14.70
The Lantana	8.00
The Dumes Club	8.00
Carolina Pharmacy	8.00
Merrimon Insurance Company	8.00
Coca-Cola Company	8.00
Powers & Anderson Dental Company	8.00
Harris Dental Company	8.00
Belvedere Hotel	8.00
Fleming Dental Laboratory	8.00
Smith Dental Company	8.00
Dentists Supply Company	25.00
Buran Dental Laboratory	25.00
Raleigh Dental Laboratory	25.00
Thompson Dental Company	25.00
Pinehurst, Inc., Carolina Hotel	25.00
Pinehurst Garage	8.00
Country Club Grill	4.00
R & R Dental Laboratory	15.00
S. S. White Dental Manufacturing Company	25.00
July 29—	
Yarbrough Dental Laboratory	8.00
Noble Dental Laboratory	8.00
Gulf Oil Company	8.00
August 12—	
Central Dental Laboratory	8.00
August 18—	
The Litho Press	16.00
	\$918.42

DISBURSEMENTS, 1940-41

1940—

Aug. 20—Postmaster, Mailing Proceedings	\$ 8.00
Sept. 27—Postmaster, Mailing October issue Bulletin	5.00
Oct. 1—Postmaster, Mailing local Bulletins, cuts, 100 3 cent stamps.....	6.50

Oct. 12—Manning Engravers, Cuts, October issue	12.00
Fisher Printing Company, Envelopes	12.75
Guilford National Bank, Service Charge	1.00
Dec. 2—Fisher Printing Company, Printing October issue.....	191.19
Dec. 16—Postmaster, 100 3 cent stamps	3.00
1941—	
Jan. 14—Manning Engravers, Cuts, January issue	3.90
Jan. 22—Postmaster, Mailing January issue	5.00
Mar. 14—Postmaster, Stamps	3.00
Fisher Printing Company, Printing January Bulletin	162.11
April 12—Postmaster, Stamps	3.00
April 30—Cash, Mailing Bulletins, Statements to Advertisers	5.00
May 3—Cash, Addressing envelopes, typing	22.00
May 10—Telephone and Telegraph, returning photos	16.80
May 30—Fisher Printing Company	338.50
Manning Engravers, Cuts	15.60
July 1—American Association of Dental Editors, Dues 1940-41	5.00
July 11—Postmaster, Stamps	3.00

	\$822.35
Balance on hand, Guilford National Bank August 18, 1941.....	\$ 96.57

UNCOLLECTED ACCOUNTS 1940-41

Vaught Dental Laboratory	\$ 8.00
R. Lee Toombs	25.00
Chamber of Commerce, Southern Pines	8.00
Highland Pines Inn	8.00

President Parks:

You have heard the report of editor-publisher. What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept report, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

Any other reports?

Dr. J. Martin Fleming:

I have the report of the Relief Committee, if you will let me read it at this time.

REPORT OF RELIEF COMMITTEE

Amount on hand May 6th, 1940	\$3,356.13
Received from American Association, rebate on Christmas Seals	126.25
Received from Interest on Deposit	50.00

	\$3,532.38

DISBURSEMENTS

To Relief of a Member	\$10.00
To State Bank Tax	3.37

	13.37
May 1st, 1941, By Balance on Hand	\$3,519.01

The amount our state contributes to the Christmas Seal sale is reflected in the amount we in return received from them, they returning one-half the sum into the State Relief Fund. It is interesting to report a steady increase in this fund:

From 1936 it was	\$ 92.50
From 1937 it was	96.50
From 1938 it was	119.00
From 1939 it was	126.25
From 1940 it was	133.75

This, of course, shows a steady growth in the number who contribute but it is still less than 50% perfect.

Respectfully submitted,

J. S. BETTS
F. L. HUNT
J. MARTIN FLEMING

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Fleming. What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept report, seconded, and carried.

Dr. Fleming:

This report of the library movement, I don't know whether it could be done more effectively to make it before this group than to make it before the general group. I would just as soon make it here. I really think it would be more effective to make it before the Trustees or the House of Delegates than it would be to make it in the general session where so few care about it.

REPORT OF LIBRARY COMMITTEE

Since the completion and publication of our history we hardly feel our annual report merits so prominent a place on our program.

We are still collecting and adding journals to what we have both at the University of North Carolina and at Duke libraries. We practically have the files of the *Journal complete at both institutions*. We need many copies of the *Cosmos*, especially the older issues. Its publication was begun in 1859, and of course it is hard to procure those older issues. We can only hope for them through finding them either in some library which might have duplicates, or in some very old collections which have been handed down from father to son. We acknowledge receipt of valuable material from several sources—notably a fine collection of the *Journal* and copies of our State Proceedings sent in by Dr. D. E. McConnell of Gastonia, and some very old copies of the *Cosmos* sent in by Dr. E. C. Mills of Columbus, Ohio. Our earnest thanks go to them.

We are endeavoring to furnish an unbroken file of our North Carolina Proceedings in each Library, both at Duke and North Carolina Universities. We now have in hand one set in five bound volumes which we are placing in the North Carolina University Library, and we are rapidly assembling enough to do the same for Duke. If you have old North Carolina Proceedings we would welcome any and all such.

Looking to the future we might mention that Dr. Branch of the State Board of Health is rapidly completing an Oral Hygiene Building to house his department. A replica of it is on exhibit here. It is the first and only such building in the United States or even in the world. When it is completed he will have one floor which will be set aside as a museum and library in which many things of historical importance can be preserved under lock and key in a fire-proof building. When this building is completed we think it would be fine to designate it as the most fitting receptacle for all dental records and relics. And we wish to express to Dr. Branch our appreciation that this room has been set aside for this purpose. While we would not wish to disturb those records we have already placed, it will be an easy matter to assemble another complete set of old journals for this proposed library.

Looking to that end we would ask that none of these old journals and records be destroyed, but that they be sent to the Library Committee so that they may be preserved. We will be proud of them some day.

As to the disposal of our published history, we would say that very few copies have been sold during the year. There is a great demand for copies of it to be given to all kinds of libraries, city libraries, high school libraries, and others of the same class, but that would soon exhaust our supply so that those who would really want it in later years would not be able to purchase it. So we are attempting to exercise some care in its free distribution.

Your committee feels that it has at least made a beginning in the preservation of records, and we would urge a continuance of the same.

Respectfully submitted,

J. MARTIN FLEMING,
For the Committee.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Fleming. You have heard the report of the Library Commission. What is your pleasure.

Motion to accept, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

It is so ordered. Are there any other reports.

Dr. Jackson:

I would like to report the transaction of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners.

REPORT OF THE TRANSACTIONS OF THE NORTH CAROLINA
STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS

January 1, 1941

To His Excellency
J. M. Broughton,
Governor of North Carolina
Raleigh, North Carolina
Sir:

In accordance with the provision of the dental law, I beg leave to hand you herewith a report of the proceedings of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners for the Calendar year of 1940.

Four meetings have been held during the year.

A special meeting of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners was held at Hotel Charlotte, Charlotte, North Carolina, May 5, 1940, at six p. m.

Routine matters were discussed and disposed of. The case of Dr. J. W. Thompson, Murphy, North Carolina, who admitted permitting unlicensed persons to practice dentistry in his office was discussed at length. The Secretary was ordered to write Dr. Thompson a letter stating that the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners would not tolerate this act by him again, and should he not adhere strictly to his solemn promise, a copy of which is on file in the Secretary's office, that he would be prosecuted under the law.

The North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners held its Sixteenth Annual meeting for the examination of applicants for licensure at Raleigh, North Carolina beginning June 24, 1940. All members were present.

Fifty-two applicants having complied with the requirements of the Board were permitted to take the examination.

At a meeting held Tuesday, June 25th, at one o'clock in the Carolina Hotel the application of Dr. Ralph C. Flowers for license to resume the practice of dentistry in North Carolina was read by the Secretary. The following resolution was adopted unanimously by the Board:

"Since Dr. Ralph Flowers did not engage in the practice of dentistry in 1939 and several years prior thereto, it is ordered that Dr. Flowers be required to present himself for examination under the provision of Section 11 of 'The Law Governing the Practice of Dentistry and Oral Hygienists in North Carolina,' his application being in fact one for license to resume practice."

At a meeting held Tuesday night, June 25th, in the office of the Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives, Dr. Paul E. Jones was elected President of the Board for the ensuing year. Dr. Wilbert Jackson was re-elected Secretary-Treasurer.

At a meeting of the North Carolina Dental Society held in Charlotte, North Carolina, May 7, 1940, Dr. Wilbert Jackson was elected to succeed himself as a member of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners. Dr. John R. Pharr of Charlotte, North Carolina, was elected as a member of the Board to succeed Dr. C. C. Poindexter, Greensboro.

A special meeting of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners was held in Greensboro, Saturday, July 6th, at seven o'clock in the evening in the King Cotton Hotel for the purpose of tabulating the grades of the applicants for dental licenses.

The result of this tabulation revealed that the following having made an average of 80 or more had passed a successful examination and were therefore entitled to receive licenses to practice dentistry in North Carolina:

Adams, Roy Graham	Hamlet, N. C.
Almond, Gerald S.	Andrews, N. C.
Biddell, Francis	Pembroke, N. C.
Bowling, Howard X.	Durham, N. C.
Brown, Maceo L.	New York City
Candler, Charles Z., Jr.	Sylva, N. C.
Carrell, George H.	Louisville, Ky.
Darrough, T. K., Jr.	Asheville, N. C.
Davis, Grover M.	Waynesville, N. C.

Eagles, Richard L.	Fountain, N. C.
Garrett, Steve	Atlanta, Ga.
Gibson, J. Clyde	Gibson, N. C.
Harris, Archie L.	Wilmington, N. C.
Helsabeck, Charles R.	Rural Hall, N. C.
Hunsucker, Hugh M.	Newton, N. C.
League, William Y.	Richmond, Va.
Lilley, M. Melvin	Eure, N. C.
McCall, Charles W.	Forest City, N. C.
McIntosh, James A.	Winston-Salem, N. C.
Miles, Robert I.	Glenside, Pa.
Newton, Maurice Everett	Henderson, N. C.
Nichols, Earl Reid	Durham, N. C.
Paisley, Robert L.	Mouth of Wilson, Va.
Parker, Clint A.	Casar, N. C.
Pringle, Ross	Greensboro, N. C.
Schriver, A. B.	Bangor, Maine
Smith, E. Newton	Clarkton, N. C.
Taylor, Clifton B.	Hendersonville, N. C.
Turner, Joseph V., Jr.	Wilson, N. C.
Tuttle, David M.	Winston-Salem, N. C.
Wells, DeLeon, Jr.	Wallace, N. C.
Shapiro, Eugene N.	Spartanburg, S. C.

The following failed:

Book, William	Asheville, N. C.
Daniels, O. C., Jr.	Oriental, N. C.
Endersby, David E.	Iowa City, Iowa
Hamer, Thomas N.	Rockingham, N. C.
Hamilton, A. L., Jr.	Morehead City, N. C.
Hill, J. N., Jr.	Murphy, N. C.
Johnston, H. O.	Charlotte, N. C.
Hughes, Winfree	Evington, Va.
Lovelace, E. Y., Jr.	Macclesfield, N. C.
McGoogan, J. C., Jr.	Quitman, Ga.
Phillips, James C.	Spruce Pine, N. C.
Ross, Thurman J.	Durham, N. C.
Roush, Harry	Winston-Salem, N. C.
Schmitt, G. R.	Dallas, Texas
Sumner, W. C.	Fancy Gap, Va.
Wooten, Amos, Jr.	Pine Tops, N. C.
Yelton, W. F., Jr.	Lawndale, N. C.

The North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners met in Room 509, Carolina Hotel, Raleigh, North Carolina Monday evening, October 28, 1940 at 8:30 p. m. in a special meeting called by the President for the purpose of discussing any matters coming before the Board.

The Secretary informed the Board that Dr. H. J. Kornegay, formerly of Fayetteville, Washington, North Carolina and Atlanta, Ga., more recently of Duplin County and Kinston but now of Fayetteville, who retired from the state in 1932, had ignored the order of the Board that he present himself for examination at the annual meeting of the Board for examination of applicants for licensure to practice dentistry in North Carolina beginning Monday, June 23, 1941 before his license to resume the practice of dentistry in this state

could be issued; and according to announcement in the Fayetteville Observer had opened his office for the general practice of dentistry in North Carolina, and had actually begun the practice of dentistry in violation of the law.

The Secretary was ordered to prosecute Dr. Harvey J. Kornegay for practicing dentistry in North Carolina without license. He was indicted in Cumberland County Recorder's Court. He came into court, plead ill advice from his attorney and ignorance of the law. Whereupon the solicitor took a nol pros with leave after Dr. Kornegay agreed to close his office and desist from the practice of dentistry in North Carolina until he had complied with the law.

W. R. Norris of Wilmington, North Carolina was indicted in Pender County by a Pender County Grand Jury for practicing dentistry without license and obtaining money under false pretense. Said W. R. Norris has fled the State and has not been apprehended.

Attached hereto is the financial statement as of January 1, 1940 to January 1, 1941.

Respectfully yours,

WILBERT JACKSON, Secretary-Treasurer,
North Carolina State Board of Dental
Examiners.

Personnel of Board:

DR. PAUL E. JONES, *President*

DR. WILBERT JACKSON, *Secretary-Treasurer*

DR. JOHN L. ASHBY

DR. JOHN R. PHARR

DR. C. A. GRAHAM

DR. A. C. CURRENT

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS
REPORT ON AUDIT
OF
CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS
For year ended December 31, 1940
BOARD MEMBERS

DR. P. E. JONES	President
DR. WILBERT JACKSON	Secretary-Treasurer
DR. J. L. ASHBY	DR. C. A. GRAHAM
DR. A. C. CURRENT	DR. C. C. POINDEXTER

Dr. Wilbert Jackson, Secretary-Treasurer
North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners
Clinton, North Carolina

Dear Sir:

We have audited the Receipts and Disbursements of the
NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS
for the year ended December 31, 1940.

We traced all recorded cash receipts into the bank and examined the checks covering all disbursements, which were found to be properly signed, endorsed and cancelled.

Respectfully submitted,

R. C. CARTER AND COMPANY,
Certified Public Accountants.

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS
RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 1940

EXHIBIT "A"

Balance January 1, 1940:

First Citizens Bank & Trust Co., Clinton, N. C.	\$ 514.01
Commercial National Bank (Closed) Raleigh, N. C.	128.16

Receipts:

1940 Renewals 88 @ \$2.00	\$ 176.00
1941 Renewals 795 @ \$2.00	1,590.00
Examination Fees 53 @ \$20.00	1,060.00
Refund of Expenses	23.50
Application for License 1 @ \$10.00	10.00
License to Resume Practice 1 @ \$10.00	10.00
Certificate 1 @ \$5.00	5.00
List of Dentists 1 @ \$5.00	5.00

Total Receipts and Balance \$3,521.67

Disbursements:

Board members Per Diem & Expense (Schedule 1).....	\$ 861.90
Board Meetings and Examination Expense (Sch. 2).....	432.06
Legal Fees and Court Cost	283.80

Salaries:

Secretary-Treasurer	\$ 150.00
Asst. Secretary-Treasurer	50.00
Office Supplies, Etc.	200.00
Telephone & Telegraph	174.44
Postage, Registering Licenses & Mailing Notices	138.01
Typewriter	113.55
National Association Dental Examiners	103.97
Raleigh Bonded Warehouse	45.00
Auditing	28.40
Miscellaneous	25.00
Insurance	7.05
Dental Clinic	6.30
	6.35

Total Disbursements \$2,425.83

First Citizens Bank & Trust Co., Clinton, N. C. (Sch. 3)....	967.68
Commercial National Bank (Closed) Raleigh, N. C.	128.16

Balance December 31, 1940 \$1,095.84

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS
BOARD MEMBERS—PER DIEM AND EXPENSE

Year ended December 31, 1940

SCHEDULE 1

Dr. A. C. Current	\$ 59.00
	26.50
	100.00

Dr. Wilbert Jackson	40.20	
	32.50	
	100.00	
	17.20	189.90
Dr. C. C. Poindexter	\$ 107.50	
	29.00	136.50
Dr. J. L. Ashby	\$ 20.50	
	100.00	120.50
Dr. P. E. Jones	\$ 20.00	
	100.00	120.00
Dr. C. A. Graham	\$ 9.50	
	100.00	109.50
Total (To Exhibit "A")		\$ 861.90

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS
BOARD MEETINGS AND EXAMINATION EXPENSE

Year ended December 31, 1940

SCHEDULE 2

Carolina Hotel	\$ 194.12	
King Cotton Hotel	33.64	
The Hotel Charlotte	12.86	\$ 240.62
Technic Teeth		36.00
Supplies		30.70
Advertising		30.27
Assistant		25.00
Labor		20.00
Towels		19.77
Pouring Stone Models		10.00
Buttons		9.31
Gas		5.70
Paper Cups		3.80
Lamp89
Total (To Exhibit "A")		\$ 432.06

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS
BANK RECONCILIATION

Year ended December 31, 1940

SCHEDULE 3

Book Balance December 31, 1940	\$ 967.68	
Plus: Checks Out		
No. 424—1939	\$10.00	
No. 717—193906	10.06
Bank Balance December 31, 1940		\$ 977.74

Motion to accept the report, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

Any other reports?

Dr. Watkins:

I have the report of the A. D. A. Relief Committee. You know our duty is to look after collecting money for the stamps.

REPORT OF THE A. D. A. RELIEF COMMITTEE

Our contribution to the Relief Fund for last Christmas amounted to \$267.50, only twenty dollars more than the year before.

We wish especially to thank Dr. Sheffield for the very effective notices, and the splendid help he has again rendered through the bulletin.

Our President issued a very strong appeal at the district meetings, and in the January bulletin.

This year for the first time one of our brethren was in need and help was granted, but unfortunately he died within a few weeks.

We wish to most earnestly appeal to our members to respond promptly when they receive the stamps next November, and we hope that many will send larger contributions to this most worthy cause.

Respectfully submitted,

A. D. ABERNETHY, SR.,
W. C. TAYLOR,
H. V. MURRY,
L. J. MOORE,
J. O. BROUGHTON,
J. C. WATKINS, *Chairman.*

President Parks:

You have heard the report of the A. D. A. Relief Committee. What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept report, seconded, and carried.

Dr. Underwood:

I have been discussing with some of the men something in regard to Dental Relief Seals, and it seems to me there is no definite plan whereby this is to be collected. Some send it direct, and some of it has been paid to the secretary. I believe it would be a good idea if we would effect a definite plan as to the collection of the Dental Relief funds, either by the district or let it be a designated committee that would have charge of collecting it, and it would not be sent in at random by anybody. We could keep a record of this and know exactly how much was really turned in and from what district. We would have a better record of it, I think.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

For the past three years, I made it a practice along in the fall of the year before the district meetings to ask the secretaries of the various districts to open this matter at the district meetings and to try to collect as large an amount for A. D. A. relief as possible. We

have been taking this matter up in our Fifth District, also in our group meetings, and I think that is one thing that has increased the amount shown by Dr. Fleming's report.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Fitzgerald, I noticed myself down at Wilson the Fifth District Meeting when that request was made, everybody came forward right away.

Is there any further discussion? (No response.)

Are there any other reports? (No response.)

Anything further to come before the meeting of the House of Delegates?

Dr. Frank Alford:

I noticed this morning we didn't have an amplifier in the hall, and three or four years ago when we met here, we had to rent one in Charlotte. Last year the hotel happened to have one, I think, in Winston-Salem. I think it would be nice for this Society to have an amplifier or public speaking system. It doesn't cost much. Dr. Medlin told me he was paying \$15.00 for the use of one Tuesday night. He had to rent it this afternoon. I don't know what it is going to cost for this afternoon. For \$40.00 or \$50.00 we can buy one, and I would like to make the motion that we buy one. I don't mean an expensive outfit but something that would answer our purpose.

Motion seconded.

Dr. Darden Eure:

The only thing, those things are constantly changing, and they are quite sensitive, and you will find by letting one lay up for a year, the chances are it is going to be completely gone over. In constant use, they are a whole lot better condition than laying up. I don't know about this rental system. The secretary, I daresay, would be capable of keeping them in proper shape and condition. I offer that only as a suggestion, because I have been a little familiar with those. They are rather sensitive.

President Parks:

Thank you. It has been regularly moved and seconded that we buy an amplifying system.

Dr. Presnell:

In view of what Dr. Eure has said, it might be well to investigate that before actually authorized to purchase. You might authorize a certain committee. If we are going to have to hire a technician every time to put it in order, we might as well rent one.

Dr. W. T. Martin:

I offer the substitute motion that this matter be left with some committee, possibly the Executive Committee, as the President sees fit, to appoint.

Motion seconded.

Dr. Branch:

I would like to say just a word. I have looked into that several times. I thought a half dozen times I needed one of them, and as Dr. Eure says, they not only have to be tended to like a sick child, but the models of them are changing so frequently, and the price is being reduced, so far as the cheaper ones are concerned, all the time. While you are considering that, it might be cheaper to take it up with some of these concerns before the meeting and see what you could rent one for, and with the understanding if it didn't work, they wouldn't get any money. Sometimes they don't work, and you are just as bad off as you were before.

Dr. E. M. Medlin:

I would like to endorse what Dr. Branch has said. The conventions that have been meeting here this month, all of them are paying \$25 for loud speaker service. We got a rate of \$15. There will be just a small additional rate for today. It seems to me that is very reasonable. These men have to spend some time in setting these things up. I talked to the manager in the hotel about having these amplifying systems. He said it was very rare that you would find a hotel anywhere that furnished amplifying systems for conventions or anywhere else.

President Parks:

The present motion before the house is that we refer the matter of buying an amplifying system to the Executive Committee.

Motion carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Is there anything else to come before the House of Delegates?

If not, the motion for adjournment is in order.

Motion for adjournment, seconded, and carried.

(Whereupon, the meeting adjourned.)

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 12th

President Parks:

The evening session will please come to order.

At this time I shall ask Dr. J. Martin Fleming to introduce our first speaker of the evening.

Dr. Fleming:

You assigned me a right pleasant task in that you asked me to introduce a real true friend. He comes as no stranger to any North Carolina dentist. He is well known throughout the South, really throughout the nation. He stands high in the councils of the National Organization. He has always searched out things of historical nature, and after he found them, he has the happy faculty of presenting them in a happy way. I might enumerate the numerous honors that have come to him, but I prefer to introduce him as a friendly dentist from a sister state, Dr. W. N. Hodgkin, of Warrenton, Va., whose subject is "Edward Maynor—A Progenitor of the United States Army and Navy Dental Corps." Dr. Hodgkin. (Applause.)

Dr. Hodgkin:

Mr. President, Members and Guests of the North Carolina Dental Society: I am unaccustomed to the language to which Dr. Fleming has so kindly introduced me. I want to say how happy and glad I am to be with you, not alone because of the traditional cordiality between the professional groups of our two states, but because of my esteem and affection for so many within your membership.

When I first received an invitation, I had some misgivings about coming to a group of busy men with a paper on pure dental history, but I was emboldened by reflecting somewhat in this fashion, to what group could one better give a paper on dental history than to a group which had accomplished its own history, for I think you gentlemen must realize that along with the history of dentistry in Missouri, that the history of the North Carolina Dental Society accomplished, under the leadership of Dr. Fleming and many of those who worked faithfully with him, and please be assured that in referring to your history, that I am not trying to repay Dr. Fleming, but I am merely stating the fact when I say that that history is realized and appreciated by all those interested in the field of dental history and it is a stimulus to all state dental societies.

Editor's Note: Dr. Hodgkin's paper will be published in a later Proceedings issue of the Bulletin.

President Parks:

Gentlemen, I want to present to you a very beautiful young lady back there, Carol and her mother, Mrs. Hodgkin.

To you, Dr. Hodgkin, on behalf of the North Carolina Dental Society, we thank you for that very interesting piece of history.

S. C. Moser, of Gastonia, will introduce our next speaker.

Dr. Moser:

Mr. President, Members of the North Carolina Dental Society and guests:

A very distinct honor has been conferred upon me by the President of the North Carolina Dental Society when he asked that I introduce to this body my good friend and classmate, Dr. Paul Hamilton Bennett, a native Tar Heel, now of Tucson, Arizona, where he is a distinguished citizen and an outstanding member of his profession.

The American College is possibly the best example of democracy in the modern world. In it men are judged on their merits to a rare degree. The college asks not about a student's pedigree, or his wealth or his influential friends. It asks not where he comes from, but where he is going to. It takes the newcomer within its gates and puts him through the leveling process, and many a student, when subjected to the leveling process of the college community shrinks from revealing his very best. He hides away "*all that the world's course thumb and finger fails to plumb*" and shows his college associates only the commonplace qualities that the society about him seems to demand, afraid of seeming to be the exceptional in any way and so protects his real self by apparently submerging it, as the submarine goes down when the destroyers appear.

Here comes before us a man, coming back to his native heath, with the stamp of marked success upon his brow, a man who did not reveal all that he had in the way of a profound and glowing ability in his college days, even though he did go through the leveling process as others of us did; but he was artist enough to conceal much of his profound and glowing ability, a man who was deliberately careful of his preparation during his college days, but not careless of the future, a man, who throughout the whole of his outstanding career, has evidently been a firm devotee to the unforgettable words of Goethe "WHEREVER THOU ART BE WHOLLY THERE."

Paul, we are proud of you; we are happy in your outstanding accomplishments; we recognize in you a dentist of exceptional ability; and we point to you as the positive proof that something good can come out of North Carolina to grace with ability and dignity and outstanding worth our great profession in a distant place far beyond the bounds of Tarheelia.

Gentlemen, it gives me great pleasure to present to you Dr. Paul Hamilton Bennett, an authority on the subject of Oral Surgery.

Dr. Bennett:

Mr. Chairman, Dr. Burns, Dr. Nichols, Classmates, Members of the North Carolina State Dental Association: Our class always knew Moser as the boy who was able to put it on. I see in the last nineteen years he has improved a great deal.

I am sure it isn't necessary for me to say that I am extremely happy to be back home again. If I had tried in the last nineteen years that I have been absent to pickamore strenuous time to get away and come back, I don't think I could have done so. About six weeks ago, my associate was called into the army, and it left me

alone, which worked pretty much of a hardship on me, but since Leroy Thompson, little Tom as we all know him, Paul Napp, and David Bowling met me at the train in Greensboro, I have been having the time of my life. I don't think in the nineteen years I have ever had a better time or enjoyed anything more. Many of you know that I was born and raised on a farm about twenty miles from here, and I can't pass on without saying a word about why I was inspired to become a dentist. When I was about ten years old, I went to Rockingham with my father on a team of mules and wagon. While I was there, I developed the toothache, a deciduous molar, so he took me up to a young doctor, who was most kind, courteous to me, and at that age, I was so impressed with him and with the profession of dentistry, I made up my mind that was what I wanted to do, so by the time I was thirteen or fourteen years old, this man would take me in his office, extend me all the courtesies in the world. There wasn't any question in my mind but that was what I wanted to do, if possible. This man I refer to is Dr. R. T. Nichols, of Rockingham.

Tonight I am going to show you a few moving pictures more or less routine procedures done in my office and hospital work.

Editor's Note: Dr. Bennett's subject was presented by motion pictures in color.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Bennett, for your very instructive and practical film.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 13TH

9:00 A. M.

General Table Clinics (Ball Room)

"Protective Diagnostic Aids"

L. M. Massey, D.D.S., Zebulon, N. C.

"The Percentage System in Dentistry"

L. D. Arthur, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

"Baked Porcelain Inlays"

Moultrie H. Truluck, D.D.S., Asheville, N. C.

"Acrylic Resins"

J. V. Turner, D.D.S., Wilson, N. C.

"Construction of a Metal Tray for Full Lower Denture Impressions"

Thomas M. Hunter, D.D.S., Henderson, N. C.

"Gold Foil Fillings. The best tooth preservative"

F. W. McCracken, D.D.S., Sanford, N. C.

- "Practical Aids in Exodontia"
Harold E. Story, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.
- "Porcelain in Gold"
Coyte R. Minges, D.D.S., Rocky Mount, N. C.
- "Materials for making, and use of plaster Head Cap in treating Fractures of the Maxilla and Mandible"
Frank W. Davis, D.D.S., Asheville, N. C.
- "Full Upper and Lower Immediate Denture Technic"
R. W. Brannock, D.D.S., Burlington, N. C.
- "Diagnosis in Periodontia"
Wallace D. Gibbs, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.
- "The Evolution of the Centrifugal Gold Casting Machine"
Arthur H. Fleming, D.D.S., Louisburg, N. C.
- "Third Molars—Points in Diagnosis, and Consideration of their Treatment"
Hylton K. Crotts, D.D.S., Winston-Salem, N. C.
- "Malposed Mottled Enamel and the Corrective Procedure"
J. E. Swindell, D.D.S., Raleigh, N. C.
- "Twentieth Century Dentistry"
A. C. Chamberlain, Jr., D.D.S., North Wilkesboro, N. C.
- "Aids in Exodontia"
Vaiden B. Kendrick, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.
- "Cysts and Osteomyelitis" (Motion Picture)
Grady L. Ross, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.
- "Removing Stains from Mottled Enamel" (Motion Pictures)
W. H. Breeland, D.D.S., Belmont, N. C.
- "Acrylic Resin Bridges, Jackets and Inlays"
A. C. Current, D.D.S., Gastonia, N. C.
- "Elimination of Chronic Vincents Infection in Deep Vertical Pockets"
D. B. Mizell, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 13

President Parks:

The meeting will please come to order. I will call upon Dr. Jack Sinclair to introduce our first speaker of the afternoon.

Dr. Sinclair:

Mr. President, Members of the North Carolina Dental Society, and Guests: We have this afternoon one of the outstanding periodontists, not only of the United States, but of the world. I have known our speaker for many years. I know the results of his work, and I have been

in position to compare the results of his work with the outstanding conservative operators of America. He is in a class with Dr. Merritt, Dr. James and Dr. Smith of California. I think he has the greatest collection of perfect work or perfect results of his work of any dentist we have in America today. Dr. Leabo is a southern boy and has been specializing in periodontia since 1919. He has been before the Academy of Periodontia on numerous occasions, and at the next meeting, he is one of the outstanding men on the program.

It is a great pleasure to me to bring to you today a man with such wide experience, such wonderful technic, and a man who can present his subject in a way that each and everyone of us can understand and take back home a great deal from his work. I take pleasure in introducing my friend, Dr. Walter Leabo, from Shreveport, La. (Applause.)

Dr. Leabo:

I am so flabbergasted after those remarks of my good friend, Jack Sinclair, that I scarcely know what to say. I am afraid he has rather exaggerated my ability, but you men who know Jack very well will make allowances for that, I am sure. I couldn't help but be complimented, however, in one way, he said I was a Southern boy. I appreciate that, Jack.

I also want to take this opportunity to thank your chairman of the Program Committee for being nice enough to ask me over here. It is a real pleasure, I assure you, and I am very glad that I was able to come.

PERIODONTIA

THE VALUE OF SUB-GINGIVAL CURETTAGE

This is not the first time I have been asked to present a paper before a group of men made up largely of general practitioners of dentistry, upon the subject of periodontal disease, and at last one peculiarity in the wording of the invitation has impressed me. Invariably the point is stressed that something is desired that will be of use to the general practitioner implying that the subject matter is to be something he can understand, and devoid of the complexities which evidently we periodontists are supposed to deal with and in. I have definitely come to the conclusion that this is all a mistake, and is due to some sort of inferiority complex whch many men have developed toward the subject, fostered by the belief that there is something mysterious in the treatment and prevention of this disease to which only those specializing hold the key. Nothing could be farther from the truth. There is not one kind of periodontal treatment for the general dentist and another for the specialist. The known pathology and treatment is the same for you as it is for me. Your patient must be treated by the same principles as mine. And there are no short cuts. It is true that certain operative methods are more successful in the hands of different men, because that is one of the fundamental human equations. The trouble with most of us, and this may be true also of some specialists is that we fail to ground ourselves thoroughly in the pathology of the disease, and in its known local causative factors. The writings of Stillman, McCall, Box, Merritt, Tishler and many others have made available to us information which definitely opens the door to successful efforts.

It would be very foolish to even assume that the last word has been said concerning the etiology or the modus operandi of periodontal disease. Yet practically all periodontists and dental histologists are agreed in at least the

major aspects of the pathology involved. In the light of the sound and scientific research of the past it will require some really startling discovery to upset the fundamental principles governing our present procedures. Most impressive of all is the uniformity of basic and fundamental principles. There is not a method of operation or technique, medicinal, surgical, electrical or otherwise which cannot be weighed in the scales of present knowledge and the truth or falsity of the method easily discerned. This is our safeguard against the many methods, both operative and otherwise which promise Utopian results. So now it is time for all of us who hope to properly serve our patients and humanity to buckle down to the task in hand, and with the knowledge which we possess and the tools with which we can best work, doing the best we can without further waiting for the magic cure dentistry has so long hoped for.

No matter how boring it may be to many of us to hear etiology discussed, it still remains the basis of successful treatment, and I hope to be able to present the problem to you in a simple form which you in turn may transmit to your patients. Stillman says that fundamentally, the etiology of periodontal disease may be stated as being based upon a disturbance of function. Function in the mouth and of the dental organs means simply the mastication of the right kinds of food, by teeth normally placed in relation of one to the other. It is inconceivable that given the above conditions dental disease could or would make its appearance, and adequate proof of this statement has been given of late in the studies of Price and other investigators of primitive races, living simple natural lives, eating natural foods and free from the contaminating influences of civilization. Biologically we are subject to the same laws of nature as any other animal. We cannot vary these laws to suit our desires, nor for commercial benefits without paying the penalty of diseased tissues and physical deformities. Foods are provided by nature and organs adapted to their consumption. When changes are made in character of foods by the inventive genius of man, the function of the organs engaged in converting these foods into tissues becomes perverted, and degeneration slowly follows. It is an evident fact that in those races of people where the greatest artificiality of foods exist there we find also the greatest dental degeneration, as well as a marked tendency to degeneration of kidney, heart, pancreas, liver, gall bladder, circulatory system and gastro-intestinal tract. We have been too prone to consider the teeth as something apart from the other organs of digestion. They are subject to the same degenerative influences as other organs of the body. If we reflect upon the biologic factors involved in such matters as food, sunshine, fresh air and nature's many other provisions for the maintenance of health, we can see that our dental problem is a far reaching one.

From the above it is only logical to conclude that all dental degeneration has fundamentally the same causative factors, perversion of food, accompanied by many other contributing agencies the result of deviation from nature's provisions for the maintenance of general health. As a part of the large profession engaged in the conservation of life and health of humanity we have a serious responsibility to better inform ourselves regarding these fundamental biologic facts governing life and health, and to pass this information on to our patients at every opportunity. Degenerative diseases are shortening the useful lives of hundreds of thousands of our race every year, and are increasing by leaps and bounds. The answer is found in racial living habits and the stresses imposed upon us by civilization. We want a part in furthering the solution of this great problem, and we have a wonderful opportunity if we will only take it. Discuss them with your patient whenever the chance occurs. When they learn that you are thinking along such lines and are eager to pass your knowledge on to them, their respect for you and for your profession

increases to them, their respect for you and for your profession increases tremendously.

And this naturally leads us to the question of foods. I do not say diet, because this implies to my mind a prescription given for the correction of a definite systemic disorder, and in general we are not called upon to do this. Your patient will invariably bring up the subject, and what are we to tell them? It is necessary that we have some definite principle to tie to, and to speak up without hesitation when the subject is brought up. There has been and is so much controversy over foods that one may be excused for not wanting figuratively to stick his neck out, and especially when so many of his medical confreres are likely to think him a fanatic. Heretofore I have carefully avoided committing myself in public, but I feel so strongly that this is good advice to the average patient that I am willing to take the chance. The first fundamental is to let everything alone which is made of or contains white flour and white sugar. Drink a quart of milk each day, take eight ounces of orange juice, or tomato juice or their equivalent in fresh fruit per day. Aside from this eat all kinds of fresh meats, fish, oysters, shrimp and other sea foods with all the fresh vegetables and salads desired. Also whole grain cereals. I tell the patient that in choosing a food ask himself first if it was made by nature, or was it made by man, and if it was made by man he is pretty safe in letting it alone.

There is nothing I can say concerning the systematic factors of tuberculosis, syphilis, diabetes and nephritis, in periodontal disease, but has been better said by others. They are of course important and must be reckoned with, but now we are more concerned with local problems. These may be stated briefly as any agent or force or condition which is capable of producing a constant or chronic irritation. Let me impress upon you that irritation is the keynote. It is hard to conceive of any periodontal lesion being explainable except upon the basis of a definite irritation of the gingival or supporting tissues of some sort. This irritation is subdivided into mechanical, chemical and bacterial. For practical purposes mechanical may be illustrated by traumatic occlusion, missing teeth, poor dentistry of all kinds which impinges upon the periodontal tissues, or else produces lateral strains upon tooth roots. Chemical, is best illustrated by the accumulations of food about the gingival crevice, especially fabricated carbo-hydrates, which by fermentation and putrefaction cause irritating by-products. Bacterial of course is typified by an increase in the usual pathogenic mouth flora, and often by the spirochete of Vincents which is a direct irritating factor, and may actually destroy tissue. All of the above are or should be familiar to us all. The elimination of irritation in all of its forms is the most important problem in periodontia, and the operative methods employed should be those which more nearly take care universally of this factor. In most cases the irritating factors will be obvious to the discerning eye, however I have no hesitancy in saying that the two most universal conditions to be corrected are traumatic occlusion and the improper use of the tooth brush. None of the others are to be neglected, but unless these two are corrected and kept corrected you may as well not start. The use of the tooth brush will often take care of many of the chemical and bacterial irritants. Most of the bacterial irritation and infection is secondary, and we no longer consider it of prime importance as we once did, except that it is specific as in the case of Vincents. Disturbed circulation and inflammation, the result of irritation is the primary situation with the ever present pathogenic organisms of the mouth finding a ready cultural field in which to colonize and destroy tissue. Therefore it is plain we cannot expect to obtain results by relying upon germicides and medicaments except in the case of specific infections. Unless

the infection is specific as stated it will be eliminated without any special medication if irritation is removed and adequate circulation is restored. This is the basic principle in the treatment of all periodontal lesions whether incipient or advanced.

Of all agencies tending to set up inflammation and disturbance of circulation especially in deeper periodontal tissues, traumatic occlusion plays the most prominent role. It has given us the answer to the etiology of deep and isolated lesions which previously were very obscure. That constant abnormal and excessive stress conveyed through the teeth to the supporting structures will destroy these tissues there is no longer any doubt. It is equally as important in bridge construction as periodontia. There is no field of dentistry which can afford to minimize or overlook the necessity of careful attention to the elimination of traumatic occlusion. Quoting from Stillman and McCall: "The difference between normal occlusal stress and traumatic is frequently one of degree only. That is to say, a force of a certain magnitude may be normal for the tooth to which it is applied, while a slight increase in this force brought about through a change in the direction or point of application may render it an injurious agent." When mobility of a tooth has once been established, the occlusal force applied becomes increasingly damaging and the pathological condition progressively worse, forming a cycle from which there is no escape except by elimination of the existing factors of trauma and pathology. When we consider the multitude of abnormalities of occlusion brought about through under function and perversion of function among all civilized races, we can understand the overwhelming tendency to the development of periodontal disease. Dentures which conform to the ideal in position of teeth and cusp relations, and which may satisfy all requirements from an orthodontic standpoint, may and frequently do exhibit marked trauma to the periodontal tissues, and will develop as marked lesions as other cases. Orthodontic treatment is ideal in placing teeth in anatomic relation of cusps and planes, but the grinding of the cusps and planes to conform to functional movements without trauma is equally necessary.

Compensating wear from proper function produces ideal occlusal balance, but it is so rare among civilized races, that artificial balancing becomes a necessity. Every dentist who has patients coming regularly for prophylaxis must observe occlusion and correct trauma. In the past, and I am sorry to say at present, much damage has been done by the flattening of cusps in the posterior teeth and by the attempt to grind the anterior teeth to an end to end relation in the incisive function. It is my belief that no such relation exists in the natural denture as what is commonly called three-point-contact. When the anterior teeth are moved into protrusive position for the incising of food, no contact is required in the posterior region, and neither is the incisal relation an edge to edge one. Food is incised, not by a pinching between the incisal edges of the anterior teeth, but by the scissor-like movements of the incisal edges of the lower anteriors against the lingual inclined planes of the uppers, and this is the relation which should be ground for. There is no analogy between the principles involved in establishing three-point-contact in artificial dentures and that of the natural denture containing thirty-two units, each more or less self-supporting. Observation leads to the conclusion that when the twelve anterior teeth are in function no posterior support is provided by nature, nor is such support necessary. Observation also teaches us that when there is contact in the posterior region while the anteriors are in the protrusive functional relation invariably the incisive function is interferred with. What is necessary is an even distribution or stress over the anterior teeth. The correction of trauma is not at all a difficult procedure and when the operator once grasps

the technique it becomes one of the most interesting and satisfactory things he will do for the patient. Aesthetics may often be improved in the anterior teeth, and I know of nothing you may do for your patients of the female sex more pleasing to them than placing the line of the upper and lower anterior teeth in symmetry. It is amazing to observe the large number of people with irregular anterior teeth which a little judicious grinding and sculpturing will improve seventy-five per cent. If occlusal grinding is properly carried out no patient will experience anything but satisfaction and comfort.

In every case where gingival irritation exists, or where deep lesions are present traumatic occlusion is to be considered an important factor, and must be eliminated before other methods of treatment are used.

In the effort to prevent periodontal disease, and to eliminate early irritation and lesions of greater extent, calculus plays no small part. Considering that we have to deal so intimately with it, and that its formation is the source of so much disaster, it is of considerable importance that we give some thought to the phenomena of its formation. Calculus formation is common to many tissues and organs of the body, but the most common locations are in the gall bladder, kidneys and mouth. It is significant that it invariably occurs where a body fluid, organic in nature is present. These body fluids which are known to precipitate calcium and phosphates in the form of stones or calculus, such as the bile, urine and blood, are fluids which in normal function are moving at regular intervals. Due to functional changes, or conditions which interfere with the normal movement of these fluids, stasis takes place, followed in due time by chemical disintegration of fluid, with precipitation of the mineral elements. This principle applies to the mouth, especially in regard to what is commonly known as seruminal calculus. We are justified in believing that such formation takes place only when there is stasis of blood in the periodontal tissues to such an extent that chemical dis-organization of the serum ensues with precipitation of calculus and other mineral elements. The lesson to be learned from this phenomena is that if good circulation of blood is maintained in the gingival and periodontal tissues, either through normal function or artificial stimulation of the tooth brush, calculus formation will be largely prevented. Equally important is the fact that seruminal calculus is always secondary to an inflammatory condition, but after its formation it then becomes a primary factor in continuing the inflammatory process with its resultant infection. Salivary calculus does not present a very serious problem. Its presence is not desirable, and it must be removed, but it is rarely responsible for the development of deep lesions in the soft tissues. Often it may crowd down the gingival tissues to considerable extent when present in large quantities, but after its removal the periodontal tissues will be found to be firmly attached to the cementum. In the formation of calculus in any part of the body infection no doubt plays a considerable part, and we are informed by medical science that nidus of infection is the primary factor. This is undoubtedly true as far as it goes, however the fundamental factor of perverted function producing stasis of the organic fluid involved remains the basic cause.

In every and all types of operation for the prevention and elimination of all periodontal lesions the complete removal of calculus is absolutely necessary, and many failures in treatment may be traced directly to this factor, regardless of the type of operation used.

It seems a shame to consume time in discussing the tooth brush, but it is our most efficient instrument for good. It may also, and frequently is an agent for very definite harm to the dental tissues. Its use as ordinarily practiced, fails utterly to prevent dental destruction. There is no need to go into the

technique of its use at this time, but it is important that every dentist be able to recognize damage done by its injudicious use, and to intelligently explain to his patient why this is so and to institute corrective measures. If the use of the brush is to aid you and your patient in the prevention and correction of periodontal lesions it is necessary to have a thorough knowledge of the subject and to impart it to the patient in a serious and impressive manner.

The masses of people have been led to believe for generations that keeping the teeth clean by means of the tooth brush will prevent dental disease, and to supplement this by periodic visits to the dentist to "have the teeth cleaned." In other words the idea is prevalent, and has been fostered by us as a profession that cleanliness means health, and yet I know of not one single disease from which the human animal suffers which may be cured or even prevented by ordinary cleanliness. A Papago Indian sitting in his mud hogan in the middle of the Arizona Desert, whom you can smell several feet away, and who never got wet in his life except he fell in the creek, is such a healthy animal in comparison to us that we are bound to doubt the efficacy of mere cleanliness as a disease preventing measure.

We have had to practically abandon the slogan that a clean tooth never decays, and now we are learning that a clean mouth may have the most extensive periodontal lesions, and the most difficult type to treat, and that the regular use of the brush as ordinarily practiced and the periodic "cleanings" by the dentist have been of little avail. It is about time we should place our service in prevention and treatment upon some basis than that of mere cleanliness. Prophylaxis means prevention of disease, but "cleaning" does not mean prevention of disease. I sincerely hope the day will come when dentists will not "clean" teeth, and patients will not brush teeth merely to keep them clean. We constantly see patients who have been instructed to scrub and scour the teeth and gums with a hard brush. Just what is it they are trying to scrub off the gums? The removal of food debris, especially that of the refined and concentrated carbo-hydrates, from cervical areas and interproximally of teeth is quite essential, since its retention for any length of time may set up irritation in the adjacent gingival tissue; let us explain this phase of brushing, and then emphasize the massage for stimulation of circulation of blood in all of the surrounding tissues. It is absolutely necessary if we are to get results. It is unnecessary to take time in describing tooth brush technique, since so much has been written and demonstrated relative to the subject that the information is available to all.

Diagnosis of periodontal lesions is of infinitely more importance to the general practitioner of dentistry than to the specialist, for the simple reason that the patient coming to the specialist has already been informed of a certain amount of trouble or presents for examination specifically for that purpose, while the number of people who are seeing their dentist periodically who have periodontal lesions of more or less extent are legion. They have no idea of the situation, due to the failure to recognize the clinical appearance of the disease. Hemorrhagic or "bleeding gums" are believed by many to be the first symptom of "pyorrhea," but in some of the deep destructive processes, hemorrhage may be almost entirely absent. It is remarkable how many cases of periclasia are discovered only after radiographs are taken, when neither the patient nor the dentist were aware of any disturbance. It is inconceivable how prophylaxis can be properly given without discovering the breaks in the gingival attachment, characteristic of the lesions, and yet that such is the case in hundreds and thousands of cases every one of us know. It is not uncommon for a patient to develop an acute periodontal abscess before he is aware of any trouble, even

though he has been a regular visitor to his dentist for fillings and to have the teeth cleaned.

Gingival recession or tissue loss is not at all essential or an accompanying factor in many of the deepest and most severe lesions. This is especially true in the posterior teeth interproximally, and with the extensive areas involving only one surface of the anterior teeth. Any discoloration of the tissues showing infiltration of the capillaries should be carefully investigated, with a suitable explorer or probe to determine if there is detachment of tissue from the cementum. In giving ordinary prophylaxis the interproximal areas in the upper molar regions should be especially probed and curetted, since more lesions originate here than in any other portion of the mouth and are less often detected. Another vital section is the lingual of lower molars. Tissue destruction does not have to extend very far here to involve the bifurcation, and then the problem is indeed grave. Emphasis is placed upon the areas mentioned, since they are the ones most often unnoticed, and unfortunately those of the greatest importance.

Where radiographs are made, extensive alveolar destruction is not difficult to detect, and usually is properly interpreted insofar as the presence of disease, however the slightly infiltrated crests and lesions of lesser depth all too frequently go unnoticed, or even worse, disregarded. Any alveolar disturbance found upon the radiographs should be investigated clinically, and some measures taken to correct them. From a consideration of the above important points in diagnosis, the operation of prophylaxis takes on increasae importance, and carries with it a responsibility we cannot assume lightly.

Mere diagnosis of the presence of periodontal infection does not by any means cover the subject. It now becomes necessary to determine the extent of the various lesions, what vital portions of bone are involved which may render the tooth unsuitable for treatment, and amount of tissue destroyed, the stability of the tooth, its relation in occlusion and whether it may be adjusted, whether a tooth must carry a bridge support, and any number of considerations which present in planning operative procedures and looking forward to restorations where teeth are missing. These are matters where experience, judgment and a knowledge of what may be expected from treatment in any given case enters, and no rules may be laid down. Very few molars in which the trifurcations are involved can be successfully treated, and in no case should any such tooth be retained if it is to carry a clasp or be used as a fixed bridge abutment. It is amazing to observe how rapidly this intra-root process breaks down under the additional stress of a bridge.

With lower molars with their two roots, if the bifurcation still has some favorable bone, in other words if the opening does not extend completely from lingual to buccal, there is hope by careful treatment of restoring tissue here, or at least stopping the destructive process and controling it. Single rooted teeth are naturally most favorable for treatment, and if the overlying connective tissue is conserved often result in the restoration of considerable alveolar tissue. Lesions involving one root surface of molars are equally amenable to treatment. In reading radiographs the interproximal tissue between upper molars should be most carefully observed, and if any infiltration of the alveolar crest is present, particular attention should be given them, since a lesion here has only a short distance to go before the distal or mesial trifurcation will be involved, and the tooth practically lost.

In describing the technical routine in approaching a case of any degree of periodontoclasia, understand that I am not laying down a dogmatic procedure for you to follow. It is merely the routine which I have found satisfactory, and the one which in my hands produces the quickest results. In any case we

should have some definite plan to follow, in order that we may control the case and complete it in the most expeditious manner.

Full mouth radiographs having been made and the diagnosis completed and discussed with the patient, medication for Vincent's is instituted if such is believed to be a factor. Traumatic occlusion is corrected for the entire mouth. Tooth brush instruction is given carefully. Subgingival curettage is then begun at one part of the mouth and systematically carried on until every tooth has been curetted. Some time may then elapse for the tissue to react to this instrumentation. Later some areas may be recurretted, and in some it may be evidently necessary to excise or remove in some manner excessive gingival or overlying tissue which has not sufficiently contracted as the result of the subgingival curettage. This is briefly the procedure.

It has been demonstrated many times that bone regeneration or restoration will take place under favorable conditions in lesions where it has been destroyed. These conditions are: elimination of the primary irritating factors, thorough subgingival curettage of the involved cementum and the overlying epithelial tissue, and the maintenance of the area by tooth brush massage and periodic prophylaxis. If the disposing causes are not eliminated or post operative care is not continued, then no operation of any type, radical or otherwise will ever be successful.

Much has been said in recent years of the necessity of excising to the level of the involved alveolar bone, and we have a group of men who have no hesitancy in telling us that lesions cannot be eliminated in any other way. If this were true I feel that the outlook for preventive periodontal service is indeed dark. To my mind the prevention of periodontal disease and the eradication of the thousands of slight and ever occurring lesions is dependent upon the skillful use of the subgingival curette, to say nothing of the maintenance of the case which has been operated. We have no reason to believe that the tissue involved in a periodontal lesion has been cut off entirely from its nutritional supply and must be excised in the sense that we think of necrotic bone which results in sequestration. These tissues do not need to be excised by means of the knife, curette or saw. When we do that we are not giving nature credit for being able to repair tissue which in most instances merely have been damaged as a result of irritation and subsequent infection. With the relief of irritation nature's response is usually adequate for repair and the infiltrated alveolar crest is re-calcified and assumes a healthy condition. This in my experience and that of many other operators is very often brought about without even uncovering the alveolar process during the subgingival curettage of the lesions. I do not believe that histological research has produced any evidence necessitating the complete excision of periodontal tissues in order to produce elimination of pathology.

No radical surgical methods for the elimination of advanced cases can ever solve the problem of periodontal destruction. Even a mouth that has been made completely healthy by extensive surgery cannot be kept in such condition without the operator is skilled in the use of subgingival curettes, and not even prophylaxis worthy of the name can be given without this proficiency. The more skilled the operator becomes in the use of the subgingival currettes the greater the degree of success, and the fewer the cases where more radical measures will be resorted to.

Whenever there is a superfluity of unattached gingival tissue its excision recommends itself as a simple common sense measure; however it does not appeal to common sense to pre-suppose that there will be insufficient contraction or resorption, and to excise overlying epithelial and connective tissue merely

because it is in a state of inflammation and swelling. There is no hurry about excision, and as skill increases in the use of subgingival curettes it is amazing how few cases will require more operative interference.

The question of electro-coagulation at present is agitating the profession generally. In the opinion of many men who may speak with authority it is simply a method of destroying excessive or hypertrophied tissue. Subgingival curettage is just as necessary here as in any other case, and should be done before coagulation is resorted to in my opinion, thus indicating to the operator where and how much of the gingival tissue should be destroyed. In the majority of cases where coagulation is used and if the removal of excess tissue is desirable, it is effectively done by the use of small cataract scissors by which method the tissue is excised to the exact depth and extent required in one operation. Furthermore it has the advantage of no post-operative pain, and no guessing as to how much tissue is removed. Electro-coagulation in my hands has produced good results distally to last molars where excision is always difficult, and in any area where excision may not be so well done. To depend upon electro-coagulation for the eradication of all periodontal lesions can only result in the distressing loss of tissue with doubtful results.

No procedure in dentistry has been more abused or neglected than that of prophylaxis. It has become common practice to spend from fifteen to thirty minutes in removing some salivary calculus from the exposed surfaces of the lingual of the lower incisors and buccal of the upper molars followed by polishing and dignify the waste of time by calling it prophylaxis.

The ability to render comprehensive preventive service for periodontal disease is the very foundation for the treatment and eradication of the deeper and more advanced lesions. This statement cannot be emphasized too strongly. The elimination of irritation, institution of good brushing technique, and the ability to handle a subgingival curette constitute the main factors. The two operations of prophylaxis and deeper curettage blend one into the other until they can scarcely be separated. The beginning lesions and the minor ones are so numerous, and so easily eliminated by proper subgingival curettage, plus the application of the other principles previously mentioned, that none of us can neglect to master the technique. There are certain instances where in the judgment of the operator the removal of the excessive overlying or hypertrophied tissue is desirable, but radical surgery of the excision type can never solve the problem of the average dentist in dealing with periodontoclasia. We must learn to use the sub-gingival curette with as much skill as other instruments, if we hope to serve our patients as they deserve. Practice with increasing skill develops confidence in the operator, especially when he observes nature's kindly response to his efforts.

The objective of dentistry is to save teeth. This does not mean that we must be so proficient as to be able to save every tooth for every patient. We know the odds against us are too great for that, and in many cases the dental tissues are almost wrecked before we see them; but my conception of successful dentistry is to assist the patient in retaining enough teeth to carry him through the major portion of his lifetime without having to wear full upper and lower dentures. I think you will agree with me that this is an extremely desirable objective.

There are only two principle degenerations which cause the loss of teeth; caries and periodontoclasia. There is no need to remind you that of the two, periodontoclasia destroys at least as many if not more teeth than does caries. The amazing factor in the practice of dentistry is that so little attention is given to the prevention of periodontal disease and also that the so-called pre-

ventive measures in common use today are so entirely inadequate in accomplishing results. I am firmly convinced there is a simple answer to this situation. Given a knowledge of the fundamental condition producing periodontal irritation and tissue destruction, failure to prevent is more often due to the lack of skill in the use of the subgingival curette than to all other factors. Instead of encouraging the use of these instruments we have in the past several years heard of their use derided with the facetious remark that it is just piddling. Well, the Lord help us in our efforts to prevent periodontal disease unless the mastery of these good instruments become more generally recognized. We have a fine and delicate operation to perform, and it requires fine and delicate instruments together with a well developed sense of their use.

Prophylaxis is a term meaning the prevention of disease. We have become entirely too prone to call the treatment of gingivitis and even deeper lesions involving the alveolar process, prophylaxis. We are simply deluding ourselves as well as our patients when we assume that we can eliminate these conditions by prophylaxis. Every man limiting his practice has had the experience of having a patient referred to him by another dentist with the statement that he needs a little prophylaxis, a little "scaling" and presto everything will be well. We should miss no opportunity to correct this mis-use of the term. It minimizes the importance of the essential procedures in the mind of the patient as well as the dentist, and makes it very difficult to obtain an adequate fee for the time and skill necessary to bring about a reasonable degree of health in the mouth.

The treatment of periodontal disease as we know it today undoubtedly leaves much to be desired. We are constantly striving for better results, but what phase of dental practice and technique but falls in the same category? I believe our results of the present day in saving teeth from periodontal destruction are as effective as the efforts of the general dentist in saving teeth from the ravages of caries by the use of fillings, and if you add to that the teeth which are lost from bridges of various kinds which frequently tear them from their supporting bone, then I believe we have the edge. But why is it that our failures seem to excite so much more pessimism than failures in other fields of dental practice? If one case fails we all too often hear all periodontal treatment condemned. If this same yardstick was applied to other fields of dentistry it would indeed be a sad day for the profession. We who are interested in periodontia should lose no opportunity to impress these facts upon our brother dentists.

Civilization, as we have developed it has wrought many changes and created many demands upon our bodies which we are poorly equipped by nature to meet, and we have exercised even less intelligence in meeting them. Our prime essentials are food, shelter, and clothing. We have created a situation whereby it is often necessary for millions of people to labor from dawn to dark in order to obtain these simple things, and under conditions absolutely subversive of health. No time is left for healthy recreation in sunshine and fresh air, so necessary to the welfare of any animal, human or otherwise. Even the most primitive of races have enjoyed these gifts of nature, and yet we are proud of our civilization, with its scientific advancement. It should make us wonder just what is science, and where we are headed as a race. We can scarcely consider that we have contributed much of value to human happiness until such time as we have made it possible to provide the fundamental biologic needs of humanity according to nature's plans. No group is in better position to teach these facts than those of dentistry and medicine. Idealistic, visionary? Do you say? Certainly, considering the bog in which we have mired ourselves, but who has ever suffered for having a vision where the welfare of humanity is concerned?

WALTER LEABO, D.D.S., F.A.C.D.,

President Parks:

Dr. Leabo, on behalf of this Society, I want to express to you our appreciation for this very able and instructive address. Tomorrow morning you will have the opportunity of asking any questions that you wish.

Dr. Fitzgerald has a communication.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

"IT IS OUR PLEASURE TO GREET THE MEMBERS OF YOUR SOCIETY AND EXTEND OUR BEST WISHES FOR YOUR MEETING. AN INVITATION IS ALSO EXTENDED TO ALL YOUR MEMBERS TO BE WITH US IN HOUSTON IN OCTOBER. HARRY B. PINNEY."

President Parks:

At this time, I shall call on Dr. P. B. Whittington to present our next speaker.

Dr. Whittington:

Mr. President, Members of the State Dental Society, and Guests; and Members of the State Dental Society Assistants: We are certainly glad to have you here. I would like to be the first to welcome those assistants that are here to their first meeting. I would like to say before I introduce the speaker that immediately following this lecture, there will be a meeting of the Dental Assistants at which time I hope that they can get together and possibly organize a Dental Assistants Group. It gives me great pleasure to introduce to you a man that is well qualified to speak to this group, not only to the dental assistants, but to the dentists as well.

I guess I can best introduce him by referring to the program. He has probably attained most of the things that one can attain in dentistry. He has done a wonderful job, he runs a big office in Philadelphia. I had the pleasure of interning under him at the Presbyterian Hospital in Philadelphia. He has been a good friend to me, and I am sure that you will enjoy hearing him. I am sure he will have a grand message for you.

May I present Dr. James E. Aiguier, of Philadelphia.

Dr. Aiguier:

Mr. President, Dr. Whittington, Members of the North Carolina Dental Society, Dental Assistants, and Guests: Some few years ago I had the privilege of appearing before the dentists of North Carolina on an extension course which was carried out under the auspices of this State Society with the assistance of Chapel Hill. I spent a week going over the districts of this state. I assure you I look back on that trip as one of the outstanding dental contacts I have had in my experience. It is a rare privilege to appear before you today, and I hope that my message may be of some interest and help to you.

THE DENTAL ASSISTANT AND HER PLACE IN THE DENTAL OFFICE

JAMES E. AIGUER, Ph.G., D.D.S., F.A.C.D.
University of Pennsylvania

A competent and well trained dental assistant is a vital factor in running a dental office. Her status and problems should have serious consideration. In analyzing her work and duties, we call attention to proven measures that will help to develop and maintain the highest degree of efficiency. She is not just a helper, neither is she simply in the office to await orders, leaving all responsibility to the doctor.

Her important role is the running of the office calls for highly developed initiative and diplomacy as well as skill and knowledge of dentistry. If properly trained and capable of applying this knowledge at all times and on all occasions, she will add to the dignity of the office, she will aid in carrying on a professional atmosphere, she will make possible a more productive office, she will be indirectly responsible for raising the standard of work, and will be an important factor in bringing in new patients, and above all will keep patients satisfied and appreciative of the services they are receiving, and constantly keep her patients and all other individuals she contacts aware of the quality and standard of work produced by her organization.

There are five factors that are essential to the success of the dental assistant:

1. Personal appearance.
2. Professional attitude.
3. Poise.
4. Ability and efficiency.
5. Loyalty.

Let us take a few minutes to discuss each of these factors.

1. Personal Appearance:

a. The uniform should always be fresh and clean. If necessary change daily. A soiled and unkempt or torn uniform detracts terribly from neatness which should be the keynote of appearance.

b. Shoes should be all white to go with uniform and should be spotless at all times. It is a simple procedure to whiten shoes at the end of each day if needed. A sensible shoe of a sport type is essential. High heels should never be worn in the office.

c. Hair should at all times show evidence of being well kept. If one realizes how the condition of hair adds or detracts from appearance, some time would be spent in front of a mirror arranging hair after putting on uniform.

d. Teeth are important as the condition of the teeth of the office staff reflects to some extent the character of services rendered in the office. An assistant should be efficient in tooth brushing and be able to exhibit a mouth that will reflect that ability. Proper care of the teeth and mouth may prevent halitosis, which is a severe handicap for any assistant. And here I might say it is a good practice for an assistant not to smoke until she has seen her last patient for the day. Patients naturally expect that those responsible for their oral health be perfect examples of good dentistry and oral cleanliness.

e. Hands are most important. They should be clean and free from stains (including tobacco stains) at all times. Nails should be manicured, and if one wishes to use nail varnish, try to select one that is not too vivid. A mild color is not always objectionable, and varnish appears to be in keeping with the

trend of the present day. Remember at any time the assistant may be called upon to assist the doctor and perhaps it will be necessary for her to put her fingers in or near the patient's mouth. The hands, if not well kept, may be repulsive to the patient.

f. The use of perfume is a delicate subject. Daily baths are essential to control body odor, and the use of deodorizing creams is recommended. If perfumes are used they should be of a delicate, almost imperceptible odor.

g. One should always radiate meticulous personal hygienic habits.

2. Professional Attitude. The office should at all times reflect a professional atmosphere. Never lose sight of the fact that we are an important part of the great healing art. As the public's attitude toward health measures has reached a high peak, to maintain our proper place in this dignified and highly respected profession, we should at all times maintain the strictest adherence to a code of ethics that would place us in that category.

In addressing the doctor, one should always say, "Doctor Jones, Mrs. Smith is here for her 10 o'clock appointment," and likewise Dr. Jones would answer, "All right, Miss Brown." A dental assistant to maintain her status should always be addressed as "Miss."

The dental assistant should arise if seated when the doctor enters the office. She should stand aside and let the doctor precede her into the operating room or any other part of the office. Her answers should be "Yes, Doctor," or "No, Doctor," and on the phone always, "Dr. Jones is operating," or "Dr. Jones this or that."

3. Poise. Some young ladies show an unusual amount of poise and apparently it is part of their constitutional make-up. How fortunate, for with this asset it is much easier to carry on and meet various conditions as they arise. However, to the young lady who lacks this qualification, it definitely can be acquired, and in proportion to the effort put forth to acquire it. Dental assisting should always be interesting and yet most exacting.

One must cultivate a dignified manner, a poise that cannot be ruffled by the stress of the day's work, for usually every patient whom she contacts needs the quieting influence that is radiated by a calm professional manner. It requires a large amount of originality for an assistant to fit her own personality into an office where she must cooperate with the doctor and cater to his ideas, and at the same time serve the patients with their different temperaments and idiosyncrasies, which are always demonstrated more vividly when they are apprehensive.

4. Ability and Efficiency. Ability oftentimes is inherited, but likewise it definitely can be acquired. The assistant must possess and apply real intelligent ability and initiative in the general conduct of her work. These elements which are the main factors of success and efficiency need to be highly developed by her. Experience, another important factor, will of course come with time and application. But to accomplish this she must like her work with a liking akin to love; she must center her entire interest in the work at all times and "carry on" with personal interest equal to that which she would invest in her own practice.

5. Loyalty. Loyalty is one of the necessary qualifications for a dental assistant. She must believe implicitly in the ability of her doctor, she must sense the superior workmanship and scientific knowledge which he must have to conduct a successful practice. She must believe that the fees he asks are in keeping with his ability. She must believe in and be willing to place herself

under his care for any mouth condition she may have. She must act as a buffer and should fight for his principles at all times. And above all her word must be absolutely dependable.

The patients judge to an amazing degree the skill and efficiency of the doctor by the appearance of his office, his assistant and himself. The assistant must radiate a confidence which is instilled in the patient by her manner of approach and personality. At all times the patient must sense a feeling of security when placing herself in the doctor's care and this can be attained by the professional attitude and manner in which the doctor and his assistant handle the situation.

Let us enumerate some of the duties and responsibilities of an assistant. The reception room should impress one with neatness and cleanliness. Magazines should be arranged neatly and should be the popular ones of most recent date, and not weeks and months old. For children have a magazine such as King Comics or Ace Comics, along with some games or puzzles. Furniture should be comfortable and clean. Patients' wraps should not be allowed to remain scattered around. There should be a place for these and if patients fail to use it the assistant should always place the wraps there either before or after she has escorted the patients to the operating room. The whole office should reflect good housekeeping.

The business office should be tidy. The desk should not be covered with material that could be put out of sight. An orderly desk shows an orderly and efficient assistant. The retiring room, the laboratory, the dark room should be visited frequently to keep these in an orderly condition. Too often things that do not belong here are placed in these rooms to get them out of the way.

The operating room needs special attention as patients spend most of their time in the chair. The dental equipment which costs hundreds of dollars needs special attention. Clean and polished equipment is definitely observed by our patients and carelessness in keeping this may signify a careless operator. The presence of some vine or plant where the patient can see it is pleasing and will usually draw some comment. The cuspidor should always be spotless and a saliva ejector in place with a cellophane cover marked sterilized. Many times if this is not covered the patient questions the possibility of its having been used for the previous patient. Glasses for mouth wash should not be placed until patient has been seated in the chair.

Reception of Patient. Anyone entering the reception room should be given prompt attention. Making people wait without acknowledgement of their arrival usually causes annoyance. Patients should be greeted by name. In order to identify each patient a list should be made of the day's appointments and hours. This should be on the assistant's desk and a duplicate on the doctor's cabinet. Greeting patients without delay and always with a smile and a word of explanation as to when they will be served indicates efficiency that is both pleasing and impressive. If patients have to wait beyond their appointed time, they should be told in a diplomatic manner that the doctor has a difficult operation that will require some extra time and would they mind waiting. Sometimes a patient has another scheduled appointment and cannot wait; then another appointment may be given, but at all times considerable tact must be displayed and the patient should have every consideration.

Most children are apprehensive on their first visit to the dental office. The assistant may gain the confidence of the child by spending a few minutes with him in the reception room. Children are enthusiastic about the comic magazine which should always be the latest issue and this with some game or puzzle will help to put the child at ease.

Complete data regarding each new patient should be obtained and necessary cards made out for the doctor before the patient is placed in operating room. These records should always accompany the patient to the operating room where the patient is introduced to the doctor if he does not know her. Records of hobbies and events of importance should be placed on patient's record card or a note attached to bring these to the doctor's attention, so he may comment upon them. This is very impressive to many patients.

The telephone has become an important adjunct to the dental practice. One should develop the technic of using the phone. The telephone company spends considerable time and money in training girls to answer the telephone properly and the dental assistant should consider this an important duty. The voice plays no small part in giving favorable or unfavorable impression of the office to the patient. The conversation should be carried on in a low, well modulated voice, enunciation should be clear, distinct, and should carry an impression of cheerfulness. After stating, "This is Dr. Jones' office," if the person asks for the doctor the assistant should explain he is operating but that she will gladly convey a message to him or have the doctor call as soon as he has finished the operation. Never say, "Dr. Jones is busy," as almost everyone is busy or thinks he is. To say, "Dr. Jones is operating," signifies difficulty in leaving the patient.

Always learn the caller's name, write the name and message on a pad, take it to the doctor and show it to him without the patient seeing it. This should be done without any conversation. Then the doctor may leave the patient for a minute or two without the patient's being conscious of, or annoyed by, the interruption. An emergency call list should be kept to prevent loss of time due to broken appointments. By arrangement we can have a number of patients who would prefer to go on this list. Some business people and housewives find it inconvenient to make appointments in advance, from such a list we could find someone to fill the hour.

Assisting at the Chair. An efficient assistant can do much to increase the amount and standard of work, by anticipating the doctor's needs and when possible having the necessary material set up. An orderly tray with necessary instruments placed on it, ready for immediate use, the local anesthesia equipment ready, keeping the cabinet in an orderly condition at all times, labeling each drawer with number of each instrument and keeping every instrument in its place saves many hours of time. All supplies should have a definite place in the cabinet and the assistant should see that all supplies are on hand: cotton rolls, applicators, cotton pellets, rubber dam cut and washed, medicine bottles filled, and cutting instruments sharp. Impression trays should be cleaned and polished, plaster and impression material always at hand, spray bottles filled for immediate use and the necessary material and equipment for mixing cement, silicate and amalgam. The assistant should always be at the chair when the doctor is administering a general or local anesthetic. This has a tendency to quiet the nervous patient, and she is there in case any emergency arises, such as vomiting, resuscitation, etc.

Mixing alloy, cement, and silicate should not be considered lightly; if improperly mixed any one of these materials will not give a lasting and satisfactory filling. There is a definite scientific method of mixing these preparations that would give them the maximum amount of strength and produce an excellent restoration. Improper mixing will tend toward an inferior filling that may lead to the embarrassment of the doctor. One can well afford to spend considerable time in perfecting the technic to produce a high standard of work.

The taking, developing and mounting of x-rays can be delegated to an assistant. This again requires considerable care and exactness to accomplish a finished result. One should always strive for perfection in all things, but this especially is one place where one can almost always improve on the results and one should never fail to try to produce a better roentgenogram.

Keeping supplies on hand is another duty, but one should learn to buy supplies in quantities. If a yearly estimate is made of the quantity of various materials, one can buy these amounts at a great saving. The making of mouth wash, polishing paste for teeth will afford a great saving. The assistant could be taught to make these, but always under the direct supervision of the dentist, who must check each ingredient and amount that goes into the preparation.

Bookkeeping is part of every dental office, and a simple but efficient system that would require the least amount of work would be most desirable. Credit rating on new patients with whom we are not acquainted is desirable and can usually be obtained from the Credit Bureau in any community.

Educational material is essential in a dental practice and the assistant should not only know that this material is available, but should be trained to help present the various subjects to the patients.

The Use of the Tooth Brush. Every office should have a definite technic of brushing teeth and have a printed instruction sheet with cuts showing how the brush should be applied to the various parts of the mouth. A tooth brush and a typodont model should be used to demonstrate this to the patient. At the same time explain type of brush, how to care for brush and suggest a dentifrice as accepted by the Council of Dental Therapeutics. Every patient should have a tooth brush demonstration and this could be carried on by the assistant. Children especially should be constantly reminded of the value of proper and systematic brushing and must be shown many times before they will carry on successfully. In many cases this applies to the adult patient, as well.

We should have pamphlets or folders explaining the care of children's teeth. There is one that gives dates of erupting deciduous teeth. This is explained by diagram and is popular with new mothers. There is one that takes the child on to adolescence. There are numerous charts and pamphlets explaining the value of different foods and stressing their essentials necessary for health. A sheet with instructions regarding care and use of dentures, explaining difficulties that may arise and how to combat them. Instructions regarding post-extraction care, what to do and what not to do. If patients receive printed instead of verbal instructions they are less likely to get into trouble. It is difficult for anyone to remember a series of verbal instructions for any length of time.

Educational material in regard to partial and full dentures, models with the different types of partial and full dentures should be kept in the office and the assistant should have these ready at all times for the dentist to show the various types and explain cost of each so the patient can select the one he feels he can afford. This is a sensible way of explaining to the patient what we have in mind. Different types of fillings and inlays can be shown on demonstration models, also crowns, and bridgework of both fixed and removable type.

By showing different types and different costs the patients feel much better for having made their own selection. The use of study models can show where teeth have been removed, allowing adjacent teeth to drift, a condition which could be prevented by placing bridgework. We could show malposed third molars that should be removed. Periodontoclasia is responsible for the loss of

many teeth, and models would show how this causes a change in the bite. Many times judicious grinding will save teeth, but we must demonstrate to our patient again by models that this grinding does not seriously affect the teeth. Roentgenograms can be very satisfactorily explained by using a projector: one which can project an image of considerable size on a screen or on the wall a few feet away, making it possible to explain many conditions that show in the film. The projector can also be used to show photographs of cases before and after completion, and also the various steps in denture construction, or crown-and-bridge restorations, and the extreme gingival conditions before and after treatment. The application of the projector seems to be unlimited and the more it is used the more education in dentistry we are giving to the public.

Recall System. There should be a definite time set for every patient for a periodic prophylactic treatment. This time interval can be arranged with the patient at the time of the first prophylactic treatment and this appointment should be made and kept, even if all dental restorations have not been completed at this appointed time. Bitewing films should be taken once or twice a year when patient is in for prophylactic treatment. This will aid in finding caries. The patient would appreciate an explanation of this procedure.

In this way we establish a health service for our patients and when the mouth is put in good condition these periodic prophylactic treatments should disclose any defects in their early stages, thus requiring less time and expense to our patients—this should be emphasized to patients. This is one of the best advertisements we could have, for when patients tell their friends how little their dentistry costs each year, it will act as an incentive for the other patients to seek dental attention. We should realize that increasing our number of patients and keeping down the cost to the individual patient is an important factor.

I would much rather have a hundred patients paying ten dollars a year for their dentistry than to have ten patients paying a hundred dollars a year. I will receive the same income and dentistry would not be considered a luxury or a burden but a necessary health measure to these patients and they could well afford this service from an economic point of view.

Dental assistants should have a local and state organization to affiliate with the National organization. The local and state meetings would do much to increase the efficiency of the members. At these meetings the members should take an active part and read papers or give clinics demonstrating methods of handling or carrying out the many duties incumbent on the dental assistant, such as showing a method to recall patients or mixing amalgams, sharpening instruments or educational data. All members should be willing and anxious to help the other members perfect themselves. It would be advisable to ask dentists to appear before the organization to read papers or give clinics, always striving to improve the efficiency of the individual and thus helping the profession as a whole. All professional organizations have this attitude, feeling that anything that they can bring before the society would be of benefit to the entire profession.

To summarize:

An efficient dental assistant

1. Should arrive at office one-half hour before the first daily appointment hour.
2. Should ventilate and tidy office and see that units, sterilizer, etc., are in order.

3. Should acknowledge patients' arrival promptly and see that the patient is in the chair at appointed time.
4. Should have complete data on every patient before he is placed in operating room.
5. Should give patient a true idea of how long he will have to wait for doctor, if the doctor has run over his previous appointment.
6. Should prepare patient for doctor, mentally as well as otherwise, having every detail in readiness for doctor to start immediate operation.
7. Should always introduce patients to doctor on their first visit.
8. Should wipe off cabinet and bracket tops with alcohol or some antiseptic solution before doctor starts operating.
9. Should adjust window shades for patient's and doctor's comfort, also check ventilation as drafts are objectionable to some patients.
10. Should wash her hands before assisting at chair.
11. Should take and develop x-rays if the doctor requests it.
12. Should know what instruments are used for every operation, should know all instruments by name or number, and have them ready for the doctor.
13. Should pick up any instrument that falls on the floor immediately and place in the sterilizer.
14. Should make all appointments for patients, reserving approximate time necessary for next operation.
15. Should note in book after appointment character of next operation.
16. Should record every operation the doctor performs.
17. Should keep all records up to date.
18. Should answer telephone by giving doctor's name.
19. Should keep prophylactic index so arranged that every day some patients are coming in for prophylactic treatment.
20. Should mail daily all appointments for patients one week in advance.
21. Should mail appointment cards to patients who call on telephone for appointments.
22. Should follow up on collections in such a way that will be effective but in no sense disturbing to the patient.
23. Should see the incoming bills are paid and keep doctor's credit above reproach.
23. Should concentrate on her profession, and she must like her work with a liking akin to love.

President Parks:

On behalf of the Society, I want to thank you for that very interesting paper, and I appreciate your coming to us. Dr. Whittington stated that one of the chief purposes of inviting Dr. Aiguier here was for the purpose of forming a dental assistants association. I wish all the dental assistants would stand. There is a large number I see. I wish to appoint P. B. Whittington, Frank Alford, J. A. Sinclair and F. L. Hunt as a committee to assist Dr. Auguier and the Dental Assistants in organizing an Association. (Applause.)

This meeting is adjourned.

REPORT OF THE NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL ASSISTANTS ASSOCIATION

The organization meeting of the North Carolina Dental Assistants Association was held in the Ball Room of the Carolina Hotel at Pinehurst, N. C., on May 13, 1941.

Dr. James E. Aiguier of Philadelphia, Pa., gave an interesting address, his subject being "The Dental Assistant and Her Place in the Dental Office". Following this address, the Assistants went into a business session and organized, with the able assistance of Dr. Fred Hunt of Asheville, N. C., the State Dental Assistants Association.

Mrs. O. T. Fincher of Charlotte, N. C., acted as Chairman pro tem.

The officers elected for the year 1941-1942 were as follows:

President, Miss Margaret Evans, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Vice President, Miss Jessie Tilley, Durham, N. C.; Secretary, Mrs. Vallie L. Henderson, Raleigh, N. C.; Treasurer, Miss Margaret Welch, Charlotte, N. C.

After the installation of officers, the President appointed the following to serve on a Committee to draw up the Rules and By-Laws of the organization—Miss Marguerite Oakley, Chairman, Winston-Salem, N. C., Mrs. Ryan Kornegay, Greensboro, N. C., and Mrs. L. K. Culpererer, Charlotte, N. C.

There were forty-six assistants present for the meeting, those being:

Miss Helen Black, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Grace Burge, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Miss Kay Burns, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. A. M. Capps, Raleigh, N. C.; Miss Edna Sloan Carter, Taylorsville, N. C.; Mrs. Blanche Chalker, Charlotte, N. C.; Miss Margaret Evans, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Mrs. Annie V. Ferrell, Raleigh, N. C.; Mrs. O. T. Fincher, Charlotte, N. C.; Miss Lula Forbes, Farmville, N. C.; Mrs. D. C. Haithcock, Durham, N. C.; Miss Annie Harris, Henderson, N. C.; Mrs. Vallie L. Henderson, Raleigh, N. C.; Miss Agnes Henry, Dunn, N. C.; Mrs. Ruth Hinton, Raleigh, N. C.; Miss Deans Holland, Durham, N. C.; Mrs. Dorothy Horton, Raleigh, N. C.; Miss Bryce Johnson, Kinston, N. C.; Mrs. Ryan Kornegay, Greensboro, N. C.; Mrs. J. H. Lee, Jr., Winston-Salem, N. C.; Miss Henrietta McCorkle, Charlotte, N. C.; Miss Margaret Miller, Salisbury, N. C.; Miss Marguerite Oakley, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Miss Julia Pilkington, Goldsboro, N. C.; Mrs. Silas Powell, Henderson, N. C.; Miss Bess K. Reed, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Miss Mabel Roberts, Durham, N. C.; Miss Gertrude Rogers, Charlotte, N. C.; Miss Irma Mae Rogers, Henderson, N. C.; Miss Jane Sapp, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Mrs. Nancy Shackelford, Statesville, N. C.; Mrs. D. O. Smith, Jr., Raleigh, N. C.; Mrs. Jack Smith, Aberdeen, N. C.; Miss Helen F. Stone, Henderson, N. C.; Mrs. J. B. Stone, Durham, N. C.; Miss Mary Alice Taylor, Kinston, N. C.; Miss Jessie Tilley, Durham, N. C.; Miss Alice Thornton, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Mrs. W. H. Turner, Charlotte, N. C.; Miss Joyce Van Slyke, Wilson, N. C.; Mrs. Charlotte Walters, Winston-Salem, N. C.; Mrs. Parrish Webb, Salisbury, N. C.; Miss Margaret Welch, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Katherine Williams, Charlotte, N. C.; Mrs. Robert Wilson, Charlotte, N. C.; Miss Tompie Hendrick, Charlotte, N. C.

Plans for a business meeting of the officers of the Association to be held in Winston-Salem, N. C., were discussed, but no definite date decided upon. This meeting to be arranged at a very early date.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

VALLIE L. HENDERSON, *Secretary*

N. C. *Dental Assistants Association.*

MEETING OF THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES
4:00 P. M.

President Parks:

The House of Delegates will please come to order. I will ask the secretary to call the roll.

C. M. Parks	Frank O. Alford
C. C. Poindexter	Frank W. Kirk
Paul Fitzgerald	C. D. Wheeler
O. L. Presnell	S. C. Duncan
A. S. Bumgardner	R. A. Wilkins
Z. L. Edwards	R. L. Underwood
W. E. Clark	A. W. Craver
John L. Ashby	C. I. Miller
A. C. Current	H. L. Allen
J. N. Johnson	H. Royster Chamblee
W. K. Chapman	W. T. Martin
R. D. Coffey	Herbert Spear
S. E. Moser	C. E. Minges

Sandy Marks

President Parks:

I declare a quorum present. The House of Delegates is open for any business that comes before it.

Dr. Sheffield:

Mr. President, may I suggest when you have a report or anything to say that you will rise and give your name, because it is so difficult for the reporter to get it later. We would like to have a correct and accurate proceeding.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Sheffield. Is there any business to come before the House of Delegates, any reports?

Dr. Presnell:

I don't want to lose any time. The committee recommends the following for Honorary Membership:

The Executive Committee recommends the following for Honorary Membership in the Society:

- Dr. James E. Aiguier, Philadelphia, Pa.
- Dr. Paul H. Bennett, Tucson, Arizona.
- Dr. William J. Gies, New York, N. Y.
- Dr. W. N. Hodgkin, Warrenton, Va.
- Dr. Walter Leabo, Shreveport, La.

Dr. L. R. Main, St. Louis, Mo.
Dr. Fred Miller, Altoona, Pa.
Dr. Gerald D. Timmons, Chicago, Ill.
Dr. Wilfred H. Robinson, Oakland, Cal.
Miss Carolyn Mercer, Raleigh, N. C.

Signed,

O. L. Presnell, Chairman
A. S. Bumgardner
A. T. Jennette

Dr. Presnell:

Most of you know Miss Mercer is the one who is responsible for compiling the book "Teaching Mouth Health in North Carolina." We thought she deserved some recognition, so we suggest her name for honorary membership.

President Parks:

What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept report, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

It is so ordered.

Dr. Presnell:

Mr. Chairman, I have another matter I can take up while I am on my feet, unless you would rather take some reports first.

President Parks:

Very well.

Dr. Presnell:

You all know the district secretary-treasurers are bonded in the sum of \$1,000 each, which bonds are held by the Executive Committee, and we have run into a little difficulty. When it comes time to change secretaries, about every two years on an average, that happens, the fact that these bonds are issued for a calendar year, of course, for twelve months exactly. It so happens that the District secretaries do not all assume office exactly one year apart, so we have an overlapping or in some cases a short period in which there is no coverage. That has proved a little confusing, and in a few instances had proved a little additional expense to the society. I would like to recommend that some definite date be set for all district secretaries to assume office and that their bond begin as of that date each year, which will make it uniform.

Perhaps December 1st, maybe that date would not be suitable. I haven't thought exactly what date might be suitable, but I should say no earlier than November 15th, not later than December 1st. I would like to make that recommendation.

Dr. Zeno Edwards:

I would like to say that of necessity it would have to be after your district societies meet, because your district societies don't meet on the same date and possibly some of them would meet as late as November 15th. They can't all assume office at the same time. If they would assume office at the time their district society met, so they hold office say not later than December 1st, then all can assume office at the same time.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Mr. President, having acted as secretary, what Dr. Presnell has said is not only true, but it has caused the Society a little inconvenience, and at the time around the month of November, funds are probably at the lowest in the hands of the district secretary than they are at any time during the year. I myself would be glad to make a motion that the district secretary's bond begin on the first of December of each year.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Fitzgerald.

Motion seconded.

President Parks:

Any discussion?

Dr. Alford:

That would mean the books of the district secretary would be closed as of November 30th, the last day of November?

President Parks:

Yes.

Motion carried.

President Parks:

It is so ordered.

Dr. Johnson:

I would like to make the report of your Dental Member State Board of Health.

REPORT OF THE DENTAL MEMBER OF THE NORTH
CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
1941

The year, 1941, will go down in dental history as a very important one because of the erection of the new building which will house the Division of Oral Hygiene of the North Carolina State Board of Health. So far as we know, this is the first time that the dental division of a City or State Health Department has had its own building. A building devoted exclusively to the dental activity will certainly promote the cause of Public Health Dentistry and give it added prestige.

The credit for this outstanding achievement goes to Dr. Branch, the Director of the Division of Oral Hygiene. With the assistance and approval of Dr. Reynolds, our State Health Officer, and Mr. Dayton of the State Budget Bureau, Dr. Branch has been able to secure the necessary funds and the help of the W. P. A. The dentists of North Carolina are rightfully proud of this building, and I consider it a great pleasure to be able to make this report as the Dental Member of the State Board of Health.

Some of you may recall that when I became a member of the State Board of Health Dr. Branch had been with the Health Department a short time. One of my first acts as a member of the Board was to have the dental activity made a separate Division, on a par with the other Divisions, with Dr. Branch as the Director. That was in 1931.

At that time there were six dentists on the staff. Now there are thirty. Over seventy of the one hundred counties in the State now participate in the Health Education Program.

The much-needed space which the completion of the Oral Hygiene Building will afford will enable the Division of Oral Hygiene to enlarge the scope of its educational program. A new feature will be an exhibit and dental museum room which will be included in the itinerary of the groups of children who visit the Capitol City each year.

The significance of this building is already being recognized in dental circles throughout the Country. It deserves a proper dedicatory ceremony. Perhaps a movement, with that in mind, should originate in the North Carolina Dental Society, for the dentists of North Carolina will want to show their appreciation of the Oral Hygiene Building and what it stands for in a fitting manner.

One of the outstanding accomplishments has been the completion and publication of the Handbook for Teachers, "Teaching Mouth Health in North Carolina," by Miss Carolyn Mercer. This book stands out as the first contribution to Dental Literature that has been produced in the State in years.

Miss Mercer is the Educational Consultant on the Staff of the Division of Oral Hygiene of the State Board of Health. She has given unspareingly of her time in the production of this book.

J. N. JOHNSON

Thank you. What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. Minges:

I have here a partial report of the Resolutions Committee. I asked that I be given the privilege of making a supplemental report in case any further resolutions come to my hands.

The following resolution was given to your committee by Dr. O. L. Presnell who requests that it be presented to you:

RESOLUTIONS

Whereas, on several occasions previously, exhibits of the Division of Oral Hygiene of the State Board of Health have won recognition and prizes at the National Meeting; and

Whereas, we consider the present exhibit worthy, attractive, commendable, and educational, also and incidentally the first of its kind in the United States, therefore be it resolved that the North Carolina Dental Society request the North Carolina State Board of Health have model of the Oral Hygiene Building now on exhibit at this meeting displayed at the Houston, Texas, meeting of the American Dental Association.

Signed,

CLYDE MINGES, *Chairman*
O. L. PRESNELL
DARDEN EURE
R. B. HARRELL
EVERETT SMITH
J. F. CAMPBELL

I move the adoption of this report.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

May I amend that to say "at this meeting" instead of on display.

Dr. Alford:

Does it have to lay over until another meeting to be acted on?

Dr. Minges:

Nothing except an amendment to the Constitution requires that, am I not right?

President Parks:

That is right.

Dr. Minges:

I think it entirely in order that we adopt these as read.

The next resolution was given your committee by Dr. Fred L. Hunt who requests that it be presented to you.

RESOLUTIONS

Whereas, at a prior meeting of the House of Delegates of the North Carolina Dental Society, a standing resolution was adopted providing that in case the paid-up membership of the North Carolina Dental Society (500 members)

was sufficient to allow a fourth delegate to the American Dental Association at the time of its annual meeting that the secretary of the North Carolina Dental Society should automatically become the fourth delegate, and;—

Whereas, the paid-up membership of the North Carolina Dental Society (500 members) is now consistently sufficient to entitle it to a fourth delegate, and;—

Whereas, the democratic procedure would be to elect this fourth delegate from the floor of the North Carolina Dental Society rather than by Standing Resolution;

Therefore, be it resolved, that the standing resolution above referred to, be, and is, hereby rescinded, and that the fourth delegate be elected from the floor in the same manner as the other delegates.

Respectfully submitted,

CLYDE MINGES, *Chairman*
DARDEN EURE
EVERETT SMITH
R. B. HARRELL
J. F. CAMPBELL

I move the adoption of this resolution, along with the other one.

Motion seconded and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. Minges:

I now have a resolution that I will assume the responsibility for; however, all these resolutions have been approved by the Resolutions Committee, as many of them as I could get together. I will read this without any preliminary remarks and will try not to make any afterward, because I hope I don't have to.

It is something that I feel so strongly and I have talked with several men, and they perhaps have gotten my perspective to a certain extent. It is a case that happens to be the county in which I live, and there was some disagreement as to the selection of a health officer. They went to Raleigh and passed legislation, taking it out of the hands of the County Health Board, the prerogative of selecting their county health officer. Incidentally, the other ninety-nine counties in the State, the Board of Health elects the health officer. Nash County, my county, is the only county; in presenting this to you, I will make this little explanation. I am not asking the other ninety-nine counties to come to me. I won't be that little. I am asking the other ninety-nine counties to make me come to them. That is the purpose of this resolution.

RESOLUTIONS

Whereas the practice of medicine, in its various branches, is a skilled and learned profession, dealing with the lives and health of human beings, whose members are especially fitted by learning, training, and experience to outline and supervise measures proper to be taken for the protection of the public health, both among adults and among children, and

Whereas the health program now in effect in North Carolina recognizes this fact by providing as a state-wide policy that each County Board of Health shall include three professional men, constituting a majority of such board; and

Whereas, under the present plan of operation North Carolina has attained national eminence in the field of public health, its policies and forms of organization being often recommended by public health specialists as a model for other states; and

Whereas the Legislature of North Carolina in its 1941 session passed special legislation for one county by which the Board of County Commissioners, a political body, shall have a veto power over the selection of the County Health Officer by duly constituted Board of Health of such county, which legislation, if constitutional, would likely be an entering wedge to subordinating the county health program to the interests of local politics and would be a grave backward step;—

Therefore be it resolved that the North Carolina Dental Society go on record as opposing any legislation by which the selection of county health officers or the execution of county health programs be placed under any lay political body;—

Be it further resolved that the Secretary be authorized to give publicity to this resolution through the newspapers of the state by the present committee.

Respectfully submitted,

CLYDE MINGES, *Chairman*

J. F. CAMPBELL

R. B. HARRELL

EVERETT SMITH

DARDEN EURE

Mr. Chairman, I move the adoption of this resolution.

Motion seconded and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. Minges:

I am very much interested in this, and I want to thank you. Mr. President, I ask that I be allowed the privilege of making supplemental report in case other resolutions come to me.

President Parks:

Dr. F. L. Hunt has a report.

Dr. Hunt:

I want to give the report of the Insurance Committee.

REPORT OF THE INSURANCE COMMITTEE OF THE NORTH
CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY, MAY 13, 1941

At the 1940 meeting of the North Carolina Dental Society your committee requested more time in which to study the group health and accident insurance question.

At a meeting held in Greensboro in 1940, jointly with the executive committee of the North Carolina Dental Society, your committee was unable to agree upon a company. Your committee was granted an extension of time until the 1941 meeting.

After further study your committee as a whole has been unable to agree upon a company with which to insure. We have found upon further investigation that, due to the greater liberality in selection of policy holders, that the policy itself must of necessity contain greater restrictions than would prevail in the individual policy. We also find that, while the claim is made that the group policy is non-cancellable it, nevertheless, contains a provision by which the company may cancel the policy if so desired by the company. This cancellation policy may be easily carried out where the policy is subject to assessment or where the policy may be renewed if mutually agreeable. There are so many loop-holes by which the insured may be denied renewed insurance as to make the group policy more or less of a gamble, and therefore more or less undesirable.

Your committee is not disposed as this time to make specific recommendations as to companies investigated unless so directed by the North Carolina Dental Society. We do feel, however, that each locality has available splendid, well financed and reliable companies, and that probably the most satisfactory health and accident policy is an individual policy, and certain companies write a positive non-cancellable individual policy. For the information of those desiring health and accident policies it is most important that the policy shall be non-cancellable and with a guaranteed premium. The policy shall be renewed at the insured's option and cannot be changed by riders without the insured's consent. Benefits shall not be reduced through any occupational changes, and coverage should be had from the first day of sickness and the first day of accident. If desired the policy should provide 100% benefits for non-confining illness. For safety's sake, old line legal reserve stock companies seem more desirable.

The question of age limit as relating to our group liability insurance policy with the Aetna Casualty and Surety Company has been brought to the attention of your committee. Upon investigation it has been ascertained that there is no age limit.

In reply to an inquiry your committee has also ascertained that the Master Policy is held in the custody of the Secretary-Treasurer, and is "Issued to a group of members of the North Carolina Dental Society."

Respectfully submitted,

F. L. HUNT, *Chairman*

G. L. HOOPER

NEAL SHEFFIELD

R. E. SPOON

J. F. DUKE

H. C. DIXON

President Parks:

You have heard this report. What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept report, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered. Are there any other reports?

Dr. Fleming:

Mr. President, I have a matter I want to bring to the attention of the House of Delegates. Not being a member, I thought I would get some of my friends to make the motion. This relates to Dr. J. N. Johnson as a Dental Member of the State Board of Health. His time expires this year. He doesn't seem to want it. We need him on there worse than we have ever needed him at all. When the Executive Committee met a few minutes ago, I brought the matter up and got the unanimous endorsement of the Executive Committee for Dr. Johnson to succeed himself although he intimated he didn't want it, that he wanted to retire. We can't swap horses in the middle of the stream. We need Dr. Johnson more than we ever did. I wish some member of this House of Delegates would move unanimous endorsement of Dr. Johnson to succeed himself.

Dr. Minges:

I will make the motion.

Motion seconded and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. S. L. Bobbitt:

Members of the House of Delegates, the Committee on Education of Negro Dentists wish to recommend that the North Carolina Dental Society appropriate sufficient funds to mail a copy of the proceedings of the North Carolina Dental Society to each colored dentist in the State of North Carolina.

President Parks:

Thank you. What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept report, seconded and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. Fred Hale:

Dr. Parks, Members of the House of Delegates, the report of the Extension Course Committee. The interest has been such that senti-

ment did not seem favorable to institute special courses this year; however, there is now available lectures on military subjects. There has been a little pamphlet published by the medical and dental schools of the army, and it has a great deal of valuable information.

President Parks:

You have heard this report. What is your pleasure?

Motion to adopt, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. J. R. Pharr:

The Committee on the President's Address wishes to make the following report:

(1st) We desire to commend the President for his thoroughness in giving us a complete synopsis of the rapid changes and general outlook on happenings of the Dental profession throughout the country, as well as in our own state during the past year.

(2nd) With reference to his two recommendations, we heartily approve both, and submit them to you for your adoption, which are as follows:

(1) "That the Professional Relations Committee, the National Health Program Committee, the Committee on Adult Dental Health Education, the Committee on the Education of Negro Dentists and the Insurance Committee not be appointed entirely new each year, and that the incoming president shall appoint the Professional Relations Committee and the National Health Program Committee, each consisting of three (3) members, as follows: one member for three (3) years, one member for two (2) years, and one member for one (1) year, and he shall also have the privilege of naming the chairmen of these two committees. Beginning at our next annual meeting in 1942, the incoming president shall appoint one (1) member to each of these two committees for three (3) years and shall also appoint the chairman.

The incoming president shall appoint the Committee on Adult Dental Health Education, the Committee on the Education of Negro Dentists and the Insurance Committee, each consisting of six (6) members, as follows: two members for three (3) years, two members for two (2) years, and two members for one (1) year, and shall also appoint the chairmen of these three committees. Beginning with our next annual meeting in 1942, the incoming president shall appoint two (2) members to each of these three committees and shall also appoint the chairmen.

The activities of the above-mentioned committees, as a rule, are not completed in one year. Their work is more or less continuous from one year to the next, therefore, I feel that the continuity of membership would be advantageous.

(2) That the incoming president appoint a committee for the purpose of studying the advisability of licensing Dental Hygienists for private practice in North Carolina, this committee to report their findings at our next annual meeting.

This question has been discussed within this Society on numerous occasions over a period of years. At the present time we have a Dental Hygienist Law which covers only teaching and instruction in the public schools of the state. It does not cover the hygienist in private practice."

E. M. MEDLIN
E. G. CLICK
J. R. PHARR, *Chairman*

President Parks:

You have heard the report. What will you do with it?

Dr. Minges:

I move it be accepted.

Seconded and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. H. Royster Chamblee:

President Parks, House of Delegates, I have two reports to make that have been handed to me, the Report of the Clinic Board of Censors.

The Clinic Board of Censors wants to commend all the clinicians on the excellence of their clinics.

The quality of all clinics was so high that it was with difficulty that we were able to designate those to appear before the ADA.

We recommend however, that the following clinicians be elected to appear at the next annual meeting of the American Dental Association:

"The Percentage System in Dentistry," L. D. Arthur, D. D. S., Charlotte, N. C.

"Cysts and Osteomyelitis," Grady L. Ross, D. D. S., Charlotte, N. C.

"Removing Stains from Mottled Enamel," W. H. Breeland, D. D. S., Belmont, N. C.

"Acrylic Resin Bridges, Jackets, and Inlays," A. C. Current, D. D. S., Gastonia, N. C.

Respectfully submitted,

VICTOR E. BELL
C. B. YOUNT
W. B. SHERROD
ALEX STANFORD
H. L. ALLEN
J. M. KILPATRICK

President Parks:

Thank you. What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept, seconded, and carried.

Dr. Chamblee:

I have another report, the report of the Receipts and Disbursements on Dental Histories.

REPORT OF THE RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS
ON DENTAL HISTORIES

Received from Dr. W. T. Martin, former secretary, 385 history books	\$2,310.00
DISBURSEMENTS	
Dr. W. T. Martin, postage	2.50
State Tax on Deposits10
Balance in Bank	106.50
There have been no books sold and twelve courtesy copies given. We have on hand 373 copies, which if we can sell at the specified \$6.00 per copy, will amount to \$2,238.00	2,238.00

H. ROYSTER CHAMBLEE, *Secretary.*

President Parks:

You have heard the report. What will you do with it?

Motion to accept, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. H. O. Lineberger:

Mr. President, I would like to make the report for the Legislative Committee.

REPORT OF THE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE

The Legislative Committee met with the Executive Committee and the State Board of Dental Examiners in Raleigh, March 15, 1941.

It was suggested that our present dental practice law should be amended. After a prolonged discussion it was deemed advisable that the North Carolina Dental Society should not sponsor any new legislation during the 1940 Session of the General Assembly.

There being no further legislative problems the Committee has not been called together for a second meeting.

Respectfully submitted,

PAUL E. JONES '41

J. N. JOHNSON '42

W. K. CHAPMAN '43

C. C. POINDEXTER '44

H. O. LINEBERGER '45, *Chairman*

President Parks:

You have heard the report. What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept, seconded and carried.

Dr. Lineberger:

I would like to make at this time the report of the Military Affairs Committee.

REPORT OF THE MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

The National Defense Program of the U. S. Government has made the Military Affairs Committee a major committee, with a larger and more definite program to perform. The committee anticipating the need for full cooperation and executive authority from State and District Societies, request that the Military Affairs Committee be enlarged to include the President, President-Elect, Secretary and Editor of the North Carolina Dental Society. The President and Secretary of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners, and the President and Secretary of the Five Component District Societies.

The Committee has cooperated with the ADA Committee on Dental Preparedness and the ADA Legislative Committee whenever requested. During the year we have:—

- 1.—Aided both the Army and Navy in securing information pertaining to Dental Reserve Officers and Dental Technicians.
- 2.—Made a survey of all Dentists in the draft with their call numbers, etc
- 3.—Aided in securing commissions and assignments for our members.
- 4.—Made a survey of civilian dentists within a 30 mile radius of both Fayetteville and Wilmington.
- 5.—Aided the National American Red Cross in their enrollment and Rehabilitation work.
- 6.—Helped our members in the Civilian Conservation Corps secure a better status.
- 7.—Compiled reports concerning dental students from North Carolina in the hope that they will be placed in a deferred class.
- 8.—Given aid to draftees who were turned down because of dental defects.
- 9.—Cooperated with the Extension Course Committee in furthering plans for putting on an extension course in "Lectures on Military Dentistry" and other subjects vital to National Defense.
- 10.—Urged members to fill out and return the Dental Questionnaires.
- 11.—Assisted, whenever needed, the Selective Service Headquarters in Raleigh and also the local draft boards.
- 12.—Cooperated with the National Youth Administration, Farm Security Administration, U. S. Public Health and the North Carolina State Health Department.

The Military Affairs Committee was called to meet in Raleigh on March 30th, 1940, to discuss several urgent questions relative to our Preparedness Program.

The meeting was addressed by Dr. George E. Waters, State NYA Health Supervisor; Dr. J. C. Knox, N. C. State Board of Health and NYA Representative, and Maj. T. H. Upton, N. C. Selective Service Headquarters, Raleigh, N. C.

The Committee, with the approval of the Executive Committee, voted to cooperate in the Health-Service Program of the NYA, which in substance meant the assignment of dentists to their work. The dentist would be expected to:—First—Take an oath of citizenship and allegiance to the U. S. A. Second—He

must agree to make appointments two hours per day, three days per week for NYA service. During the time of these appointments the dentist is an employee of the Federal Government and will do no work other than for the member of the NYA, for which service he is paid at the rate of three dollars per hour. Restorations are to be performed under an agreement between the dentists and the NYA student. The student is to pay for his own dental restorations.

The recent ruling of the Selective Service Headquarters, Washington, D. C., regarding the assignment of a dentist to all local draft boards was discussed at the meeting and the State and District Society Officers prepared a list to be submitted to the Governor for his approval and for appointment by the President to the local draft boards.

Respectfully submitted,

H. O. LINEBERGER, *Chairman*
GEORGE PATTERSON
JOHN ASHBY
H. C. CARR
I. H. HOYLE
A. T. JENNETTE
C. M. PARKS
C. C. POINDEXTER
PAUL FITZGERALD
NEAL SHEFFIELD
WILBERT JACKSON

PAUL E. JONES
W. K. CHAPMAN
R. D. COFFEY
A. S. BUMGARDNER
FRANK W. KIRK
R. A. WILKINS
R. L. UNDERWOOD
J. W. WHITEHEAD
HOWARD L. ALLEN
Z. V. PARKER
HERBERT SPEAR

President Parks:

You have heard that report. What is your pleasure?

Motion to accept, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. Pridgen:

I should like to report for your Committee on Revision of our Constitution and By-Laws. Our Constitution and By-Laws were last revised at our Blowing Rock Meeting in 1935. Your Committee has carefully studied the proceedings during the years since then, and the action of the House of Delegates, and we have incorporated in this revision only such changes as have been acted upon by the House of Delegates itself, save one instance. I should like to inquire how you want me to present this report, whether you want me to read the entire constitution and by-laws, whether you would just like me to mention these changes which have already been acted upon by the House of Delegates or incorporated or whether you would like me only to mention the amendment which we offer.

President Parks:

I feel those changes which you have found are already a law. There is nothing except bringing the Constitution and By-Laws up to date, other than that one change. I suggest you read that.

Dr. Pridgen:

It deals with Article 3, Section 1, of our By-Laws, relating to membership and at the conclusion of Section 1, we would add, "Provided further that candidates who have successfully passed the North Carolina Board of Dental Examiners and apply for membership in North Carolina Dental Society during that calendar year and who have not previously been in the practice of dentistry, shall be exempt from dues for the remainder of that year and shall be required to pay only the American Dental Association dues for the ensuing period."

By way of explanation, I may state that this would not change slightly the custom under which new members are admitted under the ADA plan of membership. As it applies now, the man who graduates this spring and successfully passes our Board of Dental Examiners, come in under the ADA plan of membership, but the man who is so unfortunate as to fail that examination this spring and must take the examination at the next meeting cannot come in under this plan. Under our present plan as it operates, the society during the following year of admission to membership remits to the ADA \$6.00, which is paid by the member, and in return is remitted from the ADA half of that amount. The only change I see this would make would be that we perhaps would not get the \$3.00 back from the ADA on these members who fail to pass the Board in the year of their graduation. However, I have talked with some of our delegates to the American Dental Association, and I felt that that might be a matter which they could handle. Some have felt that the wrong interpretation has been placed upon the amendment to the constitution of the American Dental Association, and that there was intent of that amendment to allow these men to come in under the ADA plan.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Pridgen, you have heard the report on the revision of constitution and by-laws.

Dr. C. E. Minges:

I talked to Dr. Pridgen about this matter. The purpose, as I see of the original thought that was to be followed, one was to increase our state and National Membership, and the other was to give to the boy who had been at a great deal of expense a chance to sort of find himself and get the \$6.00 to pay. It is my thought that the last reason is perhaps the most important. I mean by that the boy that the date of his paying society dues should be one year and a half from the date of his licensure. However, in talking to Dr. Pridgen I do find that the National interpretation of that is from the date of his

graduation. We have two alternatives, we can accept this and go ahead. We wouldn't have over one or two a year, which would only amount to two or six or nine dollars perhaps that would come in under that plan, and let the North Carolina Dental Society bear that expense without return from the American Dental Association or that can be given to your delegates of the American Dental Association, and they will make an attempt to clarify it in some way or straighten it out and get the date set as of the date of licensure. I am perfectly willing if that is the wish of the North Carolina Dental Society, I am perfectly willing to bring it up on the floor of the American Dental Association and state our position and our thought. It is my firm conviction that the intent of the original purpose is being evaded to a certain extent by the American Dental Association because the boy is really not a dentist, an earning dentist, I will say until he gets license to practice in some state. For that reason, I do think we should make a fight at least for the boy, and make his date as of the day he passes State Board.

Dr. Alford:

I believe the constitution and by-laws say a man shall become a life member upon the payment of 25 consecutive years of dues to the North Carolina Dental Society. As I interpret this, that \$6.00 is paid for membership in the American Dental Association. In turn, the American Dental Association gives back the North Carolina Society \$3.00 of that, but he is not paying dues in the North Carolina Dental Society for a year and a half as I understand it. I believe his life membership would begin at the time he starts paying his full membership in the North Carolina Dental Society.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

To avoid confusion, would it not be well to add in some way there, paying full dues to the North Carolina Dental Society for 25 consecutive times?

Dr. Alford:

I think that would clarify the situation in the future if there should be any question about it.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I should like to make a motion to that effect, that it be added so this can be acted on tomorrow.

Dr. Minges:

Excuse me, insert the word "full"?

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Just insert the word "full" 25 consecutive years. I make that motion.

Motion seconded by Dr. R. A. Wilkins.

President Parks:

It has been regularly moved and seconded that we make this change in the constitution and by-laws.

Dr. Alford:

If that is done, since this change to the constitution and by-laws, it would have to go over to a subsequent meeting of this delegation.

President Parks:

We will act on that and pass on it finally in the report tomorrow.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

We are making that part of that report today.

Dr. Alford:

That report will have to be passed on tomorrow, that would be my opinion.

President Parks:

All in favor say aye, all opposed say no. It is so ordered.

Dr. Pridgen:

I would like to inquire whether the house would like to include in these revisions the resolution which was proposed by Dr. Minges relative to the delegate to the American Dental Association whether you should like that change to be included in here too.

President Parks:

What is your pleasure, gentlemen?

Dr. Darden Eure:

I so move that it be included.

Dr. Alford:

I second that.

President Parks:

Any discussion? Those in favor say aye; opposed no. It is so ordered.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Mr. President, it is a very small matter I wish to bring before this body at the present time. In going over our committees, I notice that practically all our committees consist of even numbers, that is, four or six. Possibly the greater number of our committees consist of six members. I am making a motion. I would like to make a motion that this body recommend as a policy the appointment of committees consisting of odd numbers so the chairman can vote and make a decision.

President Parks:

You have heard the motion. Is there a second?

Dr. Wilkins:

I second the motion.

President Parks:

The motion was duly carried. Any further reports?

Dr. Lineberger:

I will make the report for the Professional Relations Committee. The Professional Relations Committee held a special meeting in Raleigh on October 27th.

REPORT OF THE PROFESSIONAL RELATIONS COMMITTEE

The Professional Relations Committee held a special meeting in Raleigh on October 27th. An invitation to the meeting was extended to all State and District Society Officers and to all managers and owners of laboratories in North Carolina. State Society Officers and a good representation from all the District Societies were present. Fifteen laboratories were represented, and several who were unable to attend expressed a desire to cooperate.

The recent committee report to the North Carolina Dental Society was reviewed and plans for the future were thoroughly discussed. Unusual interest was manifested in that all present took part in the discussion.

Following the luncheon and adjournment, the laboratory representatives met and selected three of their number as a committee to cooperate with the Professional Relations Committee, looking toward the drafting of a Code of Ethics for the Laboratories. Their Committee was composed of Mr. Fred Noble, Raleigh, as Chairman; Mr. R. M. Buran, Asheville; and Mr. Robert Woodward, Greensboro. Laboratory men who attended the meeting of Professional Relations Committee, Sunday, October 27th, 1940, were:

- Mr. R. M. Buran, Buran's Dental Laboratory, Asheville, N. C.
- Mr. E. B. Anderson, Central Dental Laboratory, Durham, N. C.
- Mr. E. G. Edwards, E. G. Edwards Dental Laboratory, Rocky Mount.
- Mr. John W. Fleming, Fleming Dental Laboratory, Raleigh, N. C.
- Mr. Louis K. Miller, Miller Dental Laboratory, Winston-Salem, N. C.
- Mr. T. G. Williams, Raleigh Dental Laboratory, Raleigh, N. C.
- Mr. S. E. Holden, Greensboro Dental Laboratory, Greensboro, N. C.
- Mr. Fred Noble, Noble Dental Laboratory, Raleigh, N. C.

Mr. Chas. E. Spake, Spake Dental Laboratory, Statesville, N. C.
Mr. Robert W. Woodward, Woodward Prosthetic Co., Greensboro, N. C.
Mr. Fred Horton, Horton Dental Laboratory, Wilson, N. C.
Mr. Henry Yarbrough, Yarbrough Dental Laboratory, Fayetteville, N. C.
Mr. W. H. Rosen, R. & R. Dental Laboratory, Greensboro, N. C.
Mr. Lee Sykes, Mr. Henry Swansey, Charlotte Dental Lab., Charlotte, N. C.
Mr. Jack Morton, Morton Dental Laboratory, Winston-Salem, N. C.
Those who did not attend the meeting were the following:
Mr. William Steward, Steward Dental Laboratory, Monroe, N. C.
Mr. Roy Penell, Penell Dental Laboratory, Hickory, N. C.
Mr. J. Wilkins, Wilkins Dental Laboratory, Greensboro, N. C.
Mr. Herbert Welman, Welman Dental Laboratory, Lexington, N. C.
Turner Dental Laboratory, (Col.) Winston-Salem, N. C.
Maness Dental Laboratory, Winston-Salem, N. C.
Beard Dental Laboratory, High Point, N. C.

The report made by our Committee last year in Charlotte has been most favorably received by both the profession and the laboratories. It was given national consideration at the Cleveland meeting of the American Dental Association in a report of a special Prosthetic Committee report which suggested a similar plan to all states. The report was approved by the House of Delegates.

The following Code of Ethics framed by the Professional Relations Committee, was presented to the Special Laboratory Committee. After a free discussion by all laboratory owners and operators in attendance at this meeting, the Code was approved as hereafter presented.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Lineberger. You have heard the report of the Professional Relations Committee. What is your pleasure?

Dr. Eure:

I move that it be accepted.

Dr. R. L. Coffey:

I second the motion.

President Parks:

Any discussion?

Dr. C. I. Miller:

I tried to follow you. Does the paper incorporate, or is there incorporated in the paper, provision that the laboratories will not accept any orders except from a licensed dentist?

Dr. Lineberger:

I think it does.

Dr. Miller:

We had that in this case we tried a few years ago.

Dr. Lineberger:

That is the first thing we say.

Dr. Alford:

I happen to be in a town and in a building where two laboratories are situated, and I know that men from the smaller towns will send a patient into Charlotte, coming in with a broken denture or broken bridge. That patient takes it to the laboratory, gets its repaired, and the dentist is sent a bill for it. It is going to be hard for the laboratory to live up to that code unless the dentist stops sending these patients in here. I think as a matter of record, so all the dentists know in the state that that is not considered good ethics, and they might try to avoid it, that we should specifically specify that the dentist not send these patients in to the laboratories to take work to be repaired. They sit around and wait for it to be repaired, put it back in their mouths. I know that is being done. I have talked to the laboratory men there in Charlotte about it. If we as dentists continue to do that, they can't live up to their agreement because they are on the spot. We send a piece of work in. They can't very well refuse to do it if it is sent in. Of course the dentist can write a note. I think we should go on record as opposing any such practice as that.

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Alford.

Dr. Moser:

Personally I believe you are going to have a hard time getting around that one thing Dr. Alford mentioned. In the first place, we are not trying to hide the fact that we use the laboratory man to do the technical work in dentistry today. The biggest prosthodontist, in the country, uses a laboratory man. I know exactly what he has reference to in Gastonia, for instance, we have approximately 35,000 people. We don't have a laboratory. There are those patients who will break out teeth out of a plate. They are so sensitive about going around in an edentulous way, they say, "How about my going to Charlotte?" It is purely mechanical. They say "Let me go by the laboratory, then I will go to the picture show. Then when I get my denture, I will go back." I do know this, that the North State will call you over the telephone, I have had that experience. The North State will call you over the telephone if the patient has gone back without first calling you. They do that in the presence of the patient. I do believe you will have a hard time getting around that one thing.

Dr. Lineberger:

I want to say that is one of the most annoying things the laboratory men have to put up with, they tell us that they say they simply do

not like it. Those boys are fair. This next is not meant just to protect the dentist. They know they should not do it in the first place, it is against the law. Don't you know they don't like to take the responsibility which is yours by right. You should adjust that plate after it has been repaired, to see if it is all right. That is my interpretation of the law.

Dr. Moser:

What I had reference to, the physician does not do his Wassermans.

Dr. Alford:

It seems to me the purpose of this whole thing, gentlemen, is to avoid that, that is why we are bringing this up, to get a mutual agreement with the laboratories. So long as these patients are sent in to the laboratories, I don't believe we are going to get very far with it. I think if a patient who did without his teeth, if they were broken, it is just an unfortunate situation. If they can't put them in seclusion until they can be repaired for a few hours. If a patient can go in, the transportation now is so rapid, it doesn't take but a few hours to get a denture to the laboratory, get it repaired. I think we should avoid sending a patient to a laboratory. We are taking the names off the doors to keep them having any word "Dental" associated with the laboratories, it means if this state and other states should avoid sending a patient to a dental laboratory we may say we are not trying to hide it after all is said and done, that is exactly what we are trying to do in a sense.

Dr. O. L. Presnell:

I appreciate all that, Dr. Alford says there, and I think one of the most undesirable circumstances that comes up with me is on occasion when I find it absolutely necessary in emergency to let a patient deliver their denture with sealed orders from me to the laboratory for repairs. That happens to many of us fellows who do not live in a town where there is a laboratory. If you are in a city where a laboratory is, it presents no problem; but to us fellows that live away from the laboratory itself, it is a very serious matter on occasion. It doesn't happen often, perhaps twice a year that I find it necessary to do that, otherwise I am going to have to get in my car or let my assistant get in my car and take the case to the laboratory and wait until it is done, because the public at large is aware of the fact that the laboratories are doing our work. I regret to say that is true, but it is true, and as much as I would like to avoid having to send a patient to the laboratory you are going to put many men in a very bad spot.

Dr. Moser:

I want you to understand that I am not criticising that in any way. What Frank said, we are simply discussing this thing. It is as Dr. Presnell said, it will work a handicap. I want you to know if it is the unanimous opinion of this body that it should not be done, if you go on record as voting that, I will cooperate a hundred per cent, but I just bring it to your attention. It is very easy for Frank to say a thing like that, when all he has to do is to give his assistant his plate, say run downstairs on the third floor and see about it. But on the other hand I have got a man who is an executive in the cotton mill, he knows I am not doing that work. He is intelligent, he says, "Doctor, do you have to take an impression of this again?" I say, "No." "You have a laboratory?" "Yes." "Can't I run over to Charlotte, and take in a picture show?" That is what I had reference to. I am not criticising you at all.

Dr. Alford:

I can appreciate the position of men who are practicing in town where there is no dental laboratory. I have done it myself. I don't think it is necessary for a patient to know. Some of them do know, I think that is one thing that we have let a patient know that we shouldn't. I don't see why it is necessary for a patient to know we do send our work to the Dental Laboratory.

President Parks:

If Dr. Moser or Dr. Presnell should send sealed written instructions that should cover it, in that instance it reverts back to us, the dentist whether that should be done.

Dr. Coffey:

Just a suggestion along this line, in case we do have to send a patient to Charlotte, why not refer them to some man in Charlotte? You seldom would have to. In a case like this, I believe any man there would be glad to send the denture to the laboratory. It probably wouldn't take ten minutes to do it, I feel they would be glad to do it for anyone. That would be the solution of the problem.

Secretary Fitzgerald:

I think in some way we should find a method to conform to it. Down near Greenville, there is a man and widow woman living on adjoining farm. They have had right much trouble from time to time over a land boundary. It worried him right much last fall. He came over to Greenville, sold a load of tobacco and spent right much

time there, went to the ABC store, got him a bottle, and possibly looked at it a little too often that night. Going home he passed this lady's house, about three o'clock in the morning, he hailed, the old lady who came to the door, night gown flowing and wanted to know what the trouble was. He said, "Mrs. Smith, have you got an ax?" She said, "Yes, I have an ax. Why?"

"Well," he went on, "I just wanted to say that it is a mighty fine thing to have on a farm." (Laughter.)

Gentlemen, I am one of the old time dentists. I graduated over thirty years ago. We were taught to make vulcanite plates. Since then, we have learned something about the other materials, resinous materials, and if it becomes necessary to conform to a policy of the North Carolina Dental Society to avoid the evil, I think every man here was taught something about it. I will just say this, that a vulcanizer, though you use it very seldom, is a good thing to have in a dental office. I know that.

Dr. Miller:

Mr. Chairman, I feel inasmuch as the laboratory technicians and owners have signified their willingness to cooperate to that extent, that if a dentist goes to weakening, and then throw this baby back in their laps, I don't think it is quite fair to them. I live in a little town, no laboratory technician, but if I do get in a pinch once in a while, we have pretty good connections to Charlotte, I would just call up, send it on the bus, and it would come back on the next. I am out in a good many cases only about three hours. So as I see it, we had better hue to the line as closely as possible.

President Parks:

You have the report of the Public Relations Committee. What is your pleasure?

Motion to adopt the report made and recorded.

President Parks:

Any discussion?

Dr. Presnell:

Does that include this matter that we have been discussing here for the last few moments?

President Parks:

I feel that the matter of discussion is just for the edification of these few here.

Dr. Lineberger:

I might say this, gentlemen, so far as this relation is concerned, it is not contemplated anything be done so drastic right away, in other words, you notice the last section of this provides an additional provision, this more or less has to go with these professional relations. There is no definite relation as to matter of prices, a whole lot of things. This is just a kind of a general thing. The committee understands that there is not going to be any cracking down on anybody, certainly not until after another year has passed. Don't you see, by that time probably your professional relations committee is going to come before you again with some rules that have been agreed upon by the laboratory and this committee. It is just a matter of progress, not a revolution. We are not trying to crack down on anybody.

President Parks:

Those in favor say aye.

The Motion is carried.

President Parks:

So ordered.

Dr. Coffey:

Dr. Carl Mott of Morganton, member of the first district, was placed on the inactive list at our last meeting in Charlotte, due to ill health. Since that date of the meeting, he has recovered sufficiently to resume his practice. As secretary of the first district, I bring this to the attention of the House of Delegates. I am sure he would want to be on the active list again.

Dr. Bumgardner:

I move this reinstatement.

Dr. Williams:

I second it.

President Parks:

It has been regularly moved and seconded that we restore Dr. Carl Mott to active membership. Carried. So ordered.

Dr. Alford:

How about that year of inactive membership, would that be charged up against his life membership?

President Parks:

I don't know.

Dr. Alford:

I think that should be brought out. It wouldn't be consecutively.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I think Dr. Mott would have been accepted last year except for non-payment of dues, if he had not been on the inactive list. I made no protest to this. I understood Dr. Mott was in very poor health and would probably not begin practicing again at all. I am quite certain I am correct in that.

Dr. Coffey:

I think his dues were paid last year.

Dr. Alford:

I thought if he was put on the active list he might want to pay his dues to keep his dues continuous.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Where the Society places a man on the inactive list, if he is placed on the active list again, it is my understanding, direct understanding, that that does not affect the continuity. He does not have to pay for the inactive year, because that is an action of the North Carolina Dental Society and that his continuity goes on without his paying that year, or the period when he is inactive.

President Parks:

That has been the interpretation in the past?

Dr. Fitzgerald:

That is right.

Dr. Wilkins:

He is not excused for those two years?

Dr. Fitzgerald:

That is right. It would mean going into military service. They would have to pay back dues.

Dr. Kirk:

We had one man in that same category put on the inactive list last year out for a year, he came back, paid this year's dues, Dr. B. C. Taylor, to whom I refer.

President Parks:

This would cover that.

Dr. Kirk:

As a matter of record.

President Parks:

Was he placed on the inactive list last year?

Dr. Kirk:

I notice he has missed one year's dues. He came back and paid 1941 dues.

President Parks:

Do you move he be reinstated?

Dr. Kirk:

He hasn't told me so since he paid his 1941 dues. I imagine he is practicing. I make the motion.

The motion was seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

Anything further to come before the meeting?

Dr. Presnell:

I move we adjourn.

Motion carried.

ANNUAL BANQUET
6:30 P. M.

Dr. Medlin:

Dr. J. S. Betts will give the invocation.

Dr. Betts:

Almighty God, whose dominion is everlasting and whose love and power are eternal, open our eyes to see the beauty and symmetry of all Thy creation. May the greatness and tenderness of Thy love burst upon us, all and each, like a tide of glory, bringing with it new inspiration, increasing our strength to struggle against evil and uphold righteousness. Give us courage to rise above the demands of selfishness and to live in that greater realm of life where the currents of God's eternal purpose run deep and strong.

Forgive our sins and guide our unworthy feet in the paths of usefulness and helpfulness, we ask in His name, Amen.

Dr. Medlin:

I have found in my experience it is better to present the toastmaster very early in the beginning of the dinner, because from then on, he will take command and be completely responsible for the program.

It is my pleasure and privilege to present a young attorney of Pinehurst, who is a graduate of Duke University, Mr. A. L. McKeithan who will be your toastmaster this evening. (Applause.)

Mr. McKeithan:

It gives me great pleasure to take part in this occasion. I hardly feel I am the proper party, however, in view of the fact one of your members, Dr. Medlin, is about the best toastmaster I know of, but perhaps Dr. Medlin is a little too modest or a little too busy. In fact, he is about the busiest person I know of. When he isn't filling a cavity in his office, he is usually filling about eighteen out on the golf course, and he is very good at both of them.

I realize you have been more or less officially welcomed to this convention. May I add my word, saying Pinehurst is very happy and delighted to act as your host. We of the Sand Hills have many things we like to boast on, good folks, good weather for the most part, good hotels, good golf courses, and of course, we have good dentists. The fact that we can act as your hosts here this evening makes us prouder than anything else we could do. We welcome such a professional group as this to Pinehurst.

We will now hear from Dr. McClung, from Winston-Salem.

Dr. McClung:

Mr. Toastmaster and Friends, it affords me a great deal of pleasure and I consider it a distinct honor to have the opportunity of presenting the President's Emblem. Only ten minutes ago I was handed this Emblem, which is evidence of the fact that they did not want a speech, although I wish that I had had more time to give the remarks the consideration they deserve.

Claude, I wish to say that we selected you to be our President because we knew that you would fulfill the responsible obligation, we also knew that you were well qualified, in fact better qualified than any man we could have selected at that time. You have done it well and we congratulate you. Through your faithfulness you deserve all honor.

I hold in my hand a small token of our appreciation of your services to this Society. I hope you will accept it and wear it with dignity. At this time it affords me a great deal of pleasure to present to you, on behalf of the North Carolina Dental Society this President's Emblem.

GENERAL SESSION
8:00 P. M.

President Parks:

The general session of the North Carolina Dental Society will come to order.

At this time, I will ask Dr. Lineberger to give the report of the Delegates to the Cleveland Convention.

REPORT OF DELEGATES TO CLEVELAND MEETING OF
AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION

The House of Delegates of the American Dental Association was called to order in the Hotel Statler, Cleveland, Ohio, on Monday morning, September 9th by the President, Dr. Arthur H. Merritt, of New York.

The Board of Trustees, as well as several important committees, including the Committee on National Defense, later changed to the Dental Preparedness Committee, had been called to Cleveland several days before the opening date in order that differences might be ironed out and reports and recommendations placed in a more definite form for presentation to the House of Delegates.

The House of Delegates went on record by unanimous vote to support the National Preparedness Program.

The Preparedness Committee was authorized to send out a questionnaire to all dentists of America and our provinces. The Manual of Military Dentistry was approved and funds were voted to publish same.

Reports from all the major committees indicated that our National Organization was going through a most active period. The membership at large was receiving more benefits from the parent organization, all of which had created a larger regular membership, which now numbers 44,822, or an increase of 2,000 over last year. If the junior membership of 982 and affiliated membership of 113 were added, there would be a grand total of 46,907 members.

The increased benefits and activities have all necessarily increased the expenses of the various committees as well as the Central Office. To meet these increased expenses there was only one way in which the A.D.A. could satisfy the demands of our members and maintain a balanced budget, and that was by increasing our income. After a long study of a carefully prepared report of the Special Finance Committee, which called for an increase in the dues of our membership, the House of Delegates approved the report.

Dr. Oran Oliver, Nashville, Tenn., was elected President-Elect, and Houston, Texas, was selected as the next place of meeting.

We have been especially fortunate in having with us at this North Carolina Dental Society Meeting the President of the A.D.A., Dr. Wilfred Robinson, Dr. Gerald Timmons, Executive Secretary and Secretary to the Preparedness Committee. These distinguished visitors have reported on the major activities of the A.D.A. and anything we might say in the way of a further report would be more or less of an anti-climax.

Respectfully submitted,

HENRY O. LINEBERGER, *Chairman*
PAUL FITZGERALD
WILBERT JACKSON
CLYDE MINGES

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Lineberger. At this time I shall read a committee to serve as Election Committee, Dr. Z. L. Edwards, Chairman, Dr. W. M. Matheson, Dr. Charles Blackmon, Dr. Homer Guion, Dr. S. L. Bobbitt, S. B. Toler and Dr. Walter McRay. Please come forward at this time. Dr. Fred Hunt, of Asheville.

Dr. Hunt:

Mr. President and Members of North Carolina Dental Society, I hold here in my hand the history of the North Carolina Dental Society. It is my opinion that there are many men here who have done as I have done in regard to this history. It has been my firm intention since the history was published to secure a copy, but I seem to have procrastinated up until this time. I have purchased this book at this meeting, and I hope that many of you men here who have procrastinated as I have done will follow my example. You may follow my example in the purchase of this book and in living long and happy ever after, and I hope you will. There is a lot in this book for you. You have the history of the North Carolina Dental Society, and if you believe this Dental Society means anything to you, you should know something about its early history. It goes back to 1824 when the original North Carolina Dental Society was organized. Then during the war, of course, things were not going along as normal. The present North Carolina Dental Society was organized in 1875. I became a member of this Society in 1901, and some of those older men who made the society worth while, their record is here, and you younger men who believe in your Dental Society owe it to yourself to purchase a copy of this book. This book represents an enormous amount of work that was done by Dr. Martin Fleming. You know Dr. Fleming, you know what he has done for North Carolina. He probably won't approve of what I am saying at all. I think it is due him that you become familiar with the names of these men who have gone before us. I remember when I first came to be a member of the North Carolina Dental Society in 1921, those men meant so much to me. I shall be proud to possess this book. I hope that every member of the North Carolina Dental Society will feel obligated, feel it is a privilege to secure a copy of this book.

This book only costs \$6.00, and you will find it, I think, in placing it in your library, that it will be worth much more than that. If you wish to place your orders, you may place them with Dr. Chamblee of Raleigh, and he will be glad to see that you secure your copies.

I thank you. (Applause.)

President Parks:

At this time I wish to ask the five district secretaries to come forward, Dr. Ralph Coffey, Dr. Frank Kirk, Dr. R. L. Underwood, Dr. Howard Allen, Dr. Herbert Spear.

Gentlemen, you know that the order of business tonight is the election of officers, a president-elect, a vice-president, a secretary-treasurer, two members of the Board of Examiners, two delegates to the American Dental Association, four alternates, and selection of place of meeting.

Nominations are now in order for your president-elect.

Dr. Johnson:

Mr. Chairman, I would like to place the name of a man before you for president-elect it isn't necessary to say anything about him. You have known him for several years, and his three years' work as secretary-treasurer of North Carolina Dental Society speaks for itself —Dr. Paul Fitzgerald. (Applause.)

Dr. W. T. Martin:

I think every member of the North Carolina Dental Society knows and appreciates the work Dr. Fitzgerald has done toward making the program and everything in connection with it a complete success. He deserves it, and it gives me great pleasure indeed to second the nomination of Dr. Paul Fitzgerald, as president elect of the Dental Society.

Dr. McClung:

It gives me pleasure to add another second to that motion.

Dr. Ralph Jarrett:

I move the nominations be closed and we elect this gentleman by acclamation.

Motion seconded, and carried.

President-Elect Fitzgerald:

Mr. President, Members of the North Carolina Dental Society: I realize that tonight you have conferred upon me the greatest honor that is in your power to bestow upon any man. From the bottom of my heart, I am deeply grateful. Ofttimes in addressing small groups of members of our Society, I have dwelt upon the beginnings of the North Carolina Dental Society. I have talked about the struggles of those pioneers, Arrington, Tucker, Simpson, Kerr, and others. They founded our organization, and they did a great work. When they put the mud sill down, they saw that it was solid. We have with us tonight some of the men who took up the task after these men, Dr. Fleming, Dr. Hunt, Dr. Spurgeon, Dr. Sinclair. Then we have a

later group that I happened to be among, and soon we will pass on to some who are younger yet. I have great faith in the North Carolina Dental Society and its members, and tonight I stand with you trying to look into the future. The picture is not so bright. We see a picture of confusion ahead. We see that we are going to need the help and cooperation of the North Carolina Dental Society to carry us through a period which we believe is just before us. I repeat to you I have great faith in the membership of the Society. I believe that we are going to come through a difficult era, probably a different order of things will prevail from what we have known heretofore. I think we will come through this and enter into a new day, a brighter day and a better day.

Again, Gentlemen, I wish to say to you that I thank you for what you have done tonight. I hope I may prove worthy with it. In the morning I shall remember that I have a responsibility to you and a duty to perform and with God's help, I shall do the best I can.

Thank you, gentlemen. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Nominations are now in order for vice-president. Whom will you have?

Dr. Henry Carr:

It has been a policy of our Society to select men who are worthy and outstanding and honor them. We have one man in our midst who has been a faithful member of this Society, has done everything he has been asked to do in a very efficient manner. He is an outstanding gentleman, without further words, I would like to present to you for vice-president of this Society, Dr. Walter McRae, of Red Springs. (Applause.)

Dr. Poindexter:

I would like to second that nomination of Dr. McRae for vice-president.

Dr. Minges:

I would like also to endorse the nomination of Dr. McRae. If I am not being accused of railroading something. I would like to move that the rules be suspended and that the secretary be instructed to cast the vote of this Society for Dr. McRae for vice-president.

Motion seconded and carried.

President Parks:

Dr. McRae has been elected vice-president of the North Carolina Dental Society by acclamation.

President Parks:

Will you confer the honor, Mr. Secretary?

Dr. Fitzgerald:

It gives me great pleasure to cast the vote of the North Carolina Dental Society for you as the vice-president.

President Parks:

Do you have a word for us.

Dr. McRae:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the North Carolina Dental Society: I deem this a great honor and I appreciate it very much. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Nominations are now in order for secretary-treasurer.

Dr. Jarrett:

I wish to place for nomination a man I think is worthy and will serve, a man whom you all know, and who needs no introduction from me, Dr. D. B. Mizell, of Charlotte.

Dr. W. C. Current:

I would like to second Dr. Jarrett's nomination of Dr. Mizell for secretary-treasurer.

Dr. J. S. Spurgeon:

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the North Carolina Dental Society: You are all interested in dentistry in North Carolina. During many years we have had very efficient men at the head of it who have done a lot of handwork. We have had a lot of others who have done a great deal of work without being officially the head of this Society. I have in mind a man of that kind. He has done a great deal of work in season and out of season when we met in this section. He has put himself out of the way to make us comfortable and a pleasant visit. Along the lines of dentistry, whenever called on, he has given his best efforts to promote the profession in North Carolina. I wish to nominate Dr. E. M. Medlin, of Aberdeen.

Dr. McRae:

Mr. President, I would like to second the motion. I have known Dr. Medlin for quite a number of years, and I know what he is worth to dentistry, and what he has meant to this Dental Society and the work he has done. It, therefore, gives me great pleasure to second his nomination.

Dr. Chamblee:

I would like to add my second to Dr. McRae's nomination for Dr. Medlin. Dr. Medlin is from my home town. I helped raise him, and I know he is all right. We have been his hosts for a number of times. He has entertained us a number of times. He is a capable dentist, and if elected to this position, would serve us well. (Applause.)

Dr. Fred Hale:

I would like to say a word for Dr. Medlin. I helped raise him. I chaperoned him four years in college. I know he is a good fellow. We have met down here several times, and he has worked hard and done a beautiful job. I like them both. They are both good men, but I want to second the nomination of Dr. Medlin.

Motion for nominations to close, seconded, and carried.

President Parks:

We shall proceed to ballot. I shall request that everyone move to this side of the room.

(Members proceed to vote.)

Dr. Zeno Edwards:

Mr. President, Members of the North Carolina Dental Society: Dr. E. M. Medlin is duly elected secretary-treasurer of North Carolina Dental Society. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Nominations are now in order for two members for the Board of Dental Examiners.

Dr. Allen:

I would like to say a few words. I met this gentleman in Chapel Hill in 1933. I have loved him, found him to be a great inspiration to me and to all members of the Dental Society. We all know he has served North Carolina Dental Society from President on down, and has acted as a member of the North Carolina Board of Dental Examiners for three years. He is thoroughly familiar with this work. He has done a wonderful job. He has also acted as representative to the National Association of Dental Examiners. It gives me a great deal of pleasure to stand and nominate Dr. Paul Jones to succeed himself as member of the Board of Dental Examiners.

Dr. Hunt:

Mr. President, I wish to second the nomination of Dr. Jones.

Motion made to close nominations, seconded, and carried.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Dr. Jones, it gives me a great deal of pleasure to cast the vote of the membership of the North Carolina Dental Society for you as a member of the Examining Board to succeed yourself. (Applause.)

Dr. Jones:

Thank you.

President Parks:

Have you a speech?

Dr. Jones:

I don't believe I will make a speech now. I would like to say this to the Society, that the obligation incurred by this honor has never rested lightly on my shoulders. I assure you that I will continue to regard them as seriously and try to discharge them to the best of my ability. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Nominations are now in order for a member to succeed Dr. C. A. Graham, the Board of Examiners.

Dr. Underwood:

It was my pleasure to place in nomination when the opening that he has filled came up at our meeting before, and in the years he has served, it has been my pleasure to know him and to know his services have been admired by the men whom he has served. It is my pleasure to again offer Dr. Graham to succeed himself on the Board.

Dr. Gilliam:

I want to second that nomination.

Dr. Jarrett:

I move the nominations be closed, that he be elected by acclamation.

Motion seconded and carried.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I have the pleasure of casting the vote of the North Carolina Dental Society for you as a member of the Board of Dental Examiners to succeed yourself.

Dr. Graham:

Mr. President, I can resist everything in the world except temptation. I am just a little bit tempted to make a speech at this time, but I am going to resist that temptation. I thank you for your confidence. I say this to you, that if there is any man that serves on the Board of Examiners that doesn't lie down sometimes and cannot sleep after

these examinations, I say they must be made of concrete and stone. You might take it any way you wish, but you haven't done wrong by electing me to this place once more. You might think I am bragging, but listen to this, because of the fine gentlemen that serve on this Board with me, no matter what I might do, I couldn't hurt this Association, because these other men would keep me straight. I thank you, and I promise to you that I will do my level best to serve this Society and to render justice to these young men that come before us, trembling, and every one of you have been before the Board of Dental Examiners, and you know they tremble. When you ask them anything, you know their voices tremble. I bear this in mind at all times, to render justice to the best of my ability and to this great state of ours.

Thank you. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Nominations are now in order for a delegate to the American Dental Association.

Dr. Hunt:

The member of the House of Delegates of the American Dental Association is one of the most important positions that can be held by a member in this society. It has very often been the custom to bestow an honor upon a man. That is not the true method of sending a delegate to the ADA. The man who should be sent to the ADA as a delegate should be a man who has been tried and has not been found wanting. Those men who go as members of the House of Delegates of the National Dental Association must form contacts before they are able to be of service to the organization which sends them there. Please bear in mind in this case in sending to the House of Delegates the gentleman whom I shall name, you are honoring yourself, you are doing yourself a magnificent service in the National Dental Association. This man's record stands for itself. You know him and you know that he does the job. He doesn't accept the election and then leave the job to be done by an alternate. He is right there on the job. I take pleasure in nominating Henry Lineberger to succeed himself. (Applause.)

Dr. Moser:

I take pleasure in seconding that nomination.

Dr. Minges:

I move the nominations be closed, and that the secretary be instructed to cast a vote of this Society for Dr. Lineberger to succeed himself.

Motion seconded and carried.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Dr. Lineberger, it gives me great pleasure to cast the vote of North Carolina Dental Society for you as Delegate to the ADA to succeed yourself. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Have you a speech?

Dr. Lineberger:

I can say like my friend said, I appreciate your vote of confidence. I will do the very best I can. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Nominations are now in order for one delegate at large to the American Dental Association.

Dr. Sinclair:

In recent years North Carolina has been recognized nationally perhaps more than any other period during its life. The reason for that is because the delegates we have sent to the National Association have built up a wonderful contact that has resulted in members of the North Carolina Dental Association being appointed on very important committees of the American Dental Association. It has taken these gentlemen sometime, some years to build up that proper contact to where it yielded influence. We have a member of the North Carolina Dental Association who has already contacted them, and has a contact that cannot be surpassed by any dentist in the United States. He knows more dentists by their first name from California to Maine than any other dentist in the United States. Four meetings over the next three years should carry us to California, to Washington State, to Maine or Miami. This member would be present which means something, and I want to present to you one of the newer members to the North Carolina Dental Society, that is Walter T. McFall. (Applause.)

Nomination seconded.

Dr. S. R. Horton:

I move the nominations be closed and the secretary be instructed to cast the unanimous vote.

Motion seconded and carried.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I cast the vote of the North Carolina Dental Society for Dr. Walter T. McFall as the delegate at large to the American Dental Association.

President Parks:

Now it is in order to name four alternates to the American Dental Association.

Dr. Minges:

In order to expedite things, can't we vote on all four at one time?

President Parks:

If there are four nominations, we can.

Whom will you have for your alternates?

Dr. Minges:

I would like to nominate Dr. Frank Alford. He usually goes to the meetings.

Member:

I would like to nominate Dr. L. G. Coble from Greensboro.

Dr. Moser:

I would like to nominate Dr. S. L. Bobbitt from Raleigh.

Dr. Coffey:

I would like to nominate Dr. Current from Gastonia.

Dr. Paul Jones:

I would like to nominate as one of our alternates, the incoming president, Dr. Charlie Poindexter, of Greensboro.

Dr. Coffey:

I would like to have my nomination withdrawn in favor of Dr. Poindexter.

Nominations seconded.

Dr. Current:

I move the nominations be closed.

President Parks:

It has been moved and seconded that the nominations be closed. What is your pleasure?

Motion carried.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I will ask you gentlemen to stand. It gives me great pleasure to cast the vote of the North Carolina Dental Society for you as alternates to the American Dental Society at the meeting in Houston, Texas.

President Parks:

It is in order for us now to select a place for our meeting in 1941.

Dr. Walter Clark:

Mr. President, Members of the North Carolina Dental Society, do you wish to assemble in 1942 in a city known to the four corners of the world, a city known for its pure air. The dentists of Asheville are not going to secede from the union or start a revolution if you do not accept our invitation, however, we think it is bordering on taxation without representation when we do not have the meeting within eleven years in our city. In all seriousness, I extend to you a cordial and very friendly invitation to meet with us in 1942. In further evidence of that, there are a number of messages: "This organization representing civic and business interests in Asheville extend to you a cordial invitation to meet in Asheville next year, with every available facility for your convenience. We offer the aid of this organization." That is from the Chamber of Commerce. "I hope you will prevail on them to meet in Asheville." That is signed Holmes Bryson, Mayor. "We sincerely hope the dentists will accept Asheville's invitation to meet here this year." That is signed by the Chairman of the County Commissioners. There are communications from the hotels there, saying they would like to have you. (Applause.)

Dr. L. H. Butler:

Mr. President, Members of the North Carolina Dental Society, Greensboro will like very much to have you come meet with us in 1942. If I remember correctly, it was in 1927 when the North Carolina Dental Society last met with us. That has been about fourteen years. It has been in Asheville, it has been in Charlotte a couple of times, Elizabeth City once, in Wilmington twice, and most every other place that is able and capable of taking care of the Society since it has been to Greensboro. We cordially invite you to meet with us a year hence. We also have letters from our various civic organizations, the Mayor, Chamber of Commerce, what not, but I am not going to read them now, but we have them just the same. We cordially invite you to come to Greensboro a year hence.

Dr. Hunt:

I would like to second the motion for Asheville. I see that Greensboro has invited you too. I think that is a very friendly gesture on the part of Greensboro, I think it is nice. I would like to go to Greensboro myself. I always like to go there. The only thing is we are inviting you for 1942. The proper time to meet in Greensboro would be in the winter time. You know that is an awfully hot place in the summer. It is a nice place, but it is a hot place in the summer.

Another thing to consider, you have got to have hotels, you have got to have an auditorium. We have our auditorium up there. We have a good one with a loud speaker system. The City of Asheville is going to be pleased to turn over to the North Carolina Dental Society the facilities of that auditorium without any charge whatever to this North Carolina Dental Society.

If you boys come there at this time of the year, it is going to be all you can do to stay at home. You will stay up there. We want you to come.

Dr. Whittington:

Mr. President, I can't walk around and talk as well as Dr. Hunt—in fact standing still and holding on to this chair, I probably can't speak as well as Dr. Hunt. Speaking of going to Greensboro, if it is any colder in Asheville than it was down here, I don't believe I can stand it. We would be very glad to have you men come to Greensboro. We have the facilities. We really do have a Chamber of Commerce. We would be glad to have you there. We are going to find entertainment for the assistants. We want them to be there more than we had here for this meeting. I feel sure all of you will decide to vote for Greensboro.

Dr. Sheffield:

Mr. President, Members of the North Carolina Dental Society, I hesitate to speak after hearing the wonderful oratory of the men who have placed the invitations of their respective cities. I would just like to say that I believe my friend got mixed up on his seasons. He spoke of having the meeting in the summer. I believe we hold our meetings in the spring. You will find in good old Piedmont North Carolina a most delightful climate in the spring. There is another thing that we want you to consider and that is hotels. We have two wonderful hotels there, and we have a choice of either one as headquarters, and either one could handle this convention. We want you to come. We welcome you, and want you to feel that Greensboro, the pivot of the Piedmont, the Gate City of the South, extends you a very cordial and warm welcome to meet with us in 1942.

Dr. Underwood:

I would like to say we invite you to Greensboro, that we want you to come.

President Parks:

I have two invitations here, one from Wilmington and one from Myrtle Beach, S. C. If it is agreeable, we will take a standing vote.

Those in favor of Asheville, please stand. (Rises.)

Those in favor of Greensboro, please rise.

We will meet in Greensboro in 1942. (Applause.)

Dr. Hunt:

I move we make it unanimous.

President Parks:

All in favor, please stand. (All stand).

So ordered.

The meeting is now adjourned.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 14TH
GENERAL TABLE CLINICS

9:00 A. M.

Pictures (Ball Room)

"Teaching Mouth Health to Adults"

"Sports" By Field and Stream

Dr. T. W. Atwood, Duke Hospital

Dr. E. A. Branch, North Carolina State Department of Health

Progressive Clinics, Visiting Clinicians (Ball Room)

Clinic: Lecture—"Slides of Practical Cases," with question and answer period

By Walter Leabo, D.D.S., Shreveport, La.

Clinic: Lecture—Colored slide illustrating phases of general dental problems of every day practice—with a question and answer period—informal discussion

Fred D. Miller, D.D.S., Altoona, Pa.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES
WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 14TH

President Parks:

I declare a quorum present.

Dr. Minges:

We have with us Dr. Carl Reynolds, State Health Officer. We are glad to have Dr. Reynolds with us, and I move that he be given the privilege of the floor.

Motion seconded and duly carried.

Dr. Reynolds:

I thought Dr. Minges was a friend of mine.

Dr. Reynolds:

I want to say to you, gentlemen, I am very glad to get down even at this late hour. Dr. Cooper and I had planned to get down yesterday and enjoy a real session, get some food for thought from your various papers and discussions. I haven't got time. I wanted to appear before this crowd before we really got into the war and tell them something about our preparedness program and what a serious situation we have in North Carolina—speaking of North Carolina as one of the forty-eight states, is fast becoming on account of no facilities as yet are put into effect by the Federal Government to protect our civil population; millions of dollars are being spent to protect the soldier, but it is absolutely essential to my mind in this modern warfare, whether they are attacking the civilian population and industry and not attacking the armed forces that we have a similar appropriation in our preparedness program, because the dental profession is so closely allied to that of the medical profession. I feel that we are one body, one absolutely dependent on the other in this preparedness program. In our general program for the upbuilding of mankind, I feel that we are one body. For that reason, I feel that this body should stimulate some quick action on the now fifty-six bills that are pending in Congress that are in committee, some passed the Senate, some passed the house but not a complete job on any of them, and if you would just go down into these bases where they send in 18,000 civilians without any water, without any houses, it goes back to the primitive ages. There are bills in Congress today that will give us the money to anticipate that need, to give us courage, to give us water, to give us hospitals for the care of that civilian population and the army population that will live in these uninhabited areas after the army and navy bases are in full force. So I leave this one thought that when we go back home, if they would contact

our congressmen and our senators and get before them the picture of the importance of immediate action, we will get those hospitals—we will get those bills passed within ten days and it would afford us sufficient money as health officers, as medical men and as dentists to prepare a full program for the eventuality that may be just around the corner. (Applause.)

President Parks:

Thank you, Dr. Reynolds, we are glad for you to be with us.

Dr. Fleming:

Mr. President, I would like to introduce to you Dr. Cooper, the man who started dental health work in the schools of North Carolina more than twenty-three years ago. It is our pleasure to have him, and I want him to have a few words to say to us.

Dr. Cooper:

I don't want to make a speech. It is a privilege and pleasure to meet you folks and to enjoy the meeting of old friends, and to make new ones, and I hope you will live long, and I am proud of you. (Applause.)

Dr. Burke Fox:

REPORT OF PUBLICITY COMMITTEE

This is one committee which should not need a report, as its work should have made itself evident if it has any success.

While Pinehurst is a delightful spot for a convention, the lack of a daily newspaper with numerous reporters and photographers, plus rather inconvenient mail service for getting photographs out in time to have any news value, makes the publicity work more difficult and less effective.

Full stories were wired in to the Associated Press, with the most important items approved by the speakers themselves, to be sure that no misquotations appeared. Photographs were ordered made by a local photographer and mailed out to newspapers over the state and national press associations, but may not have been in time to get much usage.

I regret that illness just prior to the convention also handicapped my efforts in pre-convention publicity, but the large attendance showed that the advance publicity had some good effect.

I wish to acknowledge once more the great assistance to the society of "Colonel" Bob Madry, of the University at Chapel Hill, who has aided in our publicity work for a number of years without pay. I regret that our budget does not permit the gratitude of the society to take a more tangible form.

For two reasons, the state of my health, and a desire to have time at our next convention to enjoy the scientific programs, a privilege which is almost impossible for any working committee chairman, has caused me to ask our President to appoint a new chairman. With the able advice and assistance of Mr. Madry I feel sure that the publicity at our Greensboro meeting will be much better than this year.

I thank the society for the honor and privilege it has bestowed on me, and I assure my continued cooperation in any capacity in which I may serve.

Respectfully submitted,

BURKE W. FOX, *Chairman.*

President Parks:

You have heard the report of the Publicity Committee. What is your pleasure?

Moved, seconded and carried that report be adopted.

Mr. Bumgardner:

I would like to give the report of the Clinic Committee.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF CLINICS COMMITTEE

The Clinics Committee contacted each clinician by post card to ascertain their needs and supplies to present the clinics.

The following is a list of supplies that were obtained:

Motion picture projector.

Two lantern projectors.

Necessary screens for same.

Name plates were printed for each clinician.

Five shadow boxes.

Drop cords and miscellaneous.

Tables were set up in the ball room for table clinics and all incidentals were supplied.

Expenses incurred by this committee are as follows:

Post cards and postage	\$.70
Printing name plates	3.75
Telephone and Telegraph	2.54
Lantern Slide Bulb Burned Out	5.15
Motion Picture Bulb Breakage by Member	7.73
35 M.M. Slide Projector Bulb (Fall from table)	4.13
<hr/>	
	\$24.00

Motion to adopt report, seconded, and carried.

Dr. Lineberger:

I would like to make a report of National Health Program Committee.

REPORT OF NATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAM COMMITTEE

Dr. Ernest A. Branch appeared before a joint meeting of the Executive and Program Committees in Raleigh on October 24, 1940, and reviewed the situation in our state relative to the activities of the Society on Pre-natal clinics. He also stated that funds were now being made available for dental service for the indigent.

This subject was gone into thoroughly several years ago and it was thought advisable to proceed with the work as was outlined then by the Executive Committee.

A special committee, composed of H. O. Lineberger, Chairman, J. Martin Fleming and Paul E. Jones, was named and authorized to proceed with the work.

The following letter was sent to all dental members of the North Carolina Dental Society:

To the Members of the North Carolina Dental Society

Dear Doctors:

Much is being said at the present time about the medical and dental professions doing something to alleviate the suffering of indigents. We are hearing a great deal about reducing the maternal and infant death rates. Can dentistry do anything to help reduce these death rates (North Carolina's are among the highest) and will dentistry do what it can? These questions have been discussed pro and con for some time. We believe that dentistry can and will contribute to the solution of this problem. At least it would be a great contribution to humanity to relieve the suffering. Heretofore, the dentists have carried the full burden with little or no financial remuneration.

The Government agencies have become interested in this situation, to the extent, that they are now willing to aid in a financial way. In taking this position they have, to a great degree, placed the responsibility for this much needed service up to the dental profession.

The Executive Committee of the North Carolina Dental Society has for some time had under advisement the problem of dental care for the adult indigent. At their recent meeting a Committee composed of Dr. H. O. Lineberger, Chairman; Dr. J. Martin Fleming and Dr. Paul Jones, was appointed to confer with the State Director of Public Welfare and make recommendations to the members of the North Carolina Dental Society.

The Special Committee, in cooperation with the Officers and Executive Committee, of the North Carolina Dental Society, submits the following recommendation:

COUNTY ORGANIZATIONS

The President of the North Carolina Dental Society has named a temporary Chairman in the following counties (list attached hereto) who will be responsible for calling a meeting of the dentists, get up an organization for this service and ascertain which dentists will be willing to cooperate in this work. This service is voluntary and not compulsory on anyone. The negro dentist should be given an opportunity to participate in the program.

The County Chairman will furnish a list of the dentists who will participate in this plan to the County Welfare Agent in order that he or she will know to whom to send the patients. A duplicate list of dentists willing to participate should be sent immediately to the Chairman of the State Committee.

SUGGESTED PLAN

How Patients Are to Be Referred—Service Rendered—Funds

The State Welfare Department will furnish the County Welfare Agent uniform authorization blanks.

The patient, with an authorization for an extraction will be referred to the dentist. If the dentist finds additional extractions necessary he will communicate with the County Welfare Agent for a new authorization.

The State Director of Public Welfare has authorized the County Welfare Agents to pay the sum of \$1.00, for each tooth extracted, from funds which are now or may become available for medical care of indigents. The dentist making the extraction will present his bill to the County Welfare Agent (accompanied by the authorization for the extraction) on the first of the month following the work.

It may be that in some cases funds will not be available to pay the dentist when the bill is presented. That, of course, will have to be worked out locally between the dentist and the welfare department. However the County Welfare Departments have the authority to pay the dentists if and when funds are available for medical care of indigents.

It is appreciated that any suggested plan will necessarily have to be adjusted to meet existing local conditions. In some counties it may be deemed wise to utilize an out-patient department in connection with a hospital, in others to establish a central clinic, while in most counties the needed service will have to be rendered in the dental office.

Hoping that you may see your way clear to cooperate in the worthy endeavor, we are,

Sincerely yours,
H. O. LINEBERGER, *Chairman*
For the Committee.

The letter naturally caused some little confusion, but differences were due mainly to misunderstanding, however these were corrected. Some counties were unable to secure funds as had been first expected. This caused delay and necessitated the sending to all county dental chairmen the second letter.

Raleigh, N. C.
April 30, 1941

Dear Doctor:

These are rather unusual times and dentistry is being called upon, and we, in turn, are calling on you. You have been selected to represent the different activities which will be attempted in your County. We appreciated your willingness to help.

The purpose of this letter to you, as the dental representative in your County, is to say that we are having a number of inquiries as to how the local dentists will be paid when they extract teeth for the indigents referred to them by the local Welfare Departments. Some of the county chairmen have written and said they had been informed that their counties did not have any money provided for medical care of indigents. This is a rather unusual situation as we were under the impression that all County Welfare Departments in the State now have some funds allocated for this purpose.

However, it should be understood that whenever a dentist extracts teeth for an indigent, with the expectation of being paid by the Welfare Department, he should have a written authorization from the Welfare Department. I believe that this will be cleared up in your minds if you will re-read the instructions from Mr. Bost, the State Director of Welfare, to the County Welfare Agents. A copy of these instructions was sent to you.

The county budgets, of which the Welfare budget is only one, will be submitted to the County Commissioners the first Monday in May. My suggestion is that, if your County does not have any money in the budget for the medical care of indigents, now will be a good time to take this matter up with your County Welfare Agent and remind him or her of the instructions from Mrs. Bost regarding the payment of \$1.00 for each extraction for indigents referred by the Welfare Department.

I have purposely waited until now to write to you about this so that you may have it on your mind and call it to the attention of your County Welfare Agent just when the budget for next year is being made up.

I think in all probability it will be well for us to get together during the State Dental Society meeting at Pinehurst and discuss some of these matters. With that in view, I am suggesting that you listen for an announcement during the meeting as to when and where we will meet. But the budget making on the part of your Welfare Agent will not wait until then. This should be attended to now.

Sincerely yours,

H. O. LINEBERGER, *Chairman*,
Committee on Dental Care of Adult Indigents,
North Carolina Dental Society.

The meeting as was announced in the letter has been held and it is hoped that the program can be carried out from now on with little or no confusion.

Respectfully submitted,

H. O. LINEBERGER, *Chairman*

J. MARTIN FLEMING

PAUL E. JONES

January 14, 1941

To County Superintendents of Public Welfare:

Under date of February 14, 1938, we sent you a form letter relative to the tentative plan or recommendation of the Executive Committee of the North Carolina State Dental Society relative to dental service to indigent clients by the members of the State Dental Society. The recommendation was that the dentists extract teeth for indigent clients for the sum of one dollar per extraction to be paid from funds "which are now or may become available to County Public Welfare Departments for medical care of indigents."

Very recently the State Dental Society took official action in accepting the recommendation of their Executive Committee, so we are again calling to your attention this service which is available to indigents whom you can refer to the Dental Society. We believe this service will be of great value to your clients and will give a very splendid resource to the County Departments of Public Welfare in serving those who cannot pay for needed dental care.

This service will be given to both sexes although originally it was contemplated that pregnant women reporting to Pre-Natal and Maternal Health Clinics would have the first claim to it.

This arrangement or plan has the hearty approval of this Board and we appreciate the service and concessions made by the dental profession.

Since we have this very fine cooperation on the part of the dentists of the State, I am sure you will avail your clients and your Department of this health service.

We are enclosing herewith a sample authorization blank to be used in referring a patient. It is self-explanatory.

Sincerely yours,

MRS. W. T. BOST, *Commissioner*

(Quadruplicate)

DENTAL SERVICE FOR INDIGENTS

.....County Public Welfare Department
....., North Carolina

To Dr.

Address

Please extractteeth for

(Full Name)

of
 (Full Address)

If in your opinion additional teeth should be extracted, please communicate with this office.

You will be reimbursed at the rate of one dollar for each tooth extracted from funds which are now or may become available to this Department for Medical Care to indigents.

Date..... Signed.....

County Superintendent Public Welfare

Work received on..... day of....., 19.....

Signed.....

(Patient)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Two forms should be presented to dentist of patient's selection by patient when reporting for dental service; one form to be held by dentist for his records and one form to be presented by him to County Superintendent of Public Welfare by first of month following extraction in order that reimbursement can be made.

Two forms should be held in office of County Superintendent of Public Welfare for his records; one form to be placed in patient's or client's folder and one form in Medical or Health Service file.

FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY
 NC-NYA-721 NATIONAL YOUTH ADMINISTRATION MD-35
 FOR NORTH CAROLINA
 208 COMMERCIAL BUILDING, RALEIGH

April 3, 1941

To All County Chairmen:

Dear Doctor:

Dr. George E. Waters, State Health Supervisor for the National Youth Administration, appeared before a meeting of the North Carolina Military Affairs Committee and outlined a plan for Dental-Health Service desired by his agency.

In brief the plan is to pay the Dentist for dental examinations and treatments at a rate of \$3.00 per hour. Guaranteeing as much as two hours per day for two or three days per week. Restorations were to be performed at a rate and terms agreed to by the operating dentist and the student.

This plan was approved by the Military Affairs Committee and authorized by the Executive Committee.

These brief facts are being transmitted to you for your information as the Temporary Chairman in your county. It is hoped that you will cooperate with the NYA representative when he calls upon you in an effort to contact the dentist in your county. Any suggestions which you have to offer will, I assure you, be appreciated both by this committee as well as the NYA authorities.

Respectfully submitted,

DR. H. O. LINEBERGER,

Chairman for the Committee.

North Carolina Dental Society Committee cooperating with the National Youth Administration:

DR. J. MARTIN FLEMING

DR. PAUL JONES

DR. H. O. LINEBERGER

Alamance	H. V. Murray	McDowell	B. A. Dickson
Alexander	G. K. Carter	Macon	Lyle West
Alleghany	C. A. Reeves	Martin	W. C. Mercer
Anson	J. F. Williamson	Mecklenburg	T. P. Williamson
Beaufort	Z. L. Edwards	Mitchell	W. B. Masters
Bertie	C. G. Lancaster	Montgomery	S. H. McCall
Bladen	J. M. Pringle	Moore	E. M. Medlin
Brunswick	Roy C. Daniel	Nash	C. E. Minges
Buncombe	O. C. Barker	New Hanover	B. R. Morrison
Burke	Ralph Coffey	Northampton	J. William Brown
Cabarrus	G. S. Alexander	Onslow	L. R. Turner
Caldwell	J. S. Reece	Orange	H. W. Moore
Carteret	W. L. Woodward	Pasquotank	H. E. Butler
Caswell	L. G. Page	Pender	W. H. Young
Catawba	J. F. Campbell	Perquimmons	J. W. Zachary
Chatham	R. M. Farrell	Person	J. H. Hughes
Chowan	W. I. Hart	Pitt	Paul Fitzgerald
Cleveland	Hugh S. Plaster	Polk	J. E. Derby
Columbus	S. J. Potts	Randolph	C. D. Kistler
Craven	W. L. Hand	Richmond	J. H. Ellerbee
Cumberland	D. L. Pridgen	Robeson	L. J. Moore
Davidson	R. L. Reynolds	Rockingham	Everett Teague
Duplin	A. B. Bland	Rowan	W. C. Taylor
Durham	Henry Carr	Rutherford	E. N. Biggerstaff
Edgecombe	H. E. Weeks	Sampson	Wilbert Jackson
Forsyth	J. A. McClung	Scotland	Carl Moore
Franklin	D. T. Smithwick	Stanley	C. I. Miller
Gaston	D. E. McConnell	Stokes	V. L. DeHart
Granville	S. J. Finch	Surry	Jno. L. Ashby
Guilford	Neal Sheffield	Swain	L. W. Woody
Halifax	W. E. Murphrey	Transylvania	C. J. Goodwin
Harnett	C. D. Bain	Vance	H. L. Allen
Haywood	S. P. Gay	Union	S. C. Duncan
Henderson	J. G. Bennett	Wake	J. Martin Fleming
Hertford	J. B. Powell	Warren	Rufus Jones
Hoke	Marcus R. Smith	Washington	W. H. Johnson
Iredell	D. O. Montgomery	Watauga	W. M. Mattheson
Jackson	W. K. Chapman	Wayne	R. E. Williams
Johnston	C. W. Sanders	Wilkes	R. P. Casey
Lee	J. K. Hunt	Wilson	Oscar Hooks
Lenoir	J. G. Poole	Yadkin	Rosebud W. Garriott
Lincoln	S. H. Steelman	Yancey	C. M. Whisnant

Motion to adopt report, seconded and duly carried.

Dr. Alford:

Mr. President, I have a report I would like to make at this time. This is the report of the Committee on Adult Dental Health.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON ADULT DENTAL EDUCATION

Your committee wishes to report that we obtained all available information on what is being done in other states regarding dental health education and after careful consideration we wish to offer the following recommendations and thoughts for this committee to work on:

1. That the name of this committee be changed to Public Relations Committee.
 2. That an attempt be made to establish a state-wide Dental Health Week.
 3. That an effort be made to get the state, county, and city health departments to assist in promoting dental health education, for adults.
 4. Local advisory committees composed of the county health officer, superintendent of county schools, one county commissioner, two dentists—named by the district society officers of which they are members (all appointed by the North Carolina Dental Society) to be organized in each county to assist in the extension of the program in their respective counties.
 5. The promotion of dental health education should proceed through definite channels such as:
 - a Dental, Medical and Nursing Organizations
 - b Public Schools (This is being carried out in some counties at present)
 - c Parent Teacher Groups
 - d 4-H Clubs
 - e Farm and Home Demonstration Clubs
 - f Boy Scouts
 - g Girl Scouts
 - h Civic Organizations
 - i Carefully prepared radio talks
 - j Distribution of suitable literature, carefully prepared
 - k The Press
- The more outside agencies that can be interested in a program of this nature, the more far-reaching the results.
6. That all dental educational material must be approved by this committee before it is released to the public.

Respectfully submitted,

A. C. CURRENT
OLIN W. OWEN
L. M. EDWARDS
R. D. CLEMENTS
OSCAR HOOKS
FRANK ALFORD, *Chairman.*

Motion to adopt report, seconded, and carried.

Dr. Medlin:

I would like to make the report at this time of the General Arrangements Committee.

REPORT OF ARRANGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. President: I would like to make a report for the General Arrangement Committee: Carolina Hotel was engaged for meeting dates May 12-13-14. Attended meeting of state program and executive committee in Greensboro, July 21st, 1940.

A joint luncheon meeting of the local committees was held at the Carolina Hotel Sunday, January 12th, 1941. Present at this meeting were Drs. Smith,

Pridgen, Olive, McRae, Miller, Hunt, Barber, Garrett, Presnell, Daniels, and Medlin. Plans were laid out and discussed for our convention.

Mr. Richard Tufts was secured for the Address of Welcome and Dr. Cheatham for the Invocation. Room for various clinics were allocated. Assisted the Secretary in checking the blue-printing and arrangement of hotel space for exhibitors.

Twelve one-quarter pages, one one-eighth page, and one full page local ads for BULLETIN were obtained, amounting to \$125.00. Cooperated with Chairman Bumgardner of the clinic committee in obtaining requirements of clinicians. The excellence in the functioning of this committee was a great help to our committee.

Hotel reservations were made for out of state clinicians and guests and when necessary, these men were met. Typist and typewriter were secured to assist in registration. Smaller details, similar in every convention and too numerous to mention, were taken care of the best we could.

The committees received the highest type of cooperation from Harry Norris, the manager of the Hotel, and also from his employees. We would recommend that the Secretary be instructed to write letters of thanks to the following: Mr. Charles W. Picquet, who let the entertainment at the banquet and gave the ladies free passes to his theatre Monday evening. Also to Master Kirkpatrick and Miss Steagall of Southern Pines; to the Carolina Orchid Gardens; The Anglo Tweed Factory; and to Mr. Leland McKenthon, Toastmaster.

Respectfully submitted,

E. M. MEDLIN, *Chairman*
A. D. BARBER
PAUL MUNSELL
R. G. WHARTON
W. L. MCRAE
R. M. OLIVE

The Expenses of the Arrangement Committees were as follows:

Pinehurst Electric Co. for amplifier	\$20.00
Sherwood Brockwell	25.00

(Includes expense \$12.50 and fee \$12.50)

Ladies entertainment expense:

Bridge prizes, etc.	\$23.16
Telephone and telegraph	4.35

(Before and during meeting)

Total	\$72.51
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Motion to adopt report, seconded, and duly carried.

Dr. Marcus Smith:

Mr. President, this is the report of the Entertainment Committee.

ENTERTAINMENT COMMITTEE REPORT

About fifty of the ladies were taken on a tour Monday afternoon to Orchid Gardens and Anglo Tweed Factory.

Monday evening, Theatre Party.

Bridge Luncheon Tuesday morning, approximately fifty-six were present. For the banquet, Sherwood Brockwell was secured as speaker; Leland Mc-

Keithan, toastmaster; Charles W. Picquet, song leader; young Mr. Kirkpatrick, soloist; and Miss Steagall, as an accompanist.

Respectfully submitted,

MARCUS SMITH, *Chairman*
ROY PRIDGEON
J. K. HUNT
REID GARRETT
C. I. MILLER
L. H. PASCHAL

GOLF COMMITTEE REPORT

The Tournament was held Sunday afternoon, in which about seventy-five players participated.

Golf Dinner Monday evening, and prizes awarded.

Mr. Richard Tufts made a most interesting talk at this dinner on the rules of golf.

Respectfully submitted,

L. M. DANIELS, *Chairman*
R. R. HOUSE
FRED MENDENHALL
C. D. KISTLER
S. ROBERT HORTON
H. K. THOMPSON

Motion to adopt, seconded, and duly carried.

Dr. Pridgen:

Reporting again for the Committee, in carrying out instructions of the House of Delegates, Section 4, which reads, or which deals with those entitled to life membership to read as follows: "Life membership shall consist of active members who shall have paid the full annual dues twenty-five consecutive years." In that section dealing with the election of delegates to the American Dental Association is changed to read as follows: I might say that in consideration of this, we thought that the situation might arise whereby we would not be entitled to the fourth delegate. We took that into consideration in wording this section at each annual meeting.

Motion to adopt, seconded, and duly carried.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Just in this connection, I would like to ask has there been a provision made for the printing of a new constitution and by-laws?

President Parks:

Not that I know of.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

The secretary, I presume, will have that done. In that case, I will make a motion that this committee report their changes directly to the

secretary, that he is instructed by the North Carolina Dental Society to have a certain number of constitutions and by-laws printed and distributed to the members.

President Parks:

You have heard the motion. May I say just a word or ask a question rather. Will this constitution and by-laws be printed in the proceedings, is that the wishes of this organization?

It was last done in Blowing Rock.

Dr. Pridgen:

That is correct.

Dr. Sheffield:

If that is the case, would the secretary like to use the type that we have set up in the BULLETIN and cut some of the cost?

President Parks:

Yes.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I think that would be most appropriate and would save the society some expense, and I would like to include that in my motion.

President Parks:

Is there a second to that motion?

Dr. Minges:

The question rises there, if the editor wouldn't be the man to do it rather than the secretary inasmuch as he has the machinery there.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

We can arrange that. The thing we are trying to get at now is to have a new constitution and by-laws printed so the membership will have it available.

President Parks:

Dr. Presnell, do I understand you are going to print this in the proceedings and also print copies and send out to each member?

Dr. Presnell:

Why send him two copies of the constitution and by-laws? If he is going to get a copy in the proceedings, why send him a separate copy. Let this copy in the proceedings be his copy.

President Parks:

It would be much more convenient if you could slip this little pamphlet in your brief case than it would be in the whole proceedings.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Quite often the secretary is asked by different societies and secretaries for copies of the by-laws. Quite often the members will write in for copy of the by-laws. During the past year, I mailed out thirty copies of Constitution and By-Laws to other states who wished to revise theirs in accordance with ours, or use ours as a model. That is why I say I think we should have a small booklet that is handy.

Motion duly carried.

President Parks:

Any further reports?

Dr. Minges:

I would like permission to present a supplemental report of the Resolutions Committee.

I have here a short resolution handed me by Dr. P. B. Whittington as follows:

RESOLUTIONS

Whereas, on yesterday afternoon the Dental Assistants of North Carolina met and perfected an organization; and

Whereas, all of us recognize the important role the dental assistant plays in our office, therefore be it resolved that the North Carolina Dental Society go on record as endorsing this movement and pledging its whole-hearted cooperation to the new organization of North Carolina State Dental Assistants Society.

Respectfully,

P. B. WHITTINGTON.

Motion to adopt. Seconded and carried.

Dr. Minges:

I have here a resolution handed me by Dr. J. S. Betts.

Whereas, the work of the Division of Oral Hygiene is highly valued both at home and abroad, and has received national recognition to the extent that other states are copying the North Carolina program of the Mouth Health teaching; and the educational material prepared by this Division is being cordially received by the schools of the state, and this, too, is receiving hearty commendation as is evidenced by the many letters of approval of the handbook teaching Mouth Hygiene in North Carolina, written by Miss Mercer.

It is evident that their work not only deserves but needs the increased office space which the New Oral Hygiene Building now under construction will furnish.

Now, therefore, be it resolved that the North Carolina State Dental Society assembled in Annual Meeting extends its unanimous thanks

to Mr. R. G. Deyton, Director of the Budget; Dr. J. N. Johnson, Dental Member State Board of Health; Dr. Carl V. Reynolds, State Health Officer; and Mr. McGinnis, State WPA Director, for their valuable aid and assistance in making this building possible.

And be it further resolved, that a copy of this resolution be sent to each of the above named gentlemen, and a copy be recorded in the proceedings of the North Carolina State Dental Society.

I move that this resolution be adopted.

Motion seconded.

Dr. Minges:

May I speak a moment, I would like to say to whomever this duty falls to mail out this information, that Dr. Betts is particularly anxious that this get into the hand of these gentlemen before the meeting of the State Medical Society, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of next week, and that is a special request of his. He as well as I will appreciate it if that is mailed immediately.

Motion duly carried.

Dr. Minges:

I guess that job will be on the secretary-treasurer to see that this is mailed out.

President Parks:

Any further business?

Dr. Underwood:

This is not a report of any committee. We have a man that moved from our district and he has gone to Hawaii, and his dues are paid up. He was in good standing at the time he left the district. He has not left the district any instructions so we have got to make disposition of this case. I move Dr. J. B. Richardson be placed on the inactive list and back dues remitted. The reason Dr. Richardson moved out of the district and has gone to Hawaii is he is supposed to be connected with the Government Service. I don't know whether he is connected with military service there or whether he is in private practice. I would like to know if anyone does know.

Dr. Jackson:

Dr. Richardson went to Hawaii with the expectation of entering private practice. He asked for a certificate from the State Board of Dental Examiners which he received more than a year ago, probably two years ago. He requested that certificate to establish his residence in Hawaii. He would be there a year before he could take the examination. I had one card from him since, and he didn't say whether they

gave him his license or not. His year of residence is up. He is supposed to be in private practice. He is no longer licensed in North Carolina to practice dentistry. If he desires to resume practice in North Carolina, he would have to make application for such license.

President Parks:

You have heard the recommendation. What is your pleasure?

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Mr. Chairman, at the time Dr. Richardson moved to Hawaii, just prior to that, he wrote to the Secretary of the North Carolina Dental Society for a certificate that his dues were paid up and that he was in good standing which was given to him at the time. I brought his name here on a suspension list.

President Parks:

At the time this certificate was granted, he was eligible for the inactive list then. It is just up to the society to make a disposition of the case.

Dr. Bumgardner:

I think since he was moving out of the state, not practicing in the state, he would not automatically be on the inactive list.

Dr. Jackson:

He is out of the state, has no license to practice in North Carolina. He naturally would be placed there.

Dr. Underwood:

We didn't have the information Dr. Jackson presented to the House of Delegates. It seems to me that would put it on the inactive list or status. It seems to me we would just enter that on his record.

Dr. Alford:

I believe at the time this inactive list was established or begun at Chapel Hill, it was for the purpose of those men who were incapacitated in the state, paid their dues, but were not in the practice of dentistry. I doubt if Dr. Richardson would be eligible for inactive membership. He through the Hawaiian Dental Society can be a member of the American Dental Association. I think the only thing we can do is not suspend him, but just drop him from our membership because he is not inactive. He is in private practice over there or Government work. I don't believe we could consider him inactive.

President Parks:

Do you make that motion?

Dr. Alford:

Yes, I make that motion that he be dropped from our membership. If he ever comes back, he can resume membership in this Society.

President Parks:

If and when his license were restored.

Dr. Alford:

If and when his license were restored.

Motion seconded and carried.

Dr. Lineberger:

I have a couple of messages here of very vital importance to our membership. I would like to get them in the record if I may.

AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION
CHICAGO

May 10, 1941.

To State Military Affairs Committees, et al:

The following telegram released by the War Department is called to your attention:

"WAR DEPARTMENT
The Adjutant General's Office
Washington

May 5, 1941.

In Reply

Refer to: AG 210. 1 O. R. C.
(3-25-41) R-A

Subject: Appointment in the Dental and Veterinary Corps Reserve of inducted individuals.

To: Each Chief of Arm and Service.

1. The following radiogram has been sent this date to the Commanding Generals of all Field Armies, Corps Areas, and Departments.

INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE QUALIFIED FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE DENTAL AND VETERINARY CORPS RESERVE WHO HAVE BEEN INDUCTED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE SELECTIVE TRAINING AND SERVICE ACT OF NINETEEN FORTY SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED TO APPLY FOR APPOINTMENT IN ORDER THAT THEY MAY SERVE IN A PROFESSIONAL CAPACITY. INDIVIDUALS ACCEPTED FOR APPOINTMENT WILL BE DISCHARGED AND ORDERED TO EXTENDED ACTIVE DUTY FOR A PERIOD OF TWELVE CONSECUTIVE MONTHS.

By order of the Secretary of War:
Major General,
The Adjutant General."

More detailed information explanatory of the directive and concerning procedures in filing applications, their handling, etc., will be issued as promptly as possible by the War Department. In the meantime, the committee requests that an up-to-date list of dentists known to be drafted in an unprofessional capacity, with their present mailing address, be forwarded to the Chairman.

In accordance with the provisions of the telegram above, all dentists inducted in unprofessional capacity should contact their immediate commanders for the opportunity to file their applications for commission.

The committee suggests that dentists who have not yet been inducted, or are in Class I-A, should request deferment, with any other reasons, under the provisions of General Hershey's telegram of April 30th repeated in this communication, and while it must be understood that each local board determines the individual case, it is believed that much weight will be given the telegram calling attention to the "Overall national shortage of * * * dentists * * * dentist students * * * etc. If, however, induction becomes inevitable in certain cases, applications for commissions should be filed.

C O P Y
Manpower Division
April 30, 1941.

NIGHT LETTER

ALL STATE DIRECTORS

RECENT REPORT OF LABOR DIVISION OFFICE OF PRODUCTION MANAGEMENT DEMONSTRATES GROWING OVERALL NATIONAL SHORTAGE MEDICAL DOCTORS, DENTISTS, INTERNES, AND MEDICAL AND DENTAL STUDENTS, AND STRESSES IMPORTANCE OF DEFERMENT IN PROPER CASES. MEMORANDUM TO ALL STATE DIRECTORS I-62, APRIL 22, 1941, IS HEREBY AMENDED TO ADD MEDICINE AND DENTISTRY TO LIST OF SPECIAL STUDIES IN WHICH QUOTE DANGEROUSLY LOW LEVEL OF MANPOWER IS FOUND TO EXIST UNQUOTE AND REMOVED FROM LIST OF PENDING STUDIES. DETAILED RELEASE ON SUBJECT IS BEING FORWARDED BY MAIL.

GENERAL HERSHY.

I certify that this message is on official business necessary for the public service in the administration of the Selective Service Law.

KILBOURNE JOHNSTON,
Major, Infantry,
Chief, Manpower Division.

The above decisions in the War Department and Selective service have obviously been made for the purpose of preserving the "dangerously low level of manpower found to exist" in dentistry and kindred groups, so necessary to the preservation of the health of the nation in military, civilian and war industries.

The committee feels that dentistry should enter wholeheartedly in the effort to secure the maximum results under this program, and if in the future, with experience, it is found that revisions are found necessary, recommendations can be made by the committee to the proper governmental officials who will give them most careful consideration.

Very sincerely,
Committee on Dental Preparedness
By C. WILLARD CAMALIER, Chairman.

Dr. Lineberger:

Along that same line, I would like to make a motion, if I may, I move that the North Carolina Dental Society go on record as approving the Program of the American Dental Association Preparedness Committee, as reviewed so splendidly at our Monday Morning General Session by Dr. Gerald D. Timmons, Secretary of the American Dental Association Preparedness Committee.

Motion seconded and carried.

Dr. Jackson:

I move you, sir, that this body go on record as endorsing the record of Dental Education as outlined by Dr. Gies before this Assembly on Monday.

Motion seconded.

Dr. Minges:

I think this is more far reaching than we would think about just on first glance. If this action is not taken here today, the Board of Examiners will be placed in position of having to take a stand perhaps without authority—that is, I mean that it is possible and highly probable that under the present Harvard set up that those graduated are not going to be acceptable to our Board; if we endorse this position here, we are giving them the authority to prepare and execute resolutions they see fit in regard to the conducting of their work. I would heartily endorse that and speak very highly in favor of it.

President Parks:

Thank you.

Motion duly carried.

President Parks:

Any further reports?

Dr. Fitzgerald:

The secretary has some reports and information for the Society. First, the attendance at the 1941 meeting was as follows:

Members of the First District, 64; Second District, 112; Third District, 93; Fourth District, 75; Fifth District, 60, making a total membership of 404; visitors present, 203; exhibitors present, 30; dental assistants registered, 50; total attendance of 687 at the Pinehurst meeting.

New members joining in 1940 and 1941, the First District had 11; Second District, two; third District, seven; Fourth District, six; Fifth District, four.

I will read the names for you.

NEW MEMBERS JOINING 1940-1941
FIRST DISTRICT

Charles Z. Candler

C. W. McCall

George H. Carroll

A. B. Schriver

T. K. Darrough

Eugene N. Shapiro

Grover McC. Davis

C. B. Taylor

Wm. Hunsucker

D. M. Tuttle

J. L. Woody

SECOND DISTRICT

C. Robert Helsabeck, Jr. R. B. Gaddy

THIRD DISTRICT

Roy G. Adams	E. R. Nichols
Howard X. Bowling	J. Ross Pringle
J. A. McIntosh	Guy R. Willis

C. A. Parker

FOURTH DISTRICT

F. H. Biddell	A. L. Harris
R. L. Eagles	W. Yates League
J. Clyde Gibson	E. N. Smith

FIFTH DISTRICT

H. A. Baughan	D. L. Wells
Leroy C. Grant, Jr.	M. M. Lilly

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I will now read the list of members reinstated during the year 1940-1941.

The following members were reinstated during the year 1940-1941:

FIRST DISTRICT

E. D. Jones, West Jefferson

SECOND DISTRICT

W. P. Weeks

THIRD DISTRICT

J. D. Gregg	F. H. Underwood
Geo. C. Herr	C. D. Dawkins
H. N. Simpson	A. E. Frazier

FOURTH DISTRICT

A. W. Nance N. G. Newman

FIFTH DISTRICT

R. W. Moore

Dr. Fitzgerald:

The next list are members for suspension, which are as follows:

FOR SUSPENSION

FIRST DISTRICT

B. F. Hall	L. T. Russell, Jr.
C. H. Harrell	R. B. Sams

SECOND DISTRICT

None

THIRD DISTRICT

D. R. Pitts J. B. Richardson

FOURTH DISTRICT

Samuel J. Potts

FIFTH DISTRICT

M. E. Herman Wallace S. Griffin

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I would be glad if the Society would give me a few days, as the balance of these might pay their dues. After that time, if I have not succeeded, I shall turn the list over to the editor for publication.

Dr. Jackson:

I move the time be extended until it is necessary for him to close his books for final audit before transferring to the new secretary.

Motion seconded and carried.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I have here a report of the Exhibit Committee.

REPORT OF THE EXHIBIT COMMITTEE
OF THE
NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY
FOR THE YEAR 1940-1941

The Exhibit Committee wishes to submit the following report:

Amount of Exhibit Space Sold	\$610.00
Amount of Exhibit Space Collected for	610.00

There were several spaces sold which were later cancelled, the exhibitors giving as a reason that they did not have available men to look after exhibits. This was caused in part by employees entering military service.

PAUL FITZGERALD, *Chairman.*

Motion to accept report, seconded, and carried.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

I would like to give the report of the Program Committee of the North Carolina Dental Society.

REPORT OF THE PROGRAM COMMITTEE
OF THE

NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY FOR 1940-1941

The Program Committee in conjunction with the Executive Committee held three meetings during the year.

The first meeting was held in the Charlotte Hotel, Charlotte, N. C., on May 8th, 1940.

The next meeting was in Greensboro at the O. Henry Hotel on July 21st, 1940, and the third meeting was held in Raleigh at the Carolina Hotel on October 28th, 1940.

The result of the activities of the Committee is the program for this meeting.

The Executive Committee allowed us \$800.00 for honorariums and expenses of the meeting.

PAUL FITZGERALD, *Chairman.*

Motion to adopt report, seconded, and carried.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

It has been customary for the secretary to make a financial statement to the membership at the meeting. This statement, of course, is

not complete nor in full. It will be published in the proceedings later on at the close of the fiscal year. It is for the information of the members.

NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY
GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS
For the Year Ended May 31, 1941

Receipts

	<i>Annual Member- ships</i>	<i>Life Member- ships</i>	<i>Totals</i>
District Receipts—Membership Dues:			
First District	\$1,442.00	\$ 78.00	\$1,520.00
Second District	1,576.00	74.00	1,650.00
Third District	1,324.00	72.00	1,396.00
Fourth District	748.00	94.00	842.00
Fifth District	1,078.00	78.00	1,156.00
Total District Receipts	<u>\$6,168.00</u>	<u>\$ 396.00</u>	<u>\$6,564.00</u>
Miscellaneous Receipts:			
Sale of Exhibit Space		\$ 580.00	
Refunds—American Dental Association		48.00	
Washington University		6.00	
Total Miscellaneous Receipts			634.00
Total Receipts			\$7,198.00
Balance—June 1, 1940			1,711.71
Total			<u>\$8,909.71</u>

Disbursements

American Dental Association:	
Proportionate Part of Dues from Members:	
Annual	\$2,994.00
Life	396.00
Total American Dental Association	\$3,390.00
Expenses:	
Salary—Editor-Publisher	\$ 150.00
Salary—Secretary-Treasurer	250.00
Salaries—District Secretaries	125.00
Dr. J. Martin Fleming—Relief Fund	200.00
Printing—66th Proceedings	633.40
Honorarium and Expense	838.61
Reporting and Secretarial Expense	181.00
Badges and Emblems	60.25
Stationery, Printing, and Supplies	95.52
Programs	64.00
Entertainment	85.01
Banquet Guest Tickets	14.42

Fidelity Bonds	53.75
Auditing	25.00
Membership Dues Refunded	12.00
Postage	57.46
Telephone and Telegraph	15.23
Intangible Tax	1.53
Donation—A. D. A. Journal of Research	100.00
Expense to Meeting "Cradle of Dental Education"	50.00
 Total Expenses	 3,012.18
Other Disbursements:	
U. S. Defense Saving Bonds—Series "F"	999.00
 Total Disbursements	 \$7,401.18
Balance—May 31, 1941	1,508.53
 Total	 \$8,909.71

NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY
GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

BANK RECONCILIATION—GUARANTY BANK AND TRUST CO.
May 31, 1941

Balance Per Bank Statement—May 31, 1941	\$2,532.53
Less: Outstanding Checks	
Number Date Payable To Amount	
301 5-10-41 American Dental Association \$ 174.00	
319 5-16-41 American Dental Association 60.00	
321 5-21-41 American Dental Association 90.00	
322 5-21-41 American Dental Association 112.00	
324 5-22-41 American Dental Association 248.00	
326 5-27-41 American Dental Association 180.00	
328 5-29-41 American Dental Association 154.00	
329 5-29-41 American Dental Association 6.00	
 Total Outstanding Checks	 1,024.00
 Balance—May 31, 1941	 \$1,508.53

A. T. ALLEN & COMPANY
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
ASHEBORO, N. C.

To The Officers and Directors of
The North Carolina Dental Society
Greenville, North Carolina

Gentlemen:

As requested by you, we have examined the accounts and records of The North Carolina Dental Society as maintained by Dr. Paul Fitzgerald of Greenville, North Carolina, for the year ended May 31, 1941, and submit as our report thereon a Balance Sheet as of May 31, 1941, a Statement of Receipts and Disbursements for the year ended May 31, 1941, a Reconciliation of the Balance on Deposit with the Guaranty Bank and Trust Company, Greenville, North Carolina, as of May 31, 1941, and the following comments.

All recorded receipts were traced to the bank account and the remittance reports were checked against the recorded receipts of the state treasurer. The only discrepancy noted in this connection was "Report and Remittance No. I—June 15, 1940" in which A. W. Craver, Secretary Third District Dental Society remitted Current Dues for one 1940 card of \$12.00. By reference to the cash receipts of July 2, 1940, we find the deposit covering these dues to have been \$10.00. As to whether the remittance report or the deposit was in error, we are unable to state from the information available.

All payments to National Association Headquarters were verified by comparison with receipts furnished by that organization.

All other disbursements were examined by us by an inspection of the cancelled checks and paid invoices in support of these disbursements.

United States Treasury Baby Bonds in the amount of \$3,750.00 were not available for our inspection. On May 28, 1941, the North Carolina Dental Society purchased \$1,300.00 United States Defense Savings Bonds, Series "F" for the sum of \$999.00. These bonds were not available for our inspection. However, correspondence between the Guaranty Bank and Trust Company of Greenville, North Carolina, and the Federal Reserve Bank of Richmond, Virginia, relative to the purchase of the above bonds was presented for our inspection.

A comparison of total receipts, expense disbursements, and net gain or loss for the fiscal years 1937 to 1941 inclusive is given below.

<i>Year</i>	<i>Receipts</i>	<i>Expense</i>	<i>Net Gain or Loss</i>
1937	\$ 5,895.82	\$ 4,916.21	\$ 979.61
1938	6,060.03	5,760.00	300.03
1939	5,827.50	4,768.34	1,059.16
1940	5,821.00	6,458.90	637.90
1941	7,198.00	6,402.18	795.82
TOTALS	\$30,802.35	\$28,305.63	\$ 2,496.72

We hereby certify that, in our opinion, subject to the foregoing comments, the accompanying Balance Sheet and Statement of Receipts and Disbursements correctly present the financial condition of the North Carolina Dental Society as of May 31, 1941, and the summary of Receipts and Disbursements for the year then ended.

Respectfully submitted,

A. T. ALLEN AND COMPANY
Certified Public Accountants

June 28, 1941
Asheboro, N. C.

NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY
GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA
BALANCE SHEET
May 31, 1941

Assets

Cash in Bank—Guaranty Bank and Trust Company Greenville, North Carolina (Schedule 1).....	\$1,508.53
Investments—5—\$1,000 U. S. Treasury Baby Bonds.....	\$3,750.00
\$1,300 U. S. Defense Savings Bonds Series "F"	99.00
TOTAL ASSETS	4,749.00
	\$6,257.53

Liabilities and Net Worth

No liabilities	\$.00
Net Worth	6,257.53

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET WORTH\$6,257.53

NOTE:—Under date of June 10, 1941, Dr. Fitzgerald advises that there has been refunded from the Guaranty Bank and Trust Company, Greenville, North Carolina, \$37.00 on the cost of U. S. Defense Bonds, Series "F", which will increase the amount of cash to be turned over to his successor from \$1,508.53 to \$1,545.53, with a corresponding decrease in defense bonds, leaving that cost at \$962.00.

July 9, 1941

Dr. Paul Fitzgerald
Greenville, N. C.

Dear Doctor,

Cancelled check no. 54, June 15th, 1940, R & R No. 1, is for \$10.00.

Our Report to Dr. O. L. Presnell, June 2, 1941, shows R & R No. 1 check No. 54 remitted by Dr. A. W. Craver to Dr. Paul Fitzgerald to be \$10.00.

I hope this gives you the information you need.

Yours truly,
R. L. UNDERWOOD,
Secretary-Treasurer
Third District Dental Society

President Parks:

Is there any further business? If not a motion for adjournment is in order.

FINAL GENERAL SESSION

President Parks:

The first order of business is the installation of the president. I shall ask Dr. McRae, and Dr. Frank Alford to present our president-elect, Dr. C. C. Poindexter.

Dr. Poindexter, it gives me a great deal of pleasure to install you as president of the North Carolina Dental Society and to present this gavel to you. I know the society will be in good hands for the coming year. We know you are going to do a wonderful job, and right now I want to pledge you my support and cooperation in any way I might serve you as president. (Applause.)

President-Elect Poindexter:

Claude: The North Carolina Dental Society has gone far in the past sixty-seven years, in the immediate past year, your administration, there has been a continued growth and many fine things accomplished. We shall always remember and be grateful for the work you

have done. To you and to my fellow members, I accept this gavel with an awkward feeling, a feeling of my inability to properly administer the affairs of this office, but knowing that I can rely on your counsel and cooperation, I simply pledge again the best that I have. (Applause.)

The next order of business is installation of the president-elect.

Paul: I am very glad to install you as President-Elect of the North Carolina Dental Society. We know that you will bring the good work from the Secretary-Treasurer into your new office and I predict for you a most successful admission.

Dr. Fitzgerald:

Thank you, Charlie.

President Poindexter:

Next we will have the induction of the vice-president. I shall ask Dr. Alford and Dr. Erwin to escort Dr. McRae.

Mac: I feel that the state society has honored itself and the office by electing you vice-president and I am happy to install as such at this time. It is a comfortable feeling to have a man around of your experience and I warn you now that I will be calling on you many times during the year.

Dr. McRae:

I thank you, Dr. Poindexter. I shall be glad to cooperate with you and any of your associates in any work that you see fit for them to do. (Applause.)

President Poindexter:

The next order of business is the installation of secretary-treasurer. I will ask Dr. Bumgardner and Dr. Underwood to escort Dr. Medlin up here.

Dr. Medlin: It is a pleasure to install you secretary-treasurer of the North Carolina Dental Society. You are assuming a big job but knowing your capacity work, I am satisfied that you will carry on the duties of the office satisfactorily to every one.

Dr. Medlin:

Mr. President, and Fellow Members of North Carolina Dental Society: I want to thank you for this great honor that has been bestowed upon me. I take up my duties in this office with a full realization of the immense amount of work and the great responsibility attached to it. I want to pledge you my best efforts in continuing the fine work that the Society has received from the predecessors from

our past three secretaries and further back. I will endeavor to endeavor to reply promptly to every communication received, and if any matter comes up that I am not familiar with or don't know, I have already secured the promise of three very fine gentlemen to help me, Roy Pridgen, Frank Alford, and Paul Fitzgerald.

Again I thank you. (Applause.)

President Poindexter:

The next procedure is to install the newly elected members of the Board of Examiners. I don't believe that either one is here. I would like to say, however, that so long as we have men of their caliber charged with enforcing the dental law and passing upon the knowledge and character of an applicant, we will have no fear of the future high type personnel of the state society.

We will now have the installation of the Delegates to the American Dental Association. Dr. Lineberger and Dr. McFall were elected last night. Knowing their ability as well as our other delegates, Clyde Minges and Wilbert Jackson, we are definitely sure that if an occasion arises in Houston, North Carolina will be heard from.

Dr. Lineberger:

Thank you, I will do my best.

President Poindexter:

Any further business, if not, I will read my committee appointments.

COMMITTEES 1941-1942

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Amos Bumgardner, '42	Chairman
A. T. Jennette, '43	W. F. Clayton, '44

PROGRAM CLINIC COMMITTEE

E. M. Medlin,	Chairman
Clyde Minges	Frank O. Alford
D. L. Pridgen	H. A. Edwards
L. G. Coble	S. P. Gay

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE

J. N. Johnson, '42	C. C. Poindexter, '44
W. K. Chapman, '43	H. O. Lineberger, '45
Paul Jones, '46	

RESOLUTIONS COMMITTEE

S. Robert Horton,	Chairman
H. K. Foster	Ralph Jarrett
J. F. Reece	H. A. Edwards
Clyde Current	L. G. Page

ETHICS COMMITTEE

W. L. McRae, *Chairman*

R. F. Hunt	S. E. Moser
J. H. Guion	Harry Keel
H. M. Patterson	Howard Branch

SOCIO-ECONOMICS COMMITTEE

• R. M. Olive, *Chairman*

Guy Masten	B. A. Dickson
Dan Mizelle	Dan Carr
Sandy Marks	C. D. Wheeler

NECROLOGY COMMITTEE

W. R. McKaughan, *Chairman*

M. H. Truluck	R. H. Holden
Joe V. Davis, Jr.	Thomas M. Hunter
C. A. Thomas	Edward Eatman

EXTENSION COURSE COMMITTEE

Henry Carr, *Chairman*

J. M. Holland	Junius C. Smith
C. B. Yount	E. L. Smith
H. E. Butler	F. W. Davis

INSURANCE COMMITTEE

F. L. Hunt, '44, *Chairman*

Neal Sheffield, '44	H. C. Dixon, '43
R. E. Spoon, '44	A. P. Hartman, '42
G. L. Hooper, '43	J. F. Duke, '42

CLINIC BOARD OF CENSORS COMMITTEE

E. G. Click, *Chairman*

W. E. Clark	C. W. Sanders
R. E. Spoon	Coyte Minges
J. S. Frost	I. R. Self

SUPERINTENDENT OF CLINICS COMMITTEE

J. T. Lasley, *Chairman*

W. R. Hinton	W. H. Parker
L. F. Bumgardner	R. W. Brannock
J. F. Campbell	Walter Neal

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE

A. W. Craver, *Chairman*

Burke W. Fox	G. L. Overman
K. L. Johnson	James H. Smith
L. R. Thompson	W. R. Aiken

PUBLIC RELATIONS COMMITTEE

Walter T. McFall, '44, *Chairman*

A. C. Current, '43	Olin W. Owens, '42
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EDUCATION OF NEGRO DENTISTS COMMITTEE

S. L. Bobbitt, '44, *Chairman*

John Pharr, '44	H. E. Nixon, '43
Wm. M. Matheson, '44	Z. V. Parker, '42
D. K. Lockhart, '43	S. D. Poole, '42

LIBRARY AND HISTORICAL COMMITTEE

J. M. Fleming, *Chairman*

Royster Chamblee	J. S. Betts
W. T. Martin	W. T. Smith
J. S. Spurgeon	C. T. Lipscomb

PUBLICATION COMMITTEE

J. P. Bingham, *Chairman*

T. W. Atwood	N. M. Medford
D. W. Holcomb	R. B. Harrell
G. S. Alexander	Wallace Gibbs

ORAL HYGIENE COMMITTEE

E. A. Branch, *Chairman*

A. W. Bottoms	Robert Masten
F. G. Johnson	Rosebud Morse Garriott
A. C. Early	Ralph Herman

STATE INSTITUTIONS COMMITTEE

Ralph C. Coffey, *Chairman*

J. A. Marshburn	T. L. Young
G. L. Overman	J. K. Hunt
L. J. Moore	Dewey Boseman

PROFESSIONAL RELATIONS COMMITTEE

H. O. Lineberger, '44, *Chairman*

John A. McClung, '43	Z. L. Edwards, '42
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COMMUNICABLE DISEASES COMMITTEE

S. H. Steelman, *Chairman*

A. D. Barber	L. R. Turner
W. H. Breeland	L. C. Holshouser
C. H. Bryan	C. A. Blackburn

DENTAL HYGIENIST COMMITTEE

C. M. Parks, *Chairman*

Frank O. Alford	D. L. Pridgen
Clyde Minges	D. H. Erwin

MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

H. O. Lineberger, *Chairman*

H. C. Carr	Paul Jones	A. S. Bumgardner
George Patterson	W. K. Chapman	Frank W. Kirk
I. H. Hoyle	R. D. Coffey	R. A. Wilkins
John L. Ashby	E. M. Medlin	R. L. Underwood
A. T. Jennette	Neal Shefield	J. W. Whitehead
C. C. Poindexter	H. V. Murray	Z. V. Parker
Paul Fitzgerald	Wilbert Jackson	Herbert Spear
	H. L. Allen	

**ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO THE NORTH CAROLINA
DENTAL ASSISTANTS ASSOCIATION**

John Ashby	Wilbert Jackson, <i>Chairman</i>
	F. L. Hunt

NATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAM COMMITTEE

Royster Chamblee, '43	J. Martin Fleming, '44, <i>Chairman</i>
	C. W. Sanders, '42

AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION RELIEF COMMITTEE

O. R. Hodgin	J. C. Watkins, <i>Chairman</i>
S. J. Ward	David Abernathy, Jr.
William M. Davenport	Herbert Long
	W. W. Rankin

MEMBERSHIP COMMITTEE

J. D. Kiser	Paul Fitzgerald, <i>Chairman</i>
Frank W. Kirk	Herbert Spear
Howard L. Allen	R. L. Underwood
	Ralph C. Coffey

RED CROSS RELIEF COMMITTEE

J. P. Reece	Paul Fitzgerald, <i>Chairman</i>
Herbert Spear	R. L. Underwood
Ralph C. Coffey	Howard L. Allen
	Frank W. Kirk

EXHIBIT COMMITTEE

Neal Sheffield	E. M. Medlin, <i>Chairman</i>
C. A. Barkley	Gates McKaughan
E. R. Shoaf	A. R. Kistler
	John E. Pleasants

ENTERTAINMENT OUT-OF-STATE VISITORS

S. W. Shaffer	Clyde Minges, <i>Chairman</i>
Wilbert Jackson	O. C. Barker
Darden J. Eure	G. A. Lazenby
	J. H. Hughes

HOUSING COMMITTEE

W. A. Pressly, Jr., <i>Chairman</i>	S. W. Shaffer
	J. N. Caudle

ARRANGEMENTS COMMITTEE

T. Edgar Sikes, <i>Honorary Chairman</i>	L. H. Butler, <i>Chairman</i>
J. Cecil Crank	A. W. Craver
W. R. Hinton	J. S. Betts
C. H. Teague	C. N. Stone

ENTERTAINMENT COMMITTEE

A. R. Stanford, <i>Chairman</i>	D. H. Erwin
	C. T. Lipscomb
L. G. Coble	E. A. Troxler
W. A. Pressly, Jr.	Fred S. Caddell

GOLF COMMITTEE

P. B. Whittington, *Chairman*

R. L. Underwood

J. S. Spurgeon

J. H. Nicholson

F. C. Mendenhall

C. D. Kistler

F. E. Gilliam

President Poindexter:

It might be best to make one or two changes later, but in the main they are probably right.

Dr. Minges:

I move the President be accorded the privilege of making any changes he sees fit and receive them as read.

Seconded and carried.

President Poindexter:

Is there any further business to come before the Society? If not, the chair will entertain a motion to adjourn.

Motion made and seconded, carried.

President Poindexter:

I declare the Sixty-Seventh Annual Meeting of the North Carolina Dental Society adjourned.

(Whereupon, the meeting adjourned sine die.)

ROSTER OF MEMBERS

FIRST DISTRICT

*A. D. Abernathy, Sr.	Granite Falls
*David Abernathy, Jr.	Hickory
*G. Shuford Abernathy	Hickory
*W. R. Aiken	Asheville
L. P. Baker (Life)	King's Mountain
*O. C. Barker (Life)	Asheville
M. R. Barringer	Newton
*J. G. Bennett	Hendersonville
*E. N. Biggerstaff	Spindale
*A. W. Bottoms	Canton
A. V. Boyles	Dallas
*W. H. Breeland	Belmont
*J. F. Campbell	Hickory
*Charles Z. Candler	Morganton
*W. H. Carpenter	Hendersonville
George H. Carrell	Asheville
H. H. Carson (Life)	Hendersonville
*J. M. Cheek (State B. of H.)	Raleigh
W. K. Chapman	Sylva
*W. E. Clark	Asheville
*A. P. Cline	Canton
*R. D. Coffey	Morganton
*E. W. Connell	Mount Holly
D. S. Cooke	Lenoir
D. H. Crawford	Marion
*A. C. Current	Gastonia
*T. K. Darrough	Biltmore
William Davenport	Spruce Pine
*Grover McCrary Davis	Hazelwood
*F. W. Davis	Asheville
J. E. Derby	Tryon
*B. A. Dickson	Marion
*H. C. Dixon	Shelby
B. C. Drum	Conover
A. C. Edwards	Lawndale
George J. Evans	Asheville
*P. R. Falls (Life)	Gastonia
*Ralph Lane Falls	Morganton
*John R. Fritz	Hickory
*H. D. Froneberger	Gastonia
*S. P. Gay	Waynesville
*E. T. Glenn	Boone
*C. J. Goodwin	Brevard
Ben P. Grant	Franklin

* Indicates members registered at the Sixty-Seventh Annual meeting, Pinehurst, North Carolina, May 12, 13, 14, 1941.

(Life) Life members, by virtue of having paid dues for twenty-five consecutive years.

I. K. Grimes.....	Asheville
*Paul E. Hedrick.....	Lenoir
Macon Hewitt.....	Marion
F. B. Hicks.....	Hickory
R. C. Hicks.....	Shelby
C. Highsmith.....	Gastonia
E. L. Holt.....	Murphy
J. S. Howell.....	Morganton
*R. R. Howes.....	Forest City
Wm. Hunsucker.....	Morganton
*F. L. Hunt.....	Asheville
*Edgar D. Jones.....	West Jefferson
O. R. Keith, Jr.....	Hendersonville
*A. A. Lackey.....	Fallston
O. P. Lewis.....	King's Mountain
J. B. Little (Life).....	Hickory
N. P. Maddux (Life).....	Asheville
*J. A. Marshburn.....	Black Mountain
*Wm. M. Matheson.....	Boone
H. M. May.....	Asheville
N. M. Medford.....	Waynesville
O. L. Moore.....	Lenoir
O. S. Moore.....	Mount Holly
*Jessie Zachary Moreland.....	Highlands
*S. E. Moser.....	Gastonia
*C. S. McCall.....	Forest City
C. W. McCall.....	Tryon
*D. E. McConnell (Life).....	Gastonia
C. H. McCracken.....	Asheville
*W. J. McDaniel.....	Rutherfordton
*Walter T. McFall.....	Asheville
Alice Patsy McGuire.....	Sylva
Daisy Z. McGuire.....	Sylva
*Harold S. McGuire.....	Sylva
*Noracella McGuire.....	Sylva
W. P. McGuire.....	Sylva
J. R. Osborne (Life).....	Shelby
J. M. Parker (Life).....	Asheville
*W. H. Parker.....	Valdese
George K. Patterson.....	Asheville
*C. M. Peeler (Life).....	Shelby
*Hugh S. Plaster.....	Shelby
Harold E. Plaster.....	Shelby
*Cecil A. Pless.....	Asheville
Arthur M. Ramsey.....	Marshall
*J. L. Raymer.....	Shelby
W. C. Raymer.....	Newton
J. F. Reece.....	Lenoir
R. C. Rhea.....	Canton
*H. L. Robertson.....	Cliffside
L. C. Rollins.....	Canton
L. T. Russell, Jr.....	Canton

A. B. Schriver.....	Hickory
*I. R. Self (Life).....	Lincolnton
*Ruffin Self.....	Lincolnton
Eugene N. Shapiro.....	Asheville
*J. A. Sinclair (Life).....	Asheville
*W. M. Sloop.....	Crossnore
George W. Smith (State B. of H.).....	Raleigh
*S. H. Steelman.....	Lincolnton
R. R. Steinman.....	Enka
C. W. Stevens (State B. of H.).....	Raleigh
P. R. Taylor.....	Belmont
*C. B. Taylor.....	Hendersonville
Paul Troutman.....	Hickory
*M. H. Truluck.....	Asheville
*W. J. Turbeyfill.....	Asheville
*David M. Tuttle.....	Gastonia
*R. C. Weaver.....	Asheville
B. R. Webster.....	Newton
Evans S. Wehunt.....	Cherryville
*C. T. Wells.....	Canton
J. L. West.....	Franklin
*C. M. Whisnant.....	Burnsville
F. R. Wilkins.....	Forest City
P. W. Winchester.....	Morganton
J. L. Woody.....	Bryson City
L. W. Woody.....	Spruce Pine
P. P. Yates.....	Lenoir
*W. D. Yelton.....	Hickory
*C. B. Yount.....	Hickory

SECOND DISTRICT

*G. S. Alexander.....	Kannapolis
*F. O. Alford.....	Charlotte
T. I. Allen.....	Charlotte
Fred Anderson.....	Winston-Salem
*Dale Arthur.....	Charlotte
*J. L. Ashby.....	Mount Airy
J. E. Banner (Life).....	Mount Airy
*Carl A. Barkley.....	Winston-Salem
*J. R. Bell.....	Charlotte
*D. L. Belvin.....	Charlotte
A. M. Berryhill (Deceased, Died 1941).....	Charlotte
J. P. Bingham, Jr.....	Lexington
*J. P. Bingham, Sr.....	Lexington
*A. R. Black.....	Charlotte
*V. A. Black.....	Charlotte
*Chas. A. Blackburn.....	Winston-Salem
*H. L. Brooks.....	Monroe
*I. A. Booze.....	King
*A. S. Bumgardner.....	Charlotte
*L. F. Bumgardner.....	Charlotte
*Robt. T. Byerly.....	Winston-Salem
*Hylton K. Crofts.....	Winston-Salem

*George K. Carter.....	Taylorsville
*R. P. Casey.....	North Wilkesboro
Allen H. Cash.....	Winston-Salem
*A. C. Chamberlain.....	North Wilkesboro
E. C. Choate.....	Salisbury
*E. G. Click (Life).....	Elkin
*L. C. Couch.....	Elkin
W. J. Conrad (Life).....	Winston-Salem
Vernon H. Cox.....	Winston-Salem
*R. W. Crews.....	Thomasville
*W. Clyde Current.....	Statesville
*Joe V. Davis, Jr.....	Concord
V. L. DeHart.....	Walnut Grove
*S. C. Duncan.....	Monroe
*R. H. Ellington.....	Salisbury
Marvin R. Evans (State B. of H.).....	Winston-Salem
C. L. Folger.....	Dobson
J. M. Folger.....	Dobson
*M. O. Fox.....	Elkin
*Noah D. Fox.....	Sparta
*Burke W. Fox.....	Charlotte
*J. B. Freedland.....	Charlotte
R. A. Frye.....	Pilot Mountain
*Curtis E. Furr.....	Concord
R. B. Gaddy.....	Charlotte
W. D. Gibbs.....	Charlotte
*J. H. Guion.....	Charlotte
*R. B. Harrell.....	Elkin
*A. P. Hartman.....	Winston-Salem
*J. F. Hartness.....	Davidson
F. K. Haynes (Life).....	Charlotte
*C. Robert Helsabeck.....	Rural Hall
*Ralph Herman.....	Taylorsville
L. O. Herring.....	Charlotte
O. H. Hester.....	Winston-Salem
Gary Heeseman.....	Charlotte
H. C. Henderson (Life).....	Charlotte
*O. R. Hodgin.....	Thomasville
Milo J. Hoffman.....	Charlotte
*D. W. Holcomb.....	Winston-Salem
*Leslie C. Holouser.....	Rockwell
*J. M. Holland.....	Statesville
*R. H. Holliday.....	Thomasville
H. H. Houck.....	Charlotte
*P. C. Hull.....	Charlotte
*R. Nat Hunt.....	Wadesboro
*Wm. A. Ingram.....	Monroe
*Ralph F. Jarrett.....	Charlotte
H. C. Jent.....	Winston-Salem
Floyd G. Johnson.....	Lexington
*O. L. Joyner (Life).....	Kernersville
*H. L. Keel.....	Winston-Salem

J. L. Keerans.....	Charlotte
*C. C. Keiger (Life).....	Charlotte
*V. B. Kendrick.....	Charlotte
Z. V. Kendrick.....	Charlotte
W. L. Kibler.....	Charlotte
O. B. Kirby.....	Charlotte
*F. W. Kirk.....	Salisbury
*J. D. Kiser.....	Charlotte
*A. R. Kistler.....	Monroe
G. L. Krueger.....	Charlotte
*G. A. Lazenby.....	Statesville
Edwin W. Lipe.....	Kannapolis
*W. C. Logan.....	Winston-Salem
*J. A. McClung (Life).....	Winston-Salem
J. G. Marler (Life).....	Yadkinville
E. L. Martin.....	Statesville
*Guy M. Masten.....	Winston-Salem
Robert E. Masten.....	Winston-Salem
*R. Philip Melvin.....	Winston-Salem
*F. C. Mendenhall.....	Winston-Salem
*D. B. Mizell.....	Charlotte
*D. O. Montgomery.....	Statesville
E. D. Moore.....	Charlotte
Paul Moorefield.....	Mount Airy
*E. Brown Morgan.....	Kannapolis
*Rosebud Morse Garriott.....	East Bend
*T. Duke Morse.....	Winston-Salem
Paul L. Munsell.....	Charlotte
J. M. Neel (Life).....	Salisbury
*Thomas G. Nisbit.....	Charlotte
*J. H. Nicholson.....	Statesville
Eva Carter Nissen.....	Winston-Salem
Otis Oliver.....	Mount Airy
*Olin W. Owens.....	Charlotte
Henry C. Parker.....	Charlotte
*C. M. Parks.....	Winston-Salem
J. Hugh Parks.....	Kannapolis
*R. M. Patterson.....	Concord
*F. N. Pegg.....	Kernersville
*J. C. Pennington.....	Thomasville
R. E. Petree.....	Charlotte
*John R. Pharr.....	Charlotte
*A. J. Pringle, Jr.....	Lawsonville
*J. P. Reece.....	Concord
*Edgar H. Reich.....	Winston-Salem
*R. L. Reynolds (Life).....	Lexington
*Grady L. Ross.....	Charlotte
*Heywood Ross.....	Charlotte
*Ralph Schumaker.....	Charlotte
W. N. Scruggs (Suspended 1940).....	Charlotte
J. R. Secrest.....	Winston-Salem
*W. A. Secrest.....	Winston-Salem

*W. B. Sherrod.....	Winston-Salem
*R. R. Shoaf.....	Lexington
*C. F. Smithson (Life).....	Charlotte
Wade Sowers.....	Lexington
*R. E. Spoon.....	Winston-Salem
*H. E. Story.....	Charlotte
*S. H. Strawn.....	Marshville
*Carolyn Taylor.....	North Wilkesboro
*C. F. Taylor.....	Charlotte
*L. A. Taylor.....	Winston-Salem
Lois E. Taylor	Charlotte
*W. C. Taylor (Life).....	Salisbury
*Harold Thompson.....	China Grove
*Lee Roy Thompson.....	Winston-Salem
*C. L. Thomas.....	Mount Airy
*F. N. Tomlinson.....	Winston-Salem
*L. P. Trivette.....	Mooresville
*M. L. Troutman.....	Kannapolis
*R. D. Tuttle.....	Winston-Salem
*Chas. H. Wadsworth.....	Concord
*Bernard N. Walker.....	Charlotte
*L. E. Wall.....	Charlotte
*D. T. Waller.....	Charlotte
*J. C. Watkins (Life).....	Winston-Salem
*G. E. Waynick.....	Winston-Salem
*Italy M. Waynick.....	Winston-Salem
B. H. Webster.....	Charlotte
W. P. Weeks.....	Charlotte
*C. D. Wheeler.....	Salisbury
*T. P. Williamson.....	Charlotte
*G. W. Yokley.....	Winston-Salem
K. M. Yokley.....	Winston-Salem
*J. W. Zimmerman (Life).....	Salisbury

THIRD DISTRICT

*C. A. Adams, Jr.....	Durham
P. Y. Adams.....	High Point
*Roy G. Adams.....	Hamlet
*H. D. Apple.....	Greensboro
*T. W. Atwood.....	Durham
*J. S. Betts (Life).....	Greensboro
*Howard X. Bowling.....	Durham
*W. W. Bowling.....	Durham
*J. D. Bradsher.....	Roxboro
*R. W. Brannock.....	Burlington
*Luther H. Butler.....	Greensboro
*Fred S. Caddell.....	Graham
*Daniel T. Carr.....	Durham
*H. C. Carr.....	Durham
*James N. Caudle.....	Greensboro
*I. C. Clark.....	Mebane
R. R. Clark.....	Chapel Hill
*W. F. Clayton (Life).....	High Point

*L. G. Coble (Life).....	Greensboro
*J. C. Crank.....	Greensboro
*A. W. Craver.....	Greensboro
*L. M. Daniels.....	Southern Pines
*C. D. Dawkins.....	Rockingham
*L. M. Edwards.....	Durham
*J. H. Ellerbee.....	Rockingham
*D. H. Erwin.....	Greensboro
*R. M. Farrell (Life).....	Pittsboro
*W. I. Farrell.....	Troy
H. K. Foster (Life).....	Greensboro
*L. M. Foushee, Jr.....	Burlington
*A. E. Frazier.....	High Point
*J. S. Frost.....	Burlington
J. M. Gardner.....	Gibson
*C. A. Graham.....	Ramseur
*R. T. Garrett.....	Rockingham
*F. E. Gilliam.....	Burlington
J. D. Gregg.....	Liberty
*J. N. Hester.....	Reidsville
*George G. Herr.....	Southern Pines
*W. R. Hinton.....	Greensboro
*R. H. Holden.....	Durham
*J. E. Holt.....	Greensboro
*J. H. Hughes.....	Roxboro
J. P. Jones.....	Chapel Hill
A. H. Johnson.....	Greensboro
*C. D. Johnson, Jr.....	Elon College
*George F. Kirkland.....	Durham
H. A. Karesh.....	Greensboro
*G. E. Kirkman.....	Greensboro
*C. D. Kistler.....	Randleman
*J. T. Lasley.....	Greensboro
C. T. Lipscomb (Life).....	Greensboro
*D. K. Lockhart.....	Durham
B. R. Long.....	Greensboro
*H. S. Long.....	Graham
*R. E. Long.....	Roxboro
C. W. McAnally.....	Madison
*S. H. McCall.....	Troy
*A. A. McDuffie.....	Candor
*J. A. McIntosh.....	Ashboro
*W. R. McKaughan.....	High Point
J. R. Meador.....	Reidsville
*Erbie M. Medlin.....	Aberdeen
*C. I. Miller.....	Albemarle
*J. B. Milliken.....	Siler City
J. W. Mitchell.....	Greensboro
*H. L. Monk, Jr.....	Durham
*H. W. Moore.....	Hillsboro
J. S. Moore.....	Reidsville
*Henry V. Murray.....	Burlington

*W. F. Mustain.....	Durham
*Walter Neal.....	Liberty
*J. B. Newman.....	Burlington
*E. R. Nichols.....	Durham
*R. T. Nichols (Life).....	Rockingham
*L. G. Page.....	Yanceyville
*C. A. Parker.....	Albemarle
*H. M. Patterson.....	Burlington
H. R. Pearman.....	Asheboro
D. R. Pitts.....	High Point
*John E. Pleasants.....	Chapel Hill
*C. C. Poindexter.....	Greensboro
*E. F. Pope.....	Albemarle
*O. L. Presnell.....	Asheboro
Wm. A. Pressly, Jr.....	Greensboro
J. Ross Pringle (State B. of H.).....	Raleigh
*A. P. Reade.....	Durham
*A. L. Richardson.....	Leaksville
*Norman F. Ross.....	Durham
*G. R. Salisbury.....	Asheboro
J. C. Senter.....	Albemarle
*E. W. Shackleford (Life).....	Durham
*S. W. Shaffer.....	Greensboro
*T. E. Sikes.....	Greensboro
H. N. Simpson.....	Greensboro
*B. B. Shamburger (Life).....	Star
*Neal Sheffield.....	Greensboro
*J. S. Spurgeon (Life).....	Hillsboro
*A. R. Stanford.....	Greensboro
C. N. Stone.....	Greensboro
*F. M. Stonestreet.....	Albemarle
*John Swain (Life).....	Asheboro
*C. H. Teague.....	Greensboro
*E. R. Teague.....	Reidsville
J. T. Thomas.....	Greensboro
E A. Troxler.....	Greensboro
*F. H. Underwood.....	Carthage
*J. T. Underwood.....	Durham
*R. L. Underwood.....	Greensboro
*R. G. Wharton.....	Sanatorium
C. M. Wheeler.....	Greensboro
*P. B. Whittington.....	Greensboro
*R. A. Wilkins.....	Burlington
*B. W. Williamson.....	Hamlet
*J. F. Williamson.....	Wadesboro
*Guy R. Willis.....	Durham
F. S. Woody.....	Roxboro
G. N. Yates.....	Durham
*L. H. Zimmerman.....	High Point
*L. R. Zimmerman.....	High Point
*T. R. Zimmerman.....	High Point

FOURTH DISTRICT

*C. E. Abernathy.....	Raleigh
*Howard L. Allen.....	Henderson
R. T. Allen (Life).....	Lumberton
B. L. Aycock.....	Princeton
*C. D. Bain (Life).....	Dunn
*Victor E. Bell.....	Raleigh
E. D. Baker.....	Raleigh
*A. D. Barber.....	Sanford
J. B. Bardin.....	Chadbourn
F. H. Biddell.....	Laurinburg
R. M. Blackman.....	Selma
*C. A. Blalock.....	Wendell
*S. L. Bobbitt.....	Raleigh
E. A. Branch.....	Raleigh
*W. Howard Branch.....	Raleigh
*J. W. Branham.....	Raleigh
*E. H. Broughton.....	Raleigh
*C. H. Bryan.....	Apex
*J. K. Bryan.....	Oxford
T. P. Bullard.....	Roseboro
*Robert Byrd.....	Raleigh
*W. E. Campbell (State Hospital).....	Fayetteville
*H. R. Chamblee.....	Raleigh
*R. D. Clements.....	Raleigh
J. F. Coltrane (Life).....	Zebulon
H. Evans Coleman.....	Warrenton
*A. S. Cromartie (Life).....	Fayetteville
*I. H. Davis (Life).....	Oxford
George E. Dennis.....	Raleigh
*R. L. Eagles.....	Louisburg
*J. R. Edwards.....	Fuquay Springs
*Paisley Fields (Life).....	Fairmont
*S. J. Finch.....	Oxford
*A. H. Fleming (Life).....	Louisburg
*J. Martin Flenning.....	Raleigh
*C. G. Fuquay.....	Coats
C. H. Geddie.....	Fayetteville
*J. M. Gardner.....	Gibson
J. Clyde Gibson.....	Gibson
Reed T. Goe.....	Raleigh
*R. F. Graham.....	Rowland
*L. G. Hair (Life).....	Fayetteville
*G. F. Hale.....	Raleigh
*Paul T. Harrell.....	Wake Forest
*G. L. Hooper.....	Dunn
S. R. Horton (Life).....	Raleigh
*I. H. Hoyle.....	Henderson
*J. K. Hunt.....	Jonesboro
*E. W. Hunter.....	Sanford
*Thomas M. Hunter.....	Henderson
*Wilbert Jackson.....	Clinton

*J. A. Jernigan.....	Dunn
*Charles B. Johnson.....	Concord
J. C. Johnson (State Hospital).....	Raleigh
*K. L. Johnson.....	Raleigh
M. L. Johnson.....	Whiteville
*Marvin T. Jones.....	Apex
*R. S. Jones.....	Warrenton
*J. H. Judd (Life).....	Fayetteville
*E. N. Lawrence.....	Raleigh
W. Yates League.....	Raleigh
*E. G. Lee.....	Clinton
*H. O. Lineberger (Life).....	Raleigh
*Kemp Lindsey.....	Fayetteville
*W. T. Martin (Life).....	Raleigh
*L. M. Massey.....	Zebulon
*W. J. Massey, Jr.....	Smithfield
*Carl N. Moore.....	Laurinburg
*L. J. Moore.....	St. Pauls
*F. W. McCracken (Life).....	Sanford
S. R. McKay.....	Lillington
*W. L. McRae.....	Red Springs
Gates McKaughan.....	Lumberton
*A. W. Nance.....	Bladenboro
N. G. Newman, Jr.....	Raleigh
R. M. Olive (Life).....	Fayetteville
*Lawrence H. Paschal.....	Fayetteville
*P. L. Pearson.....	Apex
Anton A. Phillips.....	Raleigh
Samuel J. Potts.....	Chadbourn
*D. L. Pridgen.....	Fayetteville
*J. M. Pringle.....	Elizabethtown
*W. W. Rankin.....	Raleigh
Raymond R. Renfrow.....	Whiteville
*C. W. Sanders.....	Benson
*E. L. Smith.....	Raleigh
*Marcus R. Smith.....	Raeford
*Edward Newton Smith.....	Clarkton
D. T. Smithwick.....	Louisburg
*J. E. Swindell.....	Raleigh
W. W. Taylor.....	Warrenton
*J. J. Tew.....	Clayton
M. F. Townsend.....	Lumberton
*S. Byron Towler.....	Raleigh
*R. A. Turlington (Life)	Clinton
D. A. Underwood.....	Greenville
*M. A. Waddell.....	Fair Bluff
*S. R. Watson (Life).....	Henderson
*J. W. Whitehead.....	Smithfield
*DeWitt C. Woodall.....	Erwin
W. F. Yates.....	Chadbourn
*T. L. Young.....	Raleigh

FIFTH DISTRICT

Sidney V. Allen.....	Wilmington
*Vernon M. Barnes.....	Wilson
*H. A. Baughan.....	Mt. Olive
M. D. Bissett.....	Wilson
A. B. Bland.....	Wallace
*A. C. Bone.....	Rocky Mount
*Dewey Boseman.....	Wilson
J. O. Broughton.....	Wilmington
J. W. Brown.....	Rich Square
*H. E. Butler.....	Elizabeth City
J. D. Carlton (Life)...	Rocky Mount
F. G. Chamblee.....	Spring Hope
*Harvey W. Civils.....	New Bern
*Fred H. Coleman.....	Wilmington
R. C. Daniels.....	Southport
R. A. Daniels.....	Roanoke Rapids
J. H. Dreher (Life)...	Wilmington
D. W. Dudley.....	Kinston
*J. F. Duke.....	Washington
*L. J. Dupree.....	Kinston
*A. C.M Early.....	Aulander
*C. D. Eatman.....	Rocky Mount
*E L. Eatman.....	Rocky Mount
J. R. Edmundson (Life)...	Wilson
*H. A. Edwards.....	Pink Hill
*Z. L. Edwards.....	Washington
*Darden J. Eure.....	Morehead City
*Paul Fitzgerald	Greenville
Marcus Alton Garris.....	Weldon
C. H. Geddie.....	Goldsboro
E. C. Grady.....	Elm City
Wallace S. Griffin.....	Edenton
Arthur Gollobin.....	Elizabeth City
*W. L. Hand.....	New Bern
Guy V. Harris.....	Belhaven
M. M. Harris.....	Elizabeth City
A. L. Harris.....	Wilmington
W. I. Hart.....	Edenton
*Oscar Hooks (Life)...	Wilson
*R. F. Hunt.....	Rocky Mount
C. L. Hutchison.....	Bethel
M. E. Herman.....	Enfield
*A. T. Jernette.....	Washington
*B. McK Johnson.....	Greenville
*G. B. Johnson.....	New Bern
*J. N. Johnson (Life)...	Goldsboro
Wade H. Johnson.....	Plymouth
*Paul E. Jones (Life)...	Farmville
†*Dennis F. Keel.....	Farmville
*J. M. Kilpatrick.....	Robersonville
E. T. Koonce.....	Kinston

†Deceased since the Annual Meeting.

*C. G. Lancaster.....	Windsor
M. M. Lilly.....	Scotland Neck
(S. E. Malone (Life).....	Goldsboro
*Sandy C. Marks.....	Wilmington
M. B. Massey.....	Greenville
W. C. Mercer.....	Williamston
*Leslie J. Meredith (Life).....	Wilmington
*Clyde E. Minges.....	Rocky Mount
*R. W. Moore.....	Tarboro
*B. R. Morrison.....	Wilmington
W. E. Murphrey.....	Roanoke Rapids
Coyte R. Minges.....	Rocky Mount
H. E. Nixon.....	Elizabeth City
*G. L. Overman.....	Goldsboro
*William Parker.....	Elizabeth City
Z. V. Parker.....	New Bern
Guy E. Pigford.....	Wilmington
*J. G. Poole.....	Kinston
*S. D. Poole.....	Goldsboro
*C. G. Powell.....	Ahoskie
Jordan B. Powell, Jr.....	Ahoskie
G. W. Price.....	Kinston
*W. T. Ralph.....	Belhaven
C. R. Riddick.....	Ayden
*Alfred M. Schultz.....	Greenville
*James H. Smith.....	Wilmington
*Junius C. Smith.....	Wilmington
W. T. Smith (Life).....	Wilmington
*Thos. W. Smithson.....	Rocky Mount
*Herbert Spear.....	Kinston
J. W. Stanley (Life).....	Williamston
E. W. Tatum.....	Mt. Olive
*C. A. Thomas.....	Wilmington
Horace K. Thompson.....	Wilmington
*Robert Lee Tomlinson.....	Wilson
*R. S. Turlington.....	Goldsboro
*J. V. Turner.....	Wilson
*L. R. Turner.....	Jacksonville
*S. J. Ward.....	Greenville
W. J. Ward.....	Weldon
W. M. Ward.....	Roanoke Rapids
E. R. Warren.....	Warsaw
*Ramsey Weatherbee.....	Wilmington
*H. E. Weeks.....	Tarboro
*D. L. Wells.....	Wallace
J. Frank West.....	Roanoke Rapids
A. P. Whitehead.....	Rocky Mount
R. L. Whitehurst.....	Rocky Mount
*R. E. Williams.....	Goldsboro
*O. L. Wilson.....	Kinston
*W. L. Woodward.....	Beaufort
*A. L. Wooten.....	Wilson
Dan Wright.....	Greenville

J. Hugh Yelverton (Life).....	Wilson
W. H. Young.....	Burgaw
*J. W. Zachary.....	Hertford
Cedric Vollers Ziberlin.....	Wallace
*G. B. F. Traylor.....	Wilmington
Leroy C. Grant, Jr.....	Jackson

**DENTISTS LICENSED TO PRACTICE IN NORTH CAROLINA AT THE
OFFICIAL EXAMINATION HELD JUNE, 1941**

Arthur E. Anderson.....	Wilmington
David L. Beavers	Apex
Robert N. Baker	Kings Mountain
J. B. Brown.....	Colerain
Alexander D. Bunn.....	Henderson
Worth M. Byrd.....	Bunnlevel
Thomas L. Dixon.....	Durham
L. M. Edwards.....	Durham
W. J. Edwards.....	Siler City
William K. Griffin.....	Durham
William L. Hammond.....	Pollocksville
Lloyd L. Hobbs.....	Edenton
Robert R. Hoffman.....	Asheville
Berlin Lovingood.....	Murphy
Evins V. McCord.....	Louisville, Ky.
Elliott R. Motley.....	Charlotte
Ernest A. Pearson.....	Clinton
James C. Phillips.....	Spruce Pine
Thurman J. Ross.....	Durham
Fred L. Self.....	Lincolnton
Harold K. Terry.....	Miami, Fla.
Amos M. Wooten.....	Pinetops
William F. Yelton, Jr.....	Winston-Salem
Howard S. Zimmerman.....	Winston-Salem
John W. Zimmerman.....	Salisbury

INACTIVE LIST

H. R. Cromartie.....	Raeford
L. V. Henderson.....	Virginia
J. S. Hoffman.....	Charlotte
E. B. Howle.....	Raleigh
J. H. Ihrie.....	Wendell
W. F. Jones.....	North Wilkesboro
W. F. Maderis.....	Charlotte
L. H. Mann.....	Asheville
C. B. Mott.....	Morganton
J. A. Oldham.....	Wilmington
P. L. Pearson.....	Apex
Ralph Ray.....	Gastonia
J. E. L. Thomas.....	Tarboro

PRESIDENTS OF THE SOCIETY SINCE ITS ORGANIZATION

1875-76.....	*B. F. Arrington	1909-10.....	J. C. Watkins
1876-77.....	*V. E. Turner	1910-11.....	A. H. Fleming
1877-78.....	*J. W. Hunter	1911-12.....	*P. E. Horton
1878-79.....	*E. L. Hunter	1912-13.....	*R. G. Sherrill
1879-80.....	*D. E. Everett	1913-14.....	C. F. Smithson
1880-81.....	*Isaiah Simpson	1914-15.....	J. A. Sinclair
1881-82.....	*M. A. Bland	1915-16.....	I. H. Davis
1882-83.....	*J. F. Griffith	1916-17.....	*R. O. Apple
1883-84.....	*W. H. Hoffman	1917-18.....	*R. M. Squires
1884-85.....	*J. H. Durham	1918-19.....	J. N. Johnson
1885-86.....	*J. E. Matthews	1919-20.....	W. T. Martin
1886-87.....	*B. H. Douglas	1920-21.....	J. H. Judd
1887-88.....	*T. M. Hunter	1921-22.....	*W. M. Robey
1888-89.....	*V. E. Turner	1922-23.....	S. R. Horton
1889-90.....	*S. P. Hilliard	1923-24.....	*R. M. Morrow
1890-91.....	*H. C. Herring	1924-25.....	J. A. McClung
1891-92.....	*C. L. Alexander	1925-26.....	H. O. Lineberger
1892-93.....	*F. S. Harris	1926-27.....	B. F. Hall
1893-94.....	*C. A. Rominger	1927-28.....	E. B. Howle
1894-95.....	*H. D. Harper	1928-29.....	I. R. Self
1895-96.....	*R. H. Jones	1929-30.....	*J. H. Wheeler
1896-97.....	*J. E. Wyche	1930-31.....	Paul E. Jones
1897-98.....	*H. V. Horton	1931-32.....	*Dennis Keel
1898-99.....	C. W. Banner	1932-33.....	Wilbert Jackson
1899-1900.....	*A. C. Liverman	1933-34.....	Ernest A. Branch
1900-01.....	*E. J. Tucker	1934-35.....	L. M. Edwards
1901-02.....	J. S. Spurgeon	1935-36.....	Z. L. Edwards
1902-03.....	*J. H. Benton	1936-37.....	D. L. Pridgen
1903-04.....	J. M. Fleming	1937-38.....	J. F. Reece
1904-05.....	*W. B. Ramsey	1938-39.....	G. Fred Hale
1905-06.....	J. S. Betts	1939-40.....	F. O. Alford
1906-07.....	J. R. Osborne	1940-41.....	C. M. Parks
1907-08.....	*D. L. James	1941-42.....	C. C. Poindexter
1908-09.....	F. L. Hunt		

*Deceased.

HONORARY MEMBERS

Aiguier, James E.	Philadelphia, Pa.
Ames, J. W.	Smithfield, Va.
Armin, S. S.	Richmond, Va.
Austin, J. L.	Chattanooga, Tenn.
Baker, Stanley	Greenwood, S. C.
Ball, Edward L.	Cincinnati, Ohio
Bear, Harry	Richmond, Va.
Bennett, Paul H.	Tucson, Ariz.
Bland, C. A.	Charlotte, N. C.
Bogle R. B.	Nashville, Tenn.
Byrnes, R. R.	Atlanta, Ga.
Callahan, P. E.	McRae, Ga.
Cannon, Claude C.	Fayette, Ala.
Cason, W. L.	Athens, Ga.
Collins, Clara C.	Atlanta, Ga.
Cooper, George M.	Raleigh, N. C.
Cuthbertson, C. W.	Washington, D. C.
Dale, J. A.	Nashville, Tenn.
Dunning, W. B.	New York, N. Y.
Eby, Joseph D.	54 East 62nd St., New York City
Foster, S. W.	Atlanta, Ga.
Garrett, Steve A.	Atlanta, Ga.
Gies, William J.	New York, N. Y.
Goldberg, E. H.	Bennettsville, S. C.
Gorman, J. A.	New Orleans, La.
Gurley, Webb B.	Richmond, Va.
Hardin, W. R.	Atlanta, Ga.
Harrison, Guy R.	Richmond, Va.
Hartzell, Thomas B.	Minneapolis, Minn.
Hill, Thomas J.	Cleveland, Ohio
Hodgkin, W. N.	Warrenton, Va.
Hoffer, Carl W.	Nashville, Tenn.
Howard, Clinton C.	Atlanta, Ga.
Howe, Percy R.	Boston, Mass.
Huff, M. D.	Atlanta, Ga.
Jasper, E. A.	St. Louis, Mo.
Jennings, G. A. C.	Richmond, Va.
Jeserich, Paul D.	Ann Arbor, Mich.
Johnson, H. H.	Macon, Ga.
Kelsey, H. L.	Baltimore, Md.
King, Otto U.	Chicago, Ill.
Kirkland, Olin	Montgomery, Ala.
Kracke, Roy R.	Emory University, Atlanta, Ga
Lambert, W. E.	Atlanta, Ga.
Lanier, William D.	Oteen, N. C.
Leabo, Walter	Shreveport, La.
Lynch, Daniel F.	Washington, D. C.
Main, L. R.	St. Louis, Mo.
Maves, T. W.	Minneapolis, Minn.
Malone, R. W.	U. S. Navy
McCollum, E. V.	Baltimore, Md.

Mead, Sterling V.	Washington, D. C.
Merritt, Arthur H.	New York, N. Y.
Miller, Fred	Altoona, Pa.
Milner, H. A.	Aiken, S. C.
Moore, S. W.	Baltimore, Md.
Neil, Ewell	Nashville, Tenn.
Mercer, Carolyn	Raleigh, N. C.
Netherlands, Frank	Asheville, N. C.
Nodine, Alonzo M.	London
Paffenbarger, Geo. C.	Washington, D. C.
Price, Weston	Cleveland, Ohio
Quattlebaum, E. G.	Columbia, S. C.
Rickert, U. G.	Ann Arbor, Mich.
Robinson, J. Ben	Baltimore, Md.
Robinson, Wilfred H.	Oakland, Cal.
Ruhl, J. P.	New York City
Russell, A. Y.	Baltimore, Md.
Rutledge, B.	Florence, S. C.
Sears, Andy W.	Jacksonville, Fla.
Sears, Victor H.	New York City
Sexton, Roy L.	Washington, D. C.
Sheffield, L. Langdon	Toledo, Ohio
Simpson, R. L.	Richmond, Va.
Summerman, D. H.	Philadelphia, Pa.
Smith, A. E.	Chicago, Ill.
Spratley, W. W.	Richmond, Va.
Sprau, Robert L.	Louisville, Ky.
Star, E. L.	Philadelphia, Pa.
Stevenson, Albert H.	New York City
Stewart, H. T.	New York City
Stone, A. E.	Philadelphia, Pa.
Strickland, A. C.	Anderson, S. C.
Sturdivant, R. E.	Atlanta, Ga.
Tench, R. W.	New York City
Thompson, Webb	Spartanburg, S. C.
Tileson, H. B.	Louisville, Ky.
Timmons, Gerald D.	Chicago, Ill.
Tuller, Charles S.	New Orleans, La.
Turner, C. R.	Philadelphia, Pa.
Visanska, S. A.	Atlanta, Ga.
Vonderlehr, R. A.	Washington, D. C.
Wash, A. M.	Richmond, Va.
Whitaker, J. D.	Indianapolis, Ind.
White, J. A.	Williamston, N. C.
Williams, Herbert Ely	Red Bank, N. J.
Wooding, C. E.	Winston-Salem, N. C.
Wright, John B.	Raleigh, N. C.
Wright, Walter H.	Pittsburgh, Pa.

Constitution and By-Laws

THE NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY

CONSTITUTION

ARTICLE I—NAME

This organization shall be known as The North Carolina Dental Society, a constituent Society of the American Dental Association.

ARTICLE II—OBJECT

The object of this Society shall be to cultivate the art and science of dentistry, together with its collateral branches; to elevate and sustain the professional character of dentists; to promote among them mutual improvements, social intercourse and good feeling, and to collectively represent and have cognizance of the dental profession in North Carolina.

ARTICLE III—MEMBERSHIP

Section 1.—The membership of this Society shall consist of three classes, namely: Active, Honorary, and Life.

Active Membership

Sec. 2. Active membership shall consist of members of the dental profession who are registered according to the dental laws of North Carolina and who are members in good standing of a district or component society regularly engaged in dental practice in North Carolina, of creditable professional attainments and of good moral character, having zeal for the profession and a proper regard for the varied obligations due from one member of the profession to another, this to be construed as meaning that membership in a district or component society constitutes membership in the North Carolina Dental Society.

Honorary Members

Sec. 3. Honorary members shall consist of graduates of regularly chartered dental colleges, recognized by the National Association of Dental Examiners, who have retired from practice; of physicians and scientists who have made valuable contributions to dental surgery, and of distinguished visiting dentists from other states and countries.

Life Membership

Sec. 4. Life Membership shall consist of active members who shall have paid the full annual dues twenty-five consecutive years, and shall be exempt from dues thereafter: *Provided*, that life members shall be required to pay the annual assessment to the American Dental Association.

Eligibility

Sec. 5. Anyone eligible to active membership shall not be proposed for honorary membership.

ARTICLE IV—OFFICERS

Section 1. The officers of this Society shall serve for one year, or until their successors are installed. They shall consist of a President, President-Elect, Vice-President, and Secretary-Treasurer, and shall be elected by ballot, as provided for in Article IX of the By-Laws.

Sec. 2. At each annual meeting one delegate to the American Dental Association shall be elected by ballot, and every third year a fourth delegate shall be elected by ballot for three years, as provided for in Article IX of the By-Laws. The fourth delegate shall serve provided the paid-up membership entitles the society to a fourth delegate. Any change in the number of delegates allowed shall be taken care of as seems most appropriate at the annual election of officers. Alternates to equal the number of elected delegates shall be annually elected.

Sec. 3. There shall be an Editor-Publisher, who shall be elected by the Executive Officers of this Society; namely, the President, President-Elect, Vice-President, Secretary-Treasurer and the Executive Committee.

ARTICLE V—EXAMINING BOARD

Two members of this Society shall be elected annually, at a regular meeting by ballot, as provided for in Article IX of the By-Laws, to serve as members of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners, for a term of three (3) years, or until their successors are elected, in accordance with the requirements of the dental laws of North Carolina, and shall assume office upon receipt of commission from Governor, as provided in the Consolidated Statutes of 1919, Article II, Section 6626.

ARTICLE VI—IMPEACHMENT

Section 1. Any member of this Society may be impeached by three members for malpractice, unprofessional or immoral conduct, or any violation of the Constitution, By-Laws, or Code of Ethics of this Society.

Sec. 2. Charges against a member shall be made in writing, addressed to the President, who shall refer the same to the chairman of the Committee on Ethics for investigation and action, if necessary, as provided for in Article I, Section 6, of the By-Laws.

ARTICLE VII—STANDING COMMITTEES

The following standing committees shall be annually appointed by the President, immediately upon his induction into office. Ethics Committee, of five members to be chosen one from each district, one member of Legislative Committee for a term of five years, Program-Clinic Committee, Oral Hygiene Committee, Exhibit Committee, and one member of the Executive Committee for a term of three years, the chairman to be designated. He shall also appoint such other committees as may be deemed necessary.

ARTICLE VIII—DIVISION OF THE STATE INTO DISTRICTS

Section 1. The North Carolina Dental Society shall be divided into five component or district societies, their geographical boundaries corresponding to those designated in 1921, except, when in the interest of the North Carolina Dental Society and with the consent of those directly involved, the President and Executive Committee may transfer sections of adjacent districts.

Sec. 2. The members of each component or district society shall convene between September 1st and December 31st and elect delegates from their respective districts as members of the House of Delegates of the North Carolina Dental Society for the ensuing year; *Provided*, that no district may be represented until an examination of the books shall indicate conformity to Article III, Section 2, of the Constitution, and Article III, Section 1, of the By-Laws.

ARTICLE IX—HOUSE OF DELEGATES

The House of Delegates shall consist of the President, President-Elect, Vice-President, Secretary-Treasurer, delegates from each of the five districts as provided for in Article II of the By-Laws, members of the Executive Committee, members of the Committee on Dental Ethics, *dental member of the North Carolina State Board of Health*, and two members of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners, which members shall be elected annually by the Examining Board.

ARTICLE X—AMENDMENTS

The House of Delegates may amend or alter this Constitution at any annual session, due notice having been given at a previous meeting of said annual session; *Provided*, ninety per cent consent may be obtained. Otherwise, all amendments must lie on the table until the annual session next following their introduction, at which time a two-thirds majority vote will be requisite for their adoption. In the latter procedure due notice of the substance, or if not too lengthy, the exact wording of the proposed changes must be sent to each member of the House of Delegates with the regular notice of the annual session.

BY-LAWS

ARTICLE I—DUTIES OF OFFICERS

Section 1. The President shall preside at all meetings of this Society, preserve order, regulate debates, and appoint standing committees as provided in Article VII of the Constitution. He shall give deciding vote on all ties, except in election of officers, when he shall have the same voting power and privileges as other members; call special meetings upon written request of a majority of the officers of this society, including the Executive Committee and the Committee on Dental Ethics, and perform such other duties as may from time to time be assigned to him, and shall deliver an address at the opening session of the next annual meeting after assuming office.

President-Elect

Sec. 2. The President-Elect shall automatically become President upon the election of officers at the following annual meeting after his election as President-Elect. In the absence of the President and Vice-President, he shall perform the duties of the President. He shall also serve as Director of Districts.

Vice-President

Sec. 3. The Vice-President, in the absence of the President, shall assume all the duties of that office and shall appoint a committee of three to report on the President's Address. In the absence of the President, Vice-President, and President-Elect, a chairman pro tem shall be chosen by the Executive Committee.

SECRETARY-TREASURER

Sec. 4. The Secretary-Treasurer shall keep an accurate record of the proceedings of the meetings of this Society and of the meetings of the Executive Committee, and shall notify all officers and committeemen in writing of their election or appointment. He shall take charge of all letters and communications addressed to the Society and conduct its correspondence. He shall give due notice of the time and place of all annual and special meetings of the Society and of any committee when so requested by the President or committee chairmen.

He shall collect all moneys due the Society from its component societies or other sources. He shall transmit to the General Secretary of the American Dental Association six dollars (\$6.00) for each active and life member as dues to the American Dental Association. He shall settle all debts of the Society upon approval of the President.

He shall be chairman of the Program-Clinic Committee, and Exhibit Committee.

He shall pay to the Secretary-Treasurer of each District Dental Society a sum equal to their expenditures for collecting the annual dues.

He shall receive an annual salary of *two hundred and fifty dollars* (\$250.00), and shall give bond in the amount of three thousand dollars (\$3,000.00) in a surety company licensed to do business in North Carolina, said bond to be at the expense of the Society: *Provided*, that the amount of said bond may be changed at the discretion of the Executive Committee, and the chairman of the Executive Committee be designated as custodian of said bond.

That the outgoing Secretary-Treasurer make a detailed report of the financial affairs of the North Carolina Dental Society at the annual meeting of the Society for the year immediately preceding. That he make an additional final report to the Executive Committee within thirty days after the annual meeting, this to be published in the Proceedings. That the books, vouchers, checks, stubs, and all papers having to do with the finances of the society be delivered to the outgoing Executive Committee, who shall have them audited by a licensed C. P. A. at the expense of the Society and delivered to the incoming Executive Committee within two months from the adjournment of the annual meeting.

Editor-Publisher

Sec. 5. The Editor-Publisher shall publish the annual Proceedings within four months following the annual meeting, at least two Bulletins, and any other notices and publications the Executive Committee may deem necessary. He will be required to keep a record of whatever additions or alterations may be made in our By-Laws and Constitution and see to it that they are published in our Proceedings. He shall receive a salary of one hundred and fifty dollars (\$150.00) per annum: *Provided*, the Executive Committee may withhold same in their discretion under authority of the Constitution and By-Laws. He will make a detailed report of the affairs pertaining to the publication of The Bulletin at the annual meeting of the North Carolina Dental Society for the year immediately preceding. He will make an additional final report to the Executive Committee within thirty days after the annual meeting, this to be published in the Proceedings. The original records will be available for inspection by the Executive Committee whenever asked for.

Executive Committee

Sec. 6. The Executive Committee shall consist of three members, with the President, *President-Elect*, and Secretary-Treasurer as *ex-officio* members, shall have the general superintendence of the affairs of this Society, shall approve all appropriations, and shall decide on date of annual meeting.

It is further provided that the Executive Committee be allowed to report at any time during any session of the House of Delegates.

Committee on Dental Ethics

Sec. 7. The Committee on Dental Ethics, which shall consist of five members, shall constitute a court for the trial of members for any violations of the Code of Ethics adopted by the Society or the Constitution and By-Laws, for gross immorality or unprofessional conduct, or for other sufficient causes. It shall be the duty of the chairman of this committee, after receiving written complaint through the President of the Society, to furnish the other members of the committee a true copy of the same for examination, and if a majority of the committee shall be of the opinion that the charges contained in the bill of complaint should be investigated, then the chairman shall serve a copy of them on the accused, and shall appoint a time and name hour and place of said meeting for hearing his defense, of which time he and the party making the charges shall have at least ten (10) days notice. If the accused, in person or by counsel (who shall be an active member of this Society), having had a fair opportunity to hear the evidence against him and to make his defense, shall be judged guilty by a majority of the committee, said committee shall affix and execute the penalty, which penalty shall be *public reprimand*, suspension or expulsion from the Society, subject to an appeal to the House of Delegates. If, after due notification, the accused party, or his counsel, shall fail to appear at the time and place of trial without satisfactory excuse rendered at this time, he shall be considered as admitting the charges against him, and shall be liable to sentence accordingly. It shall be the additional duty of the Ethics Committee, in cases where no charges have been preferred, but where there seems ground for charges, to consult with the President of the Society and, if he concurs, to notify the accused, at least ten days before a hearing, that some explanation is due the committee of the conduct in question. Such hearing shall then be held following the usual custom, and the procedure and the findings of such hearing shall follow the same rules as laid down for other trials for violation of the Code of Ethics.

Legislative Committee

Sec. 8. The Committee on Dental Legislation shall be appointed by the President, and shall consist of five members; one member appointed for five years; one member appointed for two years; and one member appointed for one year, and each succeeding year one member shall be appointed for a period of five years. The committee shall organize, shall elect a chairman and secretary, and adopt such regulations for the government of its actions as it may deem expedient. It shall expend money or contract financial obligations only as shall be authorized in writing by the Executive Committee, President, President-Elect, and the Secretary-Treasurer.

Program-Clinic Committee

Sec. 9. The Program-Clinic Committee shall be appointed by the President, and shall consist of the Secretary-Treasurer as chairman and five additional members, one from each district society, whose duty it shall be to prepare a program of scientific work and order of business for each annual session. This committee shall decide what sessions shall be devoted to papers and discussion, to clinics, and to other matters, and shall select clinicians, decide what operations are to be performed and make a report of all clinics.

Oral Hygiene Committee

Sec. 10. The Oral Hygiene Committee shall consist of a chairman to be appointed by the President, and five additional members, one from each district, and its duties shall be to gather and disseminate information relative to public dental education, industrial dentistry, and oral hygiene.

Membership Committee

Sec. 11. The Membership Committee shall consist of the President-Elect of this Society, who shall be its chairman, and the Secretary-Treasurers of the district societies. It shall be the duty of this committee to endeavor to secure the reinstatements to active membership of such of its members as have become delinquent and to maintain an active campaign for new members.

Exhibit Committee

Sec. 12. The Exhibit Committee shall consist of the Secretary-Treasurer, as chairman, and two additional members of the Society, who shall be appointed by the President, and they shall have full control of all exhibits.

ARTICLE II—HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Section 1. The House of Delegates shall conduct all the business of the North Carolina Dental Society, except the election of officers, which shall be at a general session at 8:00 o'clock on the second evening of the annual meeting, and the installation of officers, which shall be at the last session of the annual meeting.

Sec. 2. Ten members of the House of Delegates may file a minority report dissenting from action of the House of Delegates and appeal to the General Session of the Society.

Sec. 3. The House of Delegates shall hold such sessions as may be necessary to transact the business of the North Carolina Dental Society.

Sec. 4. Each district delegation and the Examining Board shall be allowed to maintain its full quota at each session of the House of Delegates. Substitutes, when necessary, being elected by the attending members of their respective organizations.

Sec. 5. Each District Society shall elect five delegates to the House of Delegates of the North Carolina Dental Society.

ARTICLE III—MEMBERSHIP

Section 1. Any member of a district society shall, upon election into that society, automatically become a member of the North Carolina Dental Society, and shall at that time and annually thereafter, pay to the Secretary of said district society both district and State Society dues: *Provided*, that life members shall pay six dollars (\$6.00) for the American Dental Association. *Provided further*, that candidates who successfully pass the North Carolina Board of Dental Examiners and apply for membership in the North Carolina Dental Society during that calendar year, and who have not previously been in the practice of dentistry, shall be exempt from dues for the remainder of that year, and shall be required to pay only the American Dental Association dues for the ensuing year.

Honorary Members, Nomination, Etc.

Sec. 2. Nominations for honorary membership must be made through the Executive Committee.

Sec. 3. If any honorary member enter upon the active practice of dentistry in this State, his relation to this Society as an honorary member shall thereupon cease. He shall then be eligible to election as an active member, as provided for in Article III, Section 1, of the By-Laws.

ARTICLE IV—PRIVILEGE OF MEMBERS

Section 1. Active members shall be entitled to debate and vote on all questions discussed in the Society, and be eligible to any office in its gift, except as provided for in Article V, Section 1, of the By-Laws.

Sec. 2. Honorary Members shall be entitled to a seat in the meetings of the Society, and have the privilege of only scientific questions, but shall not be eligible to office or privileged to vote.

ARTICLE V—DUES

Section 1. The annual dues of this Society shall be *twelve dollars* (\$12.00), payable January 1st for the ensuing year, *six* dollars of which shall be apportioned to the American Dental Association, as provided for in Article II, Sections 1, 2, 3, of the By-Laws of the American Dental Association.

Payment of Dues

Sec. 2. The payment of dues to this Society shall be according to the provisions of this Article, Section 3, and payable in advance to the District Society, to which he must belong, as provided for in Article III, Section 2, of the Constitution.

Time of Payment—Delinquency

Sec. 3. All dues shall be due and payable on or before January 1st for the current year. Any members whose dues are not paid on or before January 20th for the current year shall not be entitled to receive the Journal of the American Dental Association until such dues are paid, subject to the rules of the Journal. Any member in arrears shall be disqualified from voting or from being elected to or holding any office in this Society.

Dropping From The Roll

Sec. 4. Any member who shall fail to pay his or her dues for one year shall be dropped from the roll of membership and shall not be re-elected until he or she shall have paid *twenty-four dollars* (\$24.00) (for reinstatement, and a regular initiation fee of that year), and no member shall be dropped from the roll for non-payment of dues when charges are pending.

Sec. 5. Members suspended while in service of the World War for non-payment of dues may be reinstated, upon application through the regular channels, accompanied with one year's dues. In case the applicant desired to take advantage of Article III, Section 4, of the Constitution, relative to Life Membership, his twenty-five consecutive years shall be reckoned by payment of all back dues, excepting period of active service and illness resulting therefrom.

Honorary Members

Sec. 6. Honorary members are exempt from all fees and dues.

Life Members

Sec. 7. Life Members shall be exempt from all dues and fees, except as provided for in Article III, Section 4, of the Constitution.

ARTICLE VI—SPECIAL COMMITTEES

Section 1. Special committees shall be appointed in the manner sanctioned by ordinary usage.

Sec. 2. The reports of all committees shall be made in writing and recorded fully on the minutes, unless otherwise ordered.

ARTICLE VII—MEETINGS

Section 1. The regular meetings of this Society shall be held annually at such place as the majority may decide, such decision to be made immediately after the election of officers, subject to change by the Executive Committee.

Sec. 2. Special meetings may be called by the President, sanctioned by a majority of the officers of this Society, including Executive Committee and Committee on Dental Ethics.

ARTICLE VIII—PAPERS

All papers presented to and before the Society shall become the property of the body, and the Editor-Publisher shall be the responsible custodian thereof.

ARTICLE IX—ELECTION OF OFFICERS

Section 1. The election of officers shall be the order of business at 8:00 o'clock on the second evening of the annual meeting, and shall be a general session.

Voting

Sec. 2. The President shall appoint three tellers whose duty it shall be (1) to divide the meeting hall by a temporary partition provided with a stile through which all members shall pass one at a time, voting as they pass through; (2) to keep accurate count of the number of members thus passing through the stile, and to count the ballots and announce the result. Should the number of votes be greater than the number of members passing through the stile, the election shall be declared void. A majority of the votes shall be necessary for a choice, the name of the candidate receiving the lowest number of votes being dropped after each ballot, until a candidate shall receive a majority of the votes cast: *Provided*, that should there be but one candidate, the vote may be by acclamation.

ARTICLE X—QUORUM

Twenty active members of the House of Delegates shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Thirty active members of the North Carolina Dental Society shall constitute a quorum to transact business of the North Carolina Society in general session.

ARTICLE XI

Every member of this Society shall, upon application to the Secretary, be furnished with a copy of the Constitution, By-Laws, and Code of Ethics.

ARTICLE XII—RESIGNATION

Section 1. Any member of this Society shall have the privilege of resigning upon application being made in writing: *Provided*, all arrears due from him to the Society have been paid, and *Provided further*, that no charges are pending against said member.

Sec. 2. Resignations of officers shall not be considered unless application be made at least three (3) months before the ensuing regular annual meeting of the Society.

ARTICLE XIII—OFFICERS' SALARY OBLIGATIONS INCURRED

The officers of this Society shall not receive pay for their services, except as provided for in Article I, Sections 4 and 5, of the By-Laws, nor shall they incur debts greater than the income of the Society during the year of their tenure of office, except by a two-thirds majority vote of the House of Delegates of the North Carolina Dental Society.

ARTICLE XIV—DE FACTO, ETC.

The above Constitution and By-Laws embrace all the laws governing this Society, and all others are hereby repealed.

ARTICLE XV—AMENDMENTS

The House of Delegates may amend or alter these By-Laws at any annual session, due notice having been given at a previous meeting of said annual session, providing ninety per cent consent may be obtained. Otherwise, all amendments must lie on the table until the annual session next following their introduction, at which time a two-thirds majority vote will be requisite for their adoption. In the latter procedure due notice of the substance, or, if not too lengthy, the exact wording of the proposed changes must be sent to each member of the House of Delegates with the regular notice of the annual session.

Revised and adopted:

May 14, 1941

THE
BULLETIN
OF
The North Carolina
Dental Society

COMPONENT OF THE AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION



CONTAINING THE PROGRAMS
OF THE
ANNUAL MEETINGS
OF THE
DISTRICT SOCIETIES

Vol. 25

OCTOBER, 1941
GREENSBORO, N. C.

No. 2

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To

DR. LUCIAN GRAVES COBLE

A man who in the years of his practice has always been desirous and willing to do anything to raise the standard of his chosen profession, Dentistry. A cultured gentleman, genial, kind, honorable, professional, and with the highest ideals of life, he has truly rendered a great service not only to his clientelle, but to the dental profession. It is with great pleasure that this issue is dedicated to him.

—W. F. C.

THE BULLETIN

....of....

THE NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY

(Component of the American Dental Association)

Vol. 25

OCTOBER, 1941

No. 2

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OFFICERS 1941-42

DR. C. C. POINDEXTER, <i>President</i>	Greensboro
DR. PAUL FITZGERALD, <i>President-Elect</i>	Greenville
DR. W. L. MCRAE, <i>Vice-President</i>	Red Springs
DR. E. M. MEDLIN, <i>Secretary-Treasurer</i>	Aberdeen

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

DR. A. S. BUMGARDNER (1942), <i>Chairman</i>	Charlotte
DR. A. T. JENNETTE (1943).....	Washington
DR. W. F. CLAYTON (1944).....	High Point
DR. C. C. POINDEXTER (ex officio).....	Greensboro
DR. PAUL FITZGERALD (ex officio).....	Greenville
DR. E. M. MEDLIN (ex officio).....	Aberdeen

EDITOR-PUBLISHER

DR. NEAL SHEFIELD.....	Greensboro
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ASSOCIATE EDITOR-PUBLISHER

DR. R. E. LONG.....	Roxboro
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Please Note! !

The following Code of Ethics was omitted from the report of the Professional Relations Committee, as printed in the Proceedings. Please paste in the Proceedings following page 104. Do it now.

CO-OPERATE WITH OUR DENTAL LABORATORIES

One of the finest pieces of work done by any group of North Carolina Dentists is the code of ethics for the laboratory technicians and dental laboratories which was framed by the Professional Relations Committee. Every dentist in North Carolina should read this code carefully and then contrast the high ethical position which our North Carolina Laboratories have pledged themselves with the conditions which exist in other sections of the country.

You are all familiar with the advertisements in the cheap national pulp magazines, in which dental laboratories are advertising denture services to the laymen. Many of the large cities are faced with the problems of the advertising laboratories who solicit prosthetic work under the guise of furnishing it at a very low cost and eliminating the middle man (the dentist). The patient is referred to one of several dentists which the laboratory has on its list to make the impression, the laboratory finishes the denture and delivers it directly to the patient. This condition is demoralizing the prosthetic field of the profession in the areas where this plan is operating. In Chicago it is estimated that 30% of the dentures made in that city came from these so called advertising laboratories.

North Carolina should be justly proud of the very fine group of dental technicians and laboratories. They are striving hard to live up to their code of ethics 100% and the dentists of the state can be a great aid to them by not requesting patients to deliver prosthetic work to the laboratory for repairs, etc. Our state enjoys an enviable position in the relation of dentist and technician and may we all strive hard to keep it that way.

THE BOYS IN SERVICE

From practically every neighborhood some dentist is serving in our army or navy. Now you might think that they are big boys and are perfectly capable of taking care of themselves. And no doubt they can. But I have it from at least one of them that sometimes he feels like he is a long way from home and friends, and he does get lonesome. Under such circumstances a letter from some friend at home saying anything or nothing is always welcome. If you haven't written to any of these men yet don't waste any more time.

A. L. W.

If you have only been donating one dollar to the Dental Relief Christmas Seal Fund in the past increase it this year. We do not know what the next few years might have in store for some of us.

PRESIDENT'S PAGE

Admitting that dentistry has been kind to most of us, are we as a group of professional men doing as much for our profession as it is doing for us? No profession offers more to its members than dentistry. Are we taking advantage of the many opportunities? Do we attend all extension courses made available to us? Can we be counted as a regular attendant at all city, county and district meetings? Are we on hand at all state meetings? Do we attend the national meetings often enough to keep abreast of the work of the American Dental Association? Do we read the Journal in a whole-hearted manner, or do we select some one article in which we are especially interested; read that, then throw the Journal aside? A thorough reading of this publication should be a *must* on every dentist's program.

Have we, those of us who have been given opportunity to serve on the Selective Service Boards, cooperated and served graciously or have we done so in a half-hearted sort of manner? Have we, who serve on the County Boards of Health made ourselves a part of that County Board of Health, cooperating with County and State authorities; or have we been just another member of the board? Most important of all, have those of us who excell in some particular line shown a willingness to spend a few hours in study or in the preparation of a clinic whereby we could help our fellowmen as well as ourselves?

Dentistry offers a dignified, respectable position to any of its members who conducts himself as a professional man should. It offers social security to its members and their families. It gives to its members an opportunity to improve themselves in all branches without cost, thus making us better dentists and better citizens.

Inasmuch as there is nothing truer than the trite statement that "we get out of anything just what we put into it"; therefore, let us determine now that we will take our profession and ourselves more seriously; put real study and effort into our work so that we can render to our patients a more competent service. All these opportunities are ours—but, have we met the challenge?

In reviewing the total contributions and per capita to the American Dental Association Relief Fund by North Carolina over the past years, it appears to me and I am sure the membership concurs that we simply have not gone far enough in our support of this deserving agency. We have made small gains each year. The 1938-39 per capita donation was 43 cents. In 1939-40 we rose to 45 cents per capita. Possibly our efforts approach the general average of other states, but many are far ahead. Alabama for instance last year paid in \$1.09 per capita; Utah \$1.02; New Mexico \$1.29; District of Columbia \$1.56 and so on. We cannot be particularly proud of the above

comparison; yet the fault is not with the individual's willingness to give, but rather with the haphazard way in which we have paid in the money and the way in which the dental relief seals have been handled. Heretofore there has been no definite plan for their collection, each member sending in his or her money at random or not at all. Doubtless many dollars have been mailed to the central office in Chicago without the donor or state receiving credit. This should not be done, for if we will cooperate with our chairman, Dr. J. C. Watkins, the situation could be very well taken care of and our annual results would doubtless be much greater. Some satisfactory method should be worked out in each district whereby contributions would be accepted and properly credited. At some of the district meetings last year the relief fund program was stressed. It occurred to me that this sort of an approach is a very fine way to step up our interest in buying more seals. Let us resolve now to increase our donations to the American Dental Association Relief Fund at our coming district meetings.

C. C. POINDEXTER.

Attend Your District Meeting

So many of us, when we think of a day out of the office have a vision of fields and streams, of the great outdoors where the red gods beckon to us. We dream of a stream where there are bass to be taken and we desire more than anything else the renewed vigor that fresh air and sunshine give to us and the contentment of the soul that comes to us when we commune with nature. Like you, I have lived some perfect days. I have spent hours on a stream when the fishing was all I could desire, I have gone into the fields when my bird dog and myself seemed a perfect team and as the sun dipped out of sight, I have turned homeward. Tired? Yes, but satisfied with my lot and with a realization that life is worth the living.

Then there comes a day when we must be about our profession's business.

The District Meetings are just before us. Somehow there is something in a district meeting which we cannot get anywhere else, we have a possessive feeling about them, more so, than we do about the state meeting.

That does not express it, it is more a feeling of intimacy you might say. We meet and see the boys from our own district plus a few of the fellows we have elected to office in the state society, we mingle with these close friends and discuss our personal problems and go back home with the sense of having made a friendly visit. I know that I have never attended a district meeting without leaving it with a feeling that I was benefited by having seen and talked with my good friends who were present.

We have the subject of new members for our attention. There were twenty-five men who passed the board and were licensed in 1941.

Two of these men were from states other than North Carolina, every man locating in the state should be a member of our organization. They have all been contacted, that is, letters written to them inviting them to join the society, application blanks sent them to be returned to their district secretaries and doubtless many of them have sent their applications in.

We individual members can be of great help in getting these boys started off right, if there is one located in your town or an adjoining town, we can go to see him and point out the advantages of membership in the society, both to him and to the profession. Then there is the man who has never joined the society and the one who for some reason has dropped out, both eligible for membership. We can do some constructive work by getting these men on our membership rolls. In the men who work with us in our profession and to prepare our organization to meet and cope with the problems which are sure to confront us during this great emergency and to carry on successfully when the nations of the world turn to peace and a normal way of living. Let us turn out one hundred per cent for our district meetings.

PAUL FITZGERALD,
Director of Districts.

SECRETARY'S MESSAGE

Summer has flown and Fall is here. Vacation time is over and we can turn our attention to the more practical side of life. Speaking of vacations, your secretary spent three days up at Linville the latter part of July. While there, by quite a coincidence, met and played a golf match with Dr. George Mathews of Birmingham. George is Secretary-Treasurer of the Alabama State Association and President of the A.D.A. Golf Association. He is a very fine southern gentleman and I hope we can have him sometime as guest to one of our state meetings.

For the next two months the greatest maneuvers of all times will be held in sixteen counties here in this section. Over four hundred thousand men participating. One of the head officers told a group the other day to multiply by 10 how big a job they thought it would be and this would give them a true picture. The Secretary-Treasurer job may work out on a similar scale. As to my progress, I am somewhat reminded of the anecdote appearing in the September Reader's Digest as follows: Exasperated by repeated challenges of his statement to a house committee that reasonable progress was being made in National Defense, William S. Knudsen finally summed up the situation thus: "You see, gentlemen, it's like this, despite your modern hospitals and anesthetics, despite your obstetricians and psychiatrists, despite all your advancements in research, medicine and science—it still takes nine months!" I am giving the work my best effort and appreciate the encouragement and help already received. The cooperation of every member of our society is earnestly solicited. Suggestions will always be welcome.

In the fall of the year our thoughts turn to the fine district meetings we have in our state. It seems to me it would be a splendid thing if we could have more inter-visiting of the membership to the different district meetings.

Twenty-five applicants recently passed the state board. Each one of these has received an application blank and a cordial invitation to join the society through their respective districts. Any of these young men that you come in contact with, give them a personal invitation. There is nothing that will mean more to them as the years come and go than to affiliate themselves with organized dentistry.

The 1942 program is getting well under way. More definite information will appear in the next issue of the Bulletin.

ERBIE M. MEDLIN, *Sec.-Treas.*

THE DENTAL ASSISTANTS ASSOCIATION

The initial meeting of state-wide dental assistants was held at Pinehurst May 13, 1941 during the sessions of the North Carolina State Dental Society. At that time, with the assistance of Dr. F. L. Hunt of Asheville, N. C., the North Carolina Dental Assistants Association was organized. We believe this to be a significant step in promoting greater efficiency in our profession as dental assistants as well as promoting harmony and good fellowship among ourselves.

Dr. C. C. Poindexter, President of the North Carolina Dental Society has appointed an Advisory Committee for our organization which is composed of Dr. F. L. Hunt, Asheville, Dr. John Ashby, Mt. Airy, and Dr. Wilbert Jackson, Clinton. These gentlemen will advise and assist us in perfecting our organization, which will in time make us eligible to become affiliated with the National Organization.

We wish to urge the dental assistants of North Carolina to organize locally and at the same time affiliate themselves with the State Society.

All dental assistants are urgently requested to send their name and address to Mrs. Vallie L. Henderson, Secretary, 718 Professional Bldg., Raleigh, N. C., so that we may have a complete roster of the dental assistants of North Carolina.

MARGARET EVANS, *President,*
N. C. Dental Assistants Association
605 Reynolds Building
Winston-Salem, N. C.

Your district Secretary-Treasurer will be glad to receive your contribution to the Dental Relief Fund at the district meeting.

ATTENTION ALL DENTAL ASSISTANTS!

Now that vacations are over and we are getting back into harness again, let us begin to make plans for work in our new organization. As you undoubtedly know, the North Carolina Dental Assistants Association was organized on Tuesday, May 13, 1941 at Pinehurst, N. C., during the meeting of the North Carolina Dental Society.

The officers of the North Carolina Dental Assistants Association, with the valuable assistance of the Advisory Committee from the North Carolina Dental Society, which was appointed by the President of the Society, are formulating plans for our new work and in time we will be eligible for membership in the National Association.

In order to make this an outstanding and worth while organization, we need the support of every dental assistant in North Carolina.

Your Secretary has been busy in an effort to compile a mailing list of all assistants throughout the State. The response to questionnaires mailed out has been greater than was anticipated, but there are still a few remaining questionnaires that have not been returned. Those of you who have not filled out the questionnaire mailed you for your territory, please do so at an early date, in order that our mailing list may be completed.

Let's cooperate fully to the end that our organization shall be outstanding and effective in its mission.

VALLIE L. HENDERSON, *Secretary*
N. C. Dental Assistants Association
718 Professional Bldg.,
Raleigh, N. C.

MINUTES OF EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY

MAY 14th, 1941

The Executive Committee of the North Carolina Dental Society met in joint session with the Program Committee at the Carolina in Pinehurst, May 14th, 1941. The following members being present: Dr. O. L. Presnell, Chairman, Dr. A. S. Bumgardner, Dr. S. P. Gay, Dr. C. C. Poindexter, Dr. C. M. Parks, Dr. F. O. Alford, Dr. Neal Sheffield, Dr. E. M. Medlin, Dr. Paul Fitzgerald.

The matter of membership of Dr. J. L. Gibson was discussed and the Committee decided that they had no authority to act in this matter.

Motion: Dr. Poindexter, That photographs of deceased members be published in the succeeding issue of Bulletin after death of member.

Motion: Dr. Poindexter, That Dr. Neal Sheffield be elected as Editor-Publisher to succeed himself.

Motion: Dr. McRae, That Membership Plaques from A.D.A. be accepted for members from American Dental Association.

Motion: Dr. Fitzgerald, That date of meeting in Greensboro be decided by the President and Secretary.

Motion: Dr. Gay, That Secretary be authorized to pay all expenses of Pinehurst meeting when properly approved.

Motion: Dr. Bumgardner, That the payment of Fifty Dollars each to Dr. Wilfred H. Robinson and Dr. Gerald D. Timmons by the Secretary, be approved.

Motion: Dr. Fitzgerald, That the Secretary be authorized to buy a government bond in the name of the North Carolina Dental Society, provided there are funds in the treasury sufficient for such purpose, not needed for current expenses of the society.

The Secretary was instructed to turn the books and accounts over to the Chairman, Dr. O. L. Presnell on May 31st, 1941, for auditing.

The Executive Committee will meet with the Program Committee at 11:00 A. M., July 20th at O. Henry Hotel, Greensboro.

The Committee approved paying to Dr. James Aiguier Fifty Dollars Honorarium in addition to expenses incurred by Dr. Aiguier by virtue of coming to Pinehurst.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned.

PAUL FITZGERALD, *Secretary.*

**MINUTES OF EXECUTIVE AND PROGRAM COMMITTEE
NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY
O. Henry Hotel, Greensboro, July 20, 1941**

The Program and Executive Committee met with the following members present: Executive Committee, A. S. Bumgardner, C. C. Poindexter, Paul Fitzgerald and E. M. Medlin.

Program Committee, E. M. Medlin, C. E. Minges, L. G. Coble, F. O. Alford and H. A. Edwards.

Motion: Paul Fitzgerald, That Committee be allowed \$800.00 for expense of meeting.

Dr. Poindexter noted that the committee from the North Carolina Dental Society will meet with Dental Assistants Society at their wish.

Suggestion was accepted that National President or Secretary of Dental Assistants Society be invited to appear at a designated period and to pay expenses of this person to and from the meeting.

Matter of Dr. Jennette—

Motion this matter be deferred until September.

Motion: Paul Fitzgerald and passed that the president appoint a meeting committee. The following were appointed: Dr. F. O. Alford, Chairman, Dr. C. E. Minges and Dr. Fitzgerald. This committee is to study out a plan of rotation of meetings to the best advantage of the society.

Dr. Neal Shefield brought up the matter of publication of Dr. Hodgkin's paper in Journal of A.D.A. It was decided to allow A.D.A. to publish this article and the Bulletin of North Carolina Dental Society publish it later. Motion made by Dr. C. C. Poindexter.

E. M. MEDLIN, *Secretary.*

It is noted from the Dental Students' Register, 1940 that there were 1757 graduates from the dental schools of the United States and of that number 445 had predental college training of bachelor's degree or beyond.

Many of the largest industrial companies in our country are laying aside funds now to meet any curtailment in earnings in the future. Would not the same policy be a wise one for the Dentist through the purchase of United States Defense Bonds.



AT THE PINEHURST
MEETING

Dr. and Mrs. C. C.
Poindexter



Dr. and Mrs. S. C.
Marks

(Standing) Dr. W. Kermit Chapman, Dr. W. M. Mattheson, and Dr. and Mrs. D. J. Eure.



Dr. and Mrs. L. M.
Edwards
and
Dr. J. E. Swindell



Drs. J. L. Ashby, Wilbert
Jackson and D. L.
Pridgen.

Photos by John Fleming

AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION SCIENTIFIC AND HEALTH EXHIBITS

The Scientific and Health Exhibits in the new Sam Houston Coliseum promise to present a tabloid of "dentistry in progress". In the spacious, well lighted and adequately ventilated 71,000 square feet an unusually large number of new exhibits will be shown. Among the timely and authoritative exhibits we can mention only a few: The Army Medical Museum's, "Activities of the Army Dental Corps"; The U. S. Public Health Service's, "Dental Activities of the U. S. Public Health Service"; V. H. Kazanjian's "Surgical and Prosthetic Restorations of the Face and Jaws"; Dr. George M. Hollenback's "Instrument and Methods Used in Testing Filling Materials". Exhibits from our neighbors in Chile and Argentina will be displayed.

Make your appointments for meeting your friends in the exhibit hall so that those extra minutes can be used to your advantage in observing and learning.

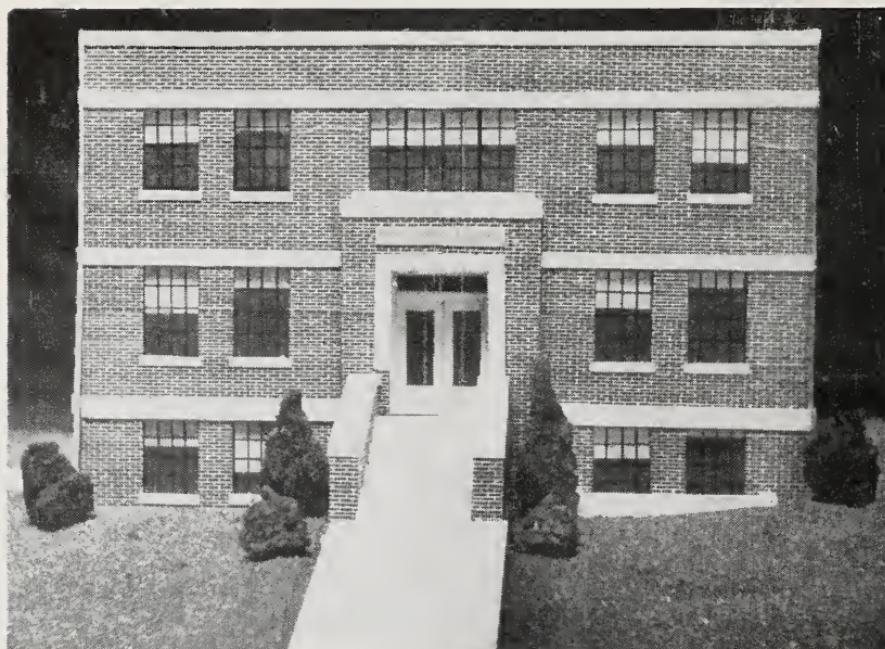
The event—The Scientific and Health Exhibits

The place—The Sam Houston Coliseum, Houston, Texas.

The dates—October 27-31, 1941

We'll be looking for you.

Scientific and Health Exhibit Committee.
LEO F. MARRE, *Chairman*



The New Oral Hygiene Building, North Carolina State Board of Health,
Raleigh, N. C.



Members of the Sixth Session, School of Public Health Dentistry,
Chapel Hill, N. C.

There were enrolled in the freshman classes of the dental schools of the United States, October 15, 1940, 2305 students; 601 of these students were previously graduated from other institutions with a bachelor's degree.

Donate to the Dental Relief Fund to insure aid to any distressed member—Buy Government Defense Bonds now to meet reduced earnings that may come in the next few years.

"HAVE YOU BOUGHT ANY DEFENSE BONDS TODAY"?

MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

The enlargement of the Military Affairs Committee of the North Carolina Dental Society, during the emergency, to include in addition to our regular committee, the President, President-Elect, Secretary and Editor of the N. C. D. S. Bulletin, the President and Secretary of the N. C. B. D. E. and the President and Secretary of the Five District Societies, has given us a splendid coverage and reaction from all sections of the state. The results and cooperation has been so satisfactory that Dr. Raymond Wills, Chief Dental Officer of the Medical Division, of the Selective Service System, Washington, D. C., was high in his praise for the support of the Dental Profession in North Carolina had given the Selective Service.

The Trustees of the A.D.A. called to meet August 3rd in Chicago in a special joint session with the National Health, Legislative and Preparedness Committees, considered at some length the problem of the draftee rejected because of remedial dental defects. The recommendations as outlined were rather lengthy. In brief, they provided for the formation of the State Dental Rehabilitation Committee which is to cooperate with proper state agencies and charged with the correction of dental defects in rejected draftees. The dental service to be paid for by local arrangements or from funds appropriated for the specific purpose.

The members of our Committee have been very alert and willing to make any sacrifice to secure desired information for all A.D.A. and National Committees, such as American Red Cross, the Dental Preparedness, Legislative and the National Health Program Committees.

Through various members of our Committees we have been in constant touch with the Selective Service Headquarters in Raleigh and with each local draft board. To date every selectee, who was rejected because of a remedial dental condition and reported to any member of our Committee, has been made available for military service.

The Directors of the National Youth Administration have shown a very fine spirit of cooperation with the Dental Profession. They came before a called meeting of our Committee and placed their dental problems before us, asking for criticism and suggestions. The program agreed to at the joint conference is in operation in North Carolina today. The plan, in brief, provides for the use of local dentists, a few hours each week, rather than employing wholetime dentists. Director Lang and Dr. Waters, N.Y.A. State Health Administrators, are both delighted with the dental program.

The Farm Security Administration is contemplating some form of dental service for their clients in North Carolina and we have suggested that they consider a program similar to the N.Y.A. plan.

The Committee has surveyed the dental situation around the large military camps and are urging dentists to move into congested areas just as fast as the need is determined.

A survey of all dentists in the draft age was made and their status in the reserve or draft was ascertained. All members applying to our Committee in an effort to obtain a Commission, or deferment, have been assisted. According to our records not a single dentist has been drafted into the service as a private soldier.

It is contemplated that our Committee will soon be called upon to assist the N.Y.A., the F.S.A., and other agents to furnish additional dentists for whole or part time services. If any dentist is interested please get touch with the Military Affairs Committee. All correspondence is treated confidential.

Respectfully submitted,

H. O. LINEBERGER, *Chairman*
For the Committee.

PRACTICE AIDS

To prevent breakage of spray bottles place a rubber band around the bottle at the point where the enlarged portion rests in the receptacle of the unit. The rubber will relieve the shock when the bottle is accidentally dropped in the receptacle.

* * *

To clean, sterilize and restore the original color to copper bands that have been used, burn out old compound over bunson burner, scrub off carbon then heat band till red and plunge in grain alcohol.

* * *

A few crystals of potassium bichromate in your sulphuric acid pickling solution will reduce the action of the fumes on the metal work of your equipment and plumbing fixtures.

* * *

A clever way to prevent modeling compound from sticking to the bottom of the enamel pan, mix enough 10 minute setting plaster to cover the bottom of the container one half inch in thickness, vibrate to give a smooth surface. Let the plaster remain, it will last for months and compound will not stick to it.

* * *

Those trays that are hopelessly stuck up with modeling compound can be easily cleaned with chloroform.

* * *

To polish porcelain crowns or porcelain teeth that have been ground use a soft paste of a saturated solution of spirits of turpentine, gum camphor and pumice flour. Keep polishing wheel (felt) wet.

* * *

In soldering gold, when it is desired to restrict the flow of solder to a certain area, draw a line around the area with a sharp lead pencil.

* * *

By placing a bit of sticky wax on the occlusal surface of an inlay and placing a square-ended instrument in the warm wax, allowed to set, the inlay will be much easier to cement into position without fear of dropping it.

* * *

To remove discoloration spots in a porcelain washbasin or cuspidor bowl, apply a solution of oxalic acid with a stiff brush.

* * *

Scratches on mahogany furniture may be made unnoticeable by painting with iodine and polishing with furniture polish.

ANOTHER OPEN LETTER

Dear George:

Well, my boy, since the Pinehurst meeting I have been wondering whether you are just plain cantankerous or whether I simply failed to touch a tender spot in that heart-rending message urging you to attend the State meeting.

Whatever the cause, you were not there. It didn't really surprise anyone, including your correspondent. When a tree has grown its roots in the ground for so long it sort of gets accustomed to that spot and to get it elsewhere is a real job of transplanting.

I don't know how I ever hoped to dig you out of your lethargy at one minor operation of digging into your conscience, nor is this any particular reflection on you. It is I who have failed—I started out to cajole you into a change of heart when a major operation was needed. The roots of your life have become so embedded in the stagnant soil of monotony and circumscribed local activities that perhaps it doesn't occur to you that there is a fuller life just beyond the horizon.

Perhaps you know that sometime soon we are going to have all up and down the state a series of district meetings. Now there's something that really appeals to the everyday man like you and me. It doesn't last long enough to wear you out. It's packed full of interest even for the man who has lost his contacts throughout the state. You will see men from nearby towns you know. And don't tell me you won't be glad to see them. Even for a little while you can forget that Mrs. Jones went from you to him because that last job you did for her was no good. Or so she said. And outside of forgetting for a little while why the patient went elsewhere don't forget there is something there for you to learn, and to remember.

You see, the reason I didn't search you out with a stick and hit you over the head or something is that out of the kindness of an old and troubled heart I wanted to give you a chance at the district meetings. If nothing else will please you come on down to the fifth district meeting. We give a free meal to those present on Sunday night. That ought to tear you loose from your easy chair. (Sorry folks, that plug for my own district just couldn't be helped.)

Sadly yours,

A. L. WOOTEN.

"HAVE YOU BOUGHT ANY DEFENSE BONDS TODAY?"

Your district Secretary-Treasurer will be glad to receive your contribution to the Dental Relief Fund at the district meeting.



DR. G. FRED HALE
*President Southern Society of
Orthodontists*

P R O G R A M
SOUTHERN SOCIETY OF ORTHODONTISTS
Sir Walter Hotel
Raleigh, N. C.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1941
(Daylight Saving Time)

2:00 P.M. A tour of Duke University at Durham, and the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. Cars will leave the Hotel Sir Walter promptly at the scheduled hour. Gentlemen are included.

Organ recital in Duke Chapel at 4:00 o'clock by Mr. Edward Hall Broadhead, The University Organist. Opportunity will be given to attend this.

7:00 P.M. The members and visiting ladies will be guests at an informal gathering in the Manteo Room of the Hotel Sir Walter.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1941
(Eastern Standard Time)

11:00 A.M. Automobile tour of the city.

1:00 P.M. Luncheon for the ladies at The Carolina Country Club.

4:00 P.M. Mrs. J. M. Broughton will entertain at tea at the Governor's Mansion.

7:00 P.M. Dinner, Colonial Dining Room, Hotel Sir Walter.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1941

There will not be any arranged entertainment for this day as it was thought that the ladies would like to shop around the city.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1941

MORNING SESSION

Virginia Dare Ballroom
(Eastern Standard Time)

8:30 A.M. Registration

9:00 A.M. Meeting called to order.

Reading of Minutes of Preceding Meeting.

Report of Board of Directors.

Dr. M. Bagley Walker

Report of Secretary-Treasurer.

Report of Committees.

President's Address.

Report of Trustee of A. A. O.

10:00 A.M. "The Construction and Manipulation of the Twin Wire Mechanism."

Dr. Joseph E. Johnson, Louisville, Ky.

11:00 A.M. "A Consideration of Etiology."

Dr. Philip E. Adams, Boston, Mass.

12:00 A.M. "Philosophy in Orthodontic Practice."

Dr. Clinton C. Howard,* Atlanta, Ga.

*Member of the staff of the Good Samaritan Endocrine Clinic, Atlanta, Ga., for eighteen years.

AFTERNOON SESSION

2:00 P.M. "The Treatment of Different Types of Malocclusion with the Twin Arch Mechanism."

Dr. Joseph E. Johnson, Louisville, Ky.

3:15 P.M. "Pioneers in Orthodontics."

Dr. Harry E. Kelsey, Baltimore, Md.

3:45 P.M. Clinics: Manteo Room.

"Results in Treatment of a Unilateral Cross-bite."

Dr. P. J. Thomas, Savannah, Ga.

"What Do You Tell Them When They Ask You?"

Dr. Walter T. McFall, Asheville, N. C.

"Simplified Clinical Photography."

Dr. Harry C. Shotwell, Lynchburg, Va.

"Case Reports."

Dr. R. E. Allen, Jacksonville, Fla.

"Efficient and Inexpensive Technic for Correcting Lingually Locked Upper Incisors."

Dr. Stephen C. Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

"The Time, the Place, and the Appliance."

Dr. Andrew Francis Jackson, Philadelphia,
Pa.

"Photography."

Dr. Paul Hoffman, Washington, D. C.

"Demonstration in Making the Twin
Arch Appliance."

Dr. Joe E. Johnson, Louisville, Ky.

7:00 P.M. Dinner—Colonial Dining Room (in-
formal).

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1941

9:00 A.M. Business Session.

Report of Board of Directors.

Report of President's Address.

Election of Officers.

New Business.

Unfinished Business.

Selection of Next Meeting Place.

10:00 A.M. "Discussion of the Occlusal Guide
Plane."

Dr. Russell E. Irish, Pittsburgh, Pa.

11:30 A.M. Case Reports:

"Mutilated Mesio-occlusion."

Dr. W. A. Giblin, Montclair, N. J.

"Two Case Reports: 'A Comparison in
the Selection of Appliances'"

Dr. Andrew Francis Jackson, Philadelphia,
Pa.

"Adult Class III Case Showing Prompt
Change in Functions."

Dr. W. H. Street, Richmond, Va.

"Comments on Acromegaloïd and the Be-
havior of Two Second Horizontally Im-
pacted Pre-Molars."

Dr. C. C. Howard, Atlanta, Ga.

AFTERNOON SESSION

2:00 P.M. "A Report on the Experimental Treat-
ment of a Certain Type of Malocclusion."

Dr. Bert G. Anderson, New Haven, Conn.

2:45 P.M. "Report of a Survey in the Use of the
Guide Plane."

Dr. P. J. Thomas, Savannah, Ga.

3:15 P.M. Business Session.

Installation of Officers.

Adjournment.

DENTAL EXCHANGE

The purpose of this Exchange Column is to give the dentists and the Supply Houses in our State an opportunity to sell or exchange idle pieces of equipment in order to conserve our resources during the National Preparedness Program. There is no charge for listing items on this page.

FOR SALE

S. S. White Chair for sale. In case of sale I would want 30 days before delivery.

Dr. M. F. Townsend, Lumberton.

Cameron pulp tester for sale.

Dr. O. R. Hodgin, Thomasville.

One electric heater for two spray bottles and one water glass. Also, one Cameron diagnositc outfit.

Dr. Frank O. Alford, Charlotte.

One Ritter Ionizer outfit for sale.

Dr. C. H. Wadsworth, Concord.

For Sale—One Impactor Outfit.

Dr. Norman Ross, Durham.

For Sale—One three flask vulcanizer in good condition.

Dr. E. A. Troxler, Greensboro.

For Sale—One Impactor Outfit.

Dr. Henry Carr, Durham.

For Sale—Pelton Cabinet sterilizer in good condition.

Dr. W. R. Hinton, Greensboro.

Dental Cabinet very old, oak.

Dr. F. W. McCracken, Sanford.

Ritter Dental Lathe in good condition

Dr. W. R. Hinton, Greensboro.

For Sale—American Cabinet, black finish, excellent condition, also mcs. operating instruments.

Dr. W. R. Hinton, Greensboro

Harvard Dental Chair for sale.

Dr. R. W. Crews, Thomasville.

For Sale—One Burton Oculite.

Dr. Neal Sheffield, Greensboro.

For Sale—One Asbestos Fire Board for laboratory bench.

Dr. W. A. Pressley, Jr., Greensboro.

WANTED

Equipment for second operating room. Those having full equipment or part may communicate with,

Dr. Everett R. Teague, Reidsville.

Wanted to buy a good used Vulcanizer.

Dr. Rufus S. Jones, Warrenton.

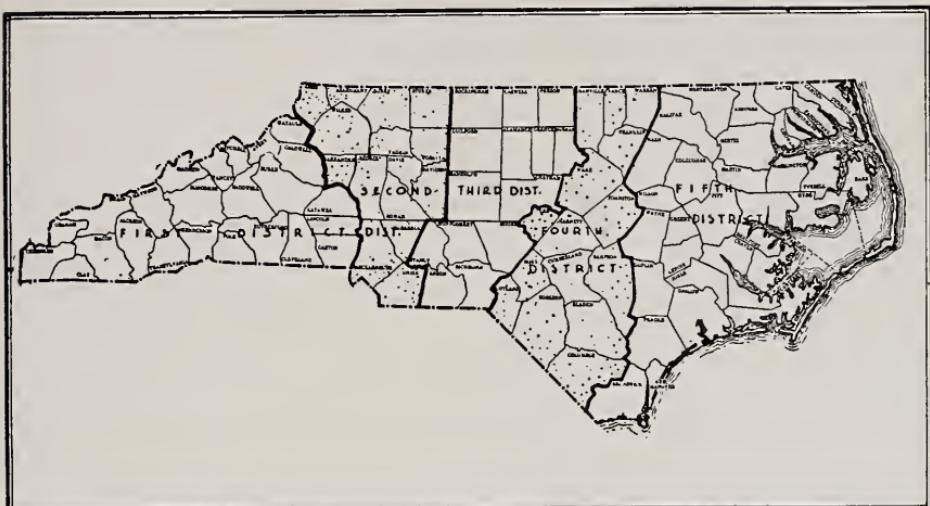
Exodontist Cabinet in good condition also Autoclave.

Dr. W. R. Hinton, Greensboro.

Your district Secretary-Treasurer will be glad to receive your contribution to the Dental Relief Fund at the district meeting.

"HAVE YOU BOUGHT ANY DEFENSE BONDS TODAY?"

DISTRICT SOCIETIES



FIRST DISTRICT

President, W. K. Chapman.....	Sylva
President-Elect, Wm. M. Matheson.....	Boone
Vice-President, W. R. Breeland.....	Belmont
Secretary-Treasurer, R. D. Coffey.....	Morganton
Editor, David Abernathy, Jr.....	Hickory

LET US GO UP INTO THE HILLS

For the first time in the history of the First District we are having our meeting west of Asheville—in Waynesville, October 19, 20, 21. Our beautiful mountains will be at their best at this time. They alone, with their varicolored foliage, are worth the trip.

Dr. Gay, who is in charge of arrangements, has planned two recreational trips, which will be enjoyable to members, wives, and assistants. Our President-Elect, Dr. Matheson, has arranged a most interesting and instructive program. In addition to papers and clinics for the dentists, we are to have a lecture and clinic dealing exclusively with problems of the dental assistant. We hope every assistant will take advantage of this opportunity for discussion and aid on her problems. May we expect all members of the District to be up with us, bringing your wives and assistants? Guests outside our District will be most welcome.

W. KERMIT CHAPMAN, President.

"HAVE YOU BOUGHT ANY DEFENSE BONDS TODAY?"



Convention Headquarters

WAYNESVILLE WELCOMES YOU

The First District extends an invitation to all members of the North Carolina Dental Society and especially urge those in our district to attend our Annual Meeting the 19-20-21 of October in Waynesville. We have arranged a full program for the ladies as well as the men so please tell them the invitation includes them also.

Our golf tournament will be Sunday morning in order that all may make the tour Sunday afternoon in the Great Smoky Mountain National Park. This trip alone will be worth your time and effort. Such views as you will see are unbelievable and at this time of year when the trees are so beautiful I know that it will be a delightful trip. The two views that appear in the Bulletin, Cove Creek Valley and a view of the sky from Heintoogan Ball are merely samples of what you may expect.

We are indeed glad to have Dr. Sturdevant as our chief clinician also the Dental Assistants from Tennessee who have been very active in their national organization. We will expect all dental assistants from the First District to be present and any from the other part of the State will be more than welcome.

Please do not miss the buffet supper Monday night at the Piedmont Hotel. These suppers are a specialty of the Hotel and the dance that will follow will have as a special entertainment the appearance of the famed Soco Gap dance team. No doubt you recall their trip to the White House where they danced for the King and Queen of England.

We feel that in this meeting there will be something for all who attend. Come on to Waynesville!

RALPH COFFEY, *Secretary-Treasurer.*



FIRST DISTRICT NEWS

Each year about this time we begin to feel enthusiastic about our fall district meeting. This year we really think we are going to have something. A resort atmosphere, three days instead of the usual two, an outstanding Clinician and a program for the dental assistants—all add up to what we fully expect to be the peak in dental meetings. If you are in quest of learning, socializing, or exercise, you can take your pick in Waynesville this Fall.

TRI-COUNTY

Dr. Steelman from Lincolnton is the new President and a good season is anticipated. The Gaston County Club met with us in Lincolnton and heard an excellent paper on peridontia by Dr. D. B. Mizell, as well as information concerning Army conditions by Dr. Borden Drum and Dr. Ramer. The plan of inviting outside groups has proven sound as attested by another excellent program on cancer held in Morganton with the Rutherford study club present. These meetings seem to be a vital link between the yearly meetings of State and District. We are gathering material for a history of the Tri-County which should be interesting due to the fact that it is claimed that it is the first of such societies formed in the State.

NOTES

Fishing hasn't been so productive this year compared to other years but as Dr. Jimmy Little says "anyway, we had a nice outing" each time. We averaged a trip twice a week and think the time spent in the open well invested. As the prophet said "The Lord does not subtract from the allotted span of a man's life, the days he spends fishing." Too many good men are burning themselves out by fifty. More recreation would help prevent these tragedies.

The Brook Trout seen in the picture of the Tri-County Society weighed $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. It was caught by Carl Mott in Linville River. It was a beautiful fish and Carl is having it mounted.

Captain Drum and Lieutenant Jack Ramer were of the opinion that Uncle Sam is giving his boys fine dental attention. They have the very best of equipment and material.

DAVID ABERNETHY, *Editor.*



Roger E. Sturdevant, D.D.S., Atlanta, Georgia; Head of Crown and Bridge Department at the Atlanta-Southern Dental College since 1938; Graduate of the University of Nebraska 1916; Faculty member in the Crown and Bridge Department of the Dental School of the University of Nebraska. Dr. Sturdevant is appearing on both the programs of the First District at Waynesville and the Third District in Greensboro.

PROGRAM

FIRST DISTRICT DENTAL SOCIETY Hotel Gordon Waynesville, N. C.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1941

- 10:00 A.M. Golf Tournament
3:00 P.M. Tour in Smoky Mountain National Park

MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 20, 1941

- 8:00 A.M. Registration—Lobby of Hotel Gordon
9:00 A.M. Opening Session
Invocation—
 Rev. H. G. Hammett, Waynesville Baptist Church
Address of Welcome—
 J. Dale Stentz, Secretary of Waynesville Chamber of Commerce
Response to Address of Welcome—
 G. Shuford Abernathy, D.D.S., Hickory, N. C.
President's Address—
 W. Kermit Chapman, D.D.S., Sylva, N. C.
9:30 A.M. Lecture—"The North Carolina Dental Assistants Association"
 F. L. Hunt, D.D.S., Asheville, N. C.
9:45 A.M. Lecture—"The Dental Assistant"
 Miss Mildred Thompson, Knoxville, Tenn.; Past Vice-President American Dental Assistants Association; Past Trustee American Dental Assistants Association and Past President Tennessee Dental Assistants Association.
10:15 A.M. Lecture—"The Organization of the Dental Assistants"
 Miss Lucile Hodge, Knoxville, Tenn., Past General Secretary American Dental Assistants Association.
10:30 A.M. Clinic for Assistants (Music Room)
 Misses Thompson and Hodge
10:30 A.M. Lecture—"Removing Stains from Mottled Enamel"
 W. H Breeland, D.D.S., Belmont, N. C.
11:15 A.M. Lecture—"Acrylic Resin Bridges, Jackets and Inlays"
 A. C. Current, D.D.S., Gastonia, N. C.
12:00 Noon Adjournment of Morning Session

MONDAY AFTERNOON, OCTOBER 20, 1941

- 12:30 P.M. Luncheon
 Toastmaster—W. M. Matheson, D.D.S., President-Elect
 Introduction of Guests and Officers of the North Carolina Dental Society

2:00 P.M. Lecture—"Modifications in Cavity Preparations and Practical Considerations in Crown and Bridgework"

Roger E. Sturdevant, D.D.S., Atlanta, Georgia; Head of Crown and Bridge Department at the Atlanta -Southern Dental College since 1938; Graduate of the University of Nebraska, 1916; Faculty member in the Crown and Bridge Department of the Dental School of the University of Nebraska, 1925-1938; member of the Georgia Dental Association, American Dental Association and the Omicron Kappa Upsilon Honor Fraternity; Clinician at the American Dental Association, the Chicago Mid-Winter Clinic, the Denver Mid-Winter Clinic and the Alabama, Florida and North Carolina State Societies; Publications: "Simple Control for Practical Castings", Journal of the A.D.A. and Dental Cosmos February, 1937 and "Further Study of Inlay Problems", Journal of the A.D.A. and Dental Cosmos, April, 1938.

3:30 P.M. General Table Clinics

"Extractions and Impactions—Pre-operative and Post Operative Treatment"

N. P. Maddux, D.D.S., Asheville, N. C.

"Treatment of Tic douloureux"

S. H. Steelman, D.D.S., Lincolnton, N. C.

"Removing Stains from Mottled Enamel"

W. H. Breeland, D.D.S., Belmont, N. C.

"Acrylic Resin Bridges, Jackets and Inlays"

A. C. Current, D.D.S., Gastonia, N. C.

"Presentation of Practical Cases in Perodontia"

S. P. Gay, D.D.S., Waynesville, N. C.

"Study of Vitamin Deficiency"

Ralph L. Falls, D.D.S., Morganton, N. C.

"Amalgam"

Moultrie Truluck, D.D.S., Asheville, N. C.

"Orthodontia in General Practice"

W. J. Turbyville, D.D.S., Asheville, N. C.

"Perodontia"

J. Fred Campbell, D.D.S., Hickory, N. C.

"Lower Impression Technique"

C. B. Yount, D.D.S., Hickory, N. C.

5:00 P.M. Adjournment of Afternoon Session

MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 20, 1941

8:00 P.M. Buffet Supper—Piedmont Hotel

9:00 P.M. Dance—Ballroom of the Piedmont Hotel

Special Entertainment furnished by the Famed Soco Gap Dance Team

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1941

9:00 A.M. Clinic—"Casting Technique"

Roger E. Sturdevant, D.D.S., Atlanta, Ga.

11:00 A.M. Business Meeting

12:00 Noon Adjourn

SECOND DISTRICT

President, Amos S. Bumgardner.....	Charlotte
President-Elect, Carl A. Barkley.....	Winston-Salem
Vice-President, Guy Masten.....	Winston-Salem
Secretary-Treasurer, Frank W. Kirk.....	Salisbury
Editor, J. P. Reece.....	Concord

SALISBURY HOST TO FOURTH DISTRICT

The Second District Dental Society approaches another of its annual meetings. Due to the energetic work of the different committees we feel that we have procured one of the most practical programs for this particular meeting.

The far seeing men who saw in years past the need of a division of the State Dental Organization into districts thought wisely. For nothing has done more in the last fifteen years to develop the individual talent along clinical lines than has the district organization. If the progress of this state society has kept abreast of the sister states where colleges and universities are located a great percent of this endeavor will of necessity go to the work of the district society.

The Second District Society meets in Salisbury, N. C., and the local organization has done everything to make this a noble success. We do appreciate very much their interest and work, and we know that this particular meeting will be an outstanding success.

We cordially invite every member of the State Dental Society and those from our sister states to join with us in this two day study.

A. S. BUMGARDNER, *President.*

SECRETARY'S MESSAGE

The Second District Dental Society will hold its 21st annual meeting in Salisbury at the Yadkin Hotel.

I would like to take this opportunity on behalf of the Rowan County Dental Society to extend a most cordial welcome to each and everyone. Salisbury welcomes you and we hope that many from other Districts will attend.

Dr. Frank Alford, our Program chairman, has arranged a fine program which I think will be enjoyed by all.

This is to say that every member in the Second District has paid his dues, except eleven (11) and I hope to receive these on or before the 13th of October.

Please mark off on your appointment book, 13th and 14th of October as Salisbury awaits your arrival.

Sincerely

FRANK W. KIRK, *Secretary.*

Your district Secretary-Treasurer will be glad to receive your contribution to the Dental Relief Fund at the district meeting.



E. G. Bumgardner, D.D.S., Graduate Atlanta-Southern Dental College, Atlanta, Georgia, '21; Resident Staff Dentists State Hospital, Columbia, S. C., 1921-26. President of the Central Dental Society 1928. President South Carolina Dental Association 1940-41. Dr. Bumgardner's subject is "Every Day Problems in Exodontia, Pre and Post Operative Care."

Howard H. Burkart, D.D.S., University of Michigan '23. In general practice thirteen years. Instructor in Children's Dentistry at the University of Detroit Dental College until 1938; now Professor of Children's Dentistry and Director of the DeLos L. Hill, Jr. Memorial Clinic for Children, Atlanta-Southern Dental College; Past President Michigan Unit of the American Society of Dentistry for Children; Past Director Detroit Clinic Club.



FOURTH DISTRICT NEWS

Elsewhere in this issue of the Bulletin you will find an exchange column for the listing of any item of dental equipment that you may wish to dispose of, or buy. This plan was inaugurated by our most competent Editor-Publisher of the Bulletin, Dr. Neal Sheffield. If the response is good, this plan should be of great value to many of our members all over the state. Just list anything you wish and sign it, giving your address, and send it in to your editor. Dr. Sheffield at Greensboro, N. C.

DR. STORY

It was with deep regret that we read of the death of Dr. Harold E. Story of Charlotte. With the passing of Dr. Story the Second District loses one of its most valuable members and one of the most competent oral surgeons in this section of the country.

PERSONAL ITEMS

We were glad to see Dr. Frank Alford in our city the other night. Dr. Frank has not been feeling up to par recently, but we are glad to report that he is feeling much better and is back in the office again.

Dr. "Red" Thompson of China Grove and Dr. Curtis E. Furr of Concord have recently been called to active duty in the Dental Reserve Corps of the U. S. Army.

J. P. REECE, *Editor.*

W. Y. Hutchins, D.D.S., Kingsport, Tennessee, Graduate Atlanta-Southern Dental College Atlanta, Georgia. A native North Carolinian, who is devoting his full time to the practice and research in Prosthetic Dentistry. Dr. Hutchins' subject is "Pre-Fitted Full Dentures."



P R O G R A M**SECOND DISTRICT DENTAL SOCIETY****Twenty-first Annual Meeting**

Yadkin Hotel

Salisbury, N. C.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 13-14, 1941

9:00 A.M. Registration—Hotel Lobby

10:00 A.M. Opening Session

Meeting Called to Order by the President, Amos Bumgardner, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

Invocation—Dr. Chas. J. Woodbridge, Pastor, First Presbyterian Church, Salisbury, N. C.

Address of Welcome—Mr. R. E. Ramsey, Mayor, Salisbury, N. C.

Response to the Address of Welcome—G. A. Laz-enby, D.D.S., Statesville, N. C.

Greetings from the President of the North Carolina Dental Society—C. C. Poindexter, D.D.S., Greensboro, N. C.

President's Address—A. S. Bumgardner, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

Introduction of Visitors

Necrology Report—Lee Roy Thompson, D.D.S., Winston-Salem, N. C.

Receiving Applications for Membership in District and State Societies

11:00 A.M. Lecture—"Acrylic Resin As A Restorative Material"—A. C. Current, D.D.S., Gastonia, N. C.

Synopsis: It is my purpose to show as best I can, with the limited experience possible in the short time since the introduction of acrylic resin, ways and means of application in operative dentistry which will best safeguard both the patient's interest and the reputation of the dentist.

11:45 A.M. Clinic—"Acrylic Resin As A Restorative Material" A. C. Current, D.D.S., Gastonia, N. C.

12:30 P.M. Lunch

2:00 P.M. Lecture—"Operative Procedures for Deciduous and Young Permanent Teeth"

Howard H. Burkart, D.D.S., University of Michigan '23. In general practice thirteen years. Instructor in Children's Dentistry at the Uni-

versity of Detroit Dental College until 1938; Now Professor of Dentistry for Children and Director of the DeLos L. Hill Jr. Memorial Clinic for Children, Atlanta-Southern Dental College; Past President Michigan Unit of the American Society of Dentistry for Children; Past Director Clinic Club.

SYNOPSIS: The paper will embody:

- (1) Cavity Preparation
- (2) Pulp Therapy
- (3) Space Retainers
- (4) Fractured Anteriors

3:30 P.M. Table Clinics

"Shading of Acrylic Jackets and Bridge Work"
Bernard N. Walker, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

"Moving Picture on Oral Surgery"

Grady Ross, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

"Full Denture and Rebase Impressions With Adapтол"

R. R. Shoaf, D.D.S., Lexington, N. C.

"Minor Oral Surgery"

C. D. Wheeler, D.D.S., Salisbury, N. C.

"X-ray Slides"

R. Nat Hunt, D.D.S., Wadesboro, N. C.

"Full Denture Bites"

E. D. Moore, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

"Hypertrophic Gingivitis in the Youth"

D. B. Mizell, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

"Diet as an Aid to Dental Health"

Ralph Schmucker, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

"Incisions and Suturing in Oral Surgery"

V. B. Kendrick, Charlotte, N. C.

6:30 P.M. Banquet

8:30 P.M. Lecture—"Every Day Problems in Exodontia, Pre and Post Operative Care"

E. G. Bumgardner, D.D.S., Columbia, S. C.

9:30 P.M. Business Session

Election of Officers

Selection of Meeting Place

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1941

9:00 A.M. Lecture and Chair Demonstration

"Pre-Fitted Full Dentures"

Will Y. Hutchins, D.D.S., Kingsport, Tenn.

Synopsis: This presentation will consist of a short lecture, given in conjunction with a practical chair demonstration, and laboratory work.

12:00 A.M. Installation of Officers

DR. HAROLD E. STORY
Charlotte, North Carolina

Dr. Harold E. Story while descending the basement steps of his home late Sunday afternoon, August 24th, lost his footing, fell to the basement floor, suffering a fractured skull. He was rushed to a local hospital where all human effort was made to save his life, but to no avail, and the end came peacefully at six o'clock on Monday morning, August 25th.

The funeral was held at noon Tuesday, August 26th, at the Z. A. Hovis and Son Chapel, Rev. Herbert Spaugh, pastor of the Moravian church of which he was a member officiating. Burial was in Elmwood Cemetery. Active and honorary pall bearers were members of the local Dental Society.

He is survived by his wife, a young son and his aged mother, Mrs. Theresa Story of Catskill, New York.

Dr. Story was born in Gayhead, New York on May 9th, 1890. He was educated in the public schools of Gayhead and Catskill, New York, and received his Dental education at the University of Pennsylvania.

Soon after his graduation he opened an office in Pittsfield, Mass., where he practiced General Dentistry for thirteen years. After this he decided to specialize in Oral Surgery and Exodontia, studying at Harvard, Tufts, Mayo Clinic and the University of St. Louis.

In the Spring of 1928 Dr. Story came to North Carolina, and took the State Board which he successfully passed. He later opened an office in Charlotte, specializing in Oral Surgery and Exodontia. Here he enjoyed a lucrative practice not only from Charlotte, but from the surrounding territory.

He did much for the cause of Dentistry while in our midst. Truly it can be said of him, he was a friend to the poor, and his services were always available to them without remuneration.

He was a loyal and faithful attendant of Local, District and State meetings, where on many occasions he presented papers and clinics. He was also a member of the American Dental Association, and was an honorary member of the American College of Exodontists.

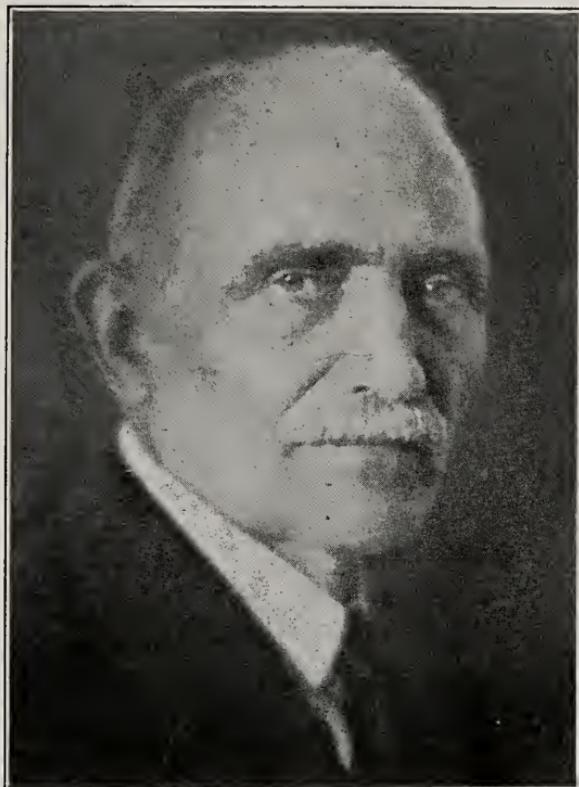
"Hal" as he was known to his friends, had a smile that was contagious and wherever he met the "Boys" he always had a cheery word and a warm hand clasp for them. In his passing we have sustained a great loss.

T. P. WILLIAMSON.

DR. W. J. CONRAD

The Dental profession of North Carolina has experienced a great loss in the passing of Dr. W. J. Conrad on August 19, 1941 at his country home, "Hilltops", near Winston-Salem.

Dr. Conrad was a most retiring Christian gentleman and beloved by all of his fellow dentists and the public at large. He was truly a lovable character



and always wore a broad smile with good cheer for everyone. He took a great deal of interest in the younger men who came into the profession and helped them to mold their character and build their practice.

Dr. Conrad was born July 7, 1856 on a farm near Lewisville, the son of the late Augustus Eugene Conrad and Pamela Shore Conrad. After completing his early education at local schools and under private tutors, he entered the old Kernersville Academy and from this institution went to Emory and Henry. Upon the termination of his liberal arts training, he embarked upon a dental career, studying for sometime under the late Dr. C. J. Watkins, and later entering the Pennsylvania Dental College, from which he was graduated in 1876.

After practicing throughout the countryside or Northwest North Carolina and Southwest Virginia for a number of years, he was persuaded by Dr. Watkins to return to Winston-Salem in 1886, and the two were associated until the death of the latter in 1900. He continued to practice his profession in Winston-Salem until 1934, when he retired from active practice.

Joining the North Carolina Dental Society in 1881, he remained a member continuously throughout his life and was "dean" of the society for 20 years. He always shrank from publicity, from anything that might suggest that he was pushing himself forward. However, he never shrank from the performance of a deed of charity, and when duty called him there was no hesitancy in his response. Though he never sought honors, inevitably many honors were heaped upon him. During his life he served on many important committees of the dental societies to which he belonged, and was Vice-President of the North Carolina Dental Society in 1889-1890. For a number of years he was an active member of the old Southern Dental association, a branch of the old American

Dental association, which later became the National Dental Association, the name of which has since been changed to the present American Dental Association.

True to his Christian character, he was a charter member and served as the first secretary of the local Y. M. C. A. For 50 odd years or more he was actively interested in the development of the First Baptist Church of Winston-Salem. He was a member of the board of deacons for 50 years, holding the title of deacon emeritus, and he served for 25 years as Sunday School Superintendent. In the latter years of his life he set an inspiring example for all Christians by attending a Sunday school class every Sunday.

The useful life of this grand old gentleman has been an example and inspiration to all who knew him. His death at the ripe age of 85 only tends to bring out in bright, bold relief the beauty of that life.

JOHN A. MCCLUNG.

THIRD DISTRICT

President, R. A. Wilkins.....	Burlington
President-Elect, A. W. Craver.....	Greensboro
Vice-President, L. M. Daniels.....	Southern Pines
Secretary-Treasurer, R. L. Underwood.....	Greensboro
Editor, Norman L. Ross	Durham

THIRD DISTRICT

Our twenty-first annual meeting will be held this year in Greensboro, N. C., at the O. Henry Hotel, November 17-18.

The officers and various committees of the Third District have prepared, we believe, one of the best programs in the history of the society. It is practical in every way for the general practitioner of dentistry, whether in the smaller town or the larger city; so take advantages of this wonderful opportunity to broaden your knowledge and improve your technique in the practice of the profession that you represent.

The program which you will find in this issue of the Bulletin has brought to you some of the outstanding men in your chosen profession.

The essayists and clinicians are well qualified to discuss the subject which he has selected.

It should be considered a rare privilege to hear such men and to fellowship with such a fine group of men as you will find at this and similar meetings.

The success of this program depends on each individual member, so attend the meeting and insist on other members in your town and vicinity doing likewise.

All members of the North Carolina Dental Society and members of adjoining state societies are cordially invited to attend this meeting.

Greensboro is awaiting and welcoming you.

RALPH A. WILKINS, *President.*

TRANSFUSIONS

To refer to the District Meeting as our Meeting would make the statement ring with a tinge of selfishness. In reality it is literally true with not the slightest intention of exclusion. It is true because it is a state meeting in miniature. It is the incorporation of a more localized or community group with its local pride in seeing that our district is equal or on par with the other districts in attendance and program excellence.

Now, that brings up the matter of programs. Programs are the life blood of the community or District Dental Meetings. Without programs of sound varying interest the individual interest of the attendant is sure to lag. Good, up to the minute programs are the transfusions that keep the District Meetings pulsating, and temperature of interest, up to normal.

Each fall there has to be a new transfusion. Someone must of necessity be the donor to keep the life blood of the district from looking anemic and registering low pressure. Good sound clinics are the transfusions. It boils down to simply this. We must rely more on clinic material, for our district, from our district group. There are plenty of men in our district that could, if interested, give just as good clinics as anyone. It is to that individual that this appeal is directed.

R. L. UNDERWOOD, *Secretary-Treasurer.*



Members of the Guilford County Dental Society attending recent outing at Guilford County Park.

Dr. R. E. Sturdevant, Professor of Crown and Bridge, Atlanta-Southern Dental College is on the program of the Third District. His picture appears on page 26, this issue.

P R O G R A M

THIRD DISTRICT DENTAL SOCIETY

TWENTY-FIRST ANNUAL MEETING

November 17-18, 1941

O. Henry Hotel
Greensboro, North Carolina

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1941

- 10:00 A.M. Golf Tournament — Starmount Forest Country Club
Scores are to be turned in by 5:00 P. M. to compete for prizes.

MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 17, 1941

- 9:00 A.M. Registration—Lobby of O. Henry Hotel
- 10:00 A.M. Opening Session
Invocation—
Dr. J. Clyde Turner, Pastor First Baptist Church
Address of Welcome—
Huger S. King, Mayor of Greensboro, N. C.
Response to Address of Welcome—
O. L. Presnell, D.D.S., Mayor of Asheboro, N. C.
President's Address—
R. A. Wilkins, D.D.S., Burlington, N. C.
- 11:00 A.M. Lecture
“Acrylic Resin Bridges, Jackets and Inlays”
A. C. Current, D.D.S., Gastonia, N. C.
- 11:30 A.M. Clinic: “Acrylic Resin Bridges, Jackets and Inlays”
A. C. Current, D.D.S., Gastonia, N. C.
- 12:30 Noon Adjournment of Morning Session

MONDAY AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER 17, 1941

- 1:30 P.M. Lecture
“Modifications in Cavity Preparations and Practical Considerations in Crown and Bridgework”
Rodger E. Sturdevant, D.D.S., Atlanta, Ga.

SYNOPSIS: Modification in cavity preparations to conserve the dentine to meet the demands of strong enamel walls and the proper protection for the vital pulp. Cavities will be considered by classes and the advantages discussed for the insertion of the various filling material. Lecture and clinic on practical bridgework, with particular emphasis on diagnosis, case planning and a consideration of the factors that cause failure stressing very heavily the proper pontic construction.

- 3:00 P.M. Clinic
“Casting Technic”
R. E. Sturdevant, D.D.S., Atlanta, Ga.
- 5:00 P.M. Adjournment of Afternoon Session

MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 17, 1941

- 6:30 P.M. Banquet—O. Henry Ballroom
Awarding Golf Prizes
- 8:00 P.M. Table Clinics
- "Immediate Denture Restorations"
(Lantern Slides)
L. G. Coble, D.D.S., Greensboro, N. C.
 - "Investing Wax Patterns for Cast Gold Restorations"
H. D. Apple, D.D.S., Greensboro, N. C.
 - "Special Amalgam Restorations"
Drs. Earl R. Nichols and Thurman J. Ross,
D.D.S., Durham, N. C.
 - "Modified Immediate Denture Technique for
Selected Cases"
Robert W. Brannock, D.D.S., Burlington, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: Technical advantages, vertical dimensions, centric positions, perfect normal occlusion, conformity to natural tooth arrangement, eliminates hazards of multiple extractions, and assures occlusion of opposing dentures.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 18, 1941

- 9:00 A.M. Lecture and Lantern Slides
"Preparation of the Mouth for Partial Dentures,
Their Design and Construction"
G. W. Gaver, D.D.S., Department of Prosthetic
Dentistry, Baltimore College of Dental Surgery,
Baltimore, Md.
- 10:00 A.M. Clinic
"Designing and Constructing of Partials"
G. W. Gaver, D.D.S., Baltimore, Md.
- 11:00 A.M. Business Meeting
Election of Officers
- 12:00 Noon Adjourn



Grayson W. Gaver, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Baltimore, Maryland, University of Maryland. Member of American College of Dentists. A popular lecturer and is in great demand by Dental Societies in the surrounding states.

FOURTH DISTRICT

President, J. W. Whitehead.....	Smithfield
President-Elect, K. L. Johnson.....	Raleigh
Vice-President, H. Royster Chamblee.....	Raleigh
Secretary-Treasurer, Howard L. Allen.....	Henderson
Editor, R. S. Jones.....	Warrenton

BANQUET WILL BE FINAL SESSION

The Program and Entertainment Committees have just completed what we hope to be one of the best programs the Fourth District Dental Society has ever had and it is my sincere wish that every member will attend this meeting.

I think our program will be intensely interesting and beneficial to every man who attends this meeting.

You will note from the program that we are departing from our old custom of having the banquet and entertainment on the night before our meeting. I hope this will meet with the approval of each member and I want you to show your appreciation by attending the banquet yourself and by bringing your wife or sweetheart with you.

J. W. WHITEHEAD, *President.*

THANKS FOR YOUR CO-OPERATION

Thanks again to each member who has cooperated with me on my various requests.

Now let us cooperate again and have a record attendance at our meeting of the Fourth District, in Raleigh, on October 7th.

Your Committees and your President with the Vice-President have worked hard and long and have arranged an excellent program for you.

The ladies are especially urged to come to the meeting. Accommodations will be arranged for them and they are assured that there will be a real banquet with "top notch" entertainment.

I'll see you at the Sir Walter Raleigh Hotel in Raleigh on October 7th.

HOWARD L. ALLEN, *Sec.-Treas.*

NEW SOCIETY IS ORGANIZED

Since our state meeting in Pinehurst, vacation time for most of us has come and gone. Some few of our members had vacations before the state meeting, some few are yet to have vacations, but most of us have seen our days of freedom from office routine since we last got together.

Dr. S. J. Finch and family of Oxford have had their vacation and it was the longest trip of any of our members to come to the writer's attention. Dr. Finch took his family to the Pacific coast. Their trip was made by automobile and covered a period of thirty days or more. They are now back at home. Perhaps the shortest vacation was the writer's. I had two days away from home and office.

We of the Fourth District are still saddened by the failure of Dr. E. B. Howle to show any improvement. He continues in the same state of health as before reported.

Our meeting in Pinehurst has again impressed many in the district as being one of very good quality and furthermore it also impressed most of us with the value that always seems to stem from the Pinehurst meetings. There is always a certain difference between the Pinehurst meeting and meetings held elsewhere. We in the Fourth District are always glad to recommend this meeting place whenever other contingencies make it possible.

The writer wants to take this opportunity to report the formation of a new dental organization within the district. A group of us from Granville, Vance, Franklin, and Warren counties met during July at Dr. Thomas M Hunter's office and formed the Seaboard Dental Society. Membership to be restricted to the practicing dentists in the above mentioned counties. The nearest description I might give of this organization is a "study club". However, it is not an accurate description. In addition, the purpose of this organization was designed primarily to bring together in a close association a small number of dentists who have more or less the same problems, same types of practice, and simply to have a good time through good fellowship and perfect understanding. All practicing dentists in this area are cordially invited to join this group. Its organization set up is necessarily simple because of the smallness of the group.

One would scarcely call the election of officers in this society an "election". It was a designation of officers, as it were. The following were designated: R. S. Jones, President and T. M. Hunter, Secretary-Treasurer. That is all there is to it except an executive committee composed of one member from each county. I recommend organizations of this kind throughout the state. Keep them restricted in size, enjoy close association with the neighboring dentists and they will be worthwhile.

The Editor of the Bulletin has hit upon idea that can serve a useful purpose. I refer to the new ads in the Bulletin offering to sell or exchange disarded pieces of equipment. The writer only wishes that something like this had been in effect before.

The Fourth District wants to take this opportunity to extend an invitation to its neighbors and others who may be interested to attend our annual district convocation to be held in Raleigh on October 7th.

RUFUS S. JONES, *Editor.*

M. S. Aisenburg D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Professor of Oral Pathology, Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, University of Maryland, Baltimore, Maryland. Dr. Aisenburg's subject "Pulp and Periapical Pathology" will be followed by a clinic "A Simplified Technique of Root Canal Therapy."



P R O G R A M

FOURTH DISTRICT DENTAL SOCIETY
OF NORTH CAROLINA

Sir Walter Hotel
Manteo Room

Raleigh, North Carolina

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1941

- 8:30 A.M. Registration
9:00 A.M. Meeting Called to Order
J. W. Whitehead, D.D.S., Smithfield, N. C.
Invocation: The Reverend E D. Weathers, Pastor
Hayes-Barton Methodist Church, Raleigh, N. C.
President's Address: J. W. Whitehead, D.D.S.,
Smithfield, N. C.
Greetings
Introductions
Recognitions
10:00 A.M. Captain Carlos F. Schuessler
Lieutenant A. E. Plahy
Lieutenant R. W. Hare
Station Hospital No. 1
Fort Bragg, N. C.
"The Management of Maxillary and Mandibular
Fractures as Recommended by the Army Dental
School"

SYNOPSIS: A table clinic on the management of maxillary and mandibular fractures. This will include a demonstration of several types of splints and their application as well as construction. Also their method of elastic traction for reduction of fractures, utilizing the multiple loop wiring. Also showing X-ray records illustrating the wide range of the types of cases which can be managed by the above method, as well as the degree of consolidation effected over a period of time.

- 11:00 A.M. M. S. Aisenberg, D.D.S., F.A.C.D.
Professor of Oral Pathology, Baltimore College
of Dental Surgery, University of Maryland,
Baltimore, Maryland
"Pulp and Periapical Pathology"

SYNOPSIS: This presentation will be a lantern slide discussion of the pulpal changes under deep caries, pulpal involvement upon exposure by caries, periapical pathology of partial and total pulpitis; treatment of pulp involved teeth by partial pulpectomy, root canal therapy and root resection.

- 1:00 P.M. Luncheon
2:00 P.M. M. S. Aisenberg, D.D.S., F.A.C.D. (Table Clinic)
Title: "A Simplified Technique of Root Canal Therapy." (University of Maryland Technique)
2:30 P.M. Tables Clinics
L. M. Edwards, D.D.S., Durham, N. C.
"Restoring the Incisal Corner with Reinforced Synthetic Porcelain"
S. B. Towler, D.D.S., Raleigh, N. C.
"Upper and Lower Impression Technique",
Using Coe-Trans Paste and Wash Showing how
to make individual vulcanite trays
R. M. Blackman, D.D.S., Selma, N. C.
"Surgical Preparation for Dentures"
E. D. Baker, D.D.S., Raleigh, N. C.
"Showing a Practical Means of Applying the Low Sugar and Carbohydrates Diet for Control of Dental Caries"

- Maurice A. Waddell, D.D.S., Fair Bluff, N. C.
"Why I Like the Newer Acrylic Denture Materials"
- J. R. Edwards, D.D.S., Fuquay Springs, N. C.
"Full Impressions for Artificial Dentures",
Using Modeling Compound with Coe-Trans
Wash
- Rufus S. Jones, D.D.S., Warrenton, N. C.
"Some of the Principles of Amalgam Restorations"
- 4:30 P.M. Business Meeting
Minutes of the Last Meeting
New Members, Transfers and Reinstatements
Unfinished Business
Reports of Secretary-Treasurer
Reports of the Committees
New Business
Election of Officers
- 5:00 P.M. Recess
- 7:00 P.M. Banquet

ANNUAL BANQUET FOURTH DISTRICT DENTAL SOCIETY
Sir Walter Hotel, Tuesday, October 7, 1941
7:00 o'Clock

- Presiding J. W. Whitehead, D.D.S.
Invocation J. Martin Fleming, D.D.S.
America
Toastmaster Edmund H. Harding
Humor - Philosophy - Music
Note: "This part of the program will be a riot, if you don't like to laugh don't come."
Central Prison Hot Steppers.....Directed by Ren Hoek
Note: "These Hot Steppers have attracted national interest.
They are heard weekly over radio station WRAL. Presents one hour of real entertainment."
Installation of Officers
Adjournment

FIFTH DISTRICT

- President, Z. V. Parker.....New Bern
President-Elect, B. McK. Johnson.....Greenville
Vice-President, A. R. Mallard.....Goldsboro
Secretary-Treasurer, Herbert Spear.....Kinston

TO MEMBERS OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT

Our meeting is the last to be held in the State and your secretary as well as the heads of the various committees have been rushed to get the program complete for the October issue of the Bulletin. However we have completed it except for the names of the Clinicians of the Table Clinics. These will be announced in the Program that will be sent to you later. Rest assured that we are working faithfully and diligently to furnish you a well balanced program, one that will be entertaining as well as instructive. I am looking forward to seeing you in November at Greenville, N. C.

HERBERT SPEAR, *Secretary-Treasurer.*

DON'T FEEL TOO BADLY

Practically every journal that has anything to do with dentistry, and some that don't, are partially filled with dire statements of surprise and seeming bewilderment that so many young men being examined for the draft are found to be suffering from the miserable neglect of their teeth.

If I recall correctly a similar condition existed during the last war. And it was just about that time that our state board of health got busy and started a program of education that has been carried on continuously. It has been a good program, and many other states have followed suit.

And along with that the individual dentist has used his own time to try to impress on the individual patient the necessity of proper dental care. The public has read in journals, magazines, newspapers and all kinds of periodicals good articles recommending the proper care of the teeth. There is no one of the young generation now being drafted who has not at some time in some way been impressed with the necessity of a healthy mouth for a healthy body.

The one point to be made here is that there seems to be running through current dental literature the accusation that the dental profession has failed because there are many young people with bad teeth. The dental profession has not failed. It is the youth and his elders that have failed. It is true that poverty is responsible for much of the trouble. It is also true that plain, ordinary, everyday stupidity is responsible for much of the trouble. And the greatest of these is stupidiy. It is a rare thing to find a person who has reached adolescence who does not know what care the teeth should have, at least in a general way—unless they were too weak-minded to be admitted to educational institutions. There are many who know what they should do, who are able to do it, and yet believe it will not happen to them until it happens. These are the ones who compose that large and unhappy class of the stupid. The dental profession has not failed and should not assume any blame.

A. L. WOOTEN, *Editor.*

P R O G R A M**FIFTH DISTRICT DENTAL SOCIETY**

November 9th-10th, 1941

Greenville, N. C.

City Hall Court Room

Entertainment Sunday November 9th, 7:30 P. M.

Supper at Street Department, West 3rd Street

MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 10th

9:00 A.M. Meeting Called to Order by the President—
Z. V. Parker, D.D.S.

Invocation—

Dr. J. D. Simons, Pastor Memorial Baptist
Church

Address of Welcome—

Mayor B. B. Sugg, Greenville, N. C.

Response—

G. L. Overman, D.D.S., Goldsboro, N. C.

President's Address—

Z. V. Parker, D.D.S.

Introduction of Visitors

Greetings from Officers of N. C. Dental Society

Roll Call

- 10:30 A.M. "The Importance of Obtaining and Keeping Correct Vertical Dimension in Full Denture Prosthesis"

L. B. Brown, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Atlanta, Ga., Associate Professor of Dental Prosthesis, Atlanta-Southern Dental College

- 11:15 A.M. Table Clinics

- 12:30 P.M. Dinner

- 1:30 P.M. "Acrylic Crowns"

J. W. Stanley, D.D.S., Wilmington, N. C.

- 2:00 P.M. "Motion Pictures and Slides of Acute Infections of the Mouth and Jaws"

H. J. Harpole, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Associate Professor of Oral Surgery, Atlanta-Southern Dental College, Atlanta, Ga.

Treasurer's Report

Report of Committee on President's Address

Report of Other Committees

New Business

Election of Officers

Election of House of Delegates

Place of Next Meeting

Installation of Officers

Adjournment



H. J. Harpole, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Associate Professor of Oral Surgery, Atlanta-Southern Dental College, Atlanta Georgia, Dr. Harpole will show motion pictures and slides of acute infections of the mouth and jaws.



L. B. Brown, D.D.S., F.A.C.D., Associate Professor of Dental Prosthesis, Atlanta-Southern Dental College, Atlanta, Georgia. Dr. Brown will discuss "The Importance of Obtaining and Keeping Correct Vertical Dimension in Full Denture Prosthesis."



DR. DENNIS KEEL

Dr. Dennis Keel was born in Pitt County, N. C. in 1890. After a lingering illness of about two years, died in a Norfolk hospital on August 19, 1941.

Dr. Keel attended the public schools of Wilson and Oak Ridge Institute and studied dentistry at the Medical College of Virginia at Richmond, graduating in 1915 with a D.D.S. degree. He started general practice at Scotland Neck, N. C. and in 1918 enlisted in the Ambulance Division under the war colors of the U. S. A and was soon transferred to the Dental Corps and was commissioned a First Lieutenant. After the war in January, 1919, he was given an honorable discharge. After this, Dr. Keel resumed general practice in Raleigh for about a year, going from there to Dewey School of Orthodontia in New York City to study orthodontia, and then started this specialized practice in 1922 at Greensboro, N. C. Dr. Keel was a pioneer in this field being one of the first to devote his entire time to orthodontia exclusively. In 1935, he moved to Farmville, N. C. to live with his sister, commuting to Rocky Mount, Wilson, Goldsboro, Greenville and Washington where he had a very nice practice.

Dr. Keel was a member of the American Dental Association since starting practicing in 1915 and was a member of the American Society of Orthodontia, and Southern Society of Orthodontia since 1922. He has always been a faithful and hard working member of the North Carolina Dental Society being Secretary-Treasurer from 1926-30 and President for the year 1931-32.

About his profession, he was very conscientious, always striving for perfection and the highest dental ethics.

Dr. Keel was a true friend, living life to the fullest for the enjoyment of his friends and himself.

The dental profession and the people that knew him, always held him in the highest esteem, and his passing caused them lasting sadness.

To know Dr. Keel was to love him.

LIBRARY

THE
BULLETIN
OF
The North Carolina
Dental Society

COMPONENT OF THE AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION



The art of living can be cultivated; the more we stock our minds with interesting thoughts, the richer we are. And these riches remain; they cannot be lost. They add to the happiness and to the excitement of daily living.—*Dr. William Lyon Phelps.*

Vol. 25

JANUARY, 1942
GREENSBORO, N. C.

No. 3

Dentistry's "FINE ART"

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are those two little words, to
you, therefore whose good will
has contributed to our well-being,
we say - - "Thank You."
May you enjoy a Happy Pros-
perous New Year.



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To

DR. WILLIAM COMFORT TAYLOR

One of the faithful practitioners who has held himself to the highest standards in ethical conduct. Endowed with a fine spirit of helpfulness and loyalty and one who has endeared himself to both his patients and colleagues.

THE BULLETIN

....of....

THE NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY

(Component of the American Dental Association)

Vol. 25

JANUARY, 1942

No. 3

Entered as second-class matter as a quarterly, October 27, 1937, at the post office,
Greensboro, N. C., under act of August 24, 1912.

Subscription per year\$1.00

OFFICERS 1941-42

DR. C. C. POINDEXTER, <i>President</i>	Greensboro
DR. PAUL FITZGERALD, <i>President-Elect</i>	Greenville
DR. W. L. MCRAE, <i>Vice-President</i>	Red Springs
DR. E. M. MEDLIN, <i>Secretary-Treasurer</i>	Aberdeen

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

DR. A. S. BUMGARDNER (1942), <i>Chairman</i>	Charlotte
DR. H. A. EDWARDS (1943)	Pink Hill
DR. W. F. CLAYTON (1944).....	High Point
DR. C. C. POINDEXTER (<i>ex officio</i>).....	Greensboro
DR. PAUL FITZGERALD (<i>ex officio</i>).....	Greenville
DR. E. M. MEDLIN (<i>ex officio</i>).....	Aberdeen

EDITOR-PUBLISHER

DR. NEAL SHEFFIELD.....	Greensboro
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ASSOCIATE EDITOR-PUBLISHER

DR. R. E. LONG.....	Roxboro
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CORRECTION

The Secretary of the Fourth District has called our attention to an error which occurred in the August issue of the Bulletin containing the proceedings of the annual meeting at Pinehurst. Two members of the fourth district, Drs. J. C. Johnson and S. R. Horton of Raleigh, were not given credit for attending this meeting in the Roster of Dentists of the Proceedings.

It is regretted that this error occurred as both Drs. Johnson and Horton have been faithful attendants to the annual meetings of the North Carolina Dental Society for many years. We are glad to make this correction of the record.

RETURN YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE

We are at war. The enemy has hit us in the back while offering a palm leaf of peace to our face. This has been a terrible blow to all of us and as unaccustomed as we are to think in terms of war the whole country is of one accord and that is we are going to exert every effort in every possible way to smash the dirty cowards along with the nazi and fascist cohorts from the face of the earth.

The first impulse is the wish for a machine and a chance for a crack at them, but this business of war must be well planned and each must fit into the place that we can accomplish the greatest good. I am confident that every member of the dental profession is ready and willing to work to the last ounce of their strength to rid the earth of this menace. The best way to accomplish the greatest results will be to mobilize the facilities of the dental profession for national defense so that our resources and abilities may be used by our government where they will do the most good.

The officers of the American Dental Society have been looking ahead and their various committees have been working toward preparation for any eventuality. Months ago a questionnaire was mailed to every dentist in North Carolina and it is discouraging to learn that only one half of these had been filled out and returned to the A.D.A. Headquarters on the first of this year. **FILL OUT YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE TODAY, IF YOU FAILED TO RECEIVE ONE WRITE NOW TO The American Dental Association, 312 Superior Street, Chicago, Illinois, and you will be furnished a copy.** Remember that this does not pertain only to the members of the North Carolina Dental Society but to licensed dentists black or white in the state.

It is urgently requested that every dentist in the state read the editorial, "Preparedness-Mobilization" page 106, January, Journal of the American Dental Association, which so ably presents in a clear concise manner the plans for the part that dentistry can and will play in conserving the health of the fighting forces, industry and the public.

SAVE YOUR AMALGAM SCRAP

The matter of saving amalgam scrap for the state dental relief fund has been ably presented at your district meetings by our president-elect, Dr. Paul Fitzgerald. This plan has been presented to the executive committee and has received their approval. The funds received from the scrap amalgam is to be turned directly to the committee on dental relief of the North Carolina Dental Society and by so doing it will be possible to build up a sizeable sum in our own treasury.

The question is often asked, why should we have a dental relief fund? It is true that so far we have been fortunate in that very few calls have been made for assistance, but what of the future? With the mobilization of our forces the hazards become greater and should there be some of our profession who might be returned to us disabled or in poor health this fund could be used to good advantage.

MEN, DO NOT DISMISS THIS AS A TRIVIAL MATTER. The time has come when we must conserve and save in every way possible. The average practitioner will have two pounds (or more) of scrap which is usually thrown away. With 600 members in the state it would be possible for us to place in our relief fund \$1,800. Let us set a goal of \$1,000 for this year. THE IMPORTANT THING IS TO START SAVING THIS SCRAP NOW! Plans for collection can be worked out later.

SAVE YOUR AMALGAM SCRAP FOR THE STATE DENTAL RELIEF FUND!

MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

The Military Affairs Committee of the North Carolina Dental Society held a meeting in Raleigh on January 4th, at which time the part the Dental Profession in North Carolina has contributed in the Selective Service—N.Y.A.-F.S.A. was reviewed.

The reasons for, and function of, the Procurement and Assignment Agency were gone into. In brief the three main services to be rendered by the agency are: (1) to receive from various Governmental and other agencies requests for medical, dental and veterinary personnel; (2) to secure and maintain lists of professional personnel; and (3) to utilize all suitable means to stimulate voluntary enrollment, having due regard for the overall public health needs of the Nation, including those of Governmental agencies and civilian institutions.

The Federal organizations work through the Corps Area Chairman, the State Military Affairs Committee and local representatives to determine whether a particular physician or dentist should remain in his community or enter federal military or civil service.

Commissions will be issued only after reviewed by the Procurement and Assignment Agency. This information is to be obtained from the Questionnaire and other confidential information.

If a dentist is drafted and has not returned his Questionnaire he will be compelled to serve in the enlisted personnel until at such time as he may apply for and receive a commission.

All dentists up to 65 years will have to register—all under 45 years are subject to military or civilian assignment.

Every dentist:

- 1—Should have his Questionnaire on file at the A.D.A. Headquarters in Chicago.
- 2—Should read carefully all information on this subject carried in the A.D.A. Journal.
- 3—Should hold himself in readiness to serve promptly wherever and whenever asked.
- 4—Should, for further information, consult the Military Affairs Committee, State and District Society Officers.

H. O. LINEBERGER, *Chairman.*

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

Reciprocity of dental license has been a matter of interest to the profession since the beginning of state organization. Many articles have been written, and many verbal arguments advanced for and against a measure requiring one state to recognize the license of another.

There is in these United States no uniform law governing either the education of a dentist or the practice of dentistry. As conditions now exist, a dentist has the privilege of practicing in any state, provided he is qualified and presents the necessary credentials. That is as it should be. The other course would produce not stationary dentists, but mere flotsam and jetsam. If a dentist could move at will, a lot of undesirables would naturally creep in. The state or states having the most advantageous climate would face the greatest influx along with its ensuing dangers. Advertising and quackery would be rampant. Dentistry as a whole would suffer. The march would be backward. The ideals for which some of us have worked would be lost.

Contrasting the stationary dentist with the seasonal practitioner—the former builds for permanency; the other, temporariness. The state in which he chooses to practice is his state, the one in which he is interested and the one to which he pays taxes. Its State Dental Society is the one he helped to build. Its dental laws are those with which he is familiar and by which he abides. If they are stringent, he at least knows that it is for his protection. The personnel of his State Examining Board warrants his confidence, for he had a voice in electing it. He feels that his duly elected Board is in a better position to know the type of men best qualified to serve the people of his state rather than some outside national agency. He knows that only the deserving will be licensed. With this feeling of confidence and security, he devotes his energies towards establishing a permanent clientele. He realizes that a personal contact between patient and dentist year-in and year-out is important. The successful man is not the stranger among us, but the man with ability who is contented to "stay put". Until such time that all states see fit to standardize their dental education, dental laws and dental examiners, why not let reciprocity wait?

The October number of the BULLETIN carried an extra leaflet on which was printed the Code of Ethics of North Carolina Dental Technicians and Dental Laboratories. This agreement is the result of the work of our Professional Relations Committee and a committee from the laboratory organization. The Professional Relations Committee's report at our 1940 Charlotte meeting brought about the creation of the Prosthetic Dental Service Committee of the American Dental Association. Dr. H. O. Lineberger was made a member of this committee and had a prominent part in writing the report at

the Cleveland Convention. In a comparatively short while, Dr. Lineberger and his committee uncovered startling facts in the operation of many of the laboratories in several of the larger cities; namely, laboratories advertising direct to the public, mail order dentures, advertising dentists using commercial laboratories for a screen for protection against prosecution under the Dental Practice Act. Instead of the "Painless Parlor", the committee found the "Payless Dental Laboratory". In some cities the C.I.O. is actively engaged in organizing the dental technicians. These and other similar intolerable conditions actually exist. Fortunately, there is an understanding between the profession and commercial laboratories in North Carolina. There has been little cause for alarm, but if we are to safeguard this agreement, we should occasionally take stock of our own way of doing business and discourage any move that might disturb the splendid relations that we now have between the dentists and laboratory men of the state.

The report of the American Dental Meeting in Houston will be left to our delegates; but I would like to quote a part of one paragraph of the supplementary report of the Committee on Dental Preparedness. "Abnormal buying coincident with the diversion of the normal supply to provide for the needs of the armed forces seriously depletes the normal surplus which manufacturers must maintain if the current needs of the profession are to be met. As a consequence of abnormal forward buying it is impossible for manufacturers, even with a sharply stepped up production capacity, to supply the armed forces, the *boarmer* and the accelerated needs of the private practitioner. Dental supply house representatives, sensing an opportunity for greater immediate profits, are encouraging dentists to buy through representations that a shortage of materials will soon develop; this warning incites the dentist to purchase in quantity in order to insure his stock against future contingencies. This practice should be vigorously discouraged. In order to restore balance in production and delivery, retailers and salesmen should refrain from creating alarm and members of the dental profession should do no more forward buying than is customary under normal conditions".

Our country is engaged in a tremendous emergency which will impose more work and responsibility on us as individuals and as a profession. There is a big job ahead. All sorts of sacrifices will be in order. To those who neglected to complete and return their questionnaire to the central office, it is most urgent that it be done now. Things are breaking fast. The planned arrangements for today may be obsolete next week. Should we get a call for an extra committee meeting, let's go. Should we have correspondence that requires an answer, let's get it off today. This will aid our committee chairmen and would help to keep us informed of what is taking place.

C. C. POINDEXTER, *President.*

FROM THE DIRECTOR OF DISTRICTS

This article is being written just one week to the day from the date on which Japan attacked the United States.

In this short space of time our outlook on life has changed, we do not any more see a set pattern and as we go into the holidays and the New Year we experience a deep feeling of uncertainty about many things which seemed permanent before.

In one respect we all feel alike, that is, that we are going to serve this, our country, in the best way we can and to the fullest extent possible. We are going to be called on to contribute our efforts in the conduct of national affairs as we have never done before. We will have to make sacrifices such as we had not dreamed of in the past; that is, if we are to emerge from this world conflict and take our place in the new order and prevail as a great profession.

It is now necessary for us to take stock, to make a correct inventory, and to try to realize just what our position is in this emergency. We are compelled to admit that the North Carolina Dental Society is the avenue through which we get recognition and as the days pass we must more and more bear in mind that the North Carolina Dental Society belongs to us and that it is our duty to support and strengthen it in every way possible.

During October and November I had the pleasure of attending the district meetings with the exception of the First District and sickness prevented me from going to Waynesville.

These meetings were well attended and each and every one had a splendid program. The officers and members are to be congratulated for their meetings showed that much serious work had been done to make them a success.

There is probably a man practicing in your town or in an adjoining town who is not a member of the society. See him and talk to him about his membership, point out to him what the organization has done for him and secure his application. If we all will do this, we can go to Greensboro in May with an increase in membership which we can be proud of.

I have brought before the districts the plan of saving scrap alloy for the benefit of the Relief Fund. The Executive Committee endorsed this plan and designated the Secretary and the Editor as a Committee to work it out and put it into operation throughout the state. By saving our scrap alloy and mercury we can add materially to our funds in the Relief Fund at no cost to ourselves, so we will try out this plan and see how it works.

We are going to concentrate on the job before us and prove worthy of our heritage which has been won by hard work and sometimes by thankless effort on the part of those who have gone before but who had ideals which we will do well to emulate.

Of this I am certain, the members of the North Carolina Dental Society in every instance are going to justify the recognition given to dentistry by the people of our state. They will measure up as worthy members of the healing art and as the years pass we will climb to still higher levels and give to those men who follow us a profession which they may well be proud to enter.

PAUL FITZGERALD, *President-Elect*

SECRETARY'S MESSAGE

Due to the action of the Japanese Sunday, December 7th, 1941, the getting out of the DENTAL PREPAREDNESS QUESTIONNAIRE by Dr. Timmons, Executive Secretary of the A. D. A., and Secretary to the Dental Preparedness Committee was speeded up. You have all received one and no doubt a great number have already filled it out and returned. Those that haven't please DO IT NOW. We are in a national emergency and there is nothing more important than winning this war. I feel sure the dentists in North Carolina will give a prompt and one hundred per cent response to this important and urgent appeal.

Let the immediate payment of your 1942 dues be a New Year's resolution. I never so much before realized the advantage of prompt payment of our Dental Society dues. You save yourself a lot of inconvenience and also your District Secretary. The payment is due January first, for 1942. Some few members pay their next year's dues at their district meetings in the fall. If not paid by March 15th, your name is removed from roll of A. D. A. and your Journal is discontinued, also any group insurance you may have with Association lapses.

We now have the largest membership of any state in the Southeast. I would like to see it increased to 600 paid up members by June 1st. Members in Military Service who were paid up when they entered will be allowed membership for six dollars. If they wish to continue unbroken the life membership plan it will be necessary to pay full dues.

1942 PROGRAM, GREENSBORO, MAY 11-12-13

Your program for 1942 is practically complete and we hope it will be one of the finest the Society has ever had.

Dr. Carl G. Lindberg, New York, will give a paper, "Stainless Alloys Used in Dentistry." He will feature partial denture design at a table clinic.

Dr. Irving R. Hardy, New York, on Full Dentures—"Why must they look that way."

Dr. Charles Baynes Hall, Washington, D. C., "Gold Inlays and Bridge Abutments."

Dr. Edward L. Thompson, Daytona Beach, Fla., subject not yet definite.

Have recently seen a patient of both Dr. Hall and Dr. Thompson and I can assure you, judging from the high type of work they actually do, we have a treat in store. Two of our own outstanding men have accepted invitations to appear on general program: Dr. Sikes, Greensboro, on "Exodontia," and Dr. Current, Gastonia, on "Acrylic Resin in Restorative Dentistry." We are hoping to have Brigadier General Leigh C. Fairbanks with us. We will have Dr. Oren Oliver, President A. D. A. and without a doubt our Trustee, Dr. Clyde Minges. We will also have for the first time this year, either the President or Secretary of American Dental Assistants Association.

For the past several years the table clinics have been a feature and it seems this year will be no exception.

Our meeting has been approved by the American Dental Trade Association and we are hoping to have an increase in number of exhibits in spite of uncertain prevailing conditions.

E. M. MEDLIN, *Secretary-Treasurer*
North Carolina Dental Society.

January 5th, 1942.

Dr. H. O. Lineberger, Chairman
Professional Relations Committee
North Carolina Dental Society
Raleigh, N. C.

Dear Henry:

Again I wish to congratulate you on the splendid piece of work that you have done as chairman of this committee in your dealings with the dental laboratories.

I am more and more impressed with the fine spirit of co-operation which met our efforts in trying to work out with the laboratories a plan which I believe will operate to the benefit of all concerned.

Then too, I keep thinking of the request of the owners of the laboratories, that is, that we do not send patients to the laboratories with our cases. They emphasized the fact that by so doing we are aiding an evil which we claim we are anxious to eliminate, the laboratory doing work direct for the patient.

We had some discussion on this subject at Pinehurst when you made your report. I now feel certain that the members of our society have too high a regard for our profession, that they are anxious to safeguard it to the extent that they will let their patients wait for a day or so rather than send them directly to the laboratory.

We do have problems to work out, sometimes they are more serious than they would seem on the surface but I have faith and know that our members are willing to act in harmony with any move that will further our professional work.

Again congratulating you on the success of your efforts in the above direction and with the best wishes, I am

Very sincerely

PAUL FITZGERALD.

DR. CLYDE E. MINGES

Elected Trustee, American Dental Association at the annual meeting, Houston, Texas.



According to the records of the Registration Office of the American Dental Association at Houston, Texas, the following North Carolina Dentists were in attendance:

Howard Branch, Raleigh; W. H. Breeland, Belmont; W. K. Chapman, Sylva; E. G. Click, Elkin; A. W. Craver, Greensboro; A. C. Current, Gastonia; S.P. Gay, Waynesville; P. E. Jones, Farmville; Lt.-Col. G. R. Kennebeck, D.C., Camp Davis, Holly Ridge; W. L. Kibler, Charlotte; F. W. Kirk, Salisbury; E. M. Medlin, Aberdeen; N. G. Newman, Jr., Raleigh; H. M. Patterson, Burlington; John R. Pharr, Charlotte; Grady L. Ross, Charlotte; Neal Sheffield, Greensboro; J. A. Sinclair, Asheville; W. C. Taylor, Salisbury; R. A. Wilkins, Burlington; G. W. Yokeley, Winston-Salem; W. T. McFall, Asheville; F. O. Alford, Charlotte; Clyde Minges, Rocky Mount; Wilbert Jackson, Clinton; H. O. Lineberger, Raleigh; E. A. Branch, Raleigh; S. L. Bobbitt, Raleigh; L. G. Coble, Greensboro; C. C. Poindexter, Greensboro.

The eighty-fourth annual meeting of the American Dental Association will be held in Boston, Massachusetts, August 24-5-6-7-8, 1942.

The sixty-eighth annual meeting of the North Carolina Dental Society will be held in Greensboro, N. C., O. Henry Hotel, May 11-12-13, 1942.

MINUTES OF THE MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

Sunday, January 4, 1942, Carolina Hotel, Raleigh, N. C.

Dr. H. O. Lineberger, Chairman, presiding with the following members present:

Drs. John Ashby, H. C. Carr, C. M. Parks, C. C. Poindexter, Paul Fitzgerald, Neal Sheffield, Wilbur Jackson, Paul E. Jones, R. D. Coffey, A. S. Bumgardner, R. L. Underwood, J. W. Whitehead, Howard L. Allen, W. M. Matheson, Carl A. Barkley, A. W. Craver, K. L. Johnson, H. R. Chamblee, B. McK. Johnson and E. M. Medlin. In addition to these a number of the Raleigh dentists were present.

Activities of the Society in connection with N.Y.A.-F.S.A. and Selective Service during recent years was reviewed.

Establishment of the Procurement and Assignment Service was also reviewed from its inception October 1, 1941 by the National Health and Medical Committee.

Dr. Coffey read a copy of Paul V. McNutt's letter to the President of the United States, setting forth the needs of a Procurement and Assignment Committee.

Dr. K. L. Johnson read a copy of a memorandum from Dr. James A. Cratree, Executive Secretary of the Health and Medical Committee, on the subject of Establishments of Procurement and Assignment Committees for physicians and dentists.

Dr. Everett Smith read a letter from Major Sam. F. Seeley addressed to Chairman of all state Military Affairs Committees on procurement and assignment service. Major Seeley is an executive officer of the P. and A. Committee.

Dr. E. A. Branch presented Dr. Reynolds of the State Board of Health who discussed how the State Medical Society was handling the matter. Luncheon was served with approximately 30 present. Following the luncheon, Dr. S. Robert Horton read an editorial and a report of the Dental Preparedness Committee that appeared in the January issue of the A.D.A. Journal.

Dr. Claude Parks read an editorial in the Journal of the American Medical Association concerning the work of their society in connection with the P. and A. Service.

In the discussions following, the top heaviness of the committee was brought out. In order to obtain quick action a motion was made by Dr. Paul Jones and passed that Dr. Poindexter name a steering committee of the P. and A. Service appointed from the Military Affairs Committee. This committee to act as an executive or master committee of the larger committee. The following were appointed by the president: Drs. H. O. Lineberger, Ralph Coffey, C. M. Parks, Neal Sheffield and Paul Jones.

Dr. Ashby made a motion, which was passed, to give the Master Committee power to work out a similar plan to that of the Medical Society.

E. M. MEDLIN, *Secretary.*

MINUTES OF EXECUTIVE AND PROGRAM COMMITTEE

Minutes of the Executive and Program Committee of the North Carolina Dental Society held in Sir Walter Hotel, Raleigh, October 7, 1941.

Members present. Executive committee, C. C. Poindexter, Paul Fitzgerald, Amos Bumgardner, W. F. Clayton, E. M. Medlin. Program committee, E. M. Medlin, D. L. Pridgen, C. E. Minges, L. G. Coble, H. A. Edwards, F. O. Alford. Also present, Neal Sheffield, Editor-Publisher.

Dr. J. Martin Fleming, treasurer of the North Carolina Dental Society Relief Fund appeared before the meeting to discuss the question of what to do with the idle funds of the Relief account, which were not drawing any interest. It was voted that \$3,000.00 worth of U. S. Defense Bonds be bought and that Dr. Fleming act as custodian for the same. (Bonds to be bought in the name of the Executive Committee.)

The Committee decided to invite Dr. Hardy of New York to give a clinic on Full Denture Prosthesis before the next annual meeting. Dr. A. C. Current to be invited to give a clinic on Acrylics Resins.

Motion made by Paul Fitzgerald and seconded by F. O. Alford that the President and Secretary finish out the program for the 1942 annual meeting. Dr. Sheffield made the suggestion that the secretary write the visiting clinicians asking them to prepare a paper on their clinic, even if it was a lantern slide or motion picture, so that it could be properly reported in the proceedings.

Motion: Paul Fitzgerald, that Executive Committee approve the plan of saving scrap amalgam to aid the Relief Fund. Details of this plan to be worked out by the Secretary and Editor.

Call meeting Executive committee.

January 4, 1942, Carolina Hotel, Raleigh, North Carolina.

Members present: Amos Bumgardner, Chairman, C. C. Poindexter, Paul Fitzgerald and E. M. Medlin.

Motion was made by Dr. Fitzgerald and carried that the North Carolina Dental Society appropriate one hundred dollars for the use of the Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee to cover cost of postage, stationery and help to promote the work of his committee.

E. M. MEDLIN, *Secretary-Treasurer.*

There are 4,664 dentists in Argentina; Mexico 1,600, of which half are in Mexico City; Chile 1,200, Uruguay 1,100 and Cuba about 1,000.

More women are engaged in the practice of general dentistry than in the practice of children's dentistry.

PRACTICE AIDS

To prevent spilling phenol pour a small amount from your stock bottle into a wide mouthed medicine bottle and place enough cotton in the bottle to absorb the phenol. When the cotton pellet held by pliers is pressed into the bottle just the right amount of phenol is absorbed thus eliminating the danger of damaging the tissues of the mouth. (See report on liability case, page 144, January 1942, A.D.A. Journal.)

One of the accepted casting techniques calls for cherry red from the mould in the casting ring. If your furnace does not have a pyrometer it is difficult to determine when this degree of heat is reached in a normally lighted room. Purchase a tin horn from the variety store, cut off the musical reed and when you wish to examine the ring place it on the asbestos portion of your laboratory bench and place the large end of the horn over the ring, and view it from the small end. This excludes the light and will give you the true degree of redness within the mould.

Do not throw away the metal tubes from which you have used your hydro-colloid impression material. Flatten the empty tube and cut 3/4 inch lengths and when you are ready to invest your inlay impression restore metal to circular shape and invest for packing.

It would not be out of order to mention the fact that a few drops of oil each morning will greatly prolong the life of the hand pieces and other dental equipment.

To remove iodine stains from the hands or clothing rub area with cotton saturated with ammonia.

A small receptacle placed in the cabinet drawer most often used will be handy to drop the pellets of excess amalgam and amalgam dies. It will surprise you the amount that will be accumulated over a period of time.

As soon as silver nitrate stains appear on the hands, to remove paint with tincture of iodine and rub with cotton saturated with ammonia.

DENTAL EXCHANGE

The purpose of this Exchange Column is to give the dentists and the Supply Houses in our State an opportunity to sell or exchange idle pieces of equipment in order to conserve our resources during the National Preparedness Program. There is no charge for listing items on this page.

FOR SALE

The equipment of Dr. Wm. F. Bell late Dr. R. S. Turlington in Goldsboro is offered for sale. Any person interested in the entire equipment or any part of it should communicate with:

Dr. S. L. Overman, Goldsboro, N. C.

The equipment of Dr. Wm. F. Bell (Deceased) in Asheville, N. C., is offered for sale.

- 1 Ritter Pump Dental Chair
- 1 Weber Unit with Ritter Engine
- 1 Ritter four Cluster Light Wall Type
- 1 Large Dental Cabinet
- 1 Small Dental Cabinet

The above pieces of equipment are in neptune green finish.

- 2 Sterilizer Stands

Interested parties should communicate with: Mrs. Lucy D. Bell, 216 Arcadia Place, San Antonio, Texas, or Thompson Dental Company, Greensboro, N. C.

The bungalow office and complete equipment of the late Dr. Z. V. Parker is offered for sale to capable

dentist desiring to locate in New Bern, N. C. The office building has been recently remodeled providing space for combined office and home, sound proofed. The office has two operating rooms, two reception rooms, laboratory and retiring room:

- 2 Ritter Chairs with attached Cuspidors

1 American Cabinet and one Metal Cabinet

Ritter X-Ray, Ritter Wall bracket Engine and one overhead engine, Ohio Anelgia Machine and full operating instruments.

Inquiries should be addressed to Dr. W. L. Hand, New Bern, N. C.

1 large dental chair, fairly good condition, price \$50.00.

One all-metal specialist chair, white duco finish, seat and head-rest adjustable—very good condition.

One set of Roach Denti-Cooler trays and outfit.

One Steels low fuzing furnace.

One aspirator, almost new.

The above listed articles will be reasonably priced.

R. M. Olive, Fayetteville, N. C.

According to George Gallup, during the month of October, 1941, there were 24 million man-days lost in the United States due to illness. In war industries 3,200,000 man-days of work was lost because of illness. This represents the time required to build 2 heavy cruisers or 448 medium bombers or 3,200 light tanks.

ACCEPTED DENTAL REMEDIES, 7TH EDITION

This concise and accurate volume improves year by year with the advances made in dental materia medica and therapeutics. It provides its readers with reliable information on the drugs of greatest usefulness in dental practice and in addition, supplies a wealth of information on topics of basic importance. Illustrative of the value of frequent revisions is the fact that the Council has presented through this book the present status of many problems relating to nutrition. All in all, the book will answer the dentists' and the dental students' questions and provide a sound basis for answering questions asked by patients.

In spite of rising costs of materials, the price of the book remains at the old level. A copy of *Accepted Dental Remedies, 7th edition*, may be obtained by sending one dollar to the American Dental Association, 212 East Superior Street, Chicago, Illinois.

DISTRICT SOCIETIES



FIRST DISTRICT

President.....	W. M. MATHESON, Boone
President-Elect.....	DAVID ABERNATHY, Hickory
Vice-President.....	W. H. BREELAND, Belmont
Secretary-Treasurer.....	RALPH D. COFFEY, Morganton
Editor.....	W. D. YELTON, Hickory

THE FIRST DISTRICT

The meeting of the First District Dental Society in Waynesville this fall was a grand climax to a most successful year in the First District. We are indeed proud of our organization and the success that we have made. To those who attended the meeting I know they will want to go back to Waynesville and those who did not attend will be there the next time we are fortunate to go. We had a registration of eighty-three members and twenty-four guests. Over half of the members were accompanied by their wives and this no doubt made it a better meeting. Much credit goes to the Local Arrangement Committee who anticipated the every need for our comfort and pleasure. The mountain trip was one of rare beauty and will always be remembered. The program speaks for itself. The popularity of Dr. Sturdevant in North Carolina and elsewhere makes him an outstanding clinician. I think that one of the most gratifying parts of the meeting was the attendance of the Dental Assistants. There were fifty-two registered from the First District and seven visitors. The group from Tennessee were very much impressed at their attendance and the papers that they presented were outstanding. The Dental Assistants of the First District are now organized and a component of the North Carolina Dental Assistants Association. They will hold their annual meeting at the time of the First District Meeting. It was the aim of the officers of last year to make the annual meeting one of interest to the members in a professional way also make

it a social success. The 'social' side did not predominate but to those who attended all had a grand time.

It is our desire to contact all men that are eligible to become members of the society. We are glad that eleven were added this last year. We will benefit by their membership and there is no doubt but that it will be beneficial to them.

It has been a great pleasure for me to serve you as Secretary-Treasurer of the First District and as this is my second year I feel more confident as I know I have the cooperation of the members to help make this year a greater success.

RALPH COFFEY, *Secretary-Treasurer.*

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS FIRST DISTRICT*

It is a genuine pleasure and privilege to welcome all of you to another meeting of the First Dental Society of North Carolina. Attendance at our annual meetings not only benefits a dentist professionally but improves him in many other ways with both his clientele and colleagues.

No organization, just as no individual, can succeed by itself in its own selfish right. We all need allies, friends, counselors and assistants. Your officers have tried to encourage and stress at this meeting that we have our families present, that we bring those dependable, loyal and helpful allies in our practice, the Dental Assistant, to this meeting. We plan to feature the work being done and the possibilities of what might be done better by our Dental Assistants. The necessity for their splendid service has long been known and now they too are regarded as strictly professional people by both the profession and public.

May I take this occasion to thank all officers, committeemen and others who have made this meeting possible and successful. It has been a pleasure to serve you as your president this year. We are grateful to the dentists of Waynesville for giving us the privilege of meeting here. We do appreciate all of you ladies coming to this meeting and we know that we will have a finer, better, and more enjoyable meeting because you are with us. I wish to thank each essayist and clinician who has a part in the program—both those from out of the State and those from our own district.

This is the first year we have actually put into reality a three-day meeting. Many of us have realized we needed more time, and so in conclusion I would like to make the following recommendations:

1. We try to continue having a three-day meeting at each annual session.
2. The Dental Assistants be encouraged to have their annual meeting at the same time as ours.
3. That the Vice-President be given certain specific duties and responsibilities during his term of office. Among those being his responsibility for seeking out and bringing in all eligible new members, rather a chairman of the membership activities of the district.

Thank you again for giving me this privilege and opportunity of serving you as your president. It has been a great pleasure to serve you, to work with your other officers and committeemen. I bespeak for your new officers the same fine cooperation, encouragement and assistance you have so generously given me.

W. K. CHAPMAN, *President.*

* Read before the First District Dental Society at their annual meeting, October 20, 1941, Waynesville, N. C.

FIRST DISTRICT NEWS

The annual meeting of the First District Dental Society convened in Waynesville in October. The scenery was beautiful, the food was delicious, the fellowship was wonderful; in fact, it was a fine meeting. The meeting was well attended. Our secretary informs me that the registration was as follows: Members 83, Guests 24, Wives 38, Assistants 52 Visiting Assistants 7; Total 204. Those in charge of the program were congratulated for the fine job they did, especially are they to be congratulated for securing as lecturer and clinician, Dr. Roger

E. Sturdevant, head of the Crown and Bridge department of the Atlanta Southern Dental College. He presented his subject in a concise, well-organized informative manner and I am sure every man present benefited from the fine clinic given by Dr. Sturdevant.

The three-day meeting was tried for the first time in our district and was pronounced a great success. Many men are leaving before the business session however, which is certainly a very important meeting. See what you have for an editor this year? That should teach every member of the First District not to leave until the meeting is adjourned. Seriously though, we do have a fine group of officers for this year and under the capable leadership of Dr. Bill Matheson, we are planning for and expecting big things for the coming year. All are looking forward to our meeting in Lenoir, come next October.

SOCIETY MEMBERSHIP

You have heard and read so much about membership in our Society that it would be useless for me to dwell on that subject. I would like to say, however, that it is the duty of each member of the Society to urge all non-members to aline themselves with our organized dentistry. I believe that no dentist can attend a dental society meeting or study group and fraternize with other men of his profession without gaining some knowledge or picking up some point that will greatly aid him in his work each day. And too, with the world in the condition it is in today, with the government taking more complete control of our individual lives; our armed forces increasing in number, socialization of dentistry is bound to gain impetus unless we as a profession band ourselves together into a more unified group and let our influence be felt in this matter.

The profession has given a lot to you and to me, even though at times when everything goes wrong we feel that we are giving all and gaining nothing. So let's do our utmost to bring all non-members into the organization and thereby render a better health service to the public.

TRI-COUNTY NEWS

In giving you the Tri-County news, we would not have you think that we are doing it in a bragging sort of way but we are proud of our local Society and we feel that it is well worthwhile. The main idea behind this paragraph is to see if we can't arouse the interest of those who are missing the benefit that a local study group can give so that more of these groups might be organized throughout the State.

We now have twenty-six members on roll, having gained two new members this year, Dr. Charles Candler of Morganton, and Dr. Anderson also of Morganton, who is connected with the State Insane Asylum.

Our November meeting was held in Valdese with Dr. Bill Parker. A movie on "Injection Technique" was shown by Dr. Parker. For those of you who would like to secure these films for your group, the Novol company will be glad to let you have them.

For our December meeting, our District President, Dr. Bill Matheson presented a clinic on "Porcelain Inlays and Jacket Crowns" at Lenoir. This was one of the best programs the Society has had in some time, sorry all of you could not be with us.

We will be happy to have any of you visit with us at our regular monthly meeting if you are in our territory at that time. So that you might know when and where we are meeting, here is our yearly schedule, Second Monday night in each month. January, Newton; February, Hickory; March, Granite Falls; April, Morganton; May, State Meeting; June, Lenoir; July, Valdese; August, Outing; September, Lincolnton; October, District Meeting; November, Hickory; December, Morganton. Come be with us any time you can.

SECOND DISTRICT

President.....	CARL A. BARKLEY, Winston-Salem
President-Elect.....	J. C. WATKINS, Winston-Salem
Vice-President.....	CAROLYN TAYLOR, North Wilkesboro
Secretary-Treasurer.....	FRANK W. KIRK, Salisbury
Editor.....	W. A. INGRAM, Monroe

WE ARE PATRIOTIC AMERICANS

We dentists are patriotic Americans and we wish to do our part. These are troubled times and it is hard for individuals as well as for nations to be sure just what paths to take. So if we will think on the subject of "What we can do to help our country," we will be started in the right direction.

Society needs the staying and supporting influences that we can give in our every day contact with people. Democracy is fighting for its very existence and not all the fighting is in Europe and Asia. If we will do our part here in building morale, the armies and navies can better do theirs there. The morale of the nation is the total morale of the individuals.

It is possible that we may be of some help to the civil authorities in detecting aliens, fifth columnist or saboteurs. We know our own patients as a rule, but at times strangers with whom we might be suspicious, come to our attention. We might aid the authorities by reporting any suspicious ones.

If you know of any dentist that is being drafted into the service, use what influence you might have to help him get a commission. We should not be exempted from service but we should be placed where we could do the most good for our country. During this emergency the dental profession needs all the assistance it can get from its members. When we are called upon to serve upon the examining boards, Red Cross committees or what not, let us do our duty, do it cheerfully and do it well. We are patriotic Americans.

CARL A. BARKLEY, President.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS*

The Second District Dental Society is convening this morning in its twenty-first session, consisting of the same fourteen counties which were set apart in the beginning, and while there have been many discussions in the years gone by that the organization may need re-districting, it has from the majority viewpoint apparently been a satisfactory allocation.

The membership of our organization is one which has always been very active. The committees work diligently and harmoniously that the very best type of program might be presented. The table clinics in our district in the years past, as well as on this particular occasion, give us an unusual cross section of the progressive minds of our membership. We shall see them with a great deal of interest this afternoon. The visiting clinicians from our neighboring states have always been sympathetic and added to the major clinic work and always have given us a good program.

Being a component part of the North Carolina Dental Society we wish to commend all our members for their active part in the dental relief program. The North Carolina Dental Society has, at this time, approximately four thousand dollars (\$4,000.00) which has been paid in during the last thirteen years for this noble cause. Fortunately our membership has not been called upon for this particular aid as yet, however, the future being so uncertain we are happy to have this reserve in readiness.

To the officers of the North Carolina Dental Society the Second District votes its loyal allegiance, and in the future, as in the past, we shall ever strive to make this portion of the state both worthy and honorable, in ethics and progressiveness to the end, that this great vocation of which each one here is an integral part, shall continue forward.

* Read before the annual meeting of the Second District Dental Society, October 13, 1941, Salisbury, N. C.

Due to the fact that our Constitution and By-Laws have not been revised and brought up to date, I suggest that a committee be appointed to bring them to current changes and revision as has been made by our organization.

After having made the previous mental reflections, I do not wish to make any further particular recommendations at this time, feeling that this organization has such a fine Constitution and By-Laws and working under the guidance of the state organization, we only wish to express our gratification.

A. S. BUMGARDNER, *President.*

DENTISTRY IN DEFENSE

Dentistry—all American science—has but one concern at this crossroads of humanity—the preservation of freedom. Our part in the crusade of democracy is quite clear. Through our personal contacts, without patients, with the man on the street, we should be ever eager to express confidence in the ultimate triumph of democracy in general and Americanism in particular. For confidence in our Nation, in our ability as a Nation to annihilate bestiality wherever it may attack, is the prime factor of our success.

And, of course, as dentists, as custodians of a vital part of America's health, we have a very important part in the struggle ahead. Each of us should exert his utmost influence in the promotion of dental hygiene that the youth of tomorrow, soldiers of democracy if need be, will be as sound in that respect as it is possible for us to make them so. Let us not forget for one moment that dentistry in defense is our "all-out" program today.

The following dentists in the second district are now in military service:

Dr. J. B. Freedland, First Lt. Dental Corps, who is attached to the medical department, at Starks General Hospital, at Charleston, S. C.

Dr. Robt. T. Byerly of Winston-Salem, N. C., Overseas Discharge and Replacement Depot, Charleston, S. C.

Dr. J. P. Bingham, Jr., of Lexington, N. C.

Dr. Leslie C. Holshouser of Rockwell, N. C.

Dr. H. W. Thompson, of China Grove, N. C.

Among those who attended the American Dental Association meeting were: Dr. W. C. Taylor, Dr. Frank W. Kirk, Salisbury, N. C.; Dr. John Pharr, Dr. Frank Alford, Dr. Grady Ross and family, Charlotte, N. C. Dr. Ross and family extended their tour into Mexico, where they saw bullfights and many points of interest. Grady made moving pictures of the bullfights he witnessed.

Dr. and Mrs. Bernard Walker are the proud parents of a daughter. Dr. Walker practices in Charlotte, N. C.

BILL INGRAM, *Editor*
Second District.

THIRD DISTRICT

President.....	A. W. CRAVER, Greensboro
President-Elect.....	J. H. HUGHES, Roxboro
Vice-President.....	T. W. ATWOOD, Durham
Secretary-Treasurer.....	R. L. UNDERWOOD, Greensboro
Editor.....	NORMAN F. ROSS, Durham

KEEPING PACE

In periods of stress and excitement we are sometimes swept off our balance and lose sight of our perspective. The present international situation is providing a setting for just such a thing to happen.

You can readily see the havoc that can be wrought by allowing ourselves to be caught off guard. Forces for good or evil are rarely dissipated unless defeated by force or by exhaustion. This makes it imperative that we still keep up our guard against the forces that would lower the standards of our profession, or any group who with ulterior motives might try to sell us a new order. It is times like these, when our minds are focused on external confusions the proponents of statutes detrimental to our standard of practice can get in their subversive work with the rush of a National Emergency.

The emergency should not cause a lowering of our educational standards or our state board requirements. Safeguards should always protect against the invasion of hordes of refugee professional men with their lowered standards of practice. We expect only reasonable fees for services rendered. In turn we should tolerate only reasonable prices for our supplies and service.

R. L. UNDERWOOD. *Sec.-Treas.*

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS*

Mr. President, Fellow Members of the Third District Dental Society, and Guests:

Following the usual custom it now becomes my privilege, as your President, to greet you on this occasion. It is with a full sense of responsibility to my profession and to you who conferred upon me the highest honor within the gift of this organization that I bring you a message, humbly inaugurating the Twenty-first Annual Meeting of the Third District Dental Society.

To have been elected President of this organization is an honor out of all proportion to any service which I have ever rendered; out of all proportion to any service which I shall ever be able to render, but, nevertheless, an honor, the memory of which will always remain sacred to me and for which my heart is full of gratitude. I am also grateful for the confidence which you placed in me when you elected me to the leadership of our Society. In a feeble way I have tried to assume and discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability, and for preference for brevity I feel an adequate expression of appreciation requires slightly more elaboration than merely "I thank you," and in my effort to do so, I am made to realize and to appreciate more than ever before what Tennyson had in his heart when he wrote, "I would that my tongue could utter the thoughts that arise in me."

I firmly believe you will agree that these district meetings fill a definite place in our Professional Program, and that the advantages are many; both to us as individuals and to its entire membership; also I am sure you are fully aware of the fact that no one individual, even the officers and various communities cannot successfully carry out our obligations to the great task of rendering the high type of service that is expected of us unless the entire membership is willing to fall in and do his bit, and it has been my observation that this co-operative spirit does exist in our organization, and in this connection it seems to me we have never before been confronted with problems that are more complicated and perplexing, even with all the organized health forces laboring both day and night to educate the people of our land that we might have strong and healthy bodies. We are grateful, of course, for what has been done from an educational standpoint by such organizations as Parent-Teacher groups, prepared radio talks, our State Oral Hygiene Departments, and our A.D.A. Educational Health Programs—even with all this we still have, especially the child and teen age patient, coming into our office presenting conditions which seems to be almost impossible to do but very little for them. Recently, we also have been forced to face some very startling figures and facts regarding the physical fitness of the young manhood of our country. I speak of that large group of men who are in the draft age that are being called into the service of our country.

Practically every journal that has anything to do with dentistry and some that don't are partially filled with dire statements of surprise and seeming bewilderment that so many young men being examined for selective service are found to be suffering from the miserable neglect of their teeth.

If I recall correctly a similar condition existed during the last war. And it was just about that time that our state board of health got busy and started a program of education that has been carried on continuously. It has been a good program, and many other states have followed suit.

And along with that the individual dentist has used his own time to try

* Read before the meeting of the Third District Dental Society, November 17, 1941; Greensboro, N. C.

to impress on the individual patient the necessity of proper dental care. The public has read in journals, magazines, newspapers and all kinds of periodicals good articles recommending the proper care of the teeth. There is no one of the young generation now being drafted who has not at some time in some way been impressed with the necessity of a healthy mouth for a healthy body.

The one point to be made here is that there seems to be running through current dental literature the accusation that the dental profession has failed because there are many young people with bad teeth. The dental profession has not failed. It is the youth and his elders that have failed. It is true that poverty is responsible for much of the trouble. It is also true that plain, ordinary, everyday stupidity is responsible for much of the trouble. And the greatest of these is stupidity.

It is a rare thing to find a person who has reached adolescence who does not know what care the teeth should have, at least in a general way—unless they were too weak-minded to be admitted to educational institutions. There are many who know what they should do, who are able to do it, and yet believe it will not happen to them until it happens. These are the ones who compose that large and unhappy class of the stupid. The dental profession has not failed and apparently should not assume all the blame.

Some very startling facts were recently revealed in a bulletin from Washington, which follows: Preliminary reports of men examined for selective service, indicating that only about fifty per cent are physically and mentally fit for general military service, have demonstrated the need, draft officials said today, of a nationwide health improvement drive.

Col. Leonard G. Rountree, chief of the selective service system's medical division, appealed to the medical and dental professions for cooperation to that end.

Addressing the District of Columbia medical society, Rountree said that the principal cause for rejection of draftees by both local boards and army induction stations is defective teeth, accounting for 20.9 per cent of the rejections.

Other major disqualifications causes are: eyes 13.7 per cent; ailments of the cardiovascular system, 10.6; venereal diseases, 6.3; mental and nervous defects, 4.6; hernia, 6.2; ear defects, 4.6; feet, 4.0; lungs including tuberculosis, 2.9.

Declaring that the physical condition of the American people was rather alarming as disclosed by examination of selectees, President Roosevelt asserted today he was so worried about the program that he had ordered a survey made. He said he would try to have ready for his next press conference what he called some of the amazing and disturbing figures on the health of the people as shown by a breakdown of the percentage of selectees turned down because of poor physical condition.

As members of the dental profession we cannot deny that a portion of this blame still rests upon our shoulders, therefore, it behooves us to conserve all our means, energy and ability (even though there is a shortage of dentists due to the large number of men who are doing their bit directly with the defense program) to keep up the fight at home and see to it that the above mentioned condition does not exist.

I am mindful of the fact that we still have the membership problem especially trying to interest the non-members in becoming affiliated with the State and National Organization, so let each of us see to it that they are brought in.

Let's cooperate fully to the end that our organization shall be outstanding and effective in its mission.

There is an urgent appeal for an increase in our donation to the American Dental Association Relief Fund, so let us resolve now to increase our donations at this district meeting.

In closing I wish to voice my sincere appreciation and thanks to the members of this Society for the honor and privilege of having served as your President. My thanks and gratitude to all of the officers and members who served with me and supported me so splendidly. In the course of the year numerous errors of commission and omission have undoubtedly been made. I can only say that I have served with every effort to be fair to all groups and individuals, to try to give our membership every possible advantage, and with an earnest attempt to keep ever in mind the best interest of our splendid Society.

R. A. WILKINS, *President.*

DR. B. R. LONG*

It was a distinct shock to his immediate family and relatives, together with his many friends and acquaintances to learn that Dr. Bert Long had ceased to "labor and to live" on the night of September 27th, having suffered a fatal heart attack during the night.

As many of us know, Dr. Long was serving most acceptably and efficiently in connection with our City Health Department under the able management of Dr. C. C. Hudson who is peculiarly gifted in that all-too-rare quality of directive efficiency.

Dr. Long will be sorely missed not only by his friends and acquaintances who knew him and admired him, but by the children in the city schools who dearly loved him.

Dr. Long was modest and retiring and self-contained, never burdening anyone with his fancied or real troubles or ailments. He had anxieties, troubles and burdens as well as heart-testing sorrows and bereavements, but he played the man and stood up under them to the great admiration of those who knew him intimately.

He reached out for the fine and true and higher things of life. His success was largely due to his deep convictions, his experiences and his faithfulness to duty as he saw it.

His life was lived in accordance with the words of the prophet: "What doth God require of thee but to do quietly, to love mercy and to walk humbly before God."

J. S. BETTS.

* It is regretted that we were unable to secure a photograph of Dr. Long.

THIRD DISTRICT NEWS

Dr. and Mrs. O. R. Hodgin, of Thomasville were guests of the National Society of City Managers which met recently at the Hollywood Beach Hotel, Hollywood, Florida.

Dr. T. E. Sikes of Greensboro, entertained his dental and medical friends at his country place with an oyster supper on December 30th.

Dr. Arthur Leroy Wooten and Miss Ruth Curtis were married December 6, 1941 in Wilson, N. C.

Drs. Paul Jones, C. C. Poindexter, Clyde Minges and J. N. Johnson attended the annual meeting of the Florida State Dental Society.

Everyone thought that the district meeting in Greensboro was one of the finest ever held. The arrangements, entertainments and clinicians were all excellent.

The Durham-Orange-Person Society held their annual election at the December meeting. The new officers are: President, Dr. Norman F. Ross; Vice President, Dr. Guy Willis; Secretary and Treasurer, Dr. Howard Bowling.

Dr. Ross succeeds Dr. H. L. Monk. The society went on record as approving some plan of a Dental Clinic at Watts Hospital.

The dentists in the Duke Medical Unit were the guests of General Coburn at Fort Bragg last month along with the other members of the unit. Colonel Davis in charge of the Dental Division, conducted us through the various clinics, departments, and wards.

On October 13th the Durham Dental Assistants held a meeting for the purpose of organizing a Dental Assistant Society. At the first meeting officers were elected to hold office until January. At the December meeting the following officers were elected to serve for one year: President, Miss Mabel Roberts; Vice President, Mrs. Linda Haithcock; Secretary, Miss Frances King; Treasurer, Miss Elizabeth Pickett.

Dr. Dan Carr was present at the November meeting and gave an interesting talk on "How a Dental Office Should Be Run." There are eleven members of the Society. Meetings are held the 3rd Monday night of each month in the Blue Room of the Washington Duke Hotel, and visiting assistants will always be welcome.

NORMAN F. ROSS, *Editor.*

FOURTH DISTRICT

President.....	K. L. JOHNSON, Raleigh
President-Elect.....	HOWARD L. ALLEN, Henderson
Vice-President.....	C. H. BRYAN, Apex
Secretary-Treasurer.....	H. ROYSTER CHAMBLEE, Raleigh
Editor.....	R. M. BLACKMAN, Selma

BEGIN WORK NOW FOR 1942 MEETING

I should like to welcome into the Fourth District, as new members, Dr. E. A. Pearson and Dr. Paul Munsell. Dr. Pearson is the Wake County Health Dentist in Raleigh, N. C., and Dr. Munsell was transferred from the Second District and is located in Fayetteville, N. C.

It is particularly fitting that all ethical men, young and old, affiliate themselves with their Society at this time. Dentistry, no doubt, faces many changes in the near future, and it will be through the efforts of organized dentistry that they might be minimized.

Along this line, I wish to congratulate Dr. H. O. Lineberger for his splendid work as a member of the Military Affairs Committee and the Dental Preparedness Committee. He is giving unselfishly of his time and means, attending meetings of these Committees in various parts of the country.

I am very glad to report that the Fourth District had a most successful year under the able leadership of Dr. J. W. Whitehead, immediate past president.

Several departures were made from the routine meetings of the past, the major change being one all day meeting with the banquet in the same evening, rather than the evening before. This change seemed to be well taken. I would like to hear comments from any member on this as we wish to please the majority.

It is my desire to see the District Society Meetings bigger and better than ever. The District is the entrance to the State Society as well as the A.D.A. It is the District that must attract the new members, as well as hold the old, and I for one do not believe that any District can put on too good or big meeting.

The opinion has been voiced that the District Meetings, when too good, are competition for the State Meeting. I cannot see this. To me a good District Meeting should inspire a man to attend the State Meeting.

I hope that many men in the District will begin now to work on a clinic so that they will be ready with a real show when our next meeting takes place.

May I wish for each member of the Fourth District a happy and prosperous New Year.

K. L. JOHNSON, PRESIDENT.

CONSIDER MILITARY MEN FOR PROGRAMS

There are many dentists from other states in the Fourth District, stationed at Fort Bragg; who by being in military service will miss the benefits of the dental organizations in their states.

We have the privilege of inviting these fellow dentists to appear on our programs. They should be encouraged to take part in our meetings, contributing through papers and clinics. They will also receive benefits from our prepared programs.

There are many localities in our district that need the services of competent dentists. If these dentists are made to feel at home or are encouraged to like us, some of these outstanding men may remain to help with our dental problems, after this war is over.

H. ROYSTER CHAMBLEE, Sec.-Treas.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS—FOURTH DISTRICT*

Mr. Chairman, Members of the Fourth District Dental Society and Guests:

The first subject that I wish to dwell on is the activities of the Military Affairs Committee. This committee has been greatly enlarged so that the whole entire state is well represented and the function of the committee with Dr. Lineberger as Chairman has been such as to receive National recognition. One important activity of the committee has been to work with the State Rehabilitation Committee which cooperates with other state agencies and charged with the correction of dental defects in rejected draftees. In many cases these corrections would necessarily have to be financed by local charitable organizations. I am informed that only three or four draftees have been rejected by our local draft board, however, in many areas the percentage of rejections due to dental defects has been as high as twenty-five percent. This is a matter which deserves the thought and attention of every dentist.

The committee has surveyed the dental situation around the large military camps and are urging dentists to move into the congested areas just as fast as the need is determined.

A survey of every dentist in the draft age has been made and their status in the reserve or draft has been determined. All members applying to our committee in an effort to obtain a commission or deferment have been assisted. According to our records not a single dentist has been drafted into the service as a private soldier.

There is an opportunity for members of our Society to benefit by the Federal Security Administration, however, before we can participate the Executive Committee of the N. C. State Dental Society will have to approve the plan of the F.S.A.

The State Medical Society has already approved this plan and the physicians all over the state are benefiting accordingly. I recommend that the Executive Committee consider this at their next meeting.

There is an article in the September 1941 Dental Digest by Dr. Howard R. Raper and Dr. Manser of Albuquerque, New Mexico, on the removal of brown stain from fluorine mottled teeth which should be of great interest to every dentist in the world and I strongly recommend that every one of you who have not already done so study this article carefully.

All of us at one time or another have told the victims of this deformity that no hope or relief could be had with great disappointment to the victims. It now appears that something can be done by a very simple treatment. For the first time to my knowledge, the treatment is made so simple that every dentist can use it with gratifying results and without much expense to the patient.

It is gratifying to me to be able to report to you that we have the largest paid up membership in the history of the Fourth District Dental Society. I personally take no credit for this statement but due credit is given to our efficient Secretary and to each and every one of you.

Please allow me to express my very deep appreciation to all of you who have assisted me so willingly during my term of office. I especially wish to thank the members of the program and entertainment committee who have worked so faithfully and diligently in order to make this meeting a success.

To you who have taken and will take a part in our program I wish to express my thanks, for without your interest and efforts this meeting would not be a success. I take this opportunity to thank every officer of the Society for performing his duty unselfishly and untiringly.

And now, for this great honor you have bestowed upon me by making me your president for the past year, I am indeed, grateful and it is an honor which I shall prize most highly all the rest of my life.

* Read before the Fourth District Dental Society, October 7, 1941, Raleigh, N. C.

NEWS! NEWS! Fourth District news hot off the typewriter. (Views, Observations, and Sideglances thrown in extra.)

Since the little yellow dastards committed hara-kiri (they don't know it yet) to cause us to "Remember Pearl Harbor" and since Fort Bragg is in our midst, we Fourth District dentists are somewhat war conscious.

Some of us who used to tafle off Wednesday afternoon, now take Thursday afternoon instead to bird hunt. The quail law now being Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

At the next state meeting, have one of the Dunn dentists to give you their experience of a blackout. Dunn recently had one.

The Fourth District always meets at Raleigh. Usually from seven to ten local men give a table clinic at these meetings. This year Dr. Edwards from Durham also visited us with a table clinic.

Get Dr. Swindell to tell you about Elliot, Jr. Yeah, the new addition to his family is a boy.

The Fourth District dentists welcome the dentists at Fort Bragg. We want them to visit us and not feel like they are in a foreign land.

Those fellows from our district in service are Dr. Anton Phillips, Raleigh, recently promoted to Captain, now at Fort Jackson. Lt. W. E. Campbell, from Raleigh to Alto, Texas., C.C.C. Dr. Iby Hoyle, Lt. Col., also at Fort Jackson from Henderson.

Here is a coupla throw ins at no extra cost—Wouldn't it be a good idea to have a dental office built in each defense area for the civilian population who move in to work. Let the surrounding dentists work in it one or two days per week. All fees collected belong to those who work on the days they work. Then when this defense building is over they would also have maintained their practice at home.

Second: Let the older men in the profession *who wish*, do the work at these centers (as NYA) rather than have a dentist from the outside move in.

The border towns of the Fourth District are, Henderson, Louisburg, Wendell, Zebulon, Princeton, Clinton, Whiteville, Lumberton, Raeford, Sanford, Red Springs, Apex, Roxboro and Oxford.

A few of us have been to Mattamuskeet and Currituck duck hunting. Ye editor heard that all Dr. Royster killed there was a coot. Yours truly was the only dentist on this protected hunt at Holly Shelter the first day. There is some doubt as to whether the Governor killed a deer or not. He said he did.

It is with regret I report the death of Dr. W. F. Yates at Chadbourn.

And last, THE FOURTH DISTRICT and yours truly wish for each and every one of you in each and every district a very, very Merry Christmas and a sincere, stern and purposeful NEW YEAR.

R. M. BLACKMAN, *Editor.*

FIFTH DISTRICT

President.....	B. McK. JOHNSON, Greenville
President-Elect.....	A. L. WOOTEN, Wilson
Vice-President.....	A. M. SCHULTZ, Greenville
Secretary-Treasurer.....	HERBERT SPEAR, Kinston
Editor.....	J. F. DUKE, Washington

DR. R. S. TURLINGTON

On November 15th, 1941, Dr. R. S. Turlington finished the task the Master had set for him to do. He is now at rest.

This world in which he lived was in need of men of strong minds, of strong bodies, and of strong character. Richard Stamey Turlington used the attributes to make this world a better place—by serving man he served God, and by his devotion to his church he worshipped God. Now the Master has said, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant."

Let us remember that the grave is not the victor, for though we mourn a friend who has passed from the sound of our voice and the range of our physical sight, yet we know he lives—his influence lives on in the lives and hearts of those who knew him. A man's work is never laid away in burial.

A few short years of service, be it thirty or eighty (we call it life), what is it when compared with the endless years of eternity? Then, we hope and believe, that we may take up a new life with even greater opportunities, in the work closest to the heart. So we find comfort in our faith, when we consider the death of one we knew and loved, in Kipling's words:

"We shall rest, and faith, we shall need it—lie down for an aeon or two,
Till the Master of All Good Workmen shall set us to work anew!"

A. R. MALLARD.

TO MEMBERS OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT

In retrospection, as we turn the pages of history in the year 1941, we find that many of our New Year's resolutions have been broken, and a few of them successfully carried out. That we have had our moments of happiness and those of sadness. We have realized both success and defeat. Some of our hopes and aspirations have been blasted to bits. Then in contrast, many good things have happened to us of which we had never dreamed.

We have watched the happenings of both national and international events, at times, with praise, then again with criticism and distrust, wondering all the while what would happen next. Then it happened. The Axis powers waged an attack upon this fair land of ours, and we met the challenge.

We begin the New Year and a new century in dentistry with the entire world at war, a war not only between dictatorship and democracy, but between the forces of good and evil. So we look first to our eternal God for strength and guidance in this hour of turmoil and distress.

As we face this crisis, our present concern is to win the war, but our ultimate objective is to make this a better world in which to live, so that each man may sit under his own shade-tree without fear of being molested. Dentistry will share its part of the burden in bringing this to pass, and each one of us will be called upon to respond in one way or another. So, let each of us begin the year 1942 with a renewed pledge to constantly improve ourselves, so that when the call comes, we can render the best possible service and finally emerge from this revolution a better profession in a better world to render a better service.

B. McK. JOHNSON, *President.*



SECRETARY'S MESSAGE

I was glad to see so many of you present at our district meeting in Greenville. To you who were not present I must say that you missed a splendid meeting. I trust that you will meet with us next year.

With your cooperation we collected nearly a 100% in dues for 1941. Some were a little late and a few did not respond but it is not too late to keep your name from being taken off the roll. (Two years in arrears and you are suspended.)

Let me remind you that the district only gets one dollar of the thirteen you pay and that hardly takes care of the expenses, especially when you have to be written to every month. After all this is your society and I am your officer. Thanks to those that have so readily responded for their 1942 dues.

HERBERT SPEAR, Sec.-Treas.

DR. Z. V. PARKER

No death in recent years has shocked and grieved our community as the news of the sudden passing of Dr. Zebulon Vance Parker at his home on October 19th. Dr. Parker was born and reared in the adjoining County of Jones on June 15th, 1878. He attended the Atlanta Dental College, he practiced his chosen profession for a short time in Georgia and for the past 35 years in New Bern, where he had built up a lucrative practice.

At the time of his death he was President of the Fifth District Dental Society, was a Mason, Shriner, a member of the First Baptist Church, his outstanding attribute was his Christianity; he never missed an opportunity to testify for his Master, he lived his Christianity, which will continue to live in the lives he touched. No citizen's passing will be missed more for he was never satisfied unless he was helping someone to live a fuller, better life.

There are few churches anywhere in this section but where he has gone as a layman to substitute for the pastor or to hold a meeting for some charge where they couldn't have service as they would like.

As a dentist he was outstanding for he naturally loved people, made friends and knew how to hold them.

Those who knew him best loved him most.

What more can be said of any man than that he was a Christian gentleman every day, a friend to be relied upon at all times, a good husband and father. What a heritage to leave to those most dear to him must be a comfort to sustain them with his passing.

We will miss him but will not sorrow as one who has no hope. To his faithful wife and daughters we extend our unbounded love and sympathy.

W. L. HAND.

ADDRESS OF DR. Z. V. PARKER

In opening my address this morning I want to say that I am cognizant of my unworthiness of the trust that you have imposed in me. But I would not be so ungrateful as not to acknowledge my gratitude of this distinctive honor, for it is an honor to be placed at the head of this Society.

I want to thank my co-workers that have been appointed to the various committees, for it is they that have made this program possible. It has been an honor and a pleasure to work with such efficient men, though perhaps we might have done better had it not been such trying times as the world is now passing through. I doubt if the whole world has been called on for so much as is being asked of her today. In regard to our profession, we have had to give up some of our most useful men. But we are indeed fortunate to have with us today those whose worth have been proven by previous test, and I am sure every member of the Society will greatly profit by their part on the program. As previously stated, some of our fine clinicians have been called to the colors.

I want to deviate from the usual custom of Society addresses. My reason is that legal status of the profession has been ably presented by previous Presidents of the Society, that surely I could not add anything to it. Neither could I add to educational advancement.

I want to praise the men of the North Carolina Society for the high legal standing of the State Society. I remember a statement made by our own Dr. Edwards, in his address before the State Meeting, that he had visited some of the other states that had no law against advertising. And how hard the quacks and unscrupulous dentists, had made it for the ethical men. I have given this quite a lot of thought and that is why I have such high regards for such men as Johnson, M. Fleming, Hunt, Edwards, Clyde Menges, Fitzgerald, P. Jones and others who have given of their time and money to perfect our laws thereby making the practice of Dentistry in the old North State a pleasure and a joy.

DENTISTRY AND THE DENTIST

As most every worthwhile profession originated from an humble beginning. I don't know how much you know about the origin of Dentistry. I know very little. And there is not so very much to know. But the most accurate account I can gather is that all surgery originated from the Barbers. They did all the blood letting and tooth extractions. But the thing that interests me most is the rapid progress of medicine and Dentistry in the first one hundred years and I must say that the dentist 75 or 100 years ago was more resourceful than we of today. He not only practiced, but he had to be chemist and metallurgist and often manufactured his own materials. His filling gold, he beat with a mallet for days between the membrane of the ox's belly until it would transmit light and was soft enough to be packed by hand instruments into the cavity of the teeth. I worked as an apprentice in a Dental office. One of my duties was to make all the alloy that was used in the establishment. If I had to practice as they did, I don't think I would get to first base. Some of the great geniuses and scientists are numbered in our ranks. Some of those who even became almost martyrs. Such as Wells who first discovered Nitros Oxide, and finally some one else tried or did steal his formula.

Dr. Crawford Long, a physician, the discoverer of Chloroform. How he was ridiculed before the group of doctors whom he tried to demonstrate before. Something went wrong and he did not impress them very much. But he did perform under his own anesthesia a successful operation painlessly. But the sting of criticism was too much, he became a suicide.

Most of the contributors to Science for the advancement and progress of mankind have had to suffer not only humiliation and ridicule before the world, these men suffered much mental anguish, humiliation and even bodily. Pasteur rotted in a French dungeon. There were others who voluntarily made heroic sacrifice for the welfare of mankind and the advancement of science. Such men of our own rank whose lives and purpose have been dominated by the same spirit.

There are times when we the Dentists are criticised and our spirits are low, our bodies tired. We wonder why any man should want to be any kind of a doctor. Then in our minds we are carried back two thousand years, when the greatest of all healers and alleviators of pain stood in the midst of the multitudes of suffering. How He healed every one, never failed in a single case, (I believe at this point Dr. Parker was going to tell us about a specific case of healing by the Great Physician he was talking about.)

I am making this overture to the members of the Fifth District of the Dental Society of North Carolina.

That we keep the faith and look away to the hills from whence cometh our strength, as did the pioneers of Dentistry. By having faith in God. Those who so nobly wrought against the most adverse circumstances, as they asserted their faith in God first, then in the profession second to none. When men's souls are being tried perhaps as never before. It most certainly is a drain on not only our faith but all the reserves that one possesses. So if we are to carry the torch of progress and new development in our profession quiet ourselves like men. God hates a slacker. So do you. So let's put our hands to the plow, never looking backward, always pressing on to new achievements, and higher attainments. I am calling on you men to be present at the state meeting, lend your best efforts and attention in what is going on in the realms of Dentistry.

ZEB V. PARKER.

* Prepared from the notes of the late Dr. Z. V. Parker, President of the Fifth District and read before the Annual Meeting of the Fifth District by Dr. A. R. Mallard, Vice President, November 10, 1941, Greenville, N. C.

The undersigned committee having duly considered this address by Doctor Z. V. Parker, hereby recommend that the Fifth District Dental Society accept it as definitely the spirit we wish to foster in our Society.

W. L. HAND, *Chairman*
C. G. LANCASTER, *Secretary*
C. G. POWELL

Civilian air-raid casualties in England during a ten-month period in 1940-41 were approximately 36,000. During a comparable ten-month period tuberculosis took 50,000 lives in the United States.

During the year of 1940 tuberculosis killed approximately 10,000 more Americans than were killed in action, or died from wounds received in action, during the First World War.

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RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

THE
BULLETIN
OF
The North Carolina
Dental Society

COMPONENT OF THE AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION



OFFICIAL PROGRAM
OF THE
SIXTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING
AT THE
O. HENRY HOTEL
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA
MAY 11, 12, 13, 1942

Vol. 25

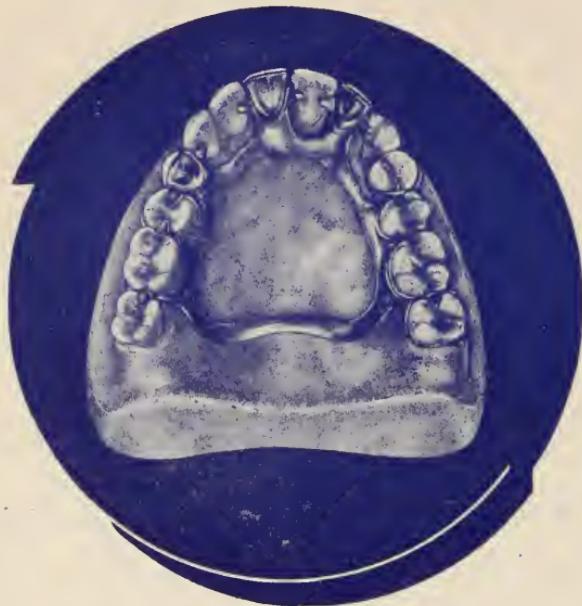
APRIL, 1942

No. 4

GREENSBORO, N. C.

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TO
DR. J. M. PARKER

Long in service to the people of his community, a man of sterling character, a tireless worker; kind, loyal, and generous to all; endowed with a radiant personality which marks him as one who is greatly beloved by a wide circle of friends.

THE BULLETIN

....of....

THE NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY

(Component of the American Dental Association)

Vol. 25

APRIL, 1942

No. 4

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"Today is your day and mine; the only day we have; the day in which we play our part.

"What our part may signify in the great whole we may not understand; but we are here to play it, and now is our time. This we know: it is a part of action. . . ."

DAVID STARR JORDAN.

WE MUST WIN THE WAR*

"There is no man so humble who cannot contribute something or do something. There is no woman so weak but that there is not available to her some act of service so that this Commonwealth may function as a Commonwealth and play its part in the greatest crisis that has ever come to free men in any period of human history."

This war is Australia's war. It is not just a war to be left to those fine brave boys who are across the seas writing glorious pages in the nation's story. It is a war, too, for every man, woman and child in this Commonwealth. It is a total war and can be won only by a total effort. What does it matter if we give more than we can afford and have to practise rigid economy in consequence. What matters it if we have to go short of some of the commodities we have been accustomed to, so long as we win the war and save the world for democracy and freedom. Everything is at stake, whether you are a worker, an employer, a landowner, a property-holder. *Australia itself is at stake.*

There are few homes in Australia that have no relative or close friend in the fighting forces. Everyone has a personal as well as a national interest in this stupendous struggle. The flower of Australian youth has gone forth to meet the mechanized might of the Axis powers. With characteristic courage and cheerfulness our boys are facing terrific odds, making all the sacrifices, and those of us who remain behind must help them all we can. *We must not let them down.*

Australia's duty is clear. It is to do everything possible; to make whatever sacrifices are necessary. In this desperate effort for survival, millions of pounds are required to enable the Commonwealth to play its role in the final victory.

Work all you can. Lend all you can. Give all you can.

*Editorial, *The Dental Journal of Australia* January—1942.

Greensboro the Friendly City Welcomes You to the Annual Meeting

**ARE YOU SAVING AMALGAM SCRAP? DONATE IT THIS FALL
TO THE STATE DENTAL RELIEF FUND.**

PRESIDENT'S PAGE

It has been the custom of the North Carolina Dental Society to stage outstanding State Meetings. The Program Committee realized this early and went about the task of securing the most competent men available to address us. Many out of State men were considered. Those selected were chosen for their recognized ability. The committee feels that in offering the program carried in this issue of the Bulletin, it has gone far to maintain the traditional fine meetings. The essayists along with our own men who are giving table clinics will cover just about every phase of dentistry and should attract the interest of every practitioner. It is to be hoped that the work of the committee for this year merits, as near as possible, the full attendance of the society.

The round-table luncheon discussion is an additional feature. While this medium of interchange of thoughts is somewhat new to our annual meetings, it does have possibilities. The men who kindly consented to act as topic leaders are quite capable of taking care of their subjects. It would be well for each man to familiarize himself with the subjects to be taken up, decide in advance what he would like to discuss or hear discussed. In this way some confusion could be avoided. These luncheons will be served at a nominal charge and will not interfere with any other part of the program.

Your State Society is co-operating with the Governor, State Health Department and Department of Public Instruction in the physical health program that is being stressed by the Federal Government. It proposes to examine the mouth and teeth of every junior and senior high school boy in North Carolina. Plans for this survey are well under way, in fact already completed in a number of counties. This is an important project and one that each member should be anxious to have a part in carrying out.

Fifteen years ago, Greensboro was happy to be host to the North Carolina Dental Society. Even greater pleasure is anticipated at this, our 68th Annual Meeting. An entertainment program is being arranged for the visiting ladies. The committees in charge of arrangements and entertainment are working hard to make your stay enjoyable. Your presiding officer, in behalf of the Guilford County Dental Society, both invites and urges every member to attend. Our fellow-dentists of the neighboring states are also invited and will be a most welcome addition to our meeting.

C. C. POINDEXTER, *President.*

THE GREENSBORO MEETING

The years pass. Sixty-three years ago the first act regulating the practice of dentistry in North Carolina was enacted into law. It is a far cry from the dignified profession of dentistry today to the time when the barber or the shoemaker could hang out a shingle and immediately become a dentist.

Sixty-three years. How and why did our profession reach its present status? It came about because a small band of strong men with ideals met together and formed our present society. Then by concerted effort, personal financing and breaking down obstacles made a trade into a profession.

Sixty-three years. It is a short time, yet look at the accomplishment. Now that period is our history.

Two months from today and our Greensboro meeting will be history also. Some of us will attend, others will remain at home and probably regret the fact that we have let slip another opportunity to see our friends and profit from the best program we have had in years.

Every one of us realizes that with conditions as they exist at the present time we must by action prove our loyalty to our profession. There is no better way of doing this than by attending our state meeting in Greensboro, May 11th, 12th and 13th.

There is nothing to force us to go. We only exercise our choice in a matter which vitally affects our work and our lives. But can we look backward across the years, sixty-three of them, remembering what those men did for us, and stay at home?

We shall answer that question on May 11th in Greensboro.

Meanwhile, "The Years Pass."

PAUL FITZGERALD, *President-Elect.*

NEW MEMBERS BREAKFAST

These are troublesome times, but regardless of the unsettled state of affairs the dentists of our country cannot afford to be less zealous. Let us not be unmindful of the progress gained by our profession, and let us still strive to keep up the high ethical standards we have attained.

A large number of younger men are being called for Military Services, therefore it is up to the older ones to carry on and do all we can to help our country and make it safe for democracy. Organized Dentistry is anxious to fulfill its destiny in the present crisis and to repeat the achievement accomplished in the last war.

I wish to call the new members' attention to the breakfast to be held at the O. Henry Hotel Tuesday morning the 12th. I want to urge every member to be present, so that we may become better acquainted and discuss matters of professional interest.

WALTER L. MCRAE, *Vice President.*

PROCUREMENT AND ASSIGNMENT SERVICE

The Procurement and Assignment Service was authorized by an Executive Order so that members of the Dental Profession, along with those of the Medical and Veterinarian Medicine profession, might be secured for the armed forces and at the same time disturb as little as possible the needs of the civilian population.

The office of the Procurement and Assignment for the Dental Profession in North Carolina is located in the Office of the State Chairman, 804 Professional Building, Raleigh, N. C.

In the central office is a card index carrying pertinent information about every dentist licensed to practice in North Carolina. The roll of dentists is broken down into two groups—(1) Those available for military service—(2) Those essential at present in civilian practice.

On the walls of the office is a large map of North Carolina broken down into counties, which gives the following information about each county:

- 1—The total civilian population.
- 2—The total dental population.
 - a—White.
 - b—Colored.
- 3—The total number of dentists.
 - a—Over 45 years of age.
 - b—Under 45 years of age.

- 4—Number of dentists now serving in the armed forces.

The following statistics have been revealed:

The total civilian population in North Carolina, 1940 census—3,571,628.

The total number of licensed dentists in North Carolina, 1941—865.

The civilian population in the counties range all the way from Camden 5440, the smallest, to Guilford 133,010, the largest.

The dental population ranges from none in some counties to the largest, 35, in Buncombe.

There are 68 colored dentists in North Carolina, seven of whom are in the service of the North Carolina State Board of Health.

The March 28, 1942, report revealed that 45 North Carolina dentists had been commissioned in the armed forces.

Divided as follows:

On Reserve Army Dental Corps	18
Active duty Army Dental Corps	27
Active duty Navy Dental Corps	8
On Reserve Navy Dental Corps	4

The dentists in the service of the North Carolina State Board of Health have been commissioned as Reserves in the United States Public Health Service and subject to call any time.

The Enrolling Blanks from the Procurement and Assignment Service Office, Washington, D. C., have or should reach you soon. Fill out and return the blank without delay. The North Carolina Selective Service Headquarters in Raleigh has requested all local boards to defer all dentists called in the draft until they can be handled through the Procurement and Assignment Service.

With the co-operation of every dentist in North Carolina we can put this job over.

Let us exemplify General MacArthur by giving more than is required.

H. O. LINEBERGER, *Chairman.*

GREENSBORO WELCOMES YOU

As President of the Guilford County Dental Society, I want to extend to each and every one of you a most cordial welcome to our city.

We are most happy to have you and we hope that your stay with us will be not only profitable but a most pleasant one.

In these most strenuous times of national offence, we are endeavoring to make the most of what we have; in the best way we can.

So to make it short; come all of you—Learn all you can; have a big time and if we can be of any possible assistance toward making your stay in Greensboro a more pleasant one, please don't hesitate to call on any member of our Society.

*W. R. HINTON, President
Guilford County Dental Society.*



DR. C. C. POINDEXTER
President



DR. PAUL FITZGERALD
President-Elect



DR. E. M. MEDLIN
Secretary-Treasurer



DR. WALTER L. MCRAE
Vice-President

**REPORT OF HEALTH COMMITTEE
TO
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DENTAL SOCIETY — MARCH 22ND, 1942**

Your committee wishes to report to the Executive Committee of the North Carolina Dental Society that the work of examining the mouths of the Junior and Senior boys of the State High Schools is progressing rapidly.

The members of the North Carolina Dental Society have responded enthusiastically to the call of the Governor and the educational leaders of the State to assist in the physical examination of the mouths of the Junior and Senior boys in the high schools. The co-operation has been so great that we, the dental profession, feel that we too might ask for further co-operation on the part of the educational and health authorities in one of our chief problems.

The results of the dental examination indicate that much corrective work needs to be done, but more significant than this is the fact that many of these defects could have been prevented with adequate supervision and instruction in nutrition. After considerable study and thought it is the belief of the dentists of the State that much harm is being done to the teeth of our children by the practice of selling soft drinks and candy to them while they are under the jurisdiction of school authorities. The sale of soft drinks has the effect of curtailing the consumption of much needed milk for bone and tooth development, while the sale of candy has not only taken the nickles and dimes given to children by parents for wholesome school lunches, but also has contributed materially to the decay of the children's teeth. In the light of the above facts the Dental Profession of North Carolina goes on record in the support of such measures as may be necessary to protect children from commercial interests either as school projects or as private enterprises, and we earnestly ask the co-operation of all school and health authorities in promoting the following suggestions:

1. That the sale of all soft drinks (not including pure fruit juices and milk) be prohibited in or on the premises of the public schools of North Carolina, to the end that boys and girls may be encouraged to spend their money in the purchase of milk and milk drinks of an approved standard.
2. That the sale of candy be prohibited in or on the premises of the public schools of North Carolina.

The report of the Committee was unanimously adopted and it was ordered that copies of the same be given to the Governor, to the Educational Department and to the Press that wide publicity might be given to a subject of such vital importance in dental health work.

Speaking further of defense work in which we might engage, we offer for your consideration another important matter that has been brought to our attention by those in charge of "4-H", "Hi-Y" and similar clubs of the State.

Many of these young people have never had a thorough dental examination until they came to that contest which chooses the health leaders among them.

It is a pity for one to lose out at that late hour because of some slight dental defect, a needed filling, perhaps.

As a rule these young people are just launching out "on their own," possibly on money derived from their own club projects, and we feel that if we, as a profession, could work out some co-operative plan we could easily make some arrangement by which these young people might have the necessary dental attention, at some fee within their means.

We feel that this could rightfully be classed as a real defense measure in which we all might take part.

H. R. Chamblee
C. W. Sanders
J. Martin Fleming
Committee On National Health

LIST OF NEW MEMBERS JOINING THE SOCIETY

Arthur E. Anderson	Morganton
R. N. Baker	Kings Mountain
David L. Beavers	Winston-Salem
J. B. Brown	Ahoskie
Thomas L. Dixon	Durham
L. L. Ezzell	Concord
W. E. Furr	Franklin
J. E. Hair	Canton
W. L. Hammond	Pollocksville
Robert R. Hoffman	Asheville
J. S. McGirt	Asheville
Elliot R. Motley	Charlotte
Maurice E. Newton	Henderson
E. A. Pearson	Clinton
J. C. Phillips	Asheville
Thurman J. Ross	Durham
Fred L. Self	Stapleton, N. Y.
A. M. Wooten	U. S. Marine Hospital
H. Stokes Zimmerman	Roanoke Rapids
John W. Zimmerman	Winston-Salem
	Salisbury

HISTORICAL

Guilford County—Settled by Scotch-Irish colonists in 1772. Formed from parts of Orange and Rowan counties, and named after Frederick, (Lord North) Earl of Guilford. 624 square miles. Population 133,000, 1930 census. 1940 estimate 175,000.

Greensboro—County seat, chartered 1808, located in exact geographic center of county; named for General Nathanael Greene, hero of the Battle of Guilford Courthouse. Comprises 18.06 square miles. U. S. census figures show steady growth: 1890, 3,317; 1900, 10,035; 1910, 13,895; 1920, 19,861; 1930, 53,569; 1940, 59,319. Native born, 99.8%. 19% negro.

POINTS OF HISTORIC INTEREST:

Guilford Courthouse National Military Park—on site of the Battle of Guilford Courthouse. Here General Greene so crippled Lord Cornwallis that he was forced to surrender at Yorktown. Generally regarded by historians as the "turning point of the Revolution." Maintained as a National Military Park. Historical museum and many monuments of battle heroes on grounds, including those of Generals Greene, Winston, Caldwell and the famous "giant" Peter Francisco.

Birthplace of O. Henry (William Sidney Porter) internationally famous short story writer. Bronze tablet on Masonic Temple identifies the location. O. Henry exhibits at Public Library, O. Henry Hotel and Mann's O. Henry Drug Company, 121 S. Elm St.

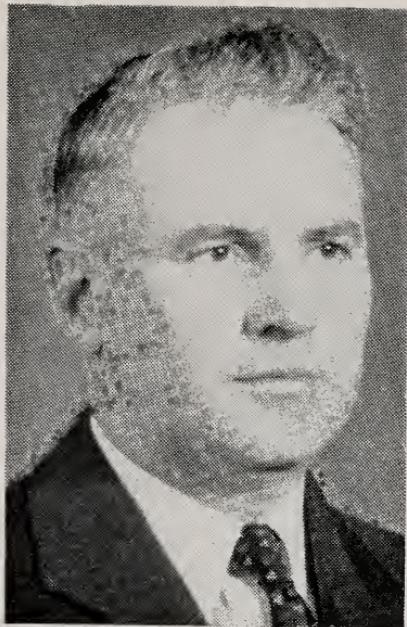
Dolly Madison's well—identified by bronze marker near Guilford College.

Birthplace of Dr. David and Rachael Caldwell, identified by bronze markers on Friendly Road.

Greensboro Historical Museum is located in the Greensboro Civic Center.

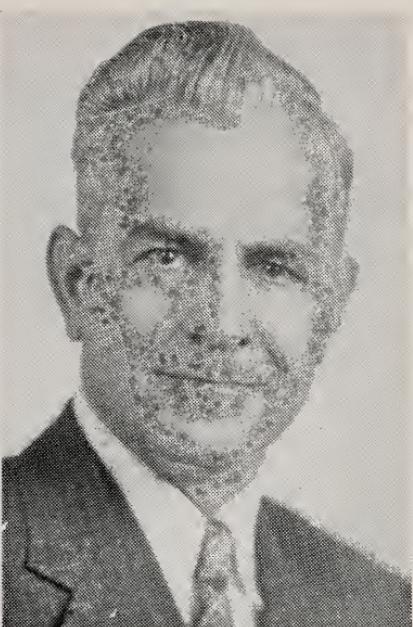


Aerial View of Greensboro



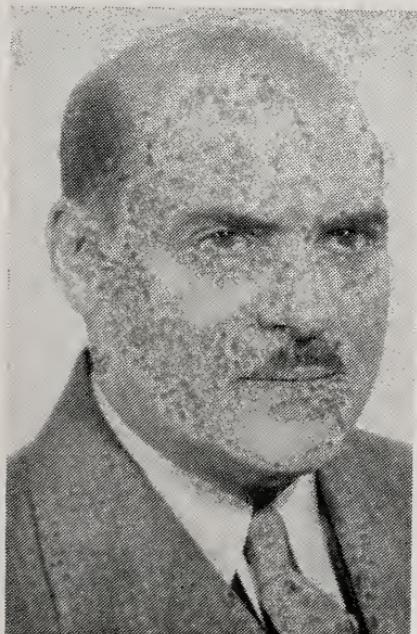
DR. T. E. SIKES

Appears on the program Monday, May 11, at 8:00 P. M. Subject: "Some of the Average Cases Presented in the Practice of Exodontia, Oral Surgery and X-ray treated from a Scientific Standpoint with the Basic Principles of Operating."



DR. A. C. CURRENT

Appears on the program Monday, May 11, at 2:00 P. M. Subject: "Acrylic Resin Inlays, Jackets and Bridges."



DR. CARL G. LINDBERG

Appears on the program Monday, May 11, at 4:00 P. M. Subject: "Stainless Alloys used in Dentistry" Progressive Clinic: Wednesday, 9:45 to 12:00 Noon.



DR. CHARLES B. HALL

Appears on the program Monday, May 11, at 11:00 A. M. Subject: "Comprehensive Study of Inlay Restoration" Progressive Clinic: Wednesday 9:45 to 12:00 Noon.

AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION
Chicago

March 13, 1942

Dear Doctor:

Word has just been received from Major Sam F. Seeley, Executive Officer of the Procurement and Assignment Service, of an action which will be of great assistance to those dentists who have been classified in Class 1A by their local Selective Service Boards.

From now on, until the order may be changed, any dentist who may be classified in Class 1A may make application for a commission, and if found capable of meeting the physical and professional requirements, will be granted a commission regardless of quota.

To make application, a letter should be directed to the Procurement and Assignment Service, 601 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., requesting application blanks. These blanks will be forwarded and from that point on the routine for clearance which has been established will be followed. To learn this routine may I refer you to the article on Procurement and Assignment Service which begins on page 466 of the March issue of the JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION.

This ruling will, of course, only apply to those men who registered in the first draft since the men in the second registration have not as yet been classified.

Please make every effort to make this information available to every man who may be affected by it.

Yours very truly,

G. D. TIMMONS, *Secretary*
Dental Preparedness Committee

SECRETARY'S MESSAGE

A very handsome membership plaque is being sent out by the A. D. A. to all those members paying 1942 dues. Early payment of these dues will insure immediate receipt of certificate.

We have more exhibits this year than for sometime. Every dentist attending the meeting should make it a point to visit every booth.

Duties of the Officers, Program and other committees have been heavier this year, due to the emergency and new problems that have arisen. The spirit of our members has been excellent and as a group, the dentists of North Carolina are giving their best in every capacity.

Considering the high type of program outlined in the following pages, we are expecting an attendance of at least five hundred of our own members. Would suggest that those of us who live away from Greensboro, invite our neighboring dentists and go in as few cars as possible to save on tires and gasoline.

E. M. MEDLIN, *Sec.-Treas.*



DR. OREN A. OLIVER

Appears on the program Monday, May 11, at
12:00 Noon. Subject: "Activities of the
American Dental Association."



DR. EDWARD L. THOMPSON

Appears on the program Monday, May 11, at
3:00 P. M. Subject: "Exodontia for the General Practitioner."



DR. IRVING R. HARDIE

Appears on the program Tuesday, May 12, at
2:30 P. M. Subject: "Full Dentures". Progressive Clinic Wednesday, 9:45 to 12:00 Noon.

**DENTAL ASSISTANTS'****PROGRAM****NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL
ASSISTANTS ASSOCIATION**

May 12, 1942

Headquarters:
King Cotton Hotel,
Greensboro, N. C.

MISS AILEEN M. FERGUSON

9:00 a.m. Registration—Lobby, King Cotton Hotel.**10:00 a.m.** Meeting Called to Order

Invocation—Rev. J. A. Vache, St. Andrew's Episcopal Church.

Welcome—

Response—Miss Jessie Hyder, President of the Asheville Dental Assistants Association.

President's Address — Miss Margaret Evans, President, N. C. Dental Assistants Association, Winston-Salem

10:30 a.m. Business Session.**1:00 p.m.** Luncheon—Wedgewood Room, King Cotton Hotel.**3:30 p.m.** Lecture—"How Your Assistant Can Co-operate with You"—Ball Room O. Henry Hotel.

By Miss Aileen M. Ferguson, General Secretary, American Dental Assistants Association, Jamaica Plain, Mass., Miss Ferguson is associated with Dr. John I. Shea, Jamaica Plain, Has served as secretary and chairman for the Metropolitan District; Secretary and Vice-President of the Mass. Dental Association. The latter office she resigned to take up her present position.

SYNOPSIS: Teamwork between the dentist and his assistant is an important factor in the successful management of a dental practice. Fundamentals of co-operation and their application in patient relationship must be agreed upon and carried out to achieve success. How the dental assistant can grow in usefulness to her employer.

4:00 p.m. Tea.

MESSAGE TO DENTAL ASSISTANTS

The North Carolina State Dental Assistants Association will hold its first annual meeting May 12th, 1942 in Greensboro, N. C., with headquarters at the King Cotton Hotel. This meeting is being held in conjunction with the Sixty-Eighth Annual Meeting of the N. C. Dental Society.

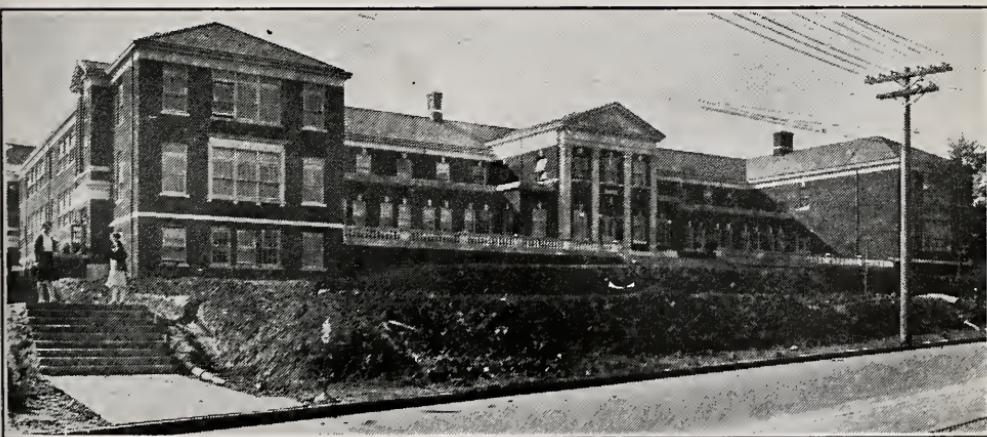
We hope to accomplish much at this session although our meeting is limited to just one day. The Constitution and By-Laws Committee will make their report and we want every dental assistant who possibly can to be there and to vote on each article as it is presented to the Society. Our future activities will be guided by the adoption of these articles.

The Program Committee has planned a very interesting and helpful program which will be of an instructive nature and we as dental assistants will profit by the information gained by attending all these sessions. The N. C. Dental Society was instrumental in securing Miss Aileen M. Ferguson, Secretary of the American Dental Assistants Association for this meeting. She will discuss the subject: "How Your Assistant Can Co-operate with You" at a joint session of both dentists and assistants.

I should like to invite and urge every dental assistant in North Carolina to be with us on the above date and help us to make our initial meeting a constructive and successful one.

The officers and members of the North Carolina Dental Society are also cordially invited to attend all our meetings and we shall welcome suggestions and helpful criticism from them at all times.

MARGARET EVANS, *President.*



Curry Training School, Woman's College, University of North Carolina
Greensboro, N. C.

A WORD TO ALL DENTAL ASSISTANTS

It has been nearly a year since our organization meeting at Pinehurst and now we are all looking forward with great enthusiasm to our first real State Meeting to be held in Greensboro at the King Cotton Hotel, on Tuesday, May 12th.

Every one is anxious that we shall have a large attendance and, inasmuch as the meeting is for just one day our "Bosses" will be more than glad to co-operate to the extent of closing the offices for that day. There will still be an extra day in which to prepare for their return from the State Dental Meeting on Thursday.

Girls, we need the support of each of you in order to make our meeting a success. There is a great deal of business to be transacted at this meeting and we want you to have a part in this. Your co-operation will be the determining factor in deciding whether our meeting will have the attendance it should have.

We have secured for our afternoon session, Miss Aileen Ferguson, Secretary of the American Dental Assistants Association, who has so graciously consented to lecture to us on the subject: "How Your Assistant Can Co-operate with You." We are very fortunate in having Miss Ferguson speak to us as she will bring us some valuable information that will be of great help in making our organization a bigger and better one.

Please make all necessary arrangements at your office and begin to make your plans to attend this meeting—remember we stand—"One For All and All For One!"

MRS. VALLIE L. HENDERSON, *Secretary.*



Memorial Stadium, Greensboro, N. C.

GENERAL INFORMATION REGISTRATION

The Registration Desks will be in the Elm Street Lobby of the O. Henry Hotel and will be open from Monday Morning at 8:00 o'clock until Wednesday Morning at 11:00 o'clock.

Register with your District Secretary and secure your badge. Those without badges will not be permitted to participate in the meetings nor will they be allowed to vote in the election of officers. Also secure your card at the time of registration for the Progressive Clinics to be held Wednesday Morning. Admission to these clinics will be by cards only.

MEETINGS

Note that we have a full program. It is necessary to run on time and in order to do so we must begin on time. The membership is asked to co-operate by being in the meeting rooms at the beginning of the lectures. All General Sessions and lectures will be held in the Ball Room. The House of Delegates will meet in the Liberty Room. All Table Clinics will be held in the Ball Room. The Progressive Clinics will be held in the Civic, Liberty and the Foyer of the Ball Room.

THE BANQUET

The Banquet will be held on Tuesday evening in the Ball Room. The banquets of the North Carolina Dental Society have always been enjoyable occasions. A number of short talks and entertainment has been provided.

BULLETIN LUNCHEON

The Bulletin Luncheon will be held in the Civic Room on Monday at 1:00 P. M. The President, the Secretary and Editor of each District Society, the Editor and Assistant Editor of the Bulletin and members of the Publication Committee are expected to attend this conference. Questions relating to improvement of our Society Bulletin will come up for discussion. Dr. Neal Sheffield, Editor of the Bulletin, will preside.

OFFICERS CONFERENCE

The Officers' Conference will be held on Tuesday morning at 8:00 o'clock in the Liberty Room. All officers of the State and District Societies will meet at this breakfast and plan our work for the following year. Dr. Paul Fitzgerald will preside.

PAST PRESIDENTS BREAKFAST

The Past Presidents' Breakfast will be held Tuesday morning at 8:00 o'clock in Private Dining Room, No. 215. Dr. Claude M. Parks, Immediate Past President, presiding.

NEW MEMBERS BREAKFAST

The New Members' Breakfast will be held on Tuesday morning at 8:00 o'clock in the Civic Room. Dr. W. L. McRae, Vice-President, presiding.

DANCE

The dance arranged for your pleasure in the Ball Room, Tuesday night at 10:00 o'clock will be the outstanding social event of our meeting. Be sure to attend this.

GOLF

The golf tournament will be limited to one day, Sunday, May 11th. A golf dinner is being planned for Monday evening at which time the golf prizes will be awarded to the successful contestants.

LADIES PROGRAM — ENTERTAINMENT

The Ladies' Entertainment Committee extends to the visiting ladies of the Dental Association a hearty welcome. A program of entertainment has been arranged which, we hope, will add to your enjoyment and pleasure during your stay in Greensboro.

Will the visiting ladies request their husbands to register them when they register for the meeting. Monday evening at 8:00 P. M. there will be an informal bridge party. On Tuesday there will be a luncheon and a garden tour in the afternoon. The annual banquet will be held Tuesday evening at 6:00; following this at 10:00 P. M. there will be a dance.

HOTELS AND RATES

While Greensboro has ample hotel facilities to care for the dentists it is important that you make your reservations early. Please note that the Sedgefield Inn will not be available for guests as it has been taken over for the use of the United States Army.

O. Henry Hotel

Single room	\$2.75-\$5.00
Double rooms	\$4.00-\$7.00

King Cotton Hotel

Single room	\$2.75 and up
Double rooms	\$4.00 and up

Greensboro Hotel

Single room	\$1.50-\$2.00
Double rooms	\$2.50-\$3.50

HOUSE OF DELEGATES**OFFICERS OF THE SOCIETY**

C. C. POINDEXTER, <i>President</i>	Greensboro
PAUL FITZTERALD, <i>President-Elect</i>	Greenville
W. L. MCRAE, <i>Vice-President</i>	Red Springs
E. M. MEDLIN, <i>Secretary-Treasurer</i>	Aberdeen

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

A. S. BUMGARDNER (1942) <i>Chairman</i>	Charlotte
H. A. EDWARDS (1943)	Pink Hill
W. F. CLAYTON (1944)	High Point

ETHICS COMMITTEE

W. L. MCRAE	Red Springs
R. F. HUNT	Rocky Mount
J. H. GUION	Charlotte
H. M. PATTERSON	Burlington
S. E. MOSER	Gastonia
HARRY KEEL	Winston-Salem
HOWARD BRANCH	Raleigh

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JOHN L. ASHBY	Mount Airy

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R. D. COFFEY
W. H. BREELAND
M. R. BARRINGER
W. E. CLARK

Second District

CARL L. BARKLEY
FRANK W. KIRK
R. W. CREWS
L. O. HERRING
C. D. WHEELER

Third District

A. W. CRAVER
JACK HUGHES
R. L. UNDERWOOD
J. S. SPURGEON
W. A. PRESSLEY, JR.

Fourth District

K. L. JOHNSON
C. H. BRYAN
H. ROYSTER CHAMBLEE
J. MARTIN FLEMING
W. HOWARD BRANCH

Fifth District

B. McK. JOHNSON
HERBERT SPEAR
Z. L. EDWARDS
G. L. OVERMAN
CLYDE MINGES

COMMITTEES 1941-1942

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 H. A. Edwards, '43 W. F. Clayton, '44

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 Clyde Minges Frank O. Alford
 D. L. Pridgen H. A. Edwards
 L. G. Coble S. P. Gay

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J. N. Johnson, '42 C. C. Poindexter, '44
 W. K. Chapman, '43 H. O. Lineberger, '45
 Paul Jones, '46

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 H. K. Foster Ralph Jarrett
 J. F. Reece H. A. Edwards
 Clyde Current L. G. Page

ETHICS COMMITTEE

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 R. F. Hunt S. E. Moser
 J. H. Guion Harry Keel
 H. M. Patterson Howard Branch

SOCIO-ECONOMICS COMMITTEE

R. M. Olive, *Chairman*
 Guy Masten B. A. Dickson
 Dan Mizelle Dan Carr
 Sandy Marks C. D. Wheeler

NECROLOGY COMMITTEE

W. R. McKaughan, *Chairman*
 M. H. Truluck R. H. Holden
 Joe V. Davis, Jr. Thomas M. Hunter
 C. A. Thomas Edward Eatman

EXTENSION COURSE COMMITTEE

Henry Carr, *Chairman*
 J. M. Holland Junius C. Smith
 C. B. Yount E. L. Smith
 H. E. Butler F. W. Davis

INSURANCE COMMITTEE

F. L. Hunt, '44, *Chairman*
 Neal Sheffield, '44 H. C. Dixon, '43
 R. E. Spoon, '44 A. P. Hartman, '42
 G. L. Hooper, '43 J. F. Duke, '42

CLINIC BOARD OF CENSORS COMMITTEE

W. F. Clayton, *Chairman*

W. E. Clark	C. W. Sanders
R. E. Spoon	Coyte Minges
J. S. Frost	I. R. Self

SUPERINTENDENT OF CLINICS COMMITTEE

J. T. Lasley, *Chairman*

W. R. Hinton	W. H. Parker
L. F. Bumgardner	R. W. Brannock
J. F. Campbell	Walter Neal

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE

A. W. Craver, *Chairman*

Burke W. Fox	G. L. Overman
K. L. Johnson	James H. Smith
L. R. Thompson	W. R. Aiken

PUBLIC RELATIONS COMMITTEE

Walter T. McFall, '44, *Chairman*

A. C. Current, '43	Olin W. Owens, '42
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EDUCATION OF NEGRO DENTISTS COMMITTEE

S. L. Bobbitt, '44, *Chairman*

John Pharr, '44	H. E. Nixon, '43
Wm. M. Matheson, '44	J. T. Lasley, '42
D. K. Lockhart, '43	S. D. Poole, '42

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J. M. Fleming, *Chairman*

Royster Chamblee	J. S. Betts
W. T. Martin	W. T. Smith
J. S. Spurgeon	C. T. Lipscomb

PUBLICATION COMMITTEE

J. P. Bingham, *Chairman*

T. W. Atwood	N. M. Medford
D. W. Holcomb	R. B. Harrell
G. S. Alexander	Wallace Gibbs

ORAL HYGIENE COMMITTEE

E. A. Branch, *Chairman*

A. W. Bottoms	Robert Masten
F. G. Johnson	Rosebud Morse Garriott
A. C. Early	Ralph Herman

STATE INSTITUTIONS COMMITTEE

Ralph C. Coffey, *Chairman*

J. A. Marshburn	T. L. Young
G. L. Overman	J. K. Hunt
L. J. Moore	Dewey Boseman

PROFESSIONAL RELATIONS COMMITTEE

H. O. Lineberger, '44, *Chairman*
 John A. McClung, '43 Z. L. Edwards, '42

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES COMMITTEE

S. H. Steelman, *Chairman*
 A. D. Barber L. R. Turner
 W. H. Breeland L. C. Holshouser
 C. H. Bryan C. A. Blackburn

DENTAL HYGIENIST COMMITTEE

C. M. Parks, *Chairman*
 Frank O. Alford D. L. Pridgen
 Clyde Minges D. H. Erwin

MILITARY AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

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 H. C. Carr Paul Jones A. S. Bumgardner
 George Patterson W. K. Chapman Frank W. Kirk
 C. M. Parks R. D. Coffey R. A. Wilkins
 John L. Ashby E. M. Medlin R. L. Underwood
 Sandy Marks Neal Sheffield J. W. Whitehead
 C. C. Poindexter H. V. Murray D. L. Pridgen
 Paul Fitzgerald Wilbert Jackson Herbert Spear
 H. L. Allen

PROCUREMENT AND ASSIGNMENT COMMITTEE

H. O. Lineberger, *Chairman*
 R. D. Coffey Neal Sheffield
 C. M. Parks Paul Jones

ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO THE NORTH CAROLINA
DENTAL ASSISTANTS ASSOCIATION

Wilbert Jackson, *Chairman*
 John Ashby F. L. Hunt

NATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAM COMMITTEE

J. Martin Fleming, '44, *Chairman*
 Royster Chamblee, '43 C. W. Sanders, '42

AMERICAN DENTAL ASSOCIATION RELIEF COMMITTEE

J. C. Watkins, *Chairman*
 O. R. Hodgin David Abernathy, Jr.
 S. J. Ward Herbert Long
 William M. Davenport W. W. Rankin

MEMBERSHIP COMMITTEE

Paul Fitzgerald, *Chairman*

J. D. Kiser	Herbert Spear
Frank W. Kirk	R. L. Underwood
Howard L. Allen	Ralph C. Coffey

RED CROSS RELIEF COMMITTEE

Paul Fitzgerald, *Chairman*

J. P. Reece	R. L. Underwood
Herbert Spear	Howard L. Allen
Ralph C. Coffey	Frank W. Kirk

EXHIBIT COMMITTEE

E. M. Medlin, *Chairman*

Neal Sheffield	Gates McLaughlin
C. A. Barkley	A. R. Kistler
E. R. Shoaf	John E. Pleasants

ENTERTAINMENT OUT-OF-STATE VISITORS

Clyde Minges, *Chairman*

S. W. Shaffer	O. C. Barker
Wilbert Jackson	G. A. Lazenby
Darden J. Eure	J. H. Hughes

HOUSING COMMITTEE

W. A. Pressly, Jr., *Chairman*

S. W. Shaffer	J. N. Caudle
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ARRANGEMENTS COMMITTEE

T. Edgar Sikes, *Honorary Chairman*

L. H. Butler, *Chairman*

J. Cecil Crank	A. W. Craver
W. R. Hinton	J. S. Betts
C. H. Teague	C. N. Stone

ENTERTAINMENT COMMITTEE

A. R. Stanford, *Chairman*

D. H. Erwin	C. T. Lipscomb
L. G. Coble	E. A. Troxler
W. A. Pressly, Jr.	Fred S. Caddell

GOLF COMMITTEE

P. B. Whittington, *Chairman*

R. L. Underwood	J. S. Spurgeon
J. H. Nicholson	F. C. Mendenhall
C. D. Kistler	F. E. Gilliam

THE PROGRAM AT A GLANCE**MONDAY, MAY 11, 1942**

MORNING	AFTERNOON	EVENING
8:00 Registration	1:00 Bulletin Luncheon	8:00 Dr. T. E. Sikes
9:00 Opening Session	2:00 Dr. A. C. Current	9:00 Dr. C. E. Minges
11:00 Dr. C. B. Hall	3:00 Dr. E. L. Thompson	Dr. J. Martin Fleming
12:00 Dr. Oran A. Oliver Dr. H. O. Lineberger	4:00 Dr. C. J. Lindberg	
	5:00 House of Delegates	

TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1942

MORNING	AFTERNOON	EVENING
8:00 Breakfast Past Presidents New Members District Officers	1:00 Round Table Luncheons 2:30 Dr. Irving R. Hardie	6:00 Banquet
9:00 General Table Clinics	3:30 Miss Aileen Ferguson 4:30 House of Delegates	8:00 General Session Clyde Minges J. Martin Fleming Election of Officers

WEDNESDAY, MAY 13, 1942

MORNING		
9:00 Motion Pictures 9:45 Progressive Clinics Dr. Irving R. Hardy Dr. Carl Lindberg Dr. Charles B. Hall 12:00 House of Delegates General Session Installation of Officers Adjournment		

PROGRAM

NORTH CAROLINA DENTAL SOCIETY

O. HENRY HOTEL
GREENSBORO, N. C.

May 11-12-13, 1942

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 11th

8:00 a.m. Registration Elm Street Lobby.

9:30 a.m. Opening Session—Ball Room

Invocation

Dr. J. B. Craven, Pastor West Market Methodist Church,
Greensboro, N. C.

Address of Welcome

Major L. P. McLendon

Response to Address of Welcome

Wilbert Jackson, D.D.S., Clinton, N. C.

President's Address

C. C. Poindexter, D.D.S., Greensboro, N. C.

Report of Necrology Committee

W. R. McKaughan, D.D.S., High Point, N. C.

Introduction of Visitors

D. L. Pridgen, D.D.S., Fayetteville, N. C.

11:00 a.m. Lecture—"Comprehensive Study of Inlay Restoration."

By Charles Baynes Hall, D.D.S., Washington, D. C. Graduate of Atlanta Southern Dental College 1931, Graduate Intern of Forsythe Dental Infirmary, Boston, Mass. Past Clinical Instructor in George Washington University Hospital, Washington, D. C. Past President of Capitol Clinic Club; Past President A.S.D.C. Alumni Association; Member American Dental Asso., and District of Columbia Dental Society; Member of Staff of Doctors Hospital, Washington, D. C.

SYNOPSIS: Dr. Hall will have a few slides in addition to his paper and cover Preliminaries to Cavity Preparation, and Medication in Cavity Preparation. Indirect Impressions and Articulations. Models—Why? Waxing. Direct and Indirect. Investments. Setting and Finishing.

12:00 a.m. "Activities of the American Dental Association."

By Oren A. Oliver, D.D.S., President American Dental Association, Nashville, Tenn.

Report of the Military Affairs Committee:

H. O. Lineberger, D.D.S., Raleigh, N. C.

1:00 p.m. Lunch

MONDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 11th**1:00 p.m.** Bulletin Luncheon

This luncheon is for a meeting of those connected with the publication of the Bulletin. The President, the Secretary and the Editor of each District Society, the Editor and Associate Editor of the Bulletin, and the three members of the Publication Committee are urged to be present. Neal Sheffield, D.D.S., Greensboro, N. C., Editor, presiding.

2:00 p.m. Lecture and Picture: "Acrylic Resin Inlays, Jackets and Bridges in Technicolor."

A. C. Current, D.D.S., Gastonia, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: The picture will show completed cases after months of use; a case necessitating inlays, jacket crown and an anterior bridge before work is started, step by step technique and finally the completed case.

3:00 p.m. Lecture: "Exodontia for the General Practitioner."

By Edward L. Thompson, D.D.S., Daytona Beach, Florida. Graduate of Atlanta Southern Dental College 1919. B.S. and M.S. degrees at Georgetown University in 1931-32. Honorary F.A.C.D. degree in 1938. Served as clinical instructor in Oral Surgery at Georgetown University 1931-32. Lieutenant Commander in the Naval Reserve and President of the Alumni Association of the Atlanta Southern Dental College. Editor of the Florida State Dental Journal and Membership Chairman in the Fifth District of the A.D.A.

SYNOPSIS: Aid to the General Practitioner in overcoming problems in Minor Oral Surgery and Exodontia, which he is called upon to perform in his daily practice.

4:00 p.m. Lecture: "Stainless Alloys used in Dentistry."

By Carl G. Lindberg, D.D.S., New York City. Graduate of Medical College of Virginia 1916, D.D.S. New York University 1926, Assistant Professor of Prosthetic Dentistry N.Y.U. 1926-30; Chapter in "Prosthetic Dentistry" by Nichols "Stainless Alloys in Prosthetic Dentistry". Member of the First District Dental Society; New York State and American Dental Association.

5:00 p.m. House of Delegates—Civic Room.**6:30 p.m.** Dinner, Golf and Fraternity Dinners.

- 8:00 p.m.** "Some of the Average Cases Presented in the Practice of Exodontia, Oral Surgery and X-ray treated from a Scientific Standpoint with the Basic Principles for Operating."

T. Edgar Sikes, D.D.S., Greensboro, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: Paper touches on Radiography, Diagnosis, Bone Excision, Soft Tissues Incision, Instrumentation, Pre-Operative and Post-Operative, Dry Socket or Alveolalgia, Orthodontia, Abnarmen Frena and Stones in the Salivary Glands and Ducts.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 12th

- 8:00 a.m.** Past Presidents' Breakfast—Room 215, Second Floor.

All Ex-Presidents of the North Carolina Dental Society are urged to be present. Toastmaster—Claude M. Parks, D.D.S., Immediate Past President, Winston-Salem, N. C.

- 8:00 a.m.** New Members' Breakfast—Room 219, Second Floor.

This is a feature instituted for the mutual exchange of ideas among those who have just entered the profession.

Presiding—Walter L. McRae, D.D.S., Vice-President, Red Springs, N. C.

- 8:00 a.m.** District Officers' Breakfast—Civic Room.

At this breakfast the District Officers will discuss problems which may be of mutual benefit to all districts, as well as the North Carolina Society. All officers are requested to be present and formulate plans for next year's work.

Presiding—Paul Fitzgerald, D.D.S., President-Elect, Greenville, N. C.

- 9:00 a.m.** General Table Clinics—Ball Room.

"Demonstration for the Removal of Mottled Enamel."

S. J. Ward, D.D.S., Greenville, N. C.

* * *

"Stabilizing Trial Plates and Miniature Spatula for Lining Cavities."

C. R. Riddick, D.D.S., Ayden, N. C.

* * *

"Some of the Principles of Amalgam Restorations."

Rufus S. Jones, D.D.S., Warrenton, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: The clinic will deal almost entirely with the manipulation of the materials.

"Modified Immediate Denture Technique for Selected Cases."

R. W. Brannock, D.D.S., Burlington, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: The clinic will be in the form of a colored moving picture.

* * *

"Full Denture Bites."

E. D. Moore, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

* * *

"Shading of Acrylic Jackets and Bridge Work."

Bernard N. Walker, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

* * *

"Extractions and Impactions Pre-Operative and Post-Operative Treatment."

N. P. Maddox, D.D.S., Asheville, N. C.

* * *

"Why I like the New Acrylic Denture Materials."

M. A. Waddell, D.D.S., Fair Bluff, N. C.

* * *

"X-Ray Slides."

Nat R. Hunt, D.D.S., Wadesboro, N. C.

* * *

"Full Impressions for Artificial Dentures."

J. R. Edwards, D.D.S., Fuquay Springs, N. C.

S. B. Toler, D.D.S., Raleigh, N.C.

* * *

"Full Dentures and Rebase Impressions with Adaptol."

R. R. Shoaf, D.D.S., Lexington, N. C.

* * *

"Diet as an Aid to Dental Health."

Ralph Schmucker, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

* * *

"A Non-Surgical Method of Treating Periodontoclasia with the aid of Wonderpak."

S. P. Gay, D.D.S., Waynesville, N. C.

* * *

"Movie of the Preliminary Examination and Preparation of Patient for Consecutive Extractions of the Teeth."

L. M. Massey, D.D.S., Zebulon, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: In general practice, the average dentist, in full mouth extractions for a patient, extracts from two to five teeth per week. A check-up upon the general condition of the patient before beginning the extractions and at weekly intervals will determine how many teeth to extract by the sitting, the type of anesthesia and post-operative measures to prepare for.

* * *

"Acrylic Resin Splint"

Carey Teague Wells, D.D.S., Canton, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: This type of splint may be used to stabilize fractured segments of the jaw enabling the patient to continue chewing while healing takes place.

* * *

"Simplified Method to Remove Stains From Mottled Enamel"

Wade H. Breeland, D.D.S., Belmont, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: The moving picture will show a method which reduces the number of treatments to a minimum. On cases that usually required eight to twelve treatments, we will show how to get rid of it in two to four treatments.

* * *

"Carving of Acrylic Crowns and Bridges"

W. B. Sherrod, D.D.S., Winston-Salem, N. C.

"Nutritional Experiment with Vitamin B."

A. C. Early, D.D.S., Aulander, N. C.

* * *

"Full Denture Impressions and Bite."

G. L. Hooper, D.D.S., Dunn, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: Impressions taken with individual trays and bite used to restore facial appearance as well as correct bite.

* * *

"Vitamins and Minerals in Periodontia."

Wallace Gibbs, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

* * *

"Incisions and Suturing in Oral Surgery."

Vaiden Kendrick, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

* * *

"Treatment Tic Douloureux."

S. H. Steelman, D.D.S., Lincolnton, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: Covering any change of subject and brief synopsis.

* * *

"Apioectomy."

Norman Ross, D.D.S., Durham, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: The removal of the disease root end and the involved periapical tissues.

* * * *

"Method for Establishing Centric Occlusion for single upper or lower, and full denture with opposing partial."

G. L. Overman, D.D.S., Goldsboro, N. C.

* * * *

"Surgery in Selected Denture Patients."

K. L. Johnson, D.D.S., Raleigh, N. C.

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"Photography in Dentistry."

Olin W. Owen, D.D.S., Charlotte, N. C.

* * * *

"Some Points on Partial Plates and Bridge Construction Using Acrylic and Porcelain Teeth."

H. A. Edwards, D.D.S., Fayetteville, N. C.

* * * *

"Management of Fractures of Jaws."

Representative, Dental Department of Oral Surgery, Fort Bragg, N. C.

* * * *

"Acrylic Resin Inlays, Jacket Crowns and Bridges."

A. C. Current, D.D.S., Gastonia, N.C.

SYNOPSIS: Showing models of completed cases, discussion of color matching, retention, metallic re-inforcing, method of investing wax pattern, and procedure in applying different colors for two tone restorations.

* * * *

"Improved Simplified Technic in Prosthodontia."

E. G. Click, D.D.S., Elkin, N. C.

L. G. Coble, D.D.S., Greensboro, N. C.

SYNOPSIS: Impressions—Especially emphasizing use of two part tray for lower impressions. Inner tray left attached to compound for finished carved tray. Importance of extension of tray to correct marginal areas stressed.

Upper teeth are set up before vertical dimension is determined and centric position is registered. Over-jet is not set arbitrarily. Functional occlusion is determined after dentures are finished.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 12th

1:00 p.m. Lunch. "Round Table Luncheons."

1. "Vitamin Deficiencies and their Relationship to Dental Involvement." (Victory Room).

Leading the Discussion—James A. Sinclair, D.D.S., Asheville, North Carolina.

* * *

2. "X-ray Interpretation" (Victory Room).

Leading the Discussion—R. F. Hunt, D.D.S., Rocky Mount, North Carolina.

* * *

3. "Stationary Bridge Construction" (Victory Room).

Leading the Discussion—John A. McClung, D.D.S., Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

* * *

4. "Pedodontics and Orthodontics" (Civic Room).

Leading the Discussion—Walter T. McFall, D.D.S., Asheville, North Carolina.

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5. "Porcelain vs. Acrylics" (Civic Room).

Leading the Discussion—Sandy C. Marks, D.D.S., Wilmington, North Carolina.

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6. "Exodontia" (Civic Room).

Leading the Discussion—K. L. Johnson, D.D.S., Raleigh, North Carolina.

* * *

7. "Gold Inlays" (Room 215).

Leading the Discussion—J. R. Edwards, D.D.S., Fuquay Springs, North Carolina.

* * *

8. "Pyorrhea" (Room 219).

Leading the Discussion—Dan B. Mizell, D.D.S., Charlotte, North Carolina.

* * *

9. "Prosthetic Dentistry" (Room 216).

Leading the Discussion—C. B. Yount, D.D.S., Hickory, North Carolina.

* * *

10. "Fractures" (Room 220).

Leading the Discussion—P. B. Whittington, Jr., D.D.S., Greensboro, North Carolina.

2:30 p.m. Lecture—"Full Dentures." "Why must they look that way and must they clatter."

By Irving R. Hardy, D.M.D., New York City. Graduate of Tufts Dental College 1917. Member—New York Academy of Dentistry, New York State Dental Society, American Dental Association, Academy of Denture Prosthetics; Fellow of International College of Dentists. Lecturer on Esthetics, Columbia School of Dental and Oral Surgery and Tufts Dental College. Has given Post Graduate Instruction on Full Dentures, Partial Dentures and Immediate Upper Dentures. Has appeared before various state, local and national societies on the above subjects.

3:30 p.m. Lecture—"How Your Assistant Can Co-operate With You." ("Ball Room, O. Henry Hotel").

By Miss Aileen M. Ferguson, General Secretary, American Dental Assistants Association, Jamaica Plain, Mass. Miss Ferguson is associated with Dr. John I. Shea, Jamaica Plain, Has served as secretary and chairman for the Metropolitan District; Secretary and Vice-President of the Mass. Dental Association. The latter office she resigned to take up her present position.

SYNOPSIS: Teamwork between the dentist and his assistant is an important factor in the successful management of a dental practice. Fundamentals of co-operation and their application in patient relationship must be agreed upon and carried out to achieve success. How the dental assistant can grow in usefulness to her employer.

4:30 p.m. House of Delegates, Civic Room.

6:00 p.m. Banquet

8:00 p.m. General Session.

Reports

Report Trustee American Dental Association:
Clyde E. Minges, D.D.S., Rocky Mount, N. C.

Report of National Health Committee:
J. Martin Fleming, D.D.S., Raleigh, N. C.

Election of Officers

Election 2 Members State Board of Dental Examiners.

Election Delegates and Alternates to the A.D.A. Meeting.

Selection of next meeting place.

10:00 p.m. Dance.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 13th

9:00 a.m. Motion Pictures.

E. A. Branch, D.D.S., North Carolina Department of Health.
"Food and Growth."
"Your Child's Teeth."

9:45 a.m. Progressive Clinics, Visiting Clinicians (Admission by card only).

Clinic: "Demonstrating the Use of Acrylic Posterior Teeth."

By Irving R. Hardy, D.M.D., New York City.

Clinic: "Partial Denture Design" with question and answer period.

By Carl G. Lindberg, D.D.S., New York City.

Clinic: "Gold Inlay Restorations."

By Charles Baynes Hall, D.D.S., Washington, D. C.

9:45 a.m. Section I—Dr. Irving R. Hardy.

Section II—Dr. Carl G. Lindberg.

Section III—Dr. Charles Baynes Hall.

10:30 a.m. Section III—Dr. Irving R. Hardy.

Section I—Dr. Carl G. Lindberg.

Section II—Dr. Charles Baynes Hall.

11:15 a.m. Section II—Dr. Irving R. Hardy.

Section III—Dr. Carl G. Lindberg.

Section I—Dr. Charles Baynes Hall.

12:00 a.m. Meeting House of Delegates.

Business Session.

General Session.

Installation of Officers.

Adjournment.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION
RALEIGH

January 21, 1942

Executive Committee
North Carolina Dental Society
Raleigh, North Carolina

Dear Sirs:

In line with the physical fitness program now being stressed by the Federal Government, great emphasis is being placed on physical examinations of secondary school boys by competent medical men.

The Governor of North Carolina, the State Department of Health and the State Department of Public Instruction have requested that all boys of the two upper grades of all high schools be examined and attempts made to have remedial defects corrected whenever possible.

It is, therefore, requested that the North Carolina Dental Society approve the movement and go on record as sponsoring it and cooperating in every way possible.

Please send your reply as soon as possible to Dr. Carl V. Reynolds, State Health Officer.

Respectfully,

J. MELVILLE BROUGHTON
Governor of North Carolina
C. F. STROSNIDER, *Past President*
North Carolina Dental Society
CARL V. REYNOLDS, *Health Officer*
State Board of Health
CLYDE A. ERWIN, *State Supt.*
Public Instruction

LOCATIONS FOR DENTISTS

A need for additional dentists exists in many of the vital defense areas. These shortages have arisen because of the great increases in civilian population which have occurred during the year. At present, needs exist in a number of States in communities varying in size from small villages to large cities. A continuing increase in population will result in overtaxing the dental personnel in many other localities where at present the dentists are very near the limit of their capacities.

In many of these defense areas there are Defense Housing Projects in which office space or living accommodations, or both, may be secured. The United States Public Health Service in cooperation with the Division of Defense interested in acquainting dentists with the needs of these communities. If you are interested in securing more specific information about localities for the establishment of practice, please communicate with me.

THOMAS PARRAN, *Surgeon General.*

LIST OF EXHIBITORS FOR 1942

Woodward Prosthetic Company

Thompson Dental Company

L. D. Caulk & Company

J. F. Jelenko & Company, Inc.

The Antidolor Mfg. Company, Inc.

Cook Laboratories, Inc.

Powers & Anderson Dental Company

Carolina Dental Supply Company

Universal Dental Company

Harris Dental Company

Dentists' Supply Company of New York

R. D. Webb Dental Mfg. Company

Bristol-Myers Company

Ideal Tooth, Inc.

Raleigh Dental Laboratory

C. B. Fleet Company, Inc.

R. & R. Dental Laboratory

Rothstein Dental Laboratory

Proco-Sol Chemical Co., Inc.

Keener Supply Company

Baker & Company, Inc.

DISTRICT SOCIETIES



FIRST DISTRICT

President.....	W. M. MATHESON, Boone
President-Elect.....	DAVID ABERNATHY, Hickory
Vice-President.....	W. H. BREELAND, Belmont
Secretary-Treasurer.....	RALPH D. COFFEY, Morganton
Editor.....	W. D. YELTON, Hickory

FIRST DISTRICT NEWS

Another three months have passed, busy months for us all. A great many things have happened since the first of the year, events that mean a great deal to all of us whether we realize it or not. We find ourselves plunged into the greatest conflagration of all times, a situation which is requiring and will require for some time to come, the individual and the cooperated effort of us all. Dentistry is being called upon to do the greatest job it has ever undertaken; that of providing proper dental care for our military as well as our civilian population. Yes, you have heard this same thing many times before. We are trying to get around to the fact that we as a profession must render our organization even more complete than it now is. We owe it to our government to do everything within our power to bring this mad march of events to a close as soon as possible. And that we can do through proper organization. It is therefore essential that every dentist in the state attend our annual meeting in Greensboro in May. The time lost from the chair and the expense incurred may seem large but you can take it from hundreds of men who have attended these meetings year after year that the man who stays at home is the man that loses in the long run.

TRI-COUNTY NEWS

Yes, the Tri-County Society is still going strong, even though Uncle Sam is making inroads into our enrollment and is likely to call more of us at any time. We have changed our meeting time from the second Monday night in each month to the third Monday night, bear that in mind if you are thinking of visiting us. Our meetings for the year thus far have all had the same general theme. Yes, you guessed it, the war. We have gotten in a little bit of dentistry at times however. In January we had "Hobby Night" in Newton. Due to inclement weather, the attendance at this meeting was low. Dr. Ralph Coffey brought us some very interesting information about the "Dentist and Military Service." in February, the meeting was at Hotel Hickory. For our March meeting, the Society met with Dr. A. D. Abernethy in Granite Falls. Dr. Steelman gave a very interesting and informative report of the Five State Post Graduate Clinic which he attended in Washington recently. Dr. David Abernethy showed some slides and illustrated the proper demonstration of X-Rays to the patient. Even without these educational programs the fellowship that we enjoy is worth more than the time and expense attached to these meetings.

HERE AND THERE IN THE FIRST DISTRICT

Drs. Frank Davis, Jack Sinclair, Cecil Pless, Walter McFall, and Mr. Buran of Asheville, Alton Bottoms of Canton, and A. C. Current of Gastonia, were all in Chicago for the Annual Midwinter Meeting.

Dr. Moultrie Truluck was a clinician at the recent Five State Post Graduate Meeting in Washington. Also in attendance at the meeting were Drs. S. H. Steelman of Lincolnton and Nat P. Maddux of Asheville.

Dr. Ralph Coffey is going back to his childhood in his manifold duties and responsibilities, yep, Ralph just had "them mumps".

Drs. Jack Turbyfill and Walter McFall attended the meetings of The American Association of Orthodontists and the Southern Society of Orthodontists in New Orleans.

All dentists of the First District Dental Society were invited to hear Major Roy C. Tatum who addressed the Buncombe County Medical Society on "The Place of the Physician and the Dentist in the National Crisis." Dentists from all sections of our district were on hand and much helpful information was received.

The Asheville Dental Study Club meets regularly every third Tuesday evening at the S. and W. Cafeteria. Interesting and beneficial programs are given. New Officers for the year are as follows: Dr. Frank Davis, President; Dr. Fred Hunt, Vice-President; Dr. Walter T. McFall, Sec.-Treas.

Dr. J. C. Phillips has opened his office for the general practice of dentistry in Biltmore, N. C.

Lectures have been given on Mouth Health, Home Care, Adequate Diet, to the boys of the National Youth Administration located at Asheville.

We welcome into our midst, a new junior member, William Ramsey Abernethy, son of Dr. and Mrs. Shuford Abernethy. Congratulations, Shuf, we'll be looking for those cigars.

Dr. Arthur E. Anderson was married to Miss Elizabeth Tidwell of Atlanta on March 28.

Dr. Robert Hoffman and Dr. Arthur Anderson have received commissions in the U. S. Naval Dental Corps.

Dr. Grover M. Davis of Hazelwood, N. C., is expecting to report for active duty in the dental corps any day now.

Dr. T. K. Darrough, who has been in active service with the U. S. Marines at Parris Island, S. C., has just returned to open his private practice again in Asheville.

The dentists of the First District are cooperating wholeheartedly in the examination of High School students at the request of the Committee on National Defense of the North Carolina State Dental Society.

We regret to learn that Dr. Ralph D. Coffey has been ill in a local hospital with pneumonia. Last reports were that he had returned home and will go with Mrs. Coffey to Atlanta for a rest. Due to illness Dr. Coffey was unable to write his message as Secretary of the First District.

DR. IRA K. GRIMES*

It's a hard thing to do—this writing of the passing of a friend—cold and meaningless are the words, so much unlike the warmth and friendliness that was so much a part of "Ikey" Grimes. For that was his feeling towards all men, and the dentists of Asheville will miss him much—miss that friendly greeting and his ever present smile.

He wouldn't have wanted me or any other to write a eulogy of him—the usual platitudes or the like, but rather he would have me say: Our friend has gone away for a little while, Restful be his sleep.

RALPH LITTLE.

DR. CARLTON BURNS MOTT 1881-1942



Dr. Carlton Burns Mott was a graduate of the University of Maryland. After doing general practice in Statesville, and Atlanta, he specialized in Orthodontia, later came to Asheville and Morganton where he enjoyed a most successful practice. He married Miss Gertrude Davis of Morganton, four children survive.

As the records show, he was awarded the highest honors possible by his fellow practitioners, being President of the Southern Society of Orthodontists for two years. He was a member of the Board of Censors of the American Society of Orthodontia.

For twenty-five years of social and professional contact with Carl, our friendship was beyond the usual.

Carl's professional attainments, his devotion to his friends, love for children, pleasing personality and courteous manners made him outstanding. His love for the great outdoors enabled him to have friends by the score; with rich and poor he was held in equal esteem.

I have been with him on the trout streams at dawn, in the fields at noon, on the mountain tops at sunset. Carl, loving things as he did, often expressed his thankful appreciation to the Giver of all. He placed service before self, was generous to a fault. A champion of Right, a believer in God.

Life has been enriched for all with whom he has served and associated. Having lived thus, cheerfully and fearlessly, his last words were, "I am tired, I think I will sleep, goodnight all." And with a smile he passed on.

A. D. ABERNETHY, SR.

*A photograph of Dr. Grimes was not available.

SECOND DISTRICT

President.....	CARL A. BARKLEY, Winston-Salem
President-Elect.....	J. C. WATKINS, Winston-Salem
Vice-President.....	CAROLYN TAYLOR, North Wilkesboro
Secretary-Treasurer.....	FRANK W. KIRK, Salisbury
Editor.....	W. A. INGRAM, Monroe

SECRETARY'S MESSAGE

To the members of the Second District please take notice now, and make your plans to meet us at the O. Henry Hotel in Greensboro, as I understand a fine program has been arranged.

Also, thanks to each and every member, who has cooperated with me on various requests, and especially for sending in your A.D.A. questionnaire.

I am certainly glad that many of our members have paid their dues. For this I am deeply grateful. To those who have not paid their dues, I would appreciate them sending theirs in as soon as is possible.

FRANK W. KIRK, *Secretary-Treasurer*

THIRD DISTRICT

President.....	A. W. CRAVER, Greensboro
President-Elect.....	J. H. HUGHES, Roxboro
Vice-President.....	T. W. ATWOOD, Durham
Secretary-Treasurer.....	R. L. UNDERWOOD, Greensboro
Editor.....	NORMAN F. ROSS, Durham

THIRD DISTRICT HOST TO STATE MEETING

Spring is here again and it will soon be time for our State meeting, which all dentists should be looking forward to as one of the most important events on his schedule for the year. Those who have not made their plans and reservations to attend should do so at once. Our program committee has completed a splendid program that we assure you will be very interesting and instructive.

Many of our fellow dentists have been called to service for our country; those of us who still remain in our respective communities must do our part by serving to the best of our ability where we are. One cannot give his best unless he continues to grow in knowledge and to share his experiences and knowledge with his fellow dentists. Our state meeting offers this opportunity for giving and getting knowledge that will be useful to us in our daily practice. At this time especially we need to fit ourselves to do our best work and to be drawn into closer cooperation.

Greensboro welcomes you all and we will try to make your visit an enjoyable one. If your tires are thin from wear, the buses still have good ones and the trains don't need any. But if you are one of those lucky individuals with a good set of tires, bring some of the others with you.

To the members of the Third District Dental Society and especially to those of the Program Committee: As we will probably be somewhat handicapped this year in getting together, why not start our district program now. While at our State meeting we could do some personal contact in securing clinicians for our fall meeting.

A. W. CRAVER, *President*

THIRD DISTRICT NEWS

We are looking forward to the State Meeting in May and know it will be fine after the excellent district meeting the Greensboro men put on last fall.

As usual, the district was well represented at the Five States Meeting in Washington early in March. Several men from Greensboro, Burlington, Raleigh, and Durham were present. In spite of a scarcity of accommodations, the Washington Meeting was very successful in every way. An announcement was made that all licensed dentists will receive a brief questionnaire to bring the former ones up to date, and on the basis of these answers, each dentist will receive a certificate for his waiting room which will indicate his classification and willingness to serve his country in the manner he is best suited.

Lieut. George Kirkland has been stationed for some time in California, and Mrs. Kirkland has joined him there.

NORMAN ROSS, *Editor*

Dr. and Mrs. O. R. Hodgin of Thomasville, spent a week recently in New York. While there they had an Air Raid Alarm which Dr. Hodgin admits brought back memories of 1917 in France.

Drs. T. E. Sikes and James Caudle of Greensboro attended the Mid-Winter Clinic in Atlanta.

Dr. C. H. Teague who has been confined to his home by illness is able to be back in his office.

Dr. C. C. Poindexter attended the officers' conference and the meeting of the Chicago Dental Society in Chicago.

BIRTHS

Dr. and Mrs. Everitt Teague of Reidsville, announce the arrival of a daughter, February 15th.

Born to Dr. and Mrs. R. L. Underwood of Greensboro, a son, Robert L., Jr.

Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Graham of Ramseur, announce the arrival of a daughter.

Dr. and Mrs. H. D. Apple have a young daughter who has just passed the half year mark.

Dr. and Mrs. W. R. Hinton, of Greensboro, announce the arrival of a daughter, Jane Cannon, on April 12th.

FOURTH DISTRICT

President.....	K. L. JOHNSON, Raleigh
President-Elect.....	HOWARD L. ALLEN, Henderson
Vice-President.....	C. H. BRYAN, Apex
Secretary-Treasurer.....	H. ROYSTER CHAMBLEE, Raleigh
Editor.....	R. M. BLACKMAN, Selma

PLAN NOW FOR FALL MEETING

Now that Spring is approaching and we have completed a hard winter's work, I wish to urge each member of the Fourth District to take off the few days necessary to attend the State meeting in Greensboro.

Although it is still dentistry, one always returns to the office rested and inspired to do better work. So let us all be there one hundred percent.

The Chairman of the Military Affairs Committee urges all dentists to read Preparedness Committee Report, pages 466 through 487, March American Dental Association Journal.

May I again remind you to be working on that clinic for our next District Meeting.

K. L. JOHNSON, *President*

SOME DENTAL PROBLEMS DURING THIS WAR

Many localities in our state will probably suffer from lack of adequate dental service during this war; due to the absorption of dentists into military service.

The remaining dentists should review their fields and plan how best to serve the dental needs.

Preventive dentistry should be taught and stressed at every opportunity. Infections should be located and removed. Remaining teeth should be preserved by the most efficient operations. Replacements should be postponed, when possible, to give more time to the more important operations.

Our commercial laboratories are suffering from the draft, placing a burden on the remaining technicians; forcing them to work long hours. We should understand and appreciate their problems.

The practices of the men in armed forces, should be serviced, preserved and if possible returned to them intact, when they return to civilian life.

H. ROYSTER CHAMBLEE, *Secretary-Treasurer*

FOURTH DISTRICT NEWS

Among the North Carolina dentists who attended the Five States Post Graduate Clinic from the Fourth District were: Dr. Toler, Dr. Martin, Dr. Overman, Dr. Chamblee, Dr. Lawrence, and Ye Editor.

Dr. Whitehead has just returned from Duke Hospital where he has been undergoing treatment for arthritis.

Did you know that each Pullman Car has an extra small bowl for tooth scrubbing placed in each washroom?

Dr. Pearson is now in the Naval Reserve for the duration. He was practicing in Clinton.

The report of the Preparedness Committee is on page 466 in the March issue of the Journal. Be sure to read it.

Dr. K. L. Johnson is vacationing in Florida.

Many of the Fourth District dentists are oiling their rods and reels, painting their boats and tuning up their outboards in their mighty preparations to pursuing the finny tribe.

You should see Dr. Anton Phillips' new upper denture. Get him to show it to you.

In talking to Commander Wells in Washington, I learned that the Procurement and Assignment Questionnaire will be mailed shortly. . . . It is urged that every dentist, regardless of age or military status, fill out same and return immediately thereby enrolling to do his part in Procurement and Assignment service.

There was a slight shakeup in the Fourth District a short time ago. Thirty thousand pounds of high explosives and hand grenades exploded. You have no doubt read of the results of that explosion in the papers. It also blew out the windows from the office of Ye Editor.

The Naval Medical Dental Hospital Center is indeed a dream in reality. The Naval Dental School there occupies two entire floors of the North wing of the center. Any dentist visiting Washington should certainly see it.

R. M. BLACKMAN, *Editor*

FIFTH DISTRICT

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Secretary-Treasurer.....	HERBERT SPEAR, Kinston
Editor.....	J. F. DUKE, Washington

LET'S GO

Many of you in the Fifth District no doubt have noticed that we did not have our group meetings. The reason for this was that some of us have just four tires and they are getting right badly worn. Therefore, it was decided that it would be better to use that rubber going to Greensboro where our State meeting will be held May 11th-13th. All advance notices tell us that an excellent program has been planned.

With the whole world at war, I know that each one of us is trying to do his bit toward cooperating with our Government in the effort to win this war. We realize that all that our Government stands for and our way of life are at stake, depending upon the outcome of this revolution. We realize also, that not only are we as individuals involved, but great demands are being made on our profession; and for the profession to function at its best is dependent upon each individual member. So, if there has been any doubt about attending the meeting this year, erase it now and let's plan to be there one hundred percent.

Let us keep in mind that there never was a time in the history of dentistry when more was at stake and a greater opportunity to serve humanity and prove ourselves worthy than now. I will be looking for you.

B. MCK. JOHNSON, *President.*

FIFTH DISTRICT NEWS

Captain A. T. (Sandy) Jennette, who left Washington with the local Battery when the National Guard went into service has just received a new assignment at Fort Jackson, Columbia, S. C. He is now on detached service from the 30th Division, Artillery Medical Section and has been assigned to the Number One Dental Clinic where he will do only crown, bridge and prosthetic work.

He is one of the four dental officers at the fort who do this work for the 45,000 men there.

Dr. and Mrs. J. E. L. (Jake) Thomas, formerly of Tarboro, N. C., announce the birth of a seven pound daughter. Dr. Thomas is now in foreign service with the U. S. Navy.

The members in Fifth District are co-operating with National Defense Committee of N. C. Dental Society in making examinations of Junior and Senior boys in High Schools throughout the District.

The Dental Corps at Camp Davis entertained a group of Dentists in the Fifth District in December at a dinner. A scientific program was enjoyed during the evening.

Hear ye! hear ye! all members of the Fifth District.

The boys on the Program Committee have donned their thinking caps and brought out their Aladdin Lamps to give you entertainment that will make it worth your while to attend the State Meeting to be held in Greensboro in May.

Conditions in the world today make it necessary more than ever to stand together for the protection of our Nation, our profession and ourselves. Come on, boys, let's shake hands in Greensboro. The success of the meeting depends on your being there.

J. F. DUKE, *Editor*



It is with deepest appreciation that we dedicate this space to the members of the Dental Profession who have given up their private practice and gone into the service of our country.



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